Silicon Phototransistor OP570 Series



Features:

- SMD plastic package
- High photo sensitivity
- Fast response time
- · Choice of four lead configurations
- IR transmissive plastic package



Description:

Each device in this series is an NPN silicon phototransistor mounted in an opaque plastic SMD package, with an integral molded lens that enables a narrow acceptance angle and a higher collector current than devices without a lense.

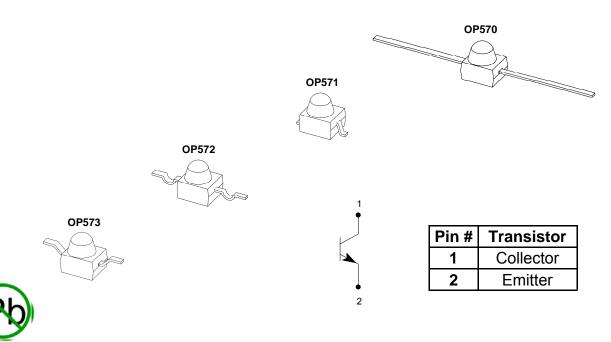
The **OP570** series has four lead configurations and is compatible with most automated mounting equipment. *The OP570* series is mechanically and spectrally matched to the OP270 series infrared LEDs.

Please refer to Application Bulletins 208 and 210 for additional design information and reliability (degradation) data.

Applications:

- Non-contact position sensing
- Datum detection
- Machine automation
- Optical encoders
- IrDA
- Reflective and transmissive sensors

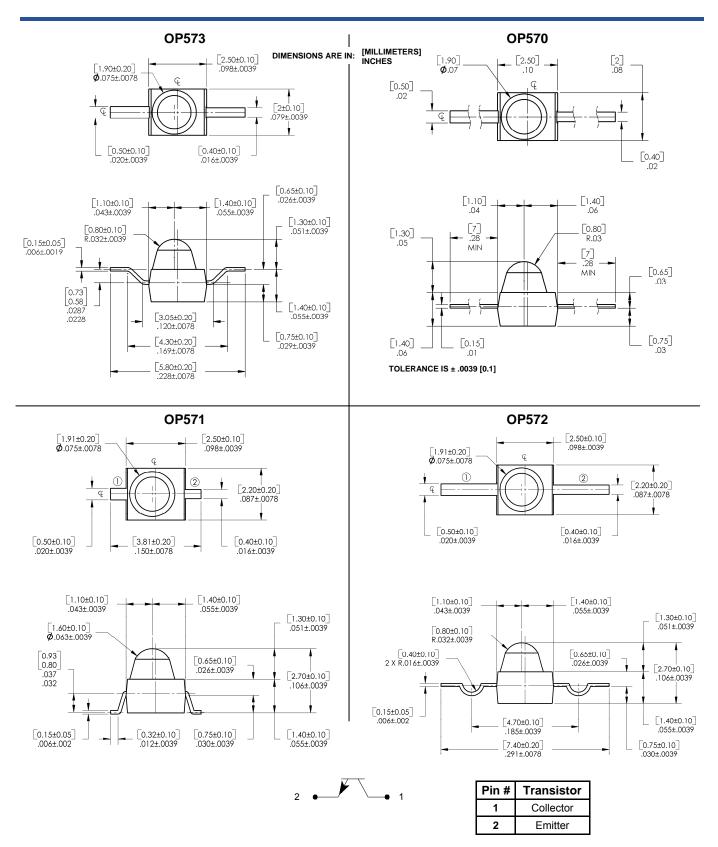
| Ordering Information | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Part Number | Sensor | Viewing Angle | Lead Length | | | |
| OP570 | | | Axial | | | |
| OP571 | Phototransistor | 25° | Gull Wing | | | |
| OP572 | FIIOLOLIANSISLOI | 20 | Yoke | | | |
| OP573 | | | Rev. Gull | | | |



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Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A=25°C unless otherwise noted)

| Storage Temperature Range | -40° C to +85° C |
|---|-----------------------|
| Operating Temperature Range | -25° C to +85° C |
| Collector-Emitter Voltage | 30 V |
| Emitter-Collector Voltage | 5 V |
| Collector Current | 20 mA |
| Lead Soldering Temperature [1/16 inch (1.6 mm) from case for 5 seconds with soldering iron] | 260° C ⁽¹⁾ |
| Power Dissipation | 130 mW ⁽²⁾ |

Notes:

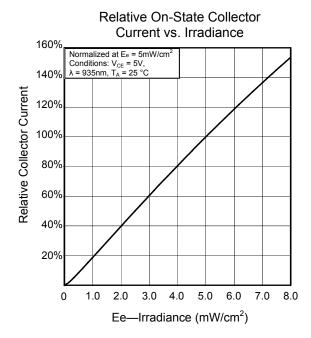
- 1. Solder time less than 5 seconds at temperature extreme.
- 2. Derate linearly at 2.17 mW/° C above 25° C.

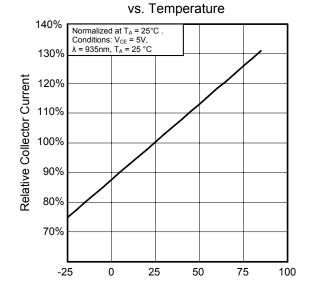
Electrical Characteristics (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | TEST CONDITIONS | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|---|--|
| Input Diode | | | | | | | |
| I _{C (ON)} | On-State Collector Current | 2.5 | - | - | mA | $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, E_E = 5.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ (1) | |
| V _{CE(SAT)} | Forward Voltage | - | - | 0.4 | V | $I_C = 100 \mu A, E_E = 2.0 \text{ mW/cm}^{2 (1)}$ | |
| I _{CEO} | Reverse Current | - | - | 100 | nA | $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, E_E = 0^{(2)}$ | |
| $V_{BR(CEO)}$ | Wavelength at Peak Emission | 30 | - | - | V | I _C = 100 μA | |
| $V_{(BR)ECO}$ | Emission Angle at Half Power Points | 5 | - | - | V | I _E = 100 μA | |

Notes:

- 1. Light source is an unfiltered GaAl LED with a peak emission wavelength of 935nm and a radiometric intensity level which varies less than 10% over the entire lens surface of the phototransistor being tested.
- 2. To calculate typical collector dark current in μ A, use the formula $I_{CEO} = 10^{(0.04 \text{ Ta-3.4})}$ where Ta is the ambient temperature in ° C.





Temperature—(°C)

Relative On-State Collector Current



Relative Response vs.
Angular Position

100%
80%
60%
20%
20%
-90 -60 -30 0 30 60 90

Angular Position (Degrees)

