

## **ATTENTION OBSERVE PRECAUTIONS** FOR HANDLING

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE SENSITIVE DEVICES

- •Super high flux output and high luminance.
- •Designed for high current operation.
- •Low thermal resistance.
- •Silicone resin with glass lens.
- •Compatible with IR-reflow processes.
- •ESD protection .
- •Package: 500pcs / reel.
- •RoHS compliant.

Part Number: AADG18080QB12S/3



### **Applications**

- Substitution of micro incandescent lamps.
- Portable light source.
- Signal and symbol luminaire for orientation.
- Marker lights (e.g. steps, exit ways, etc).
- Decorative and entertainment lighting.
- Commercial and residential lighting.

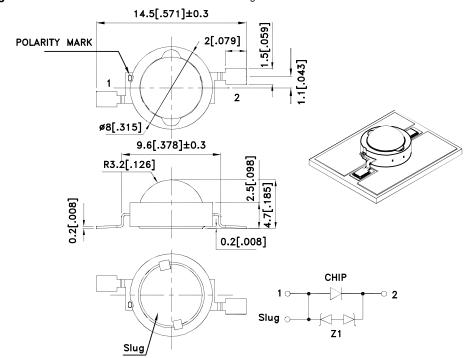
### **Application Note**

Static electricity and surge damage the LEDS.

It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LEDs.

All devices, equipment and machinery must be electrically grounded.

## **Package Dimensions**



- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.25(0.01") unless otherwise noted.
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   The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice.
   The device has a single mounting surface. The device must be mounted according to the specifications.





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## Flux Characteristics at 700mA Ambient Temperature, Ta = 25°C

Part No.	Color	Lens Type	Luminous @ 700mA			Luminous Flux (Im) @ 700mA	
			Code.	Min.	Max.	Тур.	
AADG18080QB12S/3			B4	17	20		
	Blue (InGaN)	WATER CLEAR	B5	20	24	20	
			B6	24	29		

## Optical Characteristics at 700mA Ambient Temperature, T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C

Color	Dominant Wavelength [1] $\lambda_D$			Typical Spectral Halfwidth [2] (nm)	Typical Temperature Coefficient of Dominant Wavelength (nm/°C)	Typical Viewing Angle [3] (degrees) 201/2	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Δλ1/2	$\Delta \lambda_{ extsf{D}}/\Delta  extsf{T}$		
Blue	450nm	454nm	-	20	0.10	100°	

- 1.Dominant wavelength is derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity diagram and represents the perceived color.
- 2.Spectral width at 1/2 of the peak intensity.

  3.Viewing angle is the off axis angle from lamp centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the peak value.

## Electrical Characteristics at 700mA Ambient Temperature, T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C

Part No.	Forward Voltage V <sub>f</sub> [1] (V)			Typical Temperature Coefficient of Forward Voltage [2] (mV/°C)	Typical Thermal Resistance (°C/W) R <sub>th islug</sub>	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	$\Delta V_f / \Delta T$	• vin j-slug	
AADG18080QB12S/3	4.0	4.6	5.2	-4.3	7	

- 1.Kingbright maintains a tolerance of +/- 0.1V on forward voltage measurements.
- 2.Measured between 25 °C < TJ < 130 °C at IF = 700 mA.

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<sup>1.</sup> Minimum luminous flux performance guaranteed within published operating conditions. Kingbright maintains tolerance of +/-15% on flux.

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Blue				
DC Forward Current (mA) [1]	700				
Peak Pusled Forward Current (mA)	1000				
Average Forward Current (mA)	700				
Reverse Voltage (V)	5				
ESD Sensitivity	8000V HBM				
LED Junction Temperature (°C)	130				
Operation Temperature (°C)	-40 - 100				
Storage Temperature (°C)	-40 - 110				
Soldering Temperature (°C)	260 For 5 Seconds				

### Notes

### **Moisture Sensitivity**

AADG18080 LEDs are packaged in airtight and moisture-resistant bags to prevent moisture absorption which may lead to catastrophic failure in reflow soldering process. Kingbright recommends that the devices must be baked before soldering if they are removed from the original package, and are exposed to environmental conditions for longer than the durations (unit: days) defined in the table below. Recommended baking conditions are 24 hours at 80°C.

Temperature	Maximum Percent Relative Humidity							
	30%	40%	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%	
30°C	9	5	4	3	1	1	1	
25°C	12	7	5	4	2	1	1	
20°C	17	9	7	6	2	2	1	

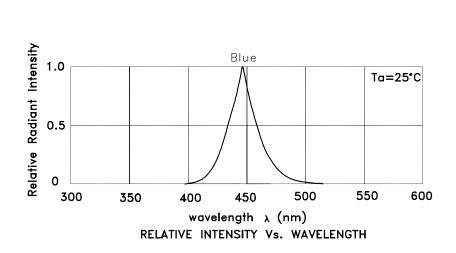
### **Storage Conditions**

After being removed from the original sealed package, AADG18080 LEDs should be stored at a temperature of  $25\,^{\circ}$ C with a relative humidity lower than 10%. Under such conditions, storage duration is excluded from the exposure duration as defined in the Moisture Sensitivity section.

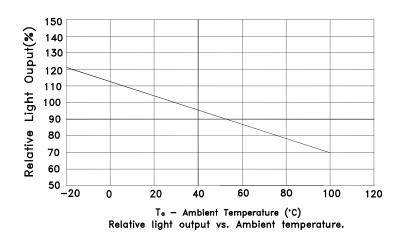
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<sup>1.</sup> Proper current derating must be observed to maintain junction temperature below the maximum.

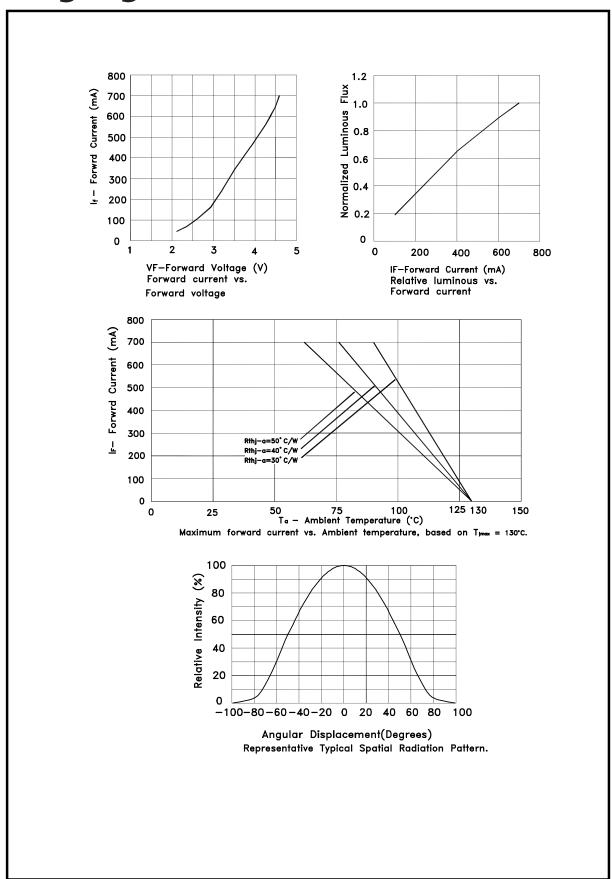


## **Light Output Characteristics**



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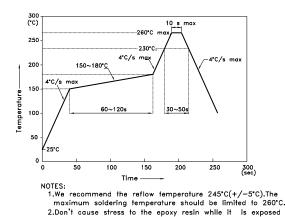


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Reflow soldering is recommended and the soldering profile is shown below. Other soldering methods are not recommended as they might cause damage to the product.

Reflow Soldering Profile For Lead-free SMT Process.



### **Heat Generation:**

1.Thermal design of the end product is of paramount importance. Please consider the heat generation of the LED when making the system design. The coefficient of temperature increase per input electric power is affected by the thermal resistance of the circuit board and density of LED placement on the board ,as well as other components. It is necessary to avoid intense heat generation and operate within the maximum ratings given in this specification.

to high temperature.

3.Number of reflow process shall be 2 times or less.

- 2.Please determine the operating current with consideration of the ambient temperature local to the LED and refer to the plot of Permissible Forward current vs. Ambient temperature on CHARACTERISTICS in this specification. Please also take measures to remove heat from the area near the LED to improve the operational characteristics on the LED.
- $3. The\ equation\ \textcircled{2}\ \ indicates\ correlation\ between\ T_j\ and\ T_a\ , and\ the\ equation\ \textcircled{2}\ \ indicates\ correlation\ between\ T_j\ and\ T_s$

 $T_j = Ta + Rthj-a *W \dots$ 

Tj = Ts + Rthj-s \*W ...... 2

Tj = dice junction temperature:  $^{\circ}$ C

Ts = solder point temperature:°C

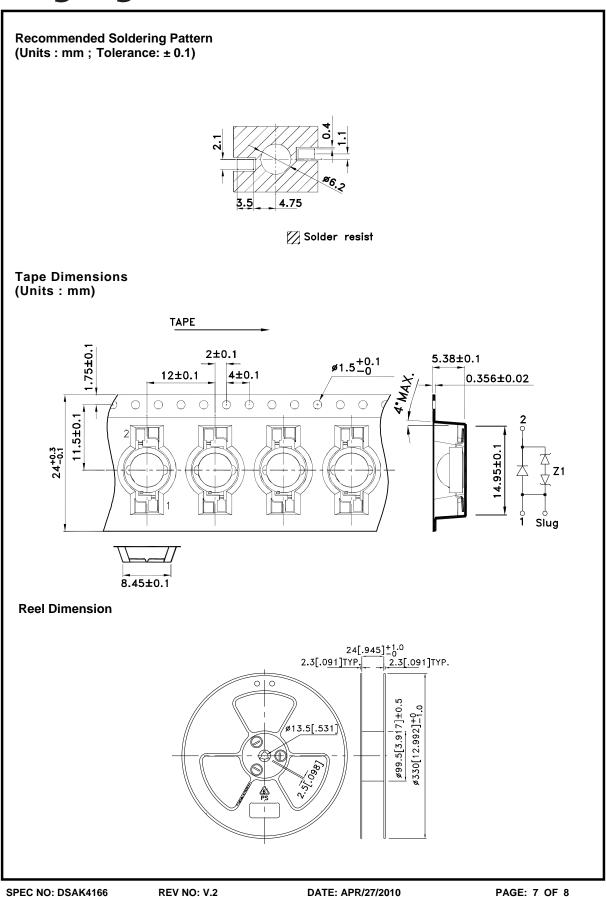
Rthj-a = heat resistance from dice junction temperature to ambient temperature : °C /W

Rthj-s = heat resistance from dice junction temperature to Ts measuring point : °C /W

W = inputting power (IFx VF) : W

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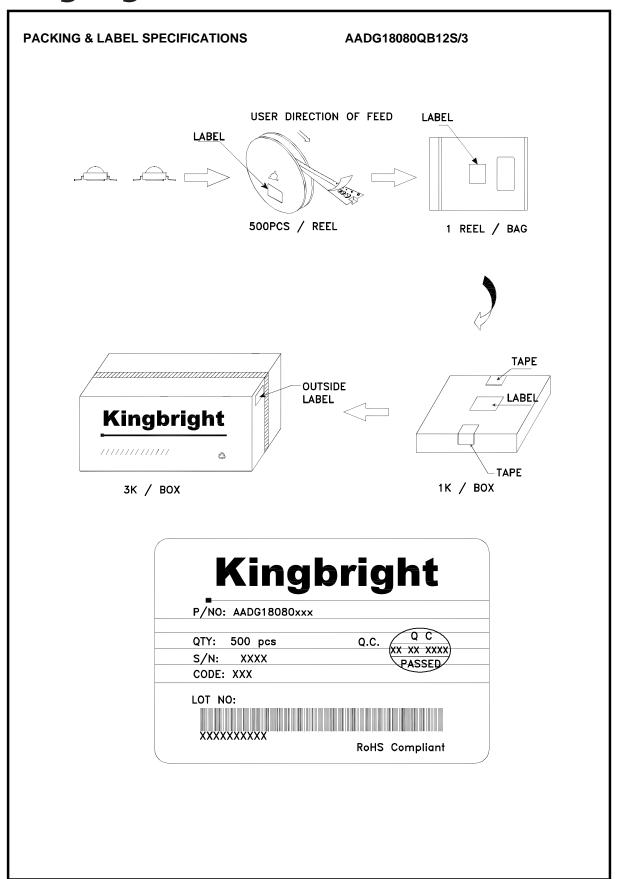
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