

Film Capacitors

Metallized Polyester Film Capacitors (MKT)

 Series/Type:
 B32932 ... B32936

 Date:
 August 2010

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Metallized Polyester Film Capacitors (MKT)

B32932 ... B32936

AC applications (heavy duty series) / 305 V AC

Typical applications

- For connection in series with the mains
- For severe ambient conditions
- Capacitive power supply applications
- Energy meters

Climatic

- Max. operating temperature: 105 °C
- Climatic category (IEC 60068-1): 40/105/56

Features

- High stability of capacitance value
- X2 safety approval (up to 2.2 μF)

Construction

- Dielectric: metallized polyester
- Internal series connection
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing, flame-retardant

Terminals

- Parallel wire leads, lead-free tinned
- Standard lead lengths: 6 -1 mm
- Special lead lengths available on request

Marking

Manufacturer's logo, lot number, date code, rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated AC voltage (IEC), series number, sub-class (X2), dielectric code (MKT), climatic category

Delivery mode

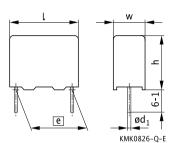
Bulk (untaped, lead length 6 - 1 mm) Taped (Ammo pack or reel)

Approvals

Approval mark	Standards	Certificate	
3 310	EN 60384-14	40028058	
	IEC 60384-14		
<i>91</i>	UL 60384-14	E97863	
. 71	CSA E60384-14:09	E97863	

Note: X2 safety approval for C \leq 2.2 μF

Dimensional drawing



Dimensions in mm

Lead spacing @ ±0.4	Lead diameter d ₁	Туре
15	0.8	B32932
22.5	0.8	B32933
27.5	0.8	B32934
37.5	1.0	B32936

Marking examples

	3123123 A µ5 M 305V~
	X2 MKT/SH 40/105/56/B
E 10	c Al us
	KMK1318-E



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Overview of available types

Lead spacing	15 mm	22.5 mm	27.5 mm	37.5 mm
Туре	B32932	B32933	B32934	B32936
C _R (μF)				
0.047				
0.068				
0.10				
0.15				
0.22				
0.33				
0.47				
0.56				
0.68				
0.82				
1.0				
1.5				
2.2				
3.3				
4.7				
6.8				
10				



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Ordering codes and packing units

Lead spacing	C _R	Max. dimensions $w \times h \times l$	Ordering code (composition see	Ammo pack	Reel	Untaped	X2 safety
mm	μF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	appr.
15	0.047	5.0 imes 10.5 imes 18.0	B32932A3473+***	4680	5200	4000	Х
	0.068	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32932A3683+***	4680	5200	4000	Х
	0.10	$6.0\times11.0\times18.0$	B32932A3104+***	3840	4400	4000	Х
	0.15	$7.0\times12.5\times18.0$	B32932A3154+***	3320	3600	4000	Х
	0.22	$8.5 \times 14.5 \times 18.0$	B32932A3224+***	2720	2800	2000	Х
	0.33	$9.0\times17.5\times18.0$	B32932A3334+***	2560	2800	2000	Х
	0.47	$11.0\times18.5\times18.0$	B32932A3474M***	-	2200	1200	Х
22.5	0.10	$6.0\times15.0\times26.5$	B32933A3104+***	2720	2800	2880	Х
	0.15	$6.0\times15.0\times26.5$	B32933A3154+***	2720	2800	2880	Х
	0.22	$7.0\times16.0\times26.5$	B32933A3224+***	2320	2400	2520	Х
	0.33	$7.0\times16.0\times26.5$	B32933A3334+***	2320	2400	2520	Х
	0.47	$8.5\times16.5\times26.5$	B32933A3474M***	1920	2000	2040	Х
	0.47	$10.5\times16.5\times26.5$	B32933B3474+***	1560	1600	2160	Х
	0.56	$10.5\times16.5\times26.5$	B32933A3564+***	1560	1600	2160	Х
	0.68	$10.5\times18.5\times26.5$	B32933A3684+***	1560	1600	2160	Х
	0.82	$12.0\times22.0\times26.5$	B32933A3824+***	-	-	1800	Х
	1.0	$12.0\times22.0\times26.5$	B32933A3105M***	-	-	1800	Х
	1.0	$14.5 \times 29.5 \times 26.5$	B32933B3105+***	-	-	1040	Х
	1.5	$14.5 \times 29.5 \times 26.5$	B32933A3155+***	-	-	1040	Х

X = approval granted

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

- + = Capacitance tolerance code:
 - M = ±20%
 - $K = \pm 10\%$

*** = Packaging code:

- 289 = Ammo pack
- 189 = Reel
- 000 = Untaped (lead length 6 -1 mm)



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Ordering codes and packing units

Lead	C _R	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo	Reel	Untaped	X2
spacing		$w \times h \times l$	(composition see	pack			safety
mm	μF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	appr.
27.5	0.47	$11.0\times19.0\times31.5$	B32934A3474+***	-	1400	1280	Х
	0.56	$11.0\times19.0\times31.5$	B32934A3564+***	-	1400	1280	Х
	0.68	$11.0\times19.0\times31.5$	B32934A3684+***	-	1400	1280	Х
	0.82	$11.0\times19.0\times31.5$	B32934A3824+***	-	1400	1280	Х
	1.0	$11.0\times19.0\times31.5$	B32934A3105M***	-	1400	1280	Х
	1.0	$11.0\times21.0\times31.5$	B32934B3105+***	-	1400	1280	Х
	1.5	$13.5\times23.0\times31.5$	B32934B3155M***	-	1200	1120	Х
	1.5	$14.0\times24.5\times31.5$	B32934D3155+***	-	-	1040	Х
	2.2	$18.0\times27.5\times31.5$	B32934B3225+***	-	-	800	Х
	3.3	$21.0\times31.0\times31.5$	B32934A3335+***	-	-	720	-
	4.7	$22.0\times36.5\times31.5$	B32934A3475M***	-	-	640	-
37.5	1.0	$12.0\times22.0\times41.5$	B32936A3105+***	-	-	1620	Х
	1.5	$12.0\times22.0\times41.5$	B32936A3155+***	-	-	1620	Х
	2.2	$14.0\times25.0\times41.5$	B32936A3225+***	-	-	1380	Х
	3.3	$16.0\times28.5\times41.5$	B32936A3335+***	-	-	800	-
	4.7	$20.0\times39.5\times41.5$	B32936A3475+***	-	-	640	-
	6.8	$28.0\times42.5\times41.5$	B32936A3685+***	-	-	440	-
	10.0	$28.0\times42.5\times41.5$	B32936A3106M***	-	-	440	—

X = approval granted

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units. Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

- + = Capacitance tolerance code:
 - M = ±20% K = ±10%

*** = Packaging code:

289 = Ammo pack

189 = Reel

000 = Untaped (lead length 6 -1 mm)





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Technical data

Max. operating temperature $T_{op,max}$ ($T_{op} = T_{amb}$ + self-heating)	+105 °C			
Dissipation factor tan δ (in 10 ⁻³)	tan δ	1 kHz	10 kHz	
at 20 °C (upper limit values)	C ≤ 1 μF	8	15	-
	C>1μF	8	_	-
Insulation resistance R _{ins}	C _R ≤ 0.33 μF	-	C _B > 0.33 μF	<u> </u>
or time constant $\tau = C_R \cdot R_{ins}$	30000 MΩ		10000 s	
at 20 °C,				
rel. humidity \leq 65% (minimum				
as-delivered values)				
DC test voltage	$4.3 \cdot V_R$, 2 s			
Passive flammability category to IEC 40 (CO) 752	В			
Capacitance tolerances	±10% (K), ±2	20% (M)		
(measured at 1 kHz)				
Rated AC voltage (IEC 60384-14)	305 V (50/60) Hz)		
Operating voltage V _{op} at high temperature	$T_A \le 105 \ ^\circ C$		$V_{op} = 1.25 \cdot V_{AC} (1000 \text{ h})$	
Damp heat test	Test condition	ons	•	
	1. Temperat	ure:	+85 °C ±2 °C	
	Relative h	numidity (RH):	: 85% ±2%	
	Test dura	tion:	1000 hours	
	Voltage v	alue:	240 V AC, 50	Hz
	2. Temperat	ure:	+40 °C ±2 °C	
		numidity (RH):	93% ±2%	
	Test dura	tion:	1000 hours	
	Voltage v	alue:	240 V AC, 50	Hz
Limit values after damp heat test	Capacitance	change (∆C/	C): ≤ 10%	6
		actor change		10 ⁻³ (at 1 kHz)
	Insulation re or time cons	sistance R_{ins} tant $\tau = C_R \cdot F$		6 of initial limit



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Pulse handling capability

"dV/dt" represents the maximum permissible voltage change per unit of time for non-sinusoidal voltages, expressed in $V/\mu s$.

"k_0" represents the maximum permissible pulse characteristic of the waveform applied to the capacitor, expressed in V²/µs.

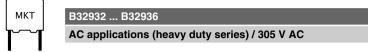
Note:

The values of dV/dt and k_0 provided below must not be exceeded in order to avoid damaging the capacitor.

dV/dt and k₀ values

Lead spacing (mm)	15	22.5	27.5	37.5
dV/dt (V/μs)	25	15	12	10
k₀ (V²/μs)	30000	18000	15000	12000





Mounting guidelines

1 Soldering

1.1 Solderability of leads

The solderability of terminal leads is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1.

Before a solderability test is carried out, terminals are subjected to accelerated ageing (to IEC 60068-2-2, test Ba: 4 h exposure to dry heat at 155 °C). Since the ageing temperature is far higher than the upper category temperature of the capacitors, the terminal wires should be cut off from the capacitor before the ageing procedure to prevent the solderability being impaired by the products of any capacitor decomposition that might occur.

Solder bath temperature	235 ±5 °C
Soldering time	2.0 ±0.5 s
Immersion depth	2.0 + 0/-0.5 mm from capacitor body or seating plane
Evaluation criteria:	
Visual inspection	Wetting of wire surface by new solder \ge 90%, free-flowing solder

1.2 Resistance to soldering heat

Resistance to soldering heat is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1A. Conditions:

Serie	S	Solder bath temperature	Soldering time
MKT	boxed (except $2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2$ mm) coated uncoated (lead spacing > 10 mm)	260 ±5 °C	10 ±1 s
MFP MKP	(lead spacing > 7.5 mm)		
MKT	boxed (case $2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2$ mm)		5±1 s
МКР МКТ	(lead spacing \leq 7.5 mm) uncoated (lead spacing \leq 10 mm) insulated (B32559)		< 4 s recommended soldering profile for MKT uncoated (lead spacing \leq 10 mm) and insulated (B32559)



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	D32332 D32330		
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	1 1		
300	КМК1242-V		
°C 260°C,	4 \$		
T 250			
200			
150			
100			
50			
0			
0 50 100 150 -	200 s 250 ──► t		
Immersion depth	2.0 + 0/-0.5 mm from capacitor body or seating plane		
Shield	Heat-absorbing board, (1.5 ± 0.5) mm thick, between capacitor		
Shield	body and liquid solder		
Evaluation criteria:			
Visual inspection	ection No visible damage		
	2% for MKT/MKP/MFP		
$\Delta C/C_0$	5% for EMI suppression capacitors		
tan δ	As specified in sectional specification		





1.3 General notes on soldering

Permissible heat exposure loads on film capacitors are primarily characterized by the upper category temperature T_{max} . Long exposure to temperatures above this type-related temperature limit can lead to changes in the plastic dielectric and thus change irreversibly a capacitor's electrical characteristics. For short exposures (as in practical soldering processes) the heat load (and thus the possible effects on a capacitor) will also depend on other factors like:

- Pre-heating temperature and time
- Forced cooling immediately after soldering
- Terminal characteristics:
- diameter, length, thermal resistance, special configurations (e.g. crimping)
- Height of capacitor above solder bath
- Shadowing by neighboring components
- Additional heating due to heat dissipation by neighboring components
- Use of solder-resist coatings

The overheating associated with some of these factors can usually be reduced by suitable countermeasures. For example, if a pre-heating step cannot be avoided, an additional or reinforced cooling process may possibly have to be included.

EPCOS recommends the following conditions:

- Pre-heating with a maximum temperature of 110 °C
- Temperature inside the capacitor should not exceed the following limits:
 - MKP/MFP 110 °C
 - MKT 160 °C
- When SMD components are used together with leaded ones, the leaded film capacitors should not pass into the SMD adhesive curing oven. The leaded components should be assembled after the SMD curing step.
- Leaded film capacitors are not suitable for reflow soldering.

Uncoated capacitors

For uncoated MKT capacitors with lead spacings \leq 10 mm (B32560/B32561) the following measures are recommended:

- pre-heating to not more than 110 °C in the preheater phase
- rapid cooling after soldering



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2 Cleaning

To determine whether the following solvents, often used to remove flux residues and other substances, are suitable for the capacitors described, refer to the table below:

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Туре	Ethanol, isopropanol, n-propanol	n-propanol-water mixtures, water with surface tension-reducing tensides (neutral)	Solvent from table A (see next page)	Solvent from table B (see next page)
MKT (uncoated)	Suitable	Unsuitable	In part suitable	Unsuitable
MKT, MKP, MFP (coated/boxed)		Suitable	Suitable	

Even when suitable solvents are used, a reversible change of the electrical characteristics may occur in uncoated capacitors immediately after they are washed. Thus it is always recommended to dry the components (e.g. 4 h at 70 $^{\circ}$ C) before they are subjected to subsequent electrical testing.

Table A

Manufacturers' designations for trifluoro-trichloro-ethane-based cleaning solvents (selection)

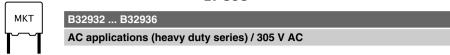
Trifluoro-trichloro-	Mixtures of trifluoro-trichloro-ethane with ethanol and	Manufacturer
ethane	isopropanol	
Freon TF	Freon TE 35; Freon TP 35; Freon TES	Du Pont
Frigen 113 TR	Frigen 113 TR-E; Frigen 113 TR-P; Frigen TR-E 35	Hoechst
Arklone P	Arklone A; Arklone L; Arklone K	ICI
Kaltron 113 MDR	Kaltron 113 MDA; Kaltron 113 MDI; Kaltron 113 MDI 35	Kali-Chemie
Flugene 113	Flugene 113 E; Flugene 113 IPA	Rhone-Progil

Table B (worldwide banned substances)

Manufacturers' designations for unsuitable cleaning solvents (selection)

Mixtures of chlorinated hydrocarbons and ketones with fluorated hydrocarbons	Manufacturer
Freon TMC; Freon TA; Freon TC	Du Pont
Arklone E	ICI
Kaltron 113 MDD; Kaltron 113 MDK	Kali-Chemie
Flugene 113 CM	Rhone-Progil





3 Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies

In many applications, finished circuit assemblies are embedded in plastic resins. In this case, both chemical and thermal influences of the embedding ("potting") and curing processes must be taken into account.

Our experience has shown that the following potting materials can be recommended: non-flexible epoxy resins with acid-anhydride hardeners; chemically inert, non-conducting fillers; maximum curing temperature of 100 $^{\circ}$ C.

Caution:

Consult us first if you wish to embed uncoated types!



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Cautions and warnings

- Do not exceed the upper category temperature (UCT).
- Do not apply any mechanical stress to the capacitor terminals.
- Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress.
- Do not move the capacitor after it has been soldered to the PC board.
- Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered capacitor.
- Do not place the capacitor on a PC board whose PTH hole spacing differs from the specified lead spacing.
- Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.
- Avoid external energy inputs, such as fire or electricity.
- Avoid overload of the capacitors.

The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must always be observed. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of the chapters "General technical information" and "Mounting guidelines".

Торіс	Safety information	Reference chapter "General technical information"	
Storage conditions	Make sure that capacitors are stored within the specified range of time, temperature and humidity conditions.	4.5 "Storage conditions"	
Flammability	Avoid external energy, such as fire or electricity (passive flammability), avoid overload of the capacitors (active flammability) and consider the flammability of materials.	5.3 "Flammability"	
Resistance to vibration	Do not exceed the tested ability to withstand vibration. The capacitors are tested to IEC 60068-2-6. EPCOS offers film capacitors specially designed for operation under more severe vibration regimes such as those found in automotive applications. Consult our catalog "Film Capacitors for Automotive Electronics".		

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Торіс	Safety information	Reference chapter "Mounting guidelines"
Soldering	Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.	1 "Soldering"
Cleaning	Use only suitable solvents for cleaning capacitors.	2 "Cleaning"
Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies	When embedding finished circuit assemblies in plastic resins, chemical and thermal influences must be taken into account. Caution: Consult us first, if you also wish to embed other uncoated component types!	3 "Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies"



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Symbols and terms

Symbol	English	German
α	Heat transfer coefficient	Wärmeübergangszahl
α _c	Temperature coefficient of capacitance	Temperaturkoeffizient der Kapazität
A	Capacitor surface area	Kondensatoroberfläche
β _c	Humidity coefficient of capacitance	Feuchtekoeffizient der Kapazität
С	Capacitance	Kapazität
C _R	Rated capacitance	Nennkapazität
ΔC	Absolute capacitance change	Absolute Kapazitätsänderung
∆C/C	Relative capacitance change (relative	Relative Kapazitätsänderung (relative
	deviation of actual value)	Abweichung vom Ist-Wert)
$\Delta C/C_R$	Capacitance tolerance (relative deviation	Kapazitätstoleranz (relative Abweichung
	from rated capacitance)	vom Nennwert)
dt	Time differential	Differentielle Zeit
Δt	Time interval	Zeitintervall
ΔT	Absolute temperature change	Absolute Temperaturänderung
	(self-heating)	(Selbsterwärmung)
∆tan δ	Absolute change of dissipation factor	Absolute Änderung des Verlustfaktors
ΔV	Absolute voltage change	Absolute Spannungsänderung
dV/dt	Time differential of voltage function (rate	Differentielle Spannungsänderung
	of voltage rise)	(Spannungsflankensteilheit)
$\Delta V / \Delta t$	Voltage change per time interval	Spannungsänderung pro Zeitintervall
E	Activation energy for diffusion	Aktivierungsenergie zur Diffusion
ESL	Self-inductance	Eigeninduktivität
ESR	Equivalent series resistance	Ersatz-Serienwiderstand
f	Frequency	Frequenz
f ₁	Frequency limit for reducing permissible	Grenzfrequenz für thermisch bedingte
	AC voltage due to thermal limits	Reduzierung der zulässigen
		Wechselspannung
f ₂	Frequency limit for reducing permissible	Grenzfrequenz für strombedingte
	AC voltage due to current limit	Reduzierung der zulässigen
	–	Wechselspannung
f _r	Resonant frequency	Resonanzfrequenz
F _D	Thermal acceleration factor for diffusion	Therm. Beschleunigungsfaktor zur Diffusion
F⊤	Derating factor	Deratingfaktor
i	Current (peak)	Stromspitze
I _c	Category current (max. continuous	Kategoriestrom (max. Dauerstrom)
	current)	- , , , , , ,



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Symbol	English	German
I _{RMS}	(Sinusoidal) alternating current,	(Sinusförmiger) Wechselstrom
	root-mean-square value	
i _z	Capacitance drift	Inkonstanz der Kapazität
k _o	Pulse characteristic	Impulskennwert
Ls	Series inductance	Serieninduktivität
λ	Failure rate	Ausfallrate
λο	Constant failure rate during useful	Konstante Ausfallrate in der
	service life	Nutzungsphase
λ_{test}	Failure rate, determined by tests	Experimentell ermittelte Ausfallrate
P_{diss}	Dissipated power	Abgegebene Verlustleistung
P_{gen}	Generated power	Erzeugte Verlustleistung
Q	Heat energy	Wärmeenergie
ρ	Density of water vapor in air	Dichte von Wasserdampf in Luft
R	Universal molar constant for gases	Allg. Molarkonstante für Gas
R	Ohmic resistance of discharge circuit	Ohmscher Widerstand des
		Entladekreises
Ri	Internal resistance	Innenwiderstand
R _{ins}	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
R _₽	Parallel resistance	Parallelwiderstand
Rs	Series resistance	Serienwiderstand
S	severity (humidity test)	Schärfegrad (Feuchtetest)
t	Time	Zeit
Т	Temperature	Temperatur
τ	Time constant	Zeitkonstante
tan δ	Dissipation factor	Verlustfaktor
$tan \ \delta_{\scriptscriptstyle D}$	Dielectric component of dissipation	Dielektrischer Anteil des Verlustfaktors
tan δ _₽	factor Parallel component of dissipation factor	Parallelanteil des Verlfustfaktors
$\tan \delta_{s}$	Series component of dissipation factor	Serienanteil des Verlustfaktors
T₄	Ambient temperature	Umgebungstemperatur
T _{max}	Upper category temperature	Obere Kategorietemperatur
T _{min}	Lower category temperature	Untere Kategorietemperatur
t _{oL}	Operating life at operating temperature	Betriebszeit bei Betriebstemperatur und
UL	and voltage	-spannung
Top	Operating temperature	Beriebstemperatur
T _B	Rated temperature	Nenntemperatur
T _{ref}	Reference temperature	Referenztemperatur
t _{si}	Reference service life	Referenz-Lebensdauer
V _{AC}	AC voltage	Wechselspannung



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Symbol	English	German
Vc	Category voltage	Kategoriespannung
V _{C,RMS}	Category AC voltage	(Sinusförmige)
		Kategorie-Wechselspannung
V _{CD}	Corona-discharge onset voltage	Teilentlade-Einsatzspannung
V_{ch}	Charging voltage	Ladespannung
V _{DC}	DC voltage	Gleichspannung
V_{FB}	Fly-back capacitor voltage	Spannung (Flyback)
Vi	Input voltage	Eingangsspannung
Vo	Output voltage	Ausgangssspannung
V _{op}	Operating voltage	Betriebsspannung
V _p	Peak pulse voltage	Impuls-Spitzenspannung
V_{pp}	Peak-to-peak voltage Impedance	Spannungshub
V _R	Rated voltage	Nennspannung
ν̂ _R	Amplitude of rated AC voltage	Amplitude der Nenn-Wechselspannung
V_{RMS}	(Sinusoidal) alternating voltage, root-mean-square value	(Sinusförmige) Wechselspannung
V _{sc}	S-correction voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "S-correction"
V _{sn}	Snubber capacitor voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "Beschaltung"
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
е	Lead spacing	Rastermaß

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or lifesaving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
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