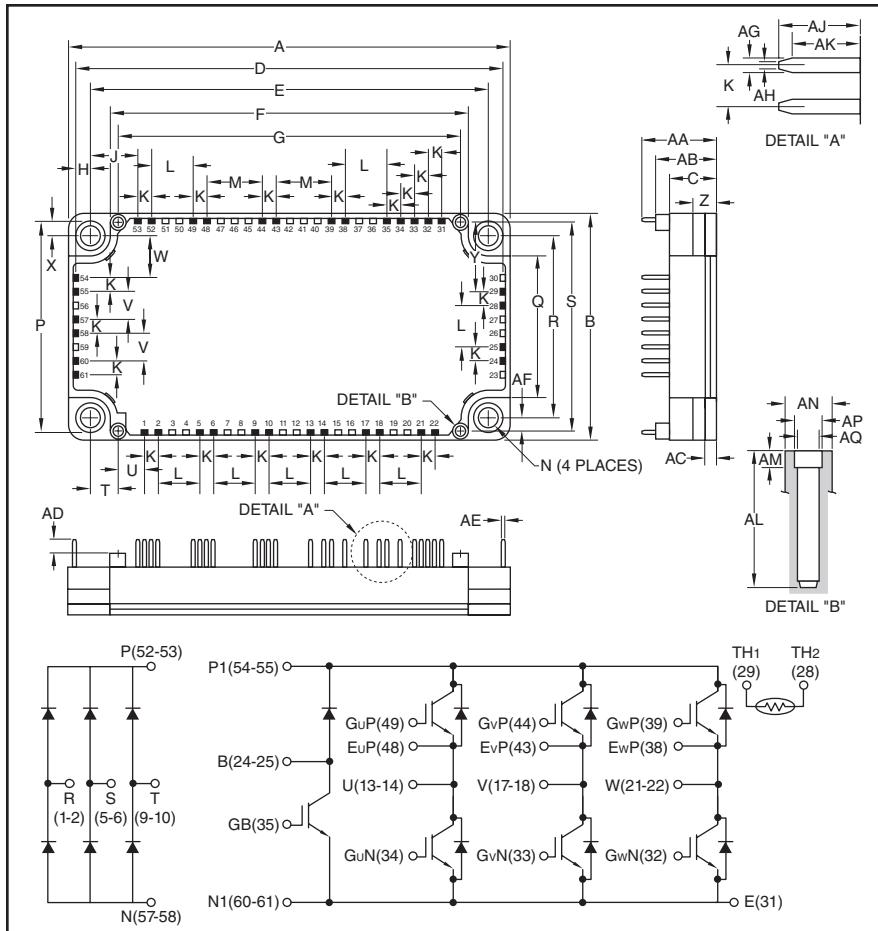


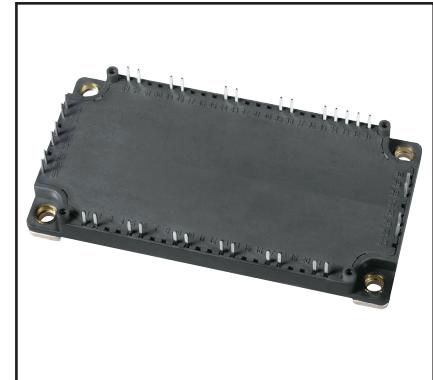
Powerex, Inc., 173 Pavilion Lane, Youngwood, Pennsylvania 15697 (724) 925-7272
www.pwrx.com

**Six IGBTMOD™
 NX-S Series Module
 150 Amperes/1200 Volts**



Outline Drawing and Circuit Diagram

Dimensions	Inches	Millimeters
A	4.79	121.7
B	2.44	62.0
C	0.51	13.0
D	4.65	118.1
E	4.33±0.02	110.0±0.5
F	3.89	99.0
G	3.72	94.5
H	0.16	4.06
J	0.51	13.09
K	0.15	3.81
L	0.45	11.43
M	0.6	15.24
N	0.22 Dia.	5.5 Dia.
P	2.30	58.4
Q	1.53	39.0
R	1.97±0.02	50.0±0.5
S	2.26	57.5
T	0.30	7.75
U	0.28	7.25
V	0.3	7.62



Description:

Powerex IGBTMOD™ Modules are designed for use in switching applications. Each module consists of six IGBT Transistors in a three phase bridge configuration, with each transistor having a reverse-connected super-fast recovery free-wheel diode. All components and interconnects are isolated from the heat sinking baseplate, offering simplified system assembly and thermal management.

Features:

- Low Drive Power
- Low $V_{CE(sat)}$
- Discrete Super-Fast Recovery Free-Wheel Diode
- Isolated Baseplate for Easy Heat Sinking

Applications:

- AC Motor Control
- Motion/Servo Control
- Photovoltaic/Fuel Cell

Ordering Information:

Example: Select the complete module number you desire from the table below -i.e.

CM150TX-24S is a 1200V (V_{CES}), 150 Ampere Six-IGBTMOD™ Power Module.

Type	Current Rating Amperes	V_{CES} Volts (x 50)
CM	150	24



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CM150TX-24S

Six IGBTMOD™ NX-S Series Module

150 Amperes/1200 Volts

Absolute Maximum Ratings, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	CM150TX-24S	Units
Maximum Junction Temperature (Inverter Part)	$T_{j(\max)}$	+175	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature (Brake Part, Converter Part)	$T_{j(\max)}$	+150	°C
Operating Power Device Junction Temperature	$T_{j(\text{op})}$	-40 to 150	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 to 125	°C
Mounting Torque, M5 Mounting Screws	—	31	in-lb
Mounting Torque, M5 Main Terminal Screws	—	31	in-lb
Module Weight (Typical)	—	270	Grams
Isolation Voltage (Terminals to Baseplate, $f = 60\text{Hz}$, AC 1 minute)	V_{ISO}	2500	V_{rms}

Inverter Sector

Collector-Emitter Voltage ($V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$)	V_{CES}	1200	Volts
Gate-Emitter Voltage ($V_{CE} = 0\text{V}$)	V_{GES}	± 20	Volts
Collector Current (DC, $T_C = 119^\circ\text{C}$) ^{*1,*5}	I_C	150	Amperes
Collector Current (Pulse) ^{*4}	I_{CRM}	300	Amperes
Total Power Dissipation ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$) ^{*1,*5}	P_{tot}	1150	Watts
Emitter Current, Free Wheeling Diode Forward Current ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$) ^{*1,*5}	I_E ^{*3}	150	Amperes
Emitter Current, Free Wheeling Diode Forward Current (Pulse) ^{*4}	I_{ERM} ^{*3}	300	Amperes

^{*1} Case temperature (T_C) and heatsink temperature (T_f) measured point is just under the chips.

^{*3} Represent ratings and characteristics of the anti-parallel, emitter-to-collector free wheeling diode (FWDI).

^{*4} Pulse width and repetition rate should be such that device junction temperature (T_j) does not exceed $T_{j(\max)}$ rating.

^{*5} Junction temperature (T_j) should not increase beyond maximum junction temperature ($T_{j(\max)}$) rating.



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CM150TX-24S
Six IGBTMOD™ NX-S Series Module
150 Amperes/1200 Volts

Electrical and Mechanical Characteristics, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Inverter Sector

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Collector Cutoff Current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}, V_{GE} = 0V$	—	—	1	mA
Gate Leakage Current	I_{GES}	$\pm V_{GE} = V_{GES}, V_{CE} = 0V$	—	—	0.5	μA
Gate-Emitter Threshold Voltage	$V_{GE(\text{th})}$	$I_C = 15\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$	5	6	7	Volts
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage (Chip)	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	$I_C = 150\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ⁶	—	1.7	2.15	Volts
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage (Terminal)	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	$I_C = 150\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	—	1.75	2.2	Volts
		$I_C = 150\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	—	1.95	—	Volts
		$I_C = 150\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	—	2.0	—	Volts
Input Capacitance	C_{ies}		—	—	15	nF
Output Capacitance	C_{oes}	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$	—	—	3	nF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{res}		—	—	0.25	nF
Total Gate Charge	Q_G	$V_{CC} = 600\text{V}, I_C = 150\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$	—	350	—	nC
Inductive Load	Turn-on Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	—	—	800	ns
Switch	Turn-on Rise Time	t_r	$V_{CC} = 600\text{V}, I_C = 150\text{A}$, ⁷	—	200	ns
Time	Turn-off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{V}$,	—	600	ns
	Turn-off Fall Time	t_f	$R_G = 5.1\Omega$, Inductive Load,	—	300	ns
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr} ³	$I_E = 150\text{A}$	—	—	300	ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr} ³		—	8.0	—	μC
Turn-on Switching Loss per Pulse	E_{on}	$V_{CC} = 600\text{V}, I_C (I_E) = 150\text{A}$, ⁷	—	27	—	mJ
Turn-off Switching Loss per Pulse	E_{off}	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{V}, R_G = 5.1\Omega$,	—	16	—	mJ
Reverse Recovery Loss per Pulse	E_{rec} ³	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, Inductive Load	—	12	—	mJ
Emitter-Collector Voltage	V_{EC} ³	$I_E = 150\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0V, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	—	1.75	2.2	Volts
		$I_E = 150\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0V, T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	—	1.75	—	Volts
		$I_E = 150\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0V, T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	—	1.75	—	Volts
Emitter-Collector Voltage (Chip)	V_{EC} ³	$I_E = 150\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0V$	—	1.7	2.15	Volts

Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case ¹	$R_{th(j-c)Q}$	Per IGBT	—	—	0.13	K/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case ¹	$R_{th(j-c)D}$	Per FWDi	—	—	0.23	K/W
Internal Gate Resistance	r_g	Per Switch	—	13	—	Ω

¹ Case temperature (T_C) and heatsink temperature (T_f) measured point is just under the chips.

³ Represent ratings and characteristics of the anti-parallel, emitter-to-collector free wheeling diode (FWDi).

⁶ Pulse width and repetition rate should be such as to cause negligible temperature rise.

⁷ Recommended maximum collector supply voltage V_{CC} is 800V_{dc}.

CM150TX-24S

Six IGBTMOD™ NX-S Series Module

150 Amperes/1200 Volts

NTC Thermistor Sector, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Zero Power Resistance	R	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	4.85	5.00	5.15	kΩ
Deviation of Resistance	$\Delta R/R$	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $R_{100} = 493\Omega$	-7.3	—	+7.8	%
B Constant	$B_{(25/50)}$	Approximate by Equation ⁹	—	3375	—	K
Power Dissipation	P_{25}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	—	—	10	mW

Module, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

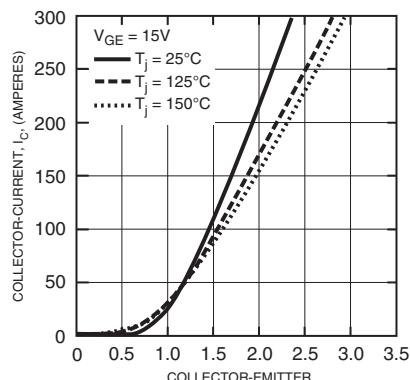
Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Lead Resistance (Main Terminals-Chip)	R_{lead}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Per Switch)	—	—	1.8	mΩ
Contact Thermal Resistance ¹	$R_{\text{th(c-f)}}$	Thermal Grease Applied	—	0.015	—	K/W
(Case to Heatsink)		(Per 1 Module) ²				

¹ Case temperature (T_C) and heatsink temperature (T_f) measured point is just under the chips.

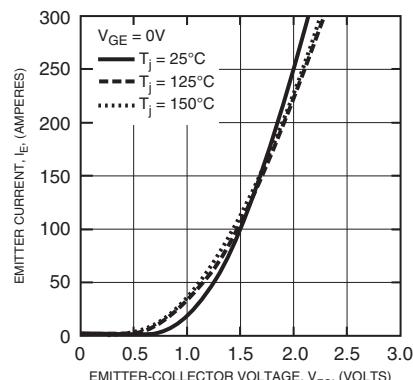
² Typical value is measured by using thermally conductive grease of $\lambda = 0.9 \text{ [W/(m · K)]}$.

⁹ $B_{(25/50)} = \ln(\frac{R_{25}}{R_{50}})/(\frac{1}{T_{25}} - \frac{1}{T_{50}}) R_{25}$; Resistance at Absolute Temperature T_{25} [K], R_{50} ; resistance at Absolute Temperature T_{50} [K],
 $T_{25} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} + 273.15 = 298.15 \text{ [K]}$, $T_{50} = 50 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} + 273.15 = 323.15 \text{ [K]}$

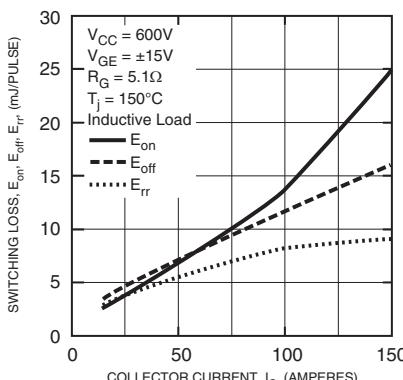
COLLECTOR-EMITTER
SATURATION VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS
(INVERTER PART - TYPICAL)



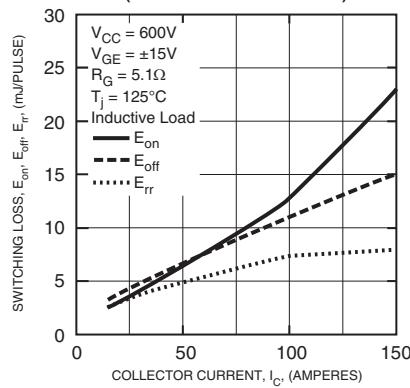
FREE-WHEEL DIODE
FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS
(INVERTER PART - TYPICAL)



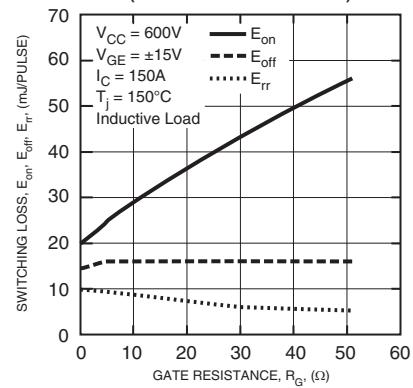
SWITCHING LOSS VS.
COLLECTOR CURRENT
(INVERTER PART - TYPICAL)



SWITCHING LOSS VS.
COLLECTOR CURRENT
(INVERTER PART - TYPICAL)



SWITCHING LOSS VS.
GATE RESISTANCE
(INVERTER PART - TYPICAL)



SWITCHING LOSS VS.
GATE RESISTANCE
(INVERTER PART - TYPICAL)

