## Slotted Optical Switch OPB660N, OPB660T

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## Features:

- Non-contact switching
- Printed circuit board mounting
- Enhanced signal to noise ratio
- Gap $0.125^{\prime \prime}$ ( 3.18 mm ) wide and $0.345^{\prime \prime}$ ( 8.76 mm ) deep slot
- Emitter Aperture $0.05^{\prime \prime} \times 0.06$ " (1.27mm X 1.52mm),

Sensor Aperture 0.01" X 0.06" (0.25mm X 1.52mm)

## Description:



Each OPB660 slotted optical switch consists of an infrared emitting diode and a NPN silicon phototransistor, combined with an enhanced low current roll-off that improves contrast ratio and provides immunity to background irradiance. Housings are made from an opaque grade of injection-molded plastic to minimize sensitivity to both visible and near-infrared light.

Custom electrical, wire, cabling and PCBoard mounted designs are available. Contact your local representative or OPTEK for more information.

## Applications:

- Non-contact transmissive object sensor
- Assembly line automation
- Machine automation
- Machine safety

| Part Number | LED Peak Wavelength | Sensor | Slot Width / Depth | Aperture Emitter/Sensor | Lead Length / Spacing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPB660N | 890 nm | Rbe Transistor | 0.125" / 0.345" | 0.05" / 0.01" | $\begin{gathered} 0.100 \text { " } 0.320 " \\ \text { (MIN) } \end{gathered}$ |
| OPB660T |  |  |  |  |  |

- End of travel sensor
- Door sensor


| Pin \# | LED | Pin \# | Transistor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Anode | 3 | Collector |
| 2 | Cathode | 4 | Emitter |


[ MILLIMETERS]
DIMENSIONS ARE IN:
INCHES


RoHS
OPTEK reserves the right to make changes at any time in order to improve design and to supply the best product possible.

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Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Storage \& Operating Temperature Range | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Lead Soldering Temperature [1/16 inch $(1.6 \mathrm{~mm})$ from the case for 5 sec. with soldering iron] ${ }^{(1)}$ | $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Input Diode


| Forward DC Current | 50 mA |
| :--- | ---: |
| Peak Forward Current $(1 \mu$ s pulse width, 300 pps$)$ | 1 A |
| Reverse DC Voltage | 3 V |
| Power Dissipation $^{(2)}$ | 100 mW |

Output Phototransistor

| Collector-Emitter Voltage | 24 V |
| :--- | ---: |
| Collector DC Current | 30 mA |
| Power Dissipation ${ }^{(3)}$ | 200 mW |

Electrical Characteristics ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | TEST CONDITIONS |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | Input Diode


| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | Forward Voltage | - | - | 1.6 | V | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=10 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | Reverse Current | - | - | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{R}}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ |

## Output Phototransistor

| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {(BR)CEO }}$ | Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage | 24 | - | - | V | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CE}}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{BV}_{\text {ECO }}$ | Emitter Reverse Breakdown Voltage | 0.4 | - | - | V | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{EC}}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {CEO }}$ | Collector-Emitter Dark Current | - | - | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CE}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ |

Combined

| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SAT}}$ | Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage | - | - | 0.4 | V | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=10 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$, (gap unblocked) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | On-State Collector Current | 600 | - | - | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=10 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CE}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ |

Notes:
(1) RMA flux is recommended. Duration can be extended to 10 seconds maximum when flow soldering. A maximum of 20 grams force may be applied to leads when soldering.
(2) Derate linearly $1.33 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
(3) Derate linearly $2.0 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.


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