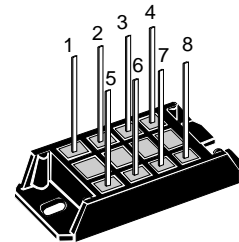
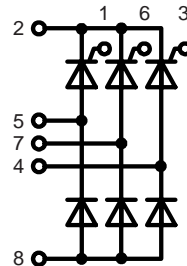


Three Phase Half Controlled Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAVM} = 27 \text{ A}$
 $V_{RRM} = 1200-1600 \text{ V}$

V_{RSM} V_{DSM} V	V_{RRM} V_{DRM} V	Type
1300	1200	VVZ 24-12io1
1500	1400	VVZ 24-14io1
1700	1600	VVZ 24-16io1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	Features	
I_{dAV} I_{dAVM} I_{FRMS}^2, I_{TRMS}	$T_K = 100^\circ\text{C}$; module module per leg	21 A 27 A 16 A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Package with DCB ceramic base plate • Isolation voltage 3600 V~ • Planar passivated chips • Soldering terminals • UL registered E 72873 	
I_{FSM}^2, I_{TSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine		300 A 320 A
I^2t	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine		270 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine		290 A
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $f = 400 \text{ Hz}$, $t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}$ $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}$, $di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	repetitive, $I_T = 50 \text{ A}$		150 $\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
		non repetitive, $I_T = 1/3 \cdot I_{dAV}$		500 $\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$; $V_{DR} = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$; method 1 (linear voltage rise)			1000 $\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
V_{RGM}				10 V
P_{GM}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $I_T = I_{TAVM}$	$t_p = 30 \mu\text{s}$		$\leq 10 \text{ W}$
		$t_p = 500 \mu\text{s}$		$\leq 5 \text{ W}$
		$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$	$\leq 1 \text{ W}$	
P_{GAVM}			0.5 W	
T_{VJ}			-40...+125 $^\circ\text{C}$	
T_{VJM}			125 $^\circ\text{C}$	
T_{stg}			-40...+125 $^\circ\text{C}$	
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS	$t = 1 \text{ min}$	3000 V~	
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ s}$	3600 V~	
M_d	Mounting torque (M5) (10-32 UNF)		2-2.5 Nm	
			18-22 lb.in.	
Weight	typ.		28 g	

Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Soldering terminals
- UL registered E 72873

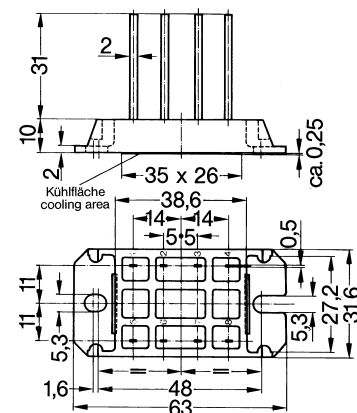
Applications

- Input rectifier for switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Softstart capacitor charging
- Electric drives and auxiliaries

Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single thyristor/diode unless otherwise stated.
 IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
I_R, I_D	$V_R = V_{RRM}; V_D = V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 5 \text{ mA}$ $\leq 0.3 \text{ mA}$
V_F, V_T	$I_F, I_T = 30 \text{ A}, T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.45 \text{ V}$
V_{TO}	For power-loss calculations only	1 V
r_T	($T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$)	16 m Ω
V_{GT}	$V_D = 6 \text{ V};$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.0 \text{ V}$ $\leq 1.2 \text{ V}$
I_{GT}	$V_D = 6 \text{ V};$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 65 \text{ mA}$ $\leq 80 \text{ mA}$ $\leq 50 \text{ mA}$
V_{GD}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM};$ $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq 0.2 \text{ V}$
I_{GD}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM};$ $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq 5 \text{ mA}$
I_L	$I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}; t_G = 30 \mu\text{s}$ $di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 150 \text{ mA}$ $\leq 200 \text{ mA}$ $\leq 100 \text{ mA}$
I_H	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 6 \text{ V}; R_{GK} = \infty$	$\leq 100 \text{ mA}$
t_{gd}	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 1/2 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$\leq 2 \mu\text{s}$
t_q	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_T = 15 \text{ A}, t_p = 300 \mu\text{s}, -di/dt = 10 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	typ. 150 μs
Q_r	$V_R = 100 \text{ V}, dv/dt = 20 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}, V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	75 μC
R_{thJC}	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	2.1 K/W 0.35 K/W
R_{thJH}	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	2.7 K/W 0.45 K/W
d_s	Creeping distance on surface	7 mm
d_A	Creepage distance in air	7 mm
a	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s ²

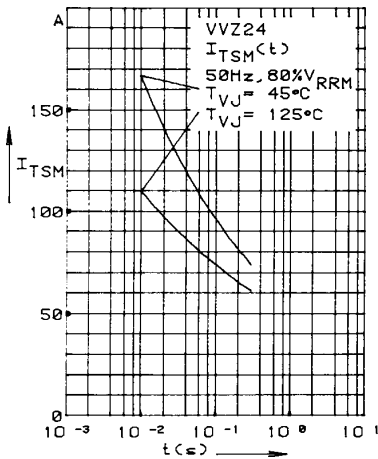


Fig. 1 Surge overload current per chip
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t: duration

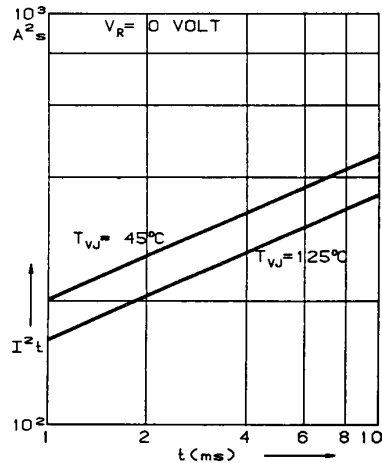


Fig. 2 I^2t versus time (1-10 ms) per chip

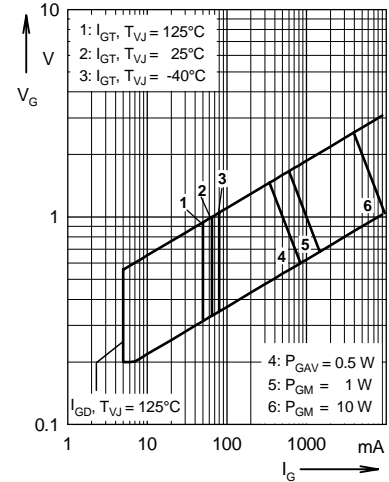


Fig. 3 Gate trigger characteristics
 Triggering:

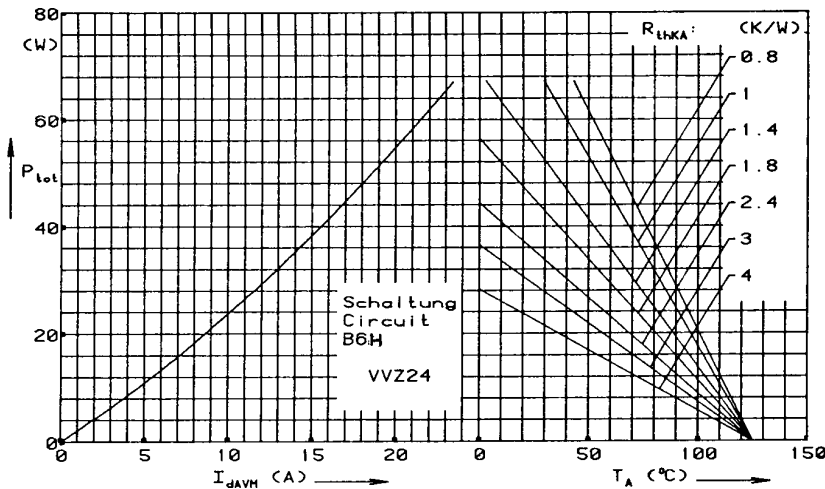


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

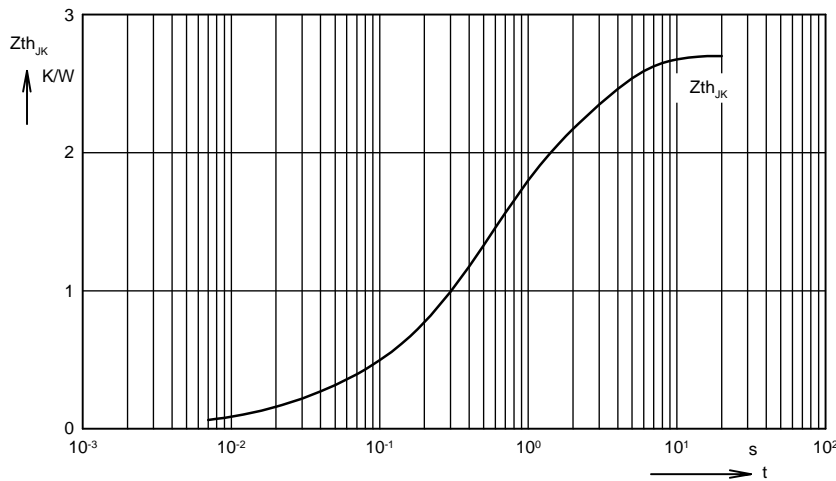


Fig. 5 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.17	0.028
2	1.4	0.44
3	1.1	2.6