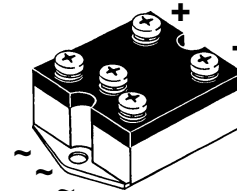
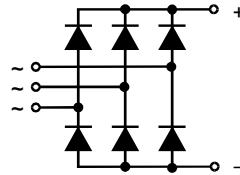


Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAVM} = 38 \text{ A}$
 $V_{RRM} = 1200-1800 \text{ V}$

V_{RSM} V	V_{RRM} V	Type
600	600	VUO 35-06NO7
1200	1200	VUO 35-12NO7
1400	1400	VUO 35-14NO7
1600	1600	VUO 35-16NO7
1800	1800	VUO 35-18NO7*

* delivery time on request



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
I_{dAVM}	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$, module	38 A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 400 A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 440 A
I^2t	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 800 A ² s
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 810 A ² s
T_{VJ}	T_{VJM}	-40...+150 °C
		150 °C
T_{stg}		-40...+150 °C
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	t = 1 min 2500 V~
		t = 1 s 3000 V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M4)	1.5 ± 15 % Nm
		13 ± 15 % lb.in.
Weight	typ.	Terminal connection torque (M4)
		1.5 ± 15 % Nm
		13 ± 15 % lb.in.

Features

- Package with screw terminals
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- UL registered E 72873

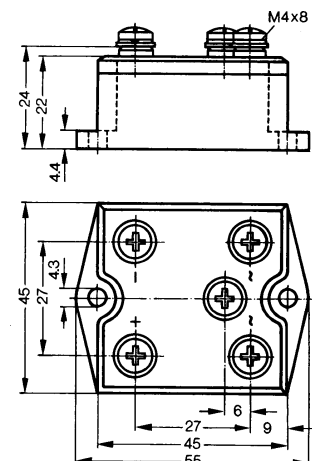
Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
I_R	$V_R = V_{RRM}$; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 0.3 \text{ mA}$
	$V_R = V_{RRM}$; $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$\leq 5.0 \text{ mA}$
V_F	$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 2.2 \text{ V}$
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only	0.85 V
r_T		12 mΩ
R_{thJC}	per diode; DC current	4.2 K/W
	per module	0.7 K/W
R_{thJH}	per diode; DC current	4.8 K/W
	per module	0.8 K/W

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

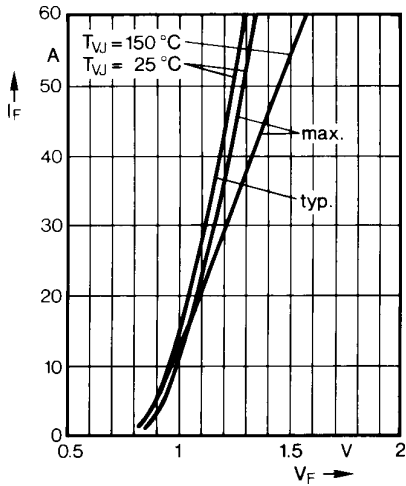


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

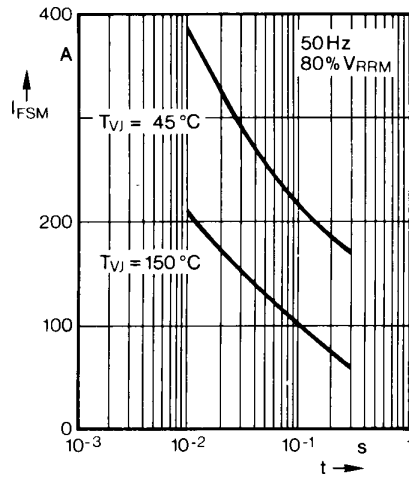


Fig. 2 Surge overload current per diode
I_{FSM}: Crest value. t: duration

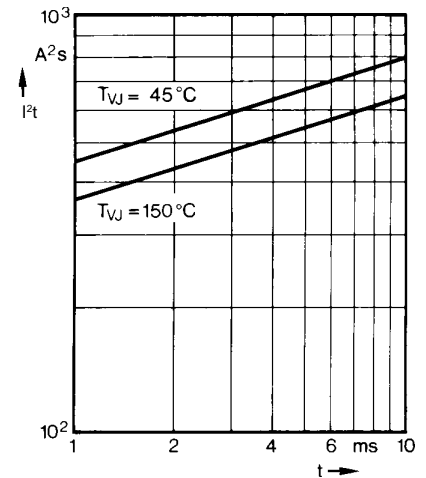


Fig. 3 I²t versus time (1-10 ms) per diode

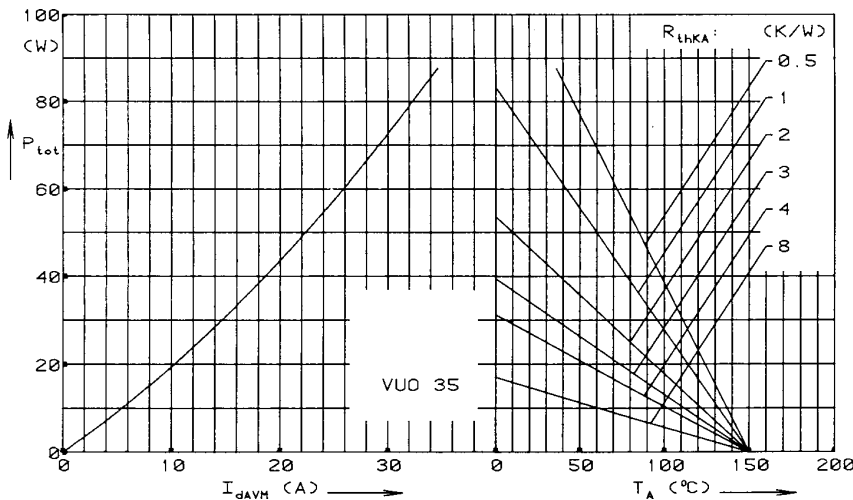


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

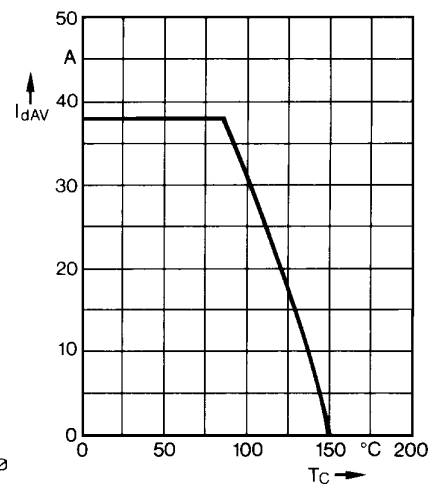


Fig. 5 Maximum forward current at case temperature

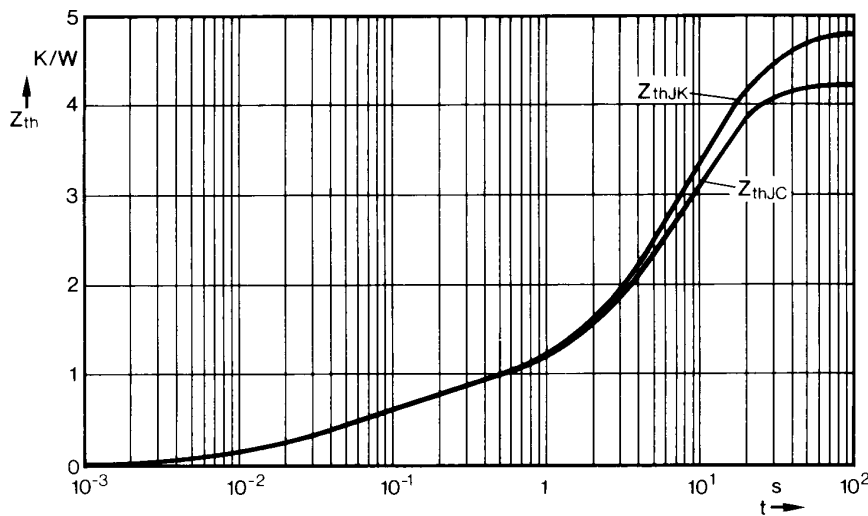


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance per diode

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R _{thi} (K/W)	t _i (s)
1	0.194	0.024
2	0.556	0.07
3	0.45	3.25
4	3.0	9.3

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R _{thi} (K/W)	t _i (s)
1	0.194	0.024
2	0.556	0.07
3	0.45	3.25
4	3.0	9.3
5	0.6	28.0