250 MHz QAM IF DOWNCONVERTER

## FEATURES

- RF/LO FREQUENCY RANGE: $\mathbf{3 0 - 2 5 0} \mathbf{~ M H z}$
- ON CHIP VCO
- LOW DISTORTION AGC AMPLIFIER: -9 dBm IIP3 @ MIN Gain
- ON CHIP VIDEO AMP: 3.0 Vp-p (Vcc = 5 V )
- SMALL 20 PIN SSOP PACKAGE
- AVAILABLE ON TAPE AND REEL


## DESCRIPTION

NEC's UPC2798GR is a Silicon MMIC Downconverter manufactured with the NESAT ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ III silicon bipolar process. This product consists of an input AGC amplifier, mixer, local oscillator, and video amplifier. It is housed in a small 20 pin SSOP package. The device is designed for use as an IF downconverter for digital CATV settops and cable modems utilizing QAM modulation.

NEC's stringent quality assurance and test procedures ensure the highest reliability and performance.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $\left(\mathrm{TA}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{RF}=45 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{LO}=55 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{PLO}=-10 \mathrm{dBm}\right.$, unless otherwise specified)

| PART NUMBER PACKAGE OUTLINE |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { UPC2798GR } \\ \text { S20 } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SYMBOLS | PARAMETERS AND CONDITIONS | UNITS | MIN | TYP | MAX |
| Total Block (Vcc1 $=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Vcc2}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RL}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Icc | Circuit Current (no input signal) | mA | 24.0 | 35.5 | 45.0 |
| CGmax1 | Maximum Conversion Gain, VAGC $=4.0 \mathrm{~V}$, pins G1A - G1B shorted | dB | 68.0 | 74.0 | 76.0 |
| CGmax2 | Maximum Conversion Gain, VAGC $=4.0 \mathrm{~V}$, pins G1A - G1B open | dB |  | 58.0 |  |
| CGmin1 | Minimum Conversion Gain, VAGC $=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$, pins G1A - G1B shorted | dB | 32.0 | 39.0 | 43.0 |
| CGmin2 | Minimum Conversion Gain, VAGC $=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$, pins G1A - G1B open | dB |  | 22.0 |  |
| IIP3 | Input Intercept Point, VAGC $=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$, pins G1A - G1B shorted | dBm |  | -14.0 |  |
| IIP3 | Input Intercept Point, VAGC $=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$, pins G1A - G1B open | dBm |  | -8.0 |  |
| Total Block (Vcc1 $=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Vcc2}=9 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RL}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Icc | Circuit Current (no input signal) | mA | 32.0 | 47.0 | 60.0 |
| CGmax1 | Maximum Conversion Gain, VAGC $=4.0 \mathrm{~V}$, pins G1A - G1B shorted | dB | 72.0 | 78.5 | 81.0 |
| CGmax2 | Maximum Conversion Gain, VAGC $=4.0 \mathrm{~V}$, pins G1A - G1B open | dB |  | 59.0 |  |
| CGmin1 | Minimum Conversion Gain, VAGC $=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$, pins G1A - G1B shorted | dB |  | 43.5 |  |
| CGmin2 | Minimum Conversion Gain, VAGC $=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$, pins G1A - G1B open | dB |  | 22.5 |  |
| IIP3 | Input Intercept Point, VAGC $=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$, pins G1A - G1B open | dBm |  | -7.5 |  |
| AGC Amplifier and Mixer Block ( $\mathrm{VcC1}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Icc | Circuit Current (no input signal) | mA | 15.0 | 23.0 | 28.0 |
| fRF | RF Input Frequency Range | MHz | 30 |  | 250 |
| fosc | OSC Frequency Range | MHz | 30 |  | 250 |
| fiF | IF Output Frequency Range | MHz | DC |  | 150 |
| CGmax | Maximum Conversion Gain, VAGC $=4.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | dB |  | 25 |  |
| CGmin | Minimum Conversion Gain, V $\mathrm{VGG}=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | dB |  | -7 |  |
| GCR | AGC Dynamic Range, VAGC $=1.0$ to 4.0 V | dB | 26 | 32 |  |
| NF | Noise Figure, SSB, VAGC $=4.0 \mathrm{~V}$ (MAX Gain) | dB |  | 9 |  |
| $\mathrm{VAGC}_{(H)}$ | AGC Voltage High, at MAX Gain | V | 4.0 |  |  |
| VAGC (L) | AGC Voltage Low, at MIN Gain | V |  |  | 1.0 |
| AGC IIP3 | AGC Input Intercept Point, at MIN Gain | dBm |  | -9 |  |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $\left(T A=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{RF}=45 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{LO}=55 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{PLO}=-10 \mathrm{dBm}\right.$, unless otherwise specified)

| PART NUMBER PACKAGE OUTLINE |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { UPC2798GR } \\ \text { S20 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SYMBOLS | PARAMETERS AND CONDITIONS | UNITS | MIN | TYP | MAX |
| Video Amp Block (Vcc2 $=5 \mathrm{~V}$, differential, $\mathrm{RL}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Icc | Circuit Current (no input signal) | mA | 9.0 | 12.5 | 17.0 |
| Vout | Output Voltage | Vp-p |  | 3.0 |  |
| G1 | Differential Gain 1, pins G1A and G1B shorted, Vout = 3.0 Vp-p | V/V |  | 200 |  |
| G2 | Differential Gain 2, pins G1A and G1B open, Vout $=3.0 \mathrm{Vp}$-p | V/V |  | 26 |  |
| Video Amp Block (Vcc2 $=9 \mathrm{~V}$, differential, $\mathrm{RL}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Icc | Circuit Current (no input signal) | mA | 17.0 | 24.0 | 32.0 |
| Vout | Output Voltage | Vp-p |  | 3.0 |  |
| G1 | Differential Gain 1, Pins G1A and G1B shorted | V/V |  | 385 |  |
| G2 | Differential Gain 2, Pins G1A and G1B open | V/V |  | 28.5 |  |
| Video Amp Block (Vcc2 $=5 \mathrm{~V}$, single ended, $\mathrm{RL}=50 \Omega$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avs1 | Single-ended Gain, pins G1A - G1B shorted | dB |  | 40.0 |  |
| Avs2 | Single-ended Gain, pins G1A - G1B open | dB |  | 22.5 |  |
| IIP3 | Input Intercept Point, pins G1A - G1B open, $\mathrm{f} 1=9 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f} 2=11 \mathrm{MHz}$ | dBm |  | -11.5 |  |
| Video Amp Block (Vcc2 $=9 \mathrm{~V}$, single ended, $\mathrm{RL}=50 \Omega$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avs1 | Single-ended Gain, pins G1A - G1B shorted | dB |  | 45.0 |  |
| Avs2 | Single-ended Gain, pins G1A - G1B open | dB |  | 23.5 |  |
| IIP3 | Input Intercept Point, pins G1A - G1B open, f1 = 9 MHz, f2 = 11 MHz | dBm |  | -5.0 |  |
| Video Amp Block (Vcc2 = 5 or 9 V , common, $\mathrm{RL}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| BWG1 | Bandwidth 1, G1 | MHz |  | 50 |  |
| BWG2 | Bandwidth 2, G2 | MHz |  | 50 |  |
| Rin 1 | Input Resistance 1, G1 | k $\Omega$ |  | 3.5 |  |
| Rin 2 | Input Resistance 2, G2 | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ |  | 9.7 |  |
| Cin | Input Capacitance, CIN | pF |  | 1.6 |  |
| CMRR | Common Mode Rejection Ratio, $\mathrm{Vcm}=1.0 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{p}$ p,,$f=100 \mathrm{kHz}$ | dB |  | 80 |  |
| PSRR | Power Supply Rejection Ratio | dB |  | 70 |  |
| $\tau R$ | Rise Time | ns |  | 2.6 |  |
| $\tau \mathrm{D}$ | Propagation Delay Time | ns |  | 4.4 |  |

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ${ }^{1}\left(\mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

| SYMBOLS | PARAMETERS | UNITS | RATINGS |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| VCC1 | Supply Voltage 1 <br> (Mixer Block) | V | 6.0 |
| VCC2 | Supply Voltage 2 <br> (Video Amp Block) | V | 6.0 |
| PD | Power Dissipation, <br> $\mathrm{TA}=85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{2}$ | mW | 430 |
| Top | Operating Temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -40 to +85 |
| TSTG | Storage Temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -55 to +150 |


| SYMBOLS | PARAMETERS | UNITS | RATINGS |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Vcc1 | Supply Voltage 1 <br> (Mixer Block) | V | 6.0 |
| VcC2 | Supply Voltage 2 <br> (Video Amp Block) | V | 11.0 |
| PD | Power Dissipation, <br> TA $=75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{2}$ | mW | 500 |
| ToP | Operating Temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -40 to +75 |
| TsTG | Storage Temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -55 to +150 |

## Notes:

1. Operation in excess of any one of these parameters may result in permanent damage.
2. Mounted on a $50 \times 50 \times 1.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ epoxy glass PWB.

## RECOMMENDED <br> OPERATING CONDITIONS

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | UNITS | MIN | TYP | MAX |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vcc1 | Supply Voltage 1 | V | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 |
| Vcc2 | Supply Voltage 2 | V | 4.5 | 5.0 | 10.0 |
| TA1 | Operating Temp. Range $1^{*}$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -40 | +25 | +85 |
| TA2 | Operating Temp. Range $2^{* *}$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -40 | +25 | +75 |

Notes:

* @ Vcc1 = Vcc2 = 4.5 to 5.5 V
** @ Vcc1 $=4.5$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Vcc} 2=4.5$ to 10.0 V


## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (by measurement circuit 1: AGC Amp and Mixer Block)




CONVERSION GAIN vs.
IF FREQUENCY


CONVERSION GAIN vs.
agC Voltage


NOISE FIGURE vs. AGC VOLTAGE


THIRD ORDER INTERMODULATION LEVEL AND OUTPUT POWER vs. INPUT POWER


STANDARD CHARACTERISTICS (by measurement circuit 2: Video Amp, $R \mathrm{LL}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )


OUTPUT POWER vs. INPUT POWER (VIDEO AMP)


DIFFERENTIAL GAIN
vs. RESISTANCE


DIFFERENTIAL GAIN vs. INPUT FREQUENCY


OUTPUT POWER vs. INPUT POWER (VIDEO AMP)


## STANDARD CHARACTERISTICS (by measurement circuit 3: Video Amp, RL=50 $\Omega, \mathrm{TA}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

GAIN vs. INPUT FREQUENCY


GAIN vs. INPUT FREQUENCY


GAIN vs. INPUT FREQUENCY


GAIN vs. INPUT FREQUENCY


THIRD ORDER INTERMODULATION LEVEL AND OUTPUT POWER vs. INPUT POWER


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (by measurement circuit 4: Total Block, fRF $=45 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{PrF}=-60 \mathrm{dBm}, \mathrm{Posc}=-10 \mathrm{dBm}$ )


CONVERSION GAIN vs. IF FREQUENCY


CONVERSION GAIN vs. IF FREQUENCY


IF Frequency, fif (MHz)

CONVERSION GAIN vs. IF FREQUENCY


IF Frequency, fiF (MHz)

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (by measurement circuit 4: Total Block, PRF $=-60 \mathrm{dBm}, \mathrm{fosc}=\mathrm{fRF}+10 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Posc}=-10 \mathrm{dBm}$ )


CONVERSION GAIN vs. INPUT FREQUENCY


CONVERSION GAIN vs. INPUT FREQUENCY


CONVERSION GAIN vs. INPUT FREQUENCY


## STANDARD CHARACTERISTICS (by measurement circuit 4: Total Block)



THIRD ORDER INTERMODULATION LEVEL AND OUTPUT POWER vs. INPUT POWER


THIRD ORDER INTERMODULATION LEVEL AND OUTPUT POWER vs. INPUT POWER


## STANDARD CHARACTERISTICS (by application circuit example : MIXER block)




PIN FUNCTIONS

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Pin \\
No.
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Pin \\
Name
\end{tabular} \& Pin Voltage Typ. (V) \& Function and Explanation \& Equivalent Circuit \\
\hline 1 \& AGC IN1

AGC IN2 \& 1.5 \& RF input pins. Pins 1 and 2 are each base inputs to a differential amplifier. In the case of a single-ended input, bypass the unused pin to ground through a capacitor. \&  <br>
\hline 3 \& Vagc \& 0~5 \& Gain control pin of the mixer input amplifier. VAGC up $=$ gain up. It is recommended to use a $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ voltage divider at this pin. \&  <br>
\hline 4 \& Vcc1 \& 5.0 \& Supply voltage pin for the downconverter block. This pin should be connected with a bypass capacitor (e.g., 1000 pF ) to minimize ground impedance. \& <br>
\hline 5 \& OSC OUT \& 4.0 \& Output pin for the internal oscillator. This pin may be connected to the input of a PLL synthesizer. \&  <br>
\hline 6 \& GND \& 0.0 \& Ground pin. This pin must be connected to system ground. Form ground pattern as wide as possible to minimize ground impedance. \& <br>
\hline 7 \& OSC B2 \& 2.4 \& Input pins for the internal oscillator. The internal oscillator consists of a balanced amplifier. \& <br>
\hline 8 \& OSC C1 \& 4.6 \& \&  <br>
\hline 9 \& OSC C2 \& 4.6 \& \&  <br>

\hline 10 \& OSC B1 \& 2.4 \& \& $$
\xi_{77}^{\}}
$$ <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

## PIN FUNCTIONS

| Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin Voltage Typ. (V) () is value at $\mathrm{Vcc}=9 \mathrm{~V}$ | Function and Explanation | Equivalent Circuit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | OUT2 | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.5 \\ (4.7) \end{gathered}$ | Output pins for the video amplifier. With $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, the differential output voltage is $3 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}$. OUT1 and INA are in phase. OUT2 and INB are in phase. In the case of a single-ended output, bypass the unused pin to ground through a capacitor. |  |
| 12 | OUT1 | $\begin{gathered} 2.5 \\ (4.7) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 13 | Vcc2 | 5~9 | Supply voltage pin for the video amplifier block. This pin should be connected with a bypass capacitor (e.g., 1000 pF ) to minimize ground impedance. |  |
| 14 | INB | $\begin{gathered} 2.5 \\ (4.1) \end{gathered}$ | Input pins for the video amplifier. These pins have high impedance. In the case of a single-ended input, bypass the unused pin to ground through a capacitor. | (17) (15) <br> (13) <br> (14) 16 |
| 15 | INA | $\begin{gathered} 2.5 \\ (4.1) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 16 | G1B | $\begin{gathered} 1.7 \\ (3.3) \end{gathered}$ | Gain control pins for the video amplifier. The gain may be adjusted by varying the value of the resistor between pins 16 and 17. Maximum gain = short; Minimum gain $=$ open . |  |
| 17 | G1A | $\begin{gathered} 1.7 \\ (3.3) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 18 | MIX OUT1 | 3.7 | Output pins for the downconverter. These are emitter follower outputs which feature low impedance. In the case of a single-ended output, bypass the unused pin to ground through a capacitor. |  |
| 19 | MIX OUT2 | 3.7 |  |  |
| 20 | GND | 0.0 | Ground pin. This pin must be connected to system ground. Form ground pattern as wide as possible to minimize ground impedance. |  |

## MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 1

## AGC \& MIXER BLOCK



## MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 2

## VIDEO AMP BLOCK

$R L=1 k \Omega$


## MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 3

VIDEO AMP BLOCK
$\mathrm{RL}=50 \Omega$


## MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 4

TOTAL BLOCK


## APPLICATION CIRCUIT EXAMPLE



## OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (Units in mm)

PACKAGE OUTLINE SSOP 20


All dimensions are typical unless specified otherwise.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

| PART NUMBER | QUANTITY |
| :---: | :---: |
| UPC2798GR-E1-A | 2500/Reel |

Notes: Embossed tape, 12 mm wide.
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| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lead (Pb) | $<1000$ PPM | - -A | -AZ |
| Mercury | $<1000$ PPM | Not Detected | Not Detected |
| Cadmium | $<100$ PPM | Not Detected |  |
| Hexavalent Chromium | $<1000$ PPM | Not Detected |  |
| PBB | $<1000$ PPM | Not Detected |  |
| PBDE | $<1000$ PPM | Not Detected |  |

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