

DUAL ULTRA MICROPOWER RAIL-TO-RAIL CMOS OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ALD4706A/ALD4706B/ALD4706 is a quad monolithic CMOS ultra micropower high slew-rate operational amplifier intended for a broad range of analog applications using $\pm 1 \text{V}$ to $\pm 5 \text{V}$ dual power supply systems, as well as +2V to +10V battery operated systems. All device characteristics are specified for +5V single supply or $\pm 2.5 \text{V}$ dual supply systems. Total supply current for four operational amplifiers is $200\mu\text{A}$ maximum at 5V supply voltage. It is manufactured with Advanced Linear Devices' enhanced ACMOS silicon gate CMOS process.

The ALD4706A/ALD4706B/ALD4706 is designed to offer a trade-off of performance parameters providing a wide range of desired specifications. It has been developed specifically for the $\pm 5V$ single supply or $\pm 1V$ to $\pm 5V$ dual supply user and offers the popular industry standard pin configuration of LM324 types and ICL7641 types.

Several important characteristics of the device make application easier to implement at these voltages. First, each operational amplifier can operate with rail-to-rail input and output voltages. This means the signal input voltage and output voltage can be equal to or near to the positive and negative supply voltages. This feature allows numerous analog serial stages and flexibility in input signal bias levels. Second, each device was designed to accommodate mixed applications where digital and analog circuits may operate off the same power supply or battery. Third, the output stage can typically drive up to 25pF capacitive and $20 \mathrm{K}\Omega$ resistive loads. These features, combined with extremely low input currents, high open loop voltage gain of $100 \mathrm{V/mV}$, useful bandwidth of $200 \mathrm{KHz}$, a slew rate of $0.17 \mathrm{V/\mu s}$, low power dissipation of $0.5 \mathrm{mW}$, low offset voltage and temperature drift, make the ALD4706A/ALD4706B/ALD4706 a versatile, ultra micropower quad operational amplifier.

The ALD4706A/ALD4706B/ALD4706, designed and fabricated with silicon gate CMOS technology, offers 0.1pA typical input bias current. Due to low voltage and low power operation, reliability and operating characteristics, such as input bias currents and warm up time, are greatly improved. Additionally, robust design and rigorous screening make this device especially suitable for operation in temperature-extreme environments and rugged conditions.

ORDERING INFORMATION ("L" suffix denotes lead-free (RoHS))

Opera	Operating Temperature Range									
0°C to +70°C	0°C to +70°C									
14-Pin	14-Pin	14-Pin								
Small Outline	Plastic Dip	CERDIP								
Package (SOIC)	Package	Package								
ALD4706ASBL	ALD4706APBL	ALD4706ADB								
ALD4706BSBL	ALD4706BPBL	ALD4706BDB								
ALD4706SBL	ALD4706PBL	ALD4706DB								

^{*} Contact factory for leaded (non-RoHS) or high temperature versions.

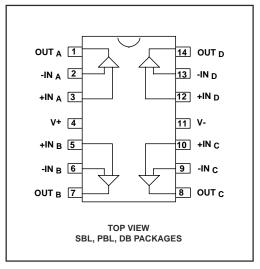
FEATURES

- All parameters specified for + 5V single supply or ± 2.5V dual supply systems
- Rail- to- rail input and output voltage ranges
- Unity gain stable
- Extremely low input bias currents -- 0.1pA
- High source impedance applications
- Dual power supply ±1.0V to ±5.0V
- Single power supply +2V to +10V
- High voltage gain
- · Output short circuit protected
- Unity gain bandwidth of 0.2MHz
- Slew rate of 0.17V/us
- Power dissipation of 20μA per op amp
- Symmetrical output drive
- Suitable for rugged, temperature-extreme environments

APPLICATIONS

- · Voltage follower/buffer/amplifier
- · Charge integrator
- Photodiode amplifier
- Data acquisition systems
- High performance portable instruments
- Signal conditioning circuits
- · Sensor and transducer amplifiers
- Low leakage amplifiers
- Active filters
- Sample/Hold amplifier
- Picoammeter
- Current to voltage converter

PIN CONFIGURATION



Rev 2.0 ©2010 Advanced Linear Devices, Inc. 415 Tasman Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94089-1706 Tel: (408) 747-1155 Fax: (408) 747-1286 www.aldinc.com

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply voltage, V+	10.6V
Differential input voltage range	-0.3V to V++0.3V
Power dissipation	600 mW
Operating temperature range SBL, PBL packages	0°C to +70°C
DB package	55°C to +125°C
Storage temperature range	65°C to +150°C
Lead temperature. 10 seconds	+260°C

CAUTION: ESD Sensitive Device. Use static control procedures in ESD controlled environment.

OPERATING ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $V_S = \pm 2.5V$ unless otherwise specified

			4706A			4706B			4706			Test
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Supply Voltage	V _S V+	±1.0 2.0		±5.0 10.0	±1.0 2.0		±5.0 10.0	±1.0 2.0		±5.0 10.0	V V	Dual Supply Single Supply
Input Offset Voltage	Vos			2.0 2.8			5.0 5.8			10.0 11.0	mV mV	$R_S \le 100 K\Omega$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +70^{\circ}C$
Input Offset Current	I _{OS}		0.1	20 200		0.1	20 200		0.1	20 200	pA pA	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +70^{\circ}C$
Input Bias Current	IB		0.1	20 200		0.1	20 200		0.1	20 200	pA pA	T _A = 25°C 0°C ≤ T _A ≤ +70°C
Input Voltage Range	V _{IR}	-0.3 -2.8		5.3 2.8	-0.3 -2.8		5.3 2.8	-0.3 -2.8		5.3 2.8	V V	V+ = +5 V _S = ±2.5V
Input Resistance	R _{IN}		10 ¹³			10 ¹³			10 ¹³		Ω	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	TCVos		7			7			10		μV/°C	R _S ≤ 100KΩ
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	65 65	83 83		65 65	83 83		60 60	83 83		dB dB	$R_S \le 100K\Omega$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +70^{\circ}C$
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	65 65	83 83		65 65	83 83		60 60	83 83		dB dB	$R_S \le 100 K\Omega$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +70^{\circ}C$
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A _V	10 10	60 300		10 10	60 300		7	50 300		V/mV V/mV V/mV	$R_L = 100 K \Omega$ $R_L \ge 1 M \Omega$ $R_L = 100 K \Omega$
Output Voltage	V _O low V _O high	4.99	0.001 4.999	0.01	4.99	0.001 4.999	0.01	4.99	0.001 4.999	0.01	V V	$R_L = 1M\Omega V + = +5V$ 0°C ≤ T_A ≤ +70°C
Range	V _O low V _O high	2.25	-2.40 2.40	-2.25	2.25	-2.40 2.40	-2.25	2.25	-2.40 2.40	-2.25	V V	$R_L = 100K\Omega V_S = \pm 2.5V$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +70^{\circ}C$
Output Short Circuit Current	I _{SC}		200			200			200		μΑ	
Supply Current	IS		120	200		120	200		120	200	μΑ	V _{IN} =0V No Load
Power Dissipation	P _D			1.0			1.0			1.0	μW	All amplifiers V _S = ±2.5V

OPERATING ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (cont'd)

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $V_S = \pm 2.5V$ unless otherwise specified

			4706A			4706B			4706			Test
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}		1			1			1		pF	
Bandwidth	B _W		200			200			200		KHz	
Slew Rate	S _R		0.17			0.17			0.17		V/μs	R _L = 100KΩ A _V = +1
Rise time	t _r		1.0			1.0			1.0		μS	R _L = 100KΩ
Overshoot Factor			20			20			20		%	R_L = 100KΩ C_L = 25pF
Settling Time	t _S		10.0			10.0			10.0		μs	0.1% $A_V = 1$ $C_L = 25pF$ $R_L = 100KΩ$
Channel Separation	CS		140			140			140		dB	A _V = 100

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $V_S = \pm 1.0V$ unless otherwise specified

			4706A			4706B			4706			Test
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR		80			80			80		dB	R _S ≤ 1MΩ
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR		80			80			80		dB	R _S ≤ 1MΩ
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A _V		50			50			50		V/mV	R _L = 1MΩ
Output Voltage Range	V _O low V _O high	.90	-0.95 0.95	90	.90	-0.95 0.95	90	.90	-0.95 0.95	90	V V	$R_L = 1M\Omega$
Bandwidth	B _W		200			200			200		KHz	
Slew Rate	S _R		0.1			0.1			0.1		V/μs	A _V =+1 C _L = 25pF

 $V_S = \pm 2.5 V - 55^{\circ} C \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ} C$ unless otherwise specified

		4	1706ADE	3		4706BE	В		4706DE	3		Test
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Input Offset Voltage	Vos			3.0			6.0			15.0	mV	R _S ≤1MΩ
Input Offset Current	Ios		1	4		1	4		1	4	nA	
Input Bias Current	I _B		1	4		1	4		1	4	nA	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	60	75		60	75		60	75		dB	R _S ≤ 1MΩ
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	60	83		60	83		60	83		dB	R _S ≤ 1MΩ
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A _V	10	50		10	50		7	50		V/mV	$R_L = 1M\Omega$
Output Voltage Range	V _O low V _O high	2.25	-2.40 2.40	-2.25	2.25	-2.40 2.40	2.25	2.25	-2.40 2.40	-2.25	V V	$R_L = 1M\Omega$

ALD4706A/ALD4706B ALD4706 Advanced Linear Devices

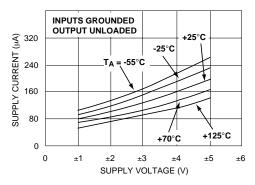
Design & Operating Notes:

- 1. The ALD4706A/ALD4706B/ALD4706 CMOS operational amplifier uses a 3 gain stage architecture and an improved frequency compensation scheme to achieve large voltage gain, high output driving capability, and better frequency stability. In a conventional CMOS operational amplifier design, compensation is achieved with a pole splitting capacitor together with a nulling resistor. This method is, however, very bias dependent and thus cannot accommodate the large range of supply voltage operation as is required from a stand alone CMOS operational amplifier. The ALD4706A/ALD4706B/ALD4706 is internally compensated for unity gain stability using a novel scheme that does not use a nulling resistor. This scheme produces a clean single pole roll off in the gain characteristics while providing for more than 70 degrees of phase margin at the unity gain frequency.
- 2. The ALD4706A/ALD4706B/ALD4706 has complementary p-channel and n-channel input differential stages connected in parallel to accomplish rail to rail input common mode voltage range. This means that with the ranges of common mode input voltage close to the power supplies, one of the two differential stages is switched off internally. To maintain compatibility with other operational amplifiers, this switching point has been selected to be about 1.5V below the positive supply voltage. Since offset voltage trimming on the ALD4706A/ ALD4706B/ALD4706 is made when the input voltage is symmetrical to the supply voltages, this internal switching does not affect a large variety of applications such as an inverting amplifier or non-inverting amplifier with a gain larger than 2.5 (5V operation), where the common mode voltage does not make excursions above this switching point. The user should however, be aware that this switching does take place if the operational amplifier is connected as a unity gain buffer and should make provision in his design to allow for input offset voltage variations.
- The input bias and offset currents are essentially input protection diode reverse bias leakage currents, and are typically less than 0.1pA

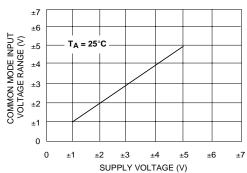
- at room temperature. This low input bias current assures that the analog signal from the source will not be distorted by input bias currents. Normally, this extremely high input impedance of greater than $10^{13}\Omega$ would not be a problem as the source impedance would limit the node impedance. However, for applications where source impedance is very high, it may be necessary to limit noise and hum pickup through proper shielding.
- 4. The output stage consists of class AB complementary output drivers, capable of driving a low resistance load. The output voltage swing is limited by the drain to source on-resistance of the output transistors as determined by the bias circuitry, and the value of the load resistor. When connected in the voltage follower configuration, the oscillation resistant feature, combined with the rail to rail input and output feature, makes an effective analog signal buffer for medium to high source impedance sensors, transducers, and other circuit networks.
- 5. The ALD4706A/ALD4706B/ALD4706 operational amplifier has been designed to provide full static discharge protection. Internally, the design has been carefully implemented to minimize latch up. However, care must be exercised when handling the device to avoid strong static fields that may degrade a diode junction, causing increased input leakage currents. In using the operational amplifier, the user is advised to power up the circuit before, or simultaneously with, any input voltages applied and to limit input voltages to not exceed 0.3V of the power supply voltage levels.
- 6. The ALD4706A/ALD4706B/ALD4706, with its ultra micropower operation, offers numerous benefits in reduced power supply requirements, less noise coupling and current spikes, less thermally induced drift, better overall reliability due to lower self heating, and lower input bias current. It requires practically no warm up time as the chip junction heats up to only 0.1°C above ambient temperature under most operating conditions.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

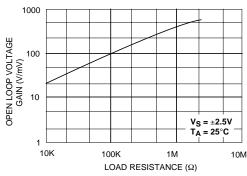
SUPPLY CURRENT AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE



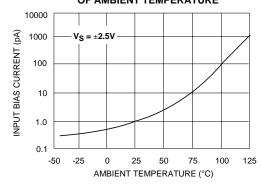
COMMON MODE INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE



OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE GAIN AS A FUNCTION OF LOAD RESISTANCE



INPUT BIAS CURRENT AS A FUNCTION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

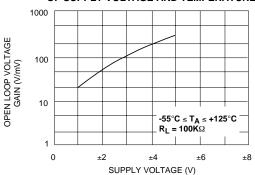


ALD4706A/ALD4706B ALD4706 **Advanced Linear Devices**

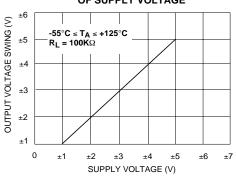
4 of 9

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (cont'd)

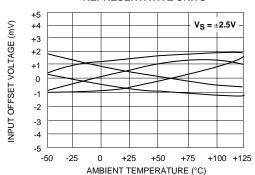
OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE GAIN AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE AND TEMPERATURE



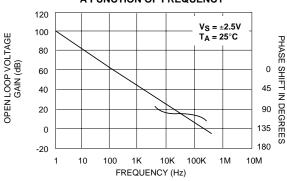
OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE



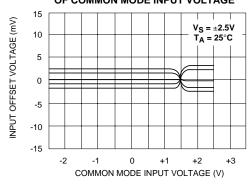
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE AS A FUNCTION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE REPRESENTATIVE UNITS



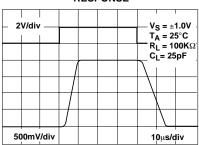
OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE GAIN AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY



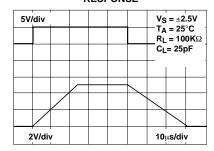
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE AS A FUNCTION OF COMMON MODE INPUT VOLTAGE



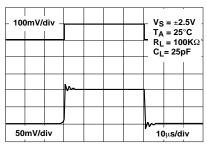
LARGE - SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



LARGE - SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



SMALL - SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



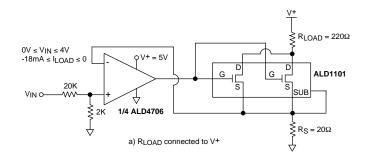
ALD4706A/ALD4706B ALD4706 **Advanced Linear Devices**

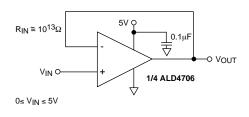
5 of 9

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

V TO I AMPLIFIER

RAIL-TO-RAIL VOLTAGE FOLLOWER/BUFFER





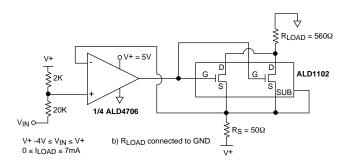
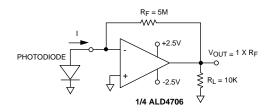
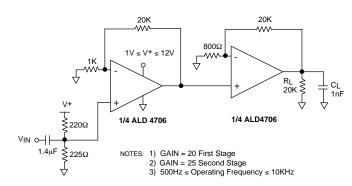


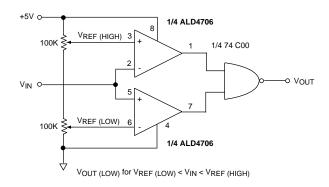
PHOTO DETECTOR CURRENT TO **VOLTAGE CONVERTER**



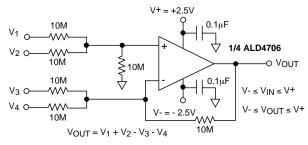
TWO STAGE HIGH GAIN AMPLIFIER



RAIL-TO-RAIL WINDOW COMPARATOR



HIGH INPUT IMPEDANCE RAIL-TO-RAIL PRECISION **DC SUMMING AMPLIFIER**



 $R_{\mbox{\footnotesize{IN}}}$ = 10M $\!\Omega$ Accuracy limited by resistor tolerances and input offset voltage

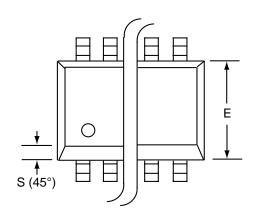
ALD4706A/ALD4706B ALD4706

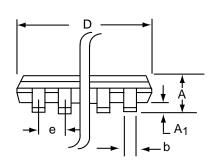
Advanced Linear Devices

6 of 9

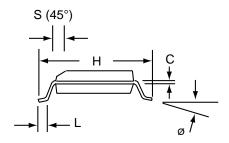
SOIC-14 PACKAGE DRAWING

14 Pin Plastic SOIC Package



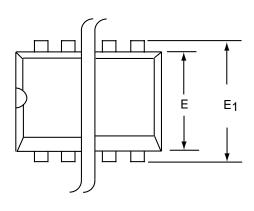


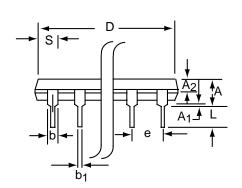
	Millim	neters	Inc	hes		
Dim	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Α	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069		
A ₁	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010		
b	0.35	0.45	0.014	0.018		
С	0.18	0.25	0.007	0.010		
D-14	8.55	8.75	0.336	0.345		
E	3.50	4.05	0.140	0.160		
е	1.27	BSC	0.050	BSC		
Н	5.70	6.30	0.224	0.248		
L	0.60	0.937	0.024	0.037		
Ø	0°	8°	0°	8°		
S	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020		



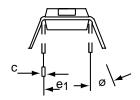
PDIP-14 PACKAGE DRAWING

14 Pin Plastic DIP Package



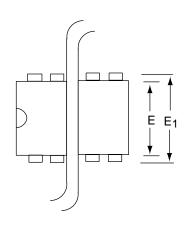


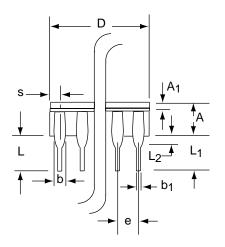
	Millim	neters	Inc	hes
Dim	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	3.81	5.08	0.105	0.200
A ₁	0.38	1.27	0.015	0.050
A ₂	1.27	2.03	0.050	0.080
b	0.89	1.65	0.035	0.065
b ₁	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020
С	0.20	0.30	0.008	0.012
D-14	17.27	19.30	0.680	0.760
E	5.59	7.11	0.220	0.280
E ₁	7.62	8.26	0.300	0.325
е	2.29	2.79	0.090	0.110
e ₁	7.37	7.87	0.290	0.310
L	2.79	3.81	0.110	0.150
S-14	1.02	2.03	0.040	0.080
ø	0°	15°	0°	15°

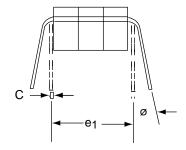


CERDIP-14 PACKAGE DRAWING

14 Pin CERDIP Package







	Millim	neters	Inc	hes		
Dim	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Α	3.55	5.08	0.140	0.200		
A ₁	1.27	2.16	0.050	0.085		
b	0.97	1.65	0.038	0.065		
b ₁	0.36	0.58	0.014	0.023		
С	0.20	0.38	0.008	0.015		
D-14		19.94		0.785		
E	5.59	7.87	0.220	0.310		
E ₁	7.73	8.26	0.290	0.325		
е	2.54 E	BSC	0.100 BSC			
e ₁	7.62 E	BSC	0.300	BSC		
L	3.81	5.08	0.150	0.200		
L ₁	3.18		0.125			
L ₂	0.38	1.78	0.015	0.070		
S		2.49		0.098		
Ø	0°	15°	0°	15°		