

### **QUAD RAIL-TO-RAIL CMOS OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER**

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 is a dual monolithic operational amplifier with MOSFET input that has rail-to-rail input and output voltage ranges. The input voltage range and output voltage range are very close to the positive and negative power supply voltages. Typically the input voltage can be beyond positive power supply voltage V+ or the negative power supply voltage V- by up to 300mV. The output voltage swings to within 60mV of either positive or negative power supply voltages at rated load.

With high impedance load, the output voltage of the ALD4704A/ ALD4704B/ALD4704 approaches within 1mV of the power supply rails. This device is designed as an alternative to the popular J-FET input operational amplifier in applications where lower operating voltages, such as 9V battery or  $\pm 3.25 V$  to  $\pm 5 V$  power supplies are being used. The ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 offers high slew rate of  $5 V/\mu s$ . It is designed and manufactured with Advanced Linear Devices' standard enhanced ACMOS silicon gate CMOS process, and it offers low unit cost and exceptional reliability.

The rail-to-rail input and output feature of the ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ ALD4704 expands signal voltage range for a given operating supply voltage and allows numerous analog serial stages to be implemented without losing operating voltage margin. The output stage is designed to drive up to 10mA into 400pF capacitive and 1.5K $\Omega$  resistive loads at unity gain and up to 4000pF at a gain of 5. Short circuit protection to either ground or the power supply rails is at approximately 15mA clamp current. Due to complementary output stage design, the output can source and sink 10mA into a load with symmetrical drive and is ideally suited for applications where push-pull voltage drive is desired.

For each of the operational amplifier, the offset voltage is trimmed onchip to eliminate the need for external nulling in many applications. For precision applications, the output is designed to settle to 0.1% in  $2\mu s$ . In large signal buffer applications, the operational amplifier can function as an ultrahigh input impedance voltage follower /buffer that allows input and output voltage swings from positive to negative supply voltages. This feature is intended to greatly simplify systems design and eliminate higher voltage power supplies in many applications. Additionally, robust design and rigorous screening make this device especially suitable for operation in temperature-extreme environments and rugged conditions.

### ORDERING INFORMATION ("L" suffix denotes lead-free (RoHS))

Operating Temperature Range								
0°C to +70°C	0°C to +70°C	-55°C to 125°C						
14-Pin	14-Pin	14-Pin						
Small Outline	Plastic Dip	CERDIP						
Package (SOIC)	Package	Package						
ALD4704ASBL	ALD4704APBL	ALD4704ADB						
ALD4704BSBL	ALD4704BPBL	ALD4704BDB						
ALD4704SBL	ALD4704PBL	ALD4704DB						

<sup>\*</sup> Contact factory for leaded (non-RoHS) or high temperature versions.

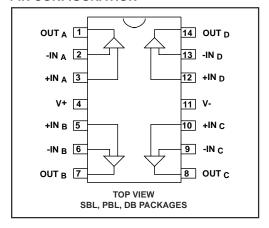
#### **FEATURES**

- Rail-to-rail input and output voltage ranges
- 5.0V/us slew rate
- Symmetrical push-pull output drive
- Inputs can extend beyond supply rails by 300mV
- Outputs settle to 2mV of supply rails
- High capacitive load capability -- up to 4000pF
- No frequency compensation required -- unity gain stable
- Extremely low input bias currents -- 1.0pA typical (20pA max.)
- Ideal for high source impedance applications
- High voltage gain -- 100V/mV typical
- · Output short circuit protected
- Unity gain bandwidth of 2.1MHz
- Suitable for rugged, temperature-extreme environments

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Voltage amplifier
- Voltage follower/buffer
- · Charge integrator
- · Photodiode amplifier
- Data acquisition systems
- High performance portable instruments
- Signal conditioning circuits
- · Low leakage amplifiers
- · Active filters
- Sample/Hold amplifier
- Picoammeter
- Current to voltage converter
- Coaxial cable driver
- · Capacitive sensor amplifier
- · Piezoelectric transducer amplifier

### **PIN CONFIGURATION**



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### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Supply voltage, V+ referenced to V-	-0.3V to V++10.6V
Supply voltage, V <sub>S</sub> referenced to V	±5.3V
Differential input voltage range	-0.3V to V++0.3V
Power dissipation —	600 mW
Operating tempurature range SBL, PBL packages	0°C to +70°C
DB package——————	-55°C to +125°C
Storage tempurature range—	65°C to +150°C
Lead tempurature, 10 seconds	+260°C

**CAUTION:** ESD Sensitive Device. Use static control procedures in ESD controlled environment.

### **OPERATING ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$   $V_S = \pm 5.0V$  unless otherwise specified

		4704A				4704B		4704				
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Supply Voltage	Vs V+	±3.25 6.5		±5.0 10.0	±3.25 6.5		±5.0 10.0	±3.25 6.5		±5.0 10.0	V V	Dual Supply Single Supply
Input Offset Voltage	Vos			1.0 1.5			2.0 3.0			5.0 6.0	mV mV	R <sub>S</sub> ≤ 100KΩ 0°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +70°C
Input Offset Current	I <sub>OS</sub>		1.0	15 240		1.0	15 240		1.0	15 240	pA pA	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +70^{\circ}C$
Input Bias Current	I <sub>B</sub>		1.0	20 300		1.0	20 300		1.0	20 300	pA pA	$T_A = 25$ °C 0°C $\leq T_A \leq +70$ °C
Input Voltage Range	VIR	-5.3		5.3	-5.3		5.3	-5.3		5.3	V	
Input Resistance	R <sub>IN</sub>		10 <sup>12</sup>			10 <sup>12</sup>			10 <sup>12</sup>		Ω	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	TCVOS		5			5			5		μV/°C	R <sub>S</sub> ≤ 100KΩ
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	65	80		65	80		60	80		dB	$R_S \le 100K\Omega$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +70^{\circ}C$
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	65	83		65	83		60	83		dB	$R_S \le 100K\Omega$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +70^{\circ}C$
Large Signal Voltage Gain	Av	15	28 100		15	28 100		10	28 100		V/mV V/mV V/mV	$R_L = 100 K\Omega$ $R_L \ge 1 M\Omega$ $R_L = 10 K\Omega$
Output Voltage	V <sub>O</sub> low V <sub>O</sub> high	4.90	-4.96 4.95	-4.90	4.90	4.95	-4.90	4.90	-4.96 4.95	-4.90	V V	$R_{L} = 10K\Omega$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +70^{\circ}C$
Range	V <sub>O</sub> low V <sub>O</sub> high	4.99	-4.998 4.998	-4.99	4.99	-4.998 4.998	-4.99	4.99	-4.998 4.998	-4.99	V V	$R_L \ge 1MΩ$ 0°C ≤ $T_A \le +70$ °C
Output Short Circuit Current	I <sub>SC</sub>		15			15			15		mA	
Supply Current	IS		10	13		10	13		10	13	mA	V <sub>IN</sub> = -5.0V No Load
Power Dissipation	PD			130			130			130	mW	All amplifiers, No Load V <sub>S</sub> = ±5.0V
Input Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>		1			1			1		pF	
Bandwidth	B <sub>W</sub>		2.1			2.1			2.1		MHz	
Slew Rate	S <sub>R</sub>		5.0			5.0			5.0		V/μs	$A_V = +1 \ R_L = 2.0 K\Omega$
Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>		0.1			0.1			0.1		μS	R <sub>L</sub> = 10KΩ
Overshoot Factor			15			15			15		%	$R_L = 10K\Omega$ $C_L = 100pF$

ALD4704A/ALD4704B ALD4704 Advanced Linear Devices

### OPERATING ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (cont'd)

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C~V_S = \pm 5.0V~unless$  otherwise specified

			4704A			4704B			4704			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Maximum Load Capacitance	CL		400 4000			400 4000			400 4000		pF pF	Gain = 1 Gain = 5
Input Noise Voltage	e <sub>n</sub>		26			26			26		nV/√Hz	f =1KHz
Input Current Noise	i <sub>n</sub>		0.6			0.6			0.6		fA/√Hz	f =10Hz
Settling Time	t <sub>S</sub>		5.0 2.0			5.0 2.0			5.0 2.0		μ <b>s</b> μ <b>s</b>	0.01%   0.1%   Av = -1   R <sub>L</sub> = $5$ K $\Omega$ C <sub>L</sub> = $5$ 0pF

 $V_S = \pm 5.0 V - 55^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +125^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified

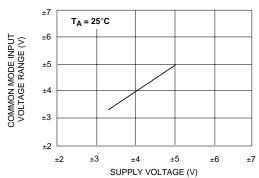
			4704AE	В		4704BI	)B		4704E	В		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Input Offset Voltage	Vos			2.0			4.0			7.0	mV	R <sub>S</sub> ≤ 100KΩ
Input Offset Current	los			8.0			8.0			8.0	nA	
Input Bias Current	I <sub>B</sub>			10.0			10.0			10.0	nA	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	60	75		60	75		60	75		dB	R <sub>S</sub> ≤ 100KΩ
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	60	83		60	83		60	83		dB	R <sub>S</sub> ≤ 100KΩ
Large Signal Voltage Gain	Av	10	25		10	25		10	25		V/mV	R <sub>L</sub> =10KΩ
Output Voltage Range	V <sub>O</sub> low V <sub>O</sub> high	4.8	-4.9 4.9	-4.8	4.8	-4.9 4.9	-4.8	4.8	-4.9 4.9	-4.8	V V	$R_L$ =10KΩ $R_L$ =10KΩ

### **Design & Operating Notes:**

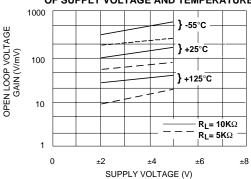
- 1. The ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 CMOS operational amplifier uses a 3 gain stage architecture and an improved frequency compensation scheme to achieve large voltage gain, high output driving capability, and better frequency stability. The ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704b is internally compensated for unity gain stability using a novel scheme. This design produces a clean single pole roll off in the gain characteristics while providing for more than 70 degrees of phase margin at the unity gain frequency. A unity gain buffer using the ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 will typically drive 400pF of external load capacitance without stability problems. In the inverting unity gain configuration, it can drive up to 800pF of load capacitance. Compared to other CMOS operational amplifiers, the ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 is much more resistant to parasitic oscillations.
- 2. The ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 has complementary p-channel and n-channel input differential stages connected in parallel to accomplish rail to rail input common mode voltage range. With the common mode input voltage close to the power supplies, one of the two differential stages is switched off internally. To maintain compatibility with other operational amplifiers, this switching point has been selected to be about 1.5V above the negative supply voltage. As offset voltage trimming on the ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 is made when the input voltage is symmetrical to the supply voltages, this internal switching does not affect a large variety of applications such as an inverting amplifier or non-inverting amplifier with a gain greater than 2.5 (5V operation), where the common mode voltage does not make excursions below this switching point.
- 3. The input bias and offset currents are essentially input protection diode reverse bias leakage currents, and are typically less than 1pA at room Temperature. This low input bias current assures that the analog signal from the source will not be distorted by input bias currents. For applications where source impedance is very high, it may be necessary to limit noise and hum pickup through proper shielding.
- 4. The output stage consists of class AB complementary output drivers, capable of driving a low resistance load. The output voltage swing is limited by the drain to source on-resistance of the output transistors as determined by the bias circuitry, and the value of the load resistor when connected. In the voltage follower configuration, the oscillation resistant feature, combined with the rail to rail input and output feature, makes the ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 an effective analog signal buffer for medium to high source impedance sensors, transducers, and other circuit networks.
- 5. The ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 operational amplifier has been designed with static discharge protection and to minimize latch up. However, care must be exercised when handling the device to avoid strong static fields. In using the operational amplifier, the user is advised to power up the circuit before, or simultaneously with, any input voltages applied and to limit input voltages to not exceed 0.3V of the power supply voltage levels. Alternatively, a 100KΩ or higher value resistor at the input terminals will limit input currents to acceptable levels while causing very small or negligible accuracy effects.

### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

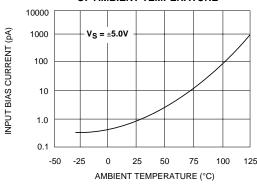
## COMMON MODE INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE



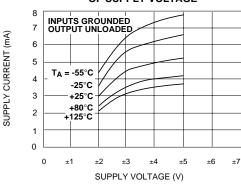
# OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE GAIN AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE AND TEMPERATURE



# INPUT BIAS CURRENT AS A FUNCTION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



# SUPPLY CURRENT AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE



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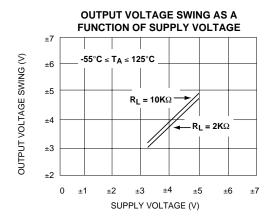
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GE (V)

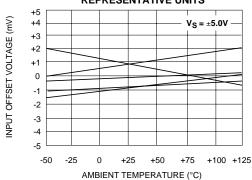
±7

±5

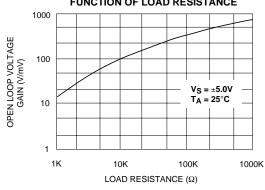
### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (cont'd)



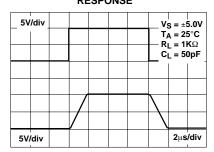




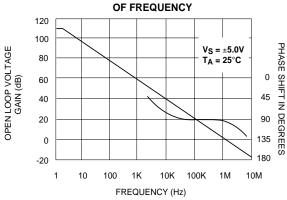
# OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE GAIN AS A FUNCTION OF LOAD RESISTANCE



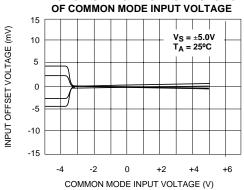
# LARGE - SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



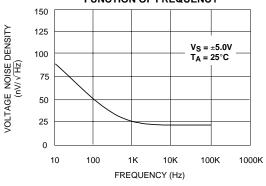
### OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE AS A FUNCTION



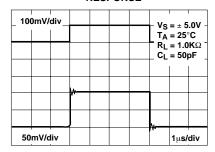
### INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE AS A FUNCTION



# VOLTAGE NOISE DENSITY AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY



SMALL - SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE

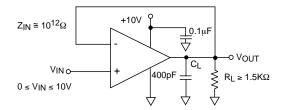


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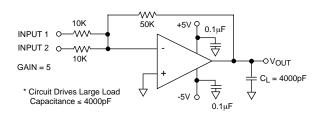
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### **TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

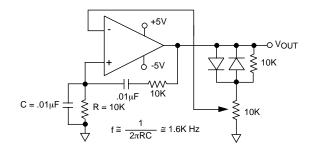
### **RAIL-TO-RAIL VOLTAGE FOLLOWER/BUFFER**



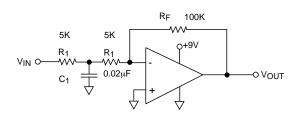
# LOW OFFSET SUMMING AMPLIFIER



### WIEN BRIDGE OSCILLATOR (RAIL-TO -RAIL) SINE WAVE GENERATOR



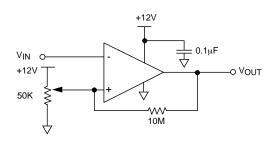
### LOW PASS FILTER (RFI FILTER)



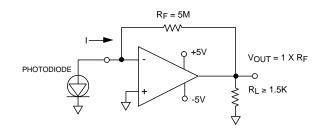
Cutoff frequency =  $\frac{1}{\pi R1C1}$  = 3.2kHz

Gain = 10 Frequency roll-off 20dB/decade

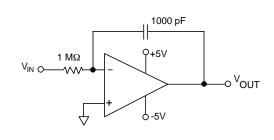
### **RAIL-TO-RAIL VOLTAGE COMPARATOR**



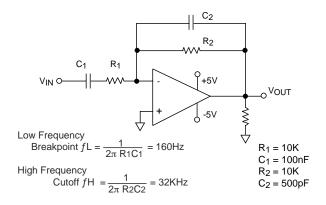
# PHOTO DETECTOR CURRENT TO VOLTAGE CONVERTER



#### PRECISION CHARGE INTEGRATOR



### **BANDPASS NETWORK**

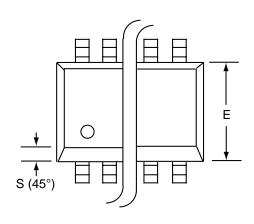


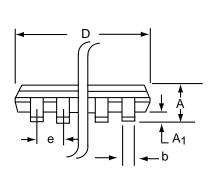
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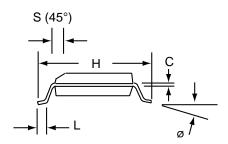
### **SOIC-14 PACKAGE DRAWING**

### 14 Pin Plastic SOIC Package



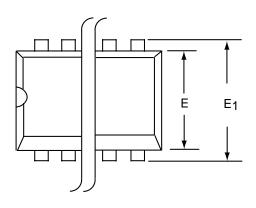


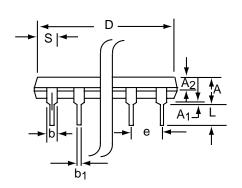
	Millim	neters	Inc	nes		
Dim	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Α	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069		
A <sub>1</sub>	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010		
b	0.35	0.45	0.014	0.018		
С	0.18	0.25	0.007	0.010		
D-14	8.55	8.75	0.336	0.345		
E	3.50	4.05	0.140	0.160		
е	1.27	BSC	0.050 BSC			
Н	5.70	6.30	0.224	0.248		
L	0.60	0.937	0.024	0.037		
Ø	0°	8°	0°	8°		
S	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020		



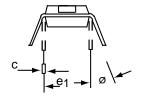
### **PDIP-14 PACKAGE DRAWING**

### 14 Pin Plastic DIP Package



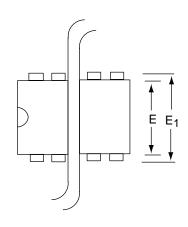


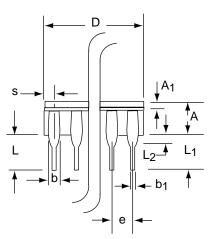
Millimeters Inches									
	IVIIIIII	leters	inc	1162					
Dim	Min	Max	Min	Max					
Α	3.81	5.08	0.105	0.200					
A <sub>1</sub>	0.38	1.27	0.015	0.050					
A <sub>2</sub>	1.27	2.03	0.050	0.080					
b	0.89	1.65	0.035	0.065					
b <sub>1</sub>	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020					
С	0.20	0.30	0.008	0.012					
D-14	17.27	19.30	0.680	0.760					
E	5.59	7.11	0.220	0.280					
E <sub>1</sub>	7.62	8.26	0.300	0.325					
е	2.29	2.79	0.090	0.110					
e <sub>1</sub>	7.37	7.87	0.290	0.310					
L	2.79	3.81	0.110	0.150					
S-14	1.02	2.03	0.040	0.080					
~	O°	15°	0°	15°					

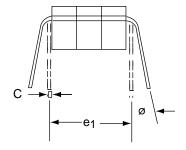


### **CERDIP-14 PACKAGE DRAWING**

### 14 Pin CERDIP Package







	Millim	neters	Inc	hes		
Dim	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Α	3.55	5.08	0.140	0.200		
A <sub>1</sub>	1.27	2.16	0.050	0.085		
b	0.97	1.65	0.038	0.065		
b <sub>1</sub>	0.36	0.58	0.014	0.023		
С	0.20	0.38	0.008	0.015		
D-14		19.94		0.785		
E	5.59	7.87	0.220	0.310		
E <sub>1</sub>	7.73	8.26	0.290	0.325		
е	2.54 E	BSC	0.100 BSC			
e <sub>1</sub>	7.62 E	BSC	0.300 BSC			
L	3.81	5.08	0.150	0.200		
L <sub>1</sub>	3.18		0.125			
L <sub>2</sub>	0.38	1.78	0.015	0.070		
S		2.49		0.098		
Ø	0°	15°	0°	15°		