

LM337

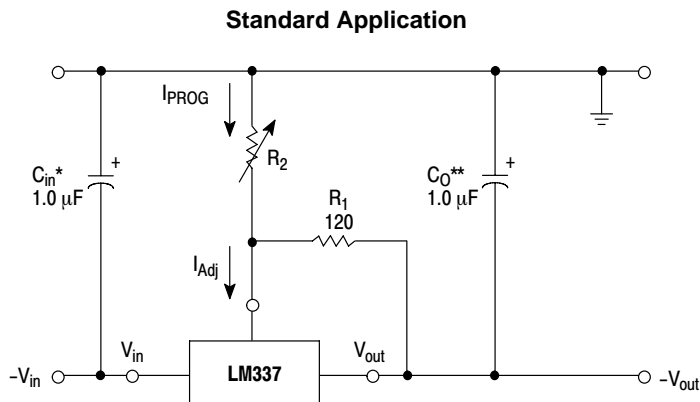
1.5 A, Adjustable Output, Negative Voltage Regulator

The LM337 is an adjustable 3-terminal negative voltage regulator capable of supplying in excess of 1.5 A over an output voltage range of -1.2 V to -37 V. This voltage regulator is exceptionally easy to use and requires only two external resistors to set the output voltage. Further, it employs internal current limiting, thermal shutdown and safe area compensation, making it essentially blow-out proof.

The LM337 serves a wide variety of applications including local, on card regulation. This device can also be used to make a programmable output regulator, or by connecting a fixed resistor between the adjustment and output, the LM337 can be used as a precision current regulator.

Features

- Output Current in Excess of 1.5 A
- Output Adjustable between -1.2 V and -37 V
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection
- Internal Short Circuit Current Limiting Constant with Temperature
- Output Transistor Safe-Area Compensation
- Floating Operation for High Voltage Applications
- Eliminates Stocking many Fixed Voltages
- Available in Surface Mount D²PAK and Standard 3-Lead Transistor Package
- Pb-Free Packages are Available



*C_{in} is required if regulator is located more than 4 inches from power supply filter. A 1.0 µF solid tantalum or 10 µF aluminum electrolytic is recommended.

**C_O is necessary for stability. A 1.0 µF solid tantalum or 10 µF aluminum electrolytic is recommended.

$$V_{out} = -1.25 V \left(1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1} \right)$$

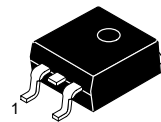


ON Semiconductor®

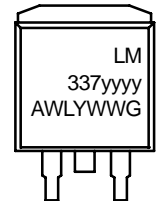
<http://onsemi.com>

THREE-TERMINAL ADJUSTABLE NEGATIVE VOLTAGE REGULATOR

MARKING DIAGRAMS

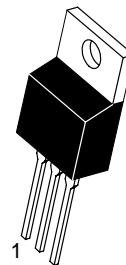


**D²PAK
D2T SUFFIX
CASE 936**



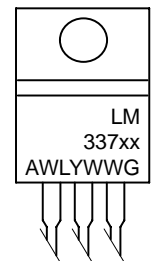
Heatsink surface (shown as terminal 4 in case outline drawing) is connected to Pin 2.

Pin 1. Adjust
2. V_{in}
3. V_{out}



**TO-220AB
T SUFFIX
CASE 221AB**

Heatsink surface connected to Pin 2.



xx = BT, T
yyyy = BD2T, D2T
A = Assembly Location
WL = Wafer Lot
Y = Year
WW = Work Week
G = Pb-Free Package

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 8 of this data sheet.

LM337

MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input–Output Voltage Differential	$V_I - V_O$	40	Vdc
Power Dissipation Case 221A $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Ambient Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Case Case 936 (D ² PAK) $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Ambient Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Case	P_D θ_{JA} θ_{JC} P_D θ_{JA} θ_{JC}	Internally Limited 65 5.0 Internally Limited 70 5.0	W $^\circ\text{C/W}$ $^\circ\text{C/W}$ W $^\circ\text{C/W}$ $^\circ\text{C/W}$
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T_J	–40 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	–65 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

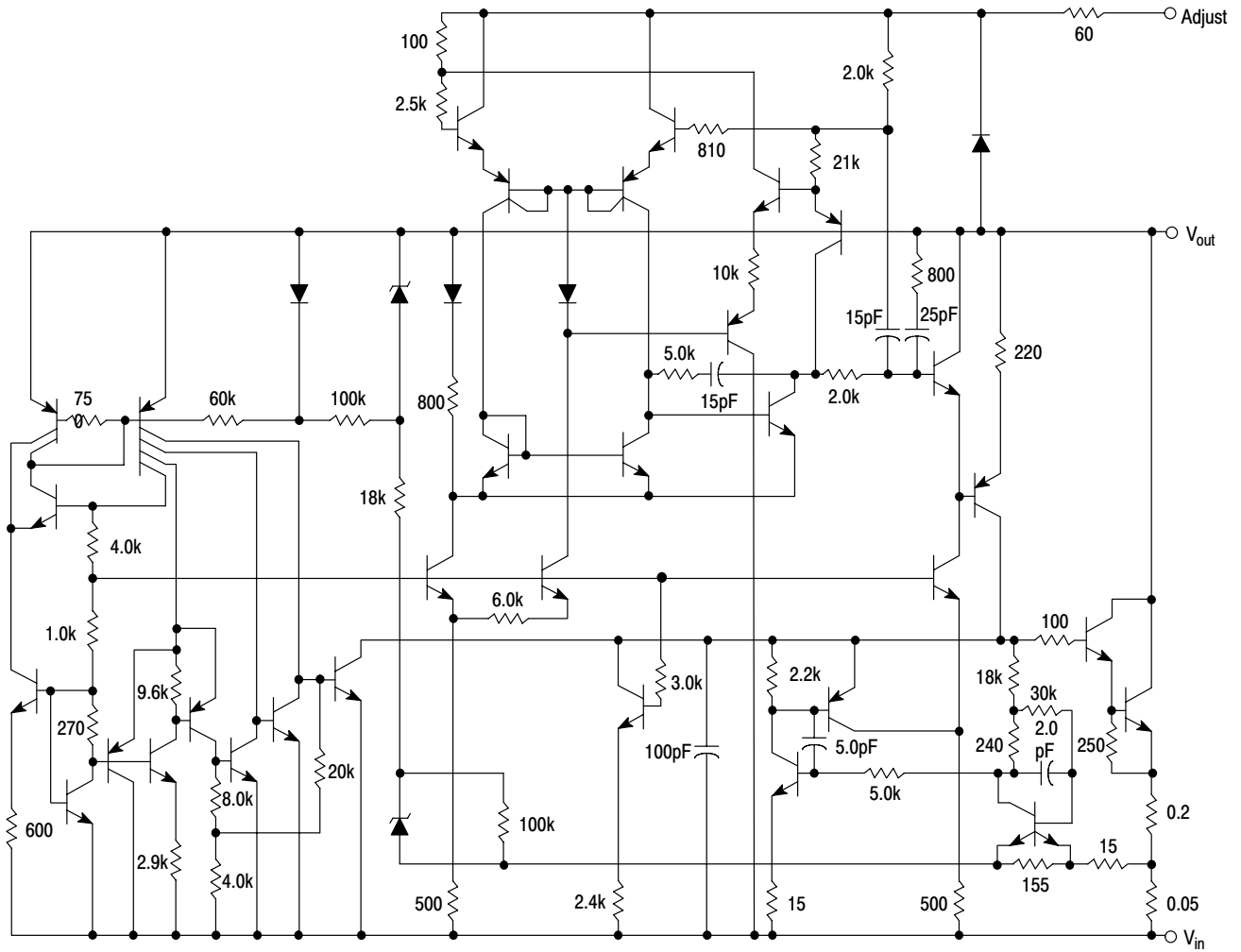
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($|V_I - V_O| = 5.0\text{ V}$; $I_O = 0.5\text{ A}$ for T package; $T_J = T_{low}$ to T_{high} [Note 1]; I_{max} and P_{max} [Note 2].)

Characteristics	Figure	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Line Regulation (Note 3), $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $3.0\text{ V} \leq V_I - V_O \leq 40\text{ V}$	1	Reg_{line}	–	0.01	0.04	%/V
Load Regulation (Note 3), $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $10\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq I_{max}$ $ V_O \leq 5.0\text{ V}$ $ V_O \geq 5.0\text{ V}$	2	Reg_{load}	– –	15 0.3	50 1.0	mV % V_O
Thermal Regulation, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 5), 10 ms Pulse		Reg_{therm}	–	0.003	0.04	% V_O /W
Adjustment Pin Current	3	I_{Adj}	–	65	100	μA
Adjustment Pin Current Change, $2.5\text{ V} \leq V_I - V_O \leq 40\text{ V}$, $10\text{ mA} \leq I_L \leq I_{max}$, $P_D \leq P_{max}$, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	1, 2	ΔI_{Adj}	–	2.0	5.0	μA
Reference Voltage, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $3.0\text{ V} \leq V_I - V_O \leq 40\text{ V}$, $10\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq I_{max}$, $P_D \leq P_{max}$, $T_J = T_{low}$ to T_{high}	3	V_{ref}	–1.21 3 –1.20	–1.25 0 –1.25	–1.28 7 –1.30	V
Line Regulation (Note 3), $3.0\text{ V} \leq V_I - V_O \leq 40\text{ V}$	1	Reg_{line}	–	0.02	0.07	%/V
Load Regulation (Note 3), $10\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq I_{max}$ $ V_O \leq 5.0\text{ V}$ $ V_O \geq 5.0\text{ V}$	2	Reg_{load}	– –	20 0.3	70 1.5	mV % V_O
Temperature Stability ($T_{low} \leq T_J \leq T_{high}$)	3	T_S	–	0.6	–	% V_O
Minimum Load Current to Maintain Regulation ($ V_I - V_O \leq 10\text{ V}$) ($ V_I - V_O \leq 40\text{ V}$)	3	I_{Lmin}	– –	1.5 2.5	6.0 10	mA
Maximum Output Current $ V_I - V_O \leq 15\text{ V}$, $P_D \leq P_{max}$, T Package $ V_I - V_O \leq 40\text{ V}$, $P_D \leq P_{max}$, $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$, T Package	3	I_{max}	– –	1.5 0.15	2.2 0.4	A
RMS Noise, % of V_O , $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $10\text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 10\text{ kHz}$		N	–	0.003	–	% V_O
Ripple Rejection, $V_O = -10\text{ V}$, $f = 120\text{ Hz}$ (Note 4) Without C_{Adj} $C_{Adj} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$	4	RR	– 66	60 77	– –	dB
Long–Term Stability, $T_J = T_{high}$ (Note 6), $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ for Endpoint Measurements	3	S	–	0.3	1.0	%/1.0 k Hrs.
Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Case, T Package		$R_{\theta JC}$	–	4.0	–	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

- T_{low} to $T_{high} = 0^\circ$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$, for LM337T, D2T. T_{low} to $T_{high} = -40^\circ$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$, for LM337BT, BD2T.
- $I_{max} = 1.5\text{ A}$, $P_{max} = 20\text{ W}$
- Load and line regulation are specified at constant junction temperature. Change in V_O because of heating effects is covered under the Thermal Regulation specification. Pulse testing with a low duty cycle is used.
- C_{Adj} , when used, is connected between the adjustment pin and ground.
- Power dissipation within an IC voltage regulator produces a temperature gradient on the die, affecting individual IC components on the die. These effects can be minimized by proper integrated circuit design and layout techniques. Thermal Regulation is the effect of these temperature gradients on the output voltage and is expressed in percentage of output change per watt of power change in a specified time.
- Since Long Term Stability cannot be measured on each device before shipment, this specification is an engineering estimate of average stability from lot to lot.

LM337

Representative Schematic Diagram



This device contains 39 active transistors.

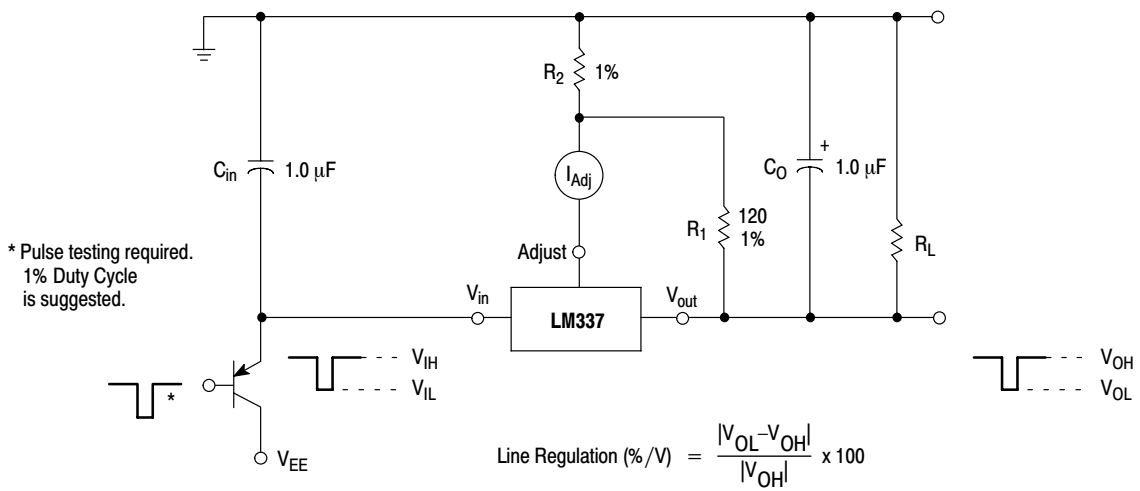


Figure 1. Line Regulation and $\Delta I_{Adj}/\text{Line}$ Test Circuit

LM337

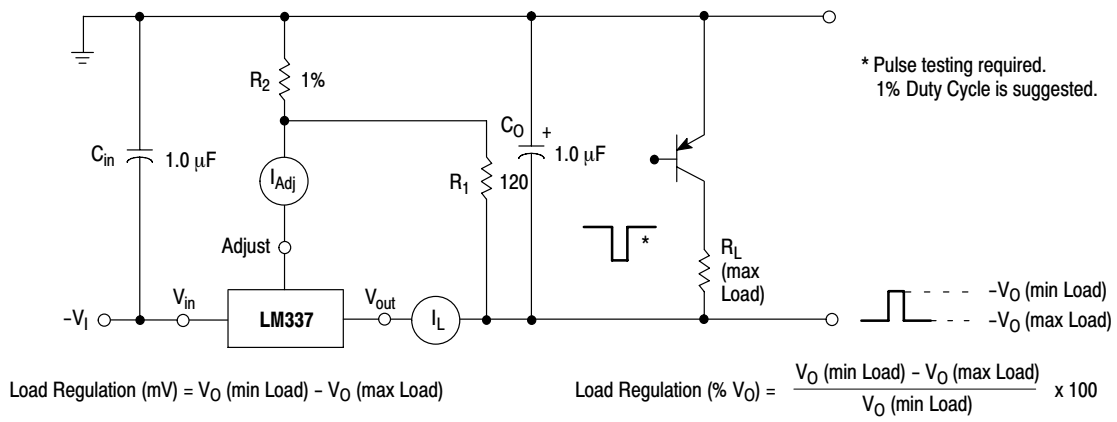


Figure 2. Load Regulation and ΔI_{Adj} /Load Test Circuit

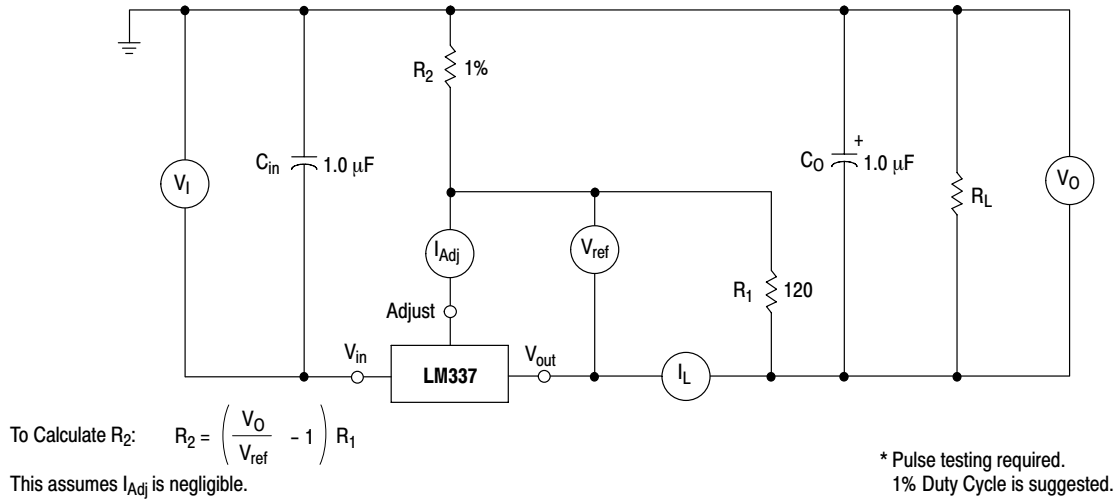


Figure 3. Standard Test Circuit

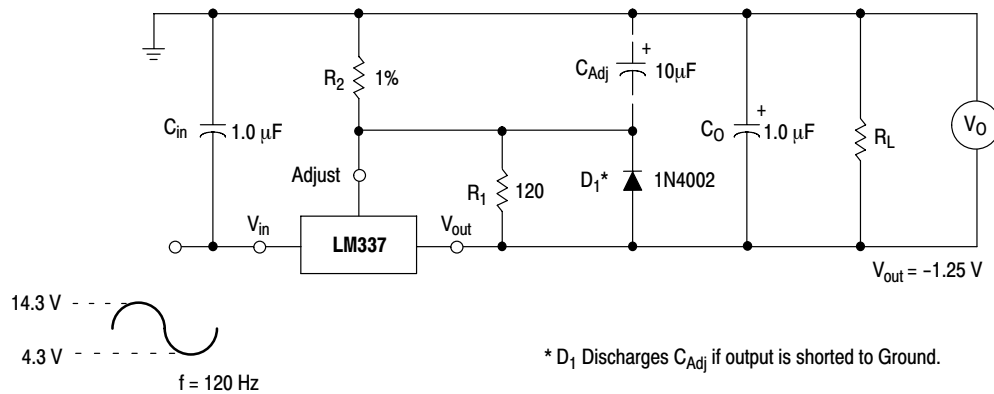


Figure 4. Ripple Rejection Test Circuit

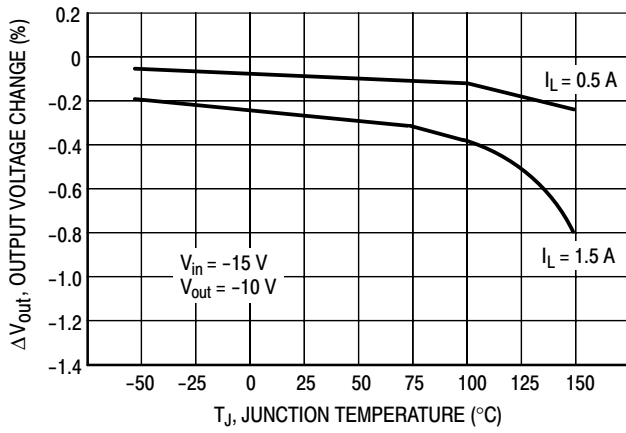


Figure 5. Load Regulation

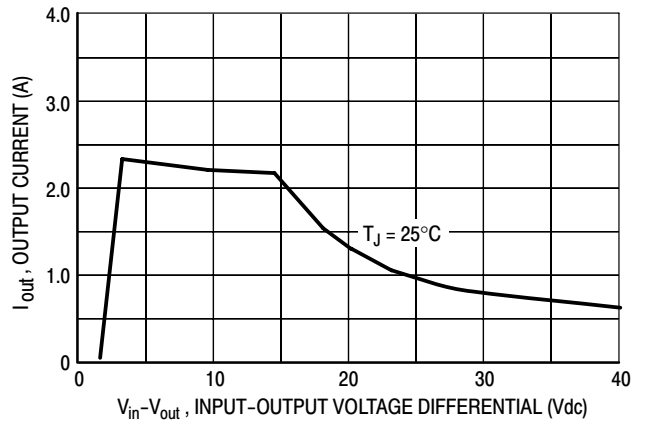


Figure 6. Current Limit

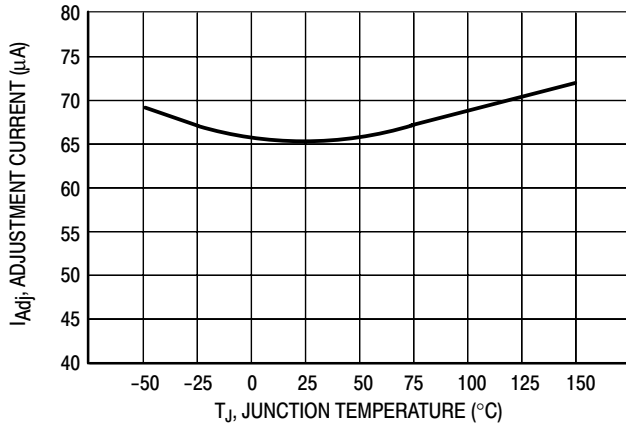


Figure 7. Adjustment Pin Current

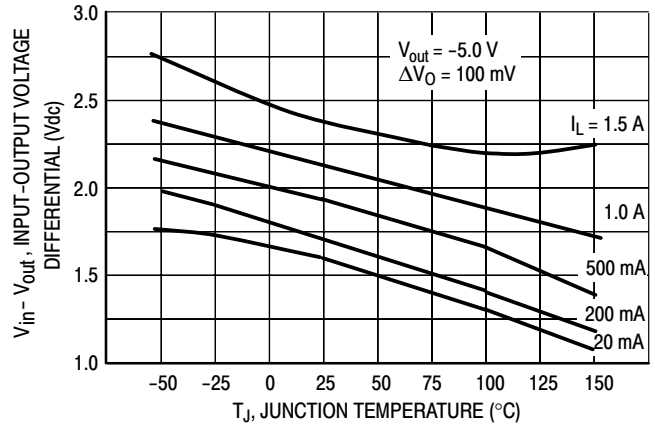


Figure 8. Dropout Voltage

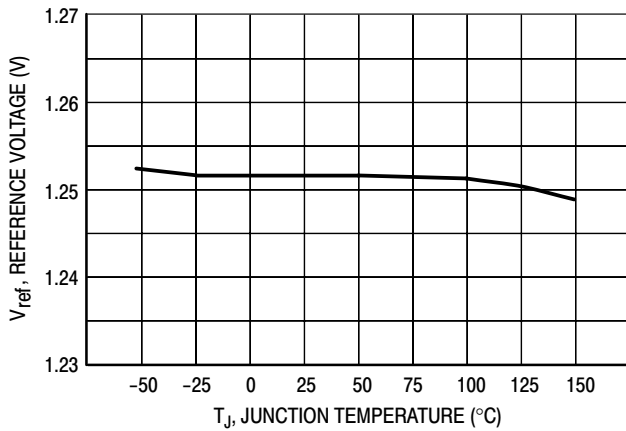


Figure 9. Temperature Stability

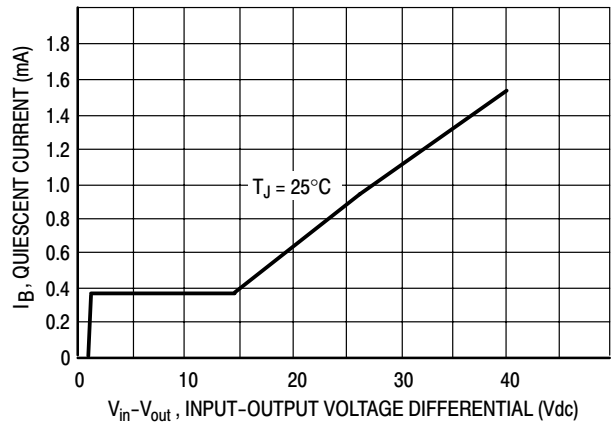


Figure 10. Minimum Operating Current

LM337

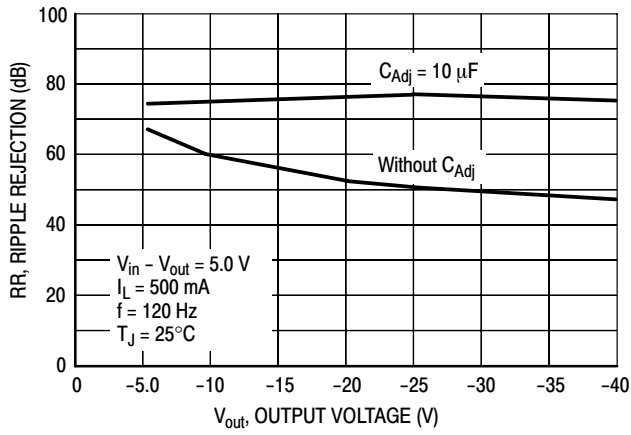


Figure 11. Ripple Rejection versus Output Voltage

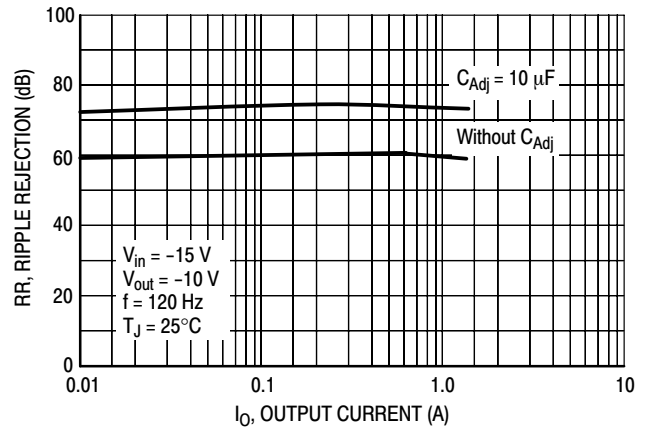


Figure 12. Ripple Rejection versus Output Current

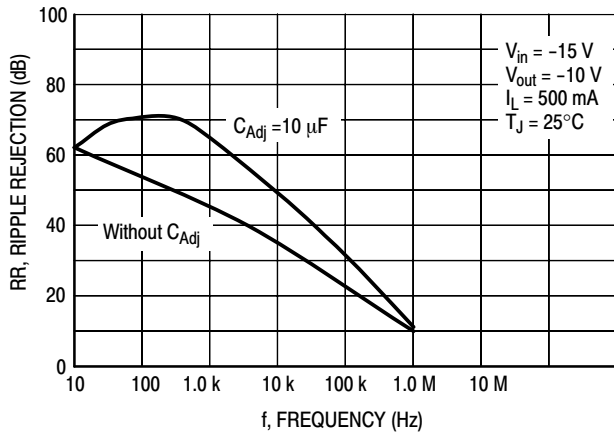


Figure 13. Ripple Rejection versus Frequency

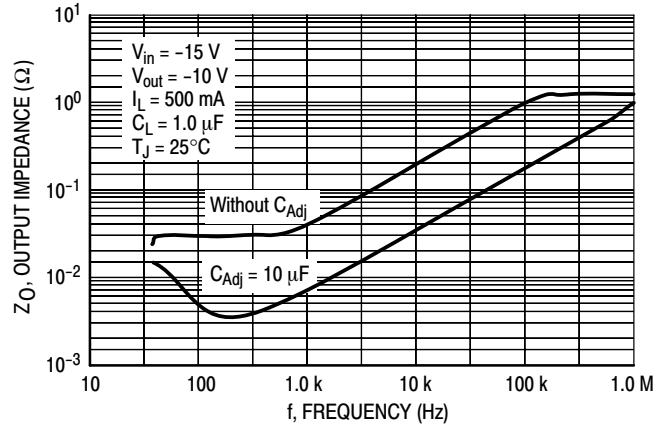


Figure 14. Output Impedance

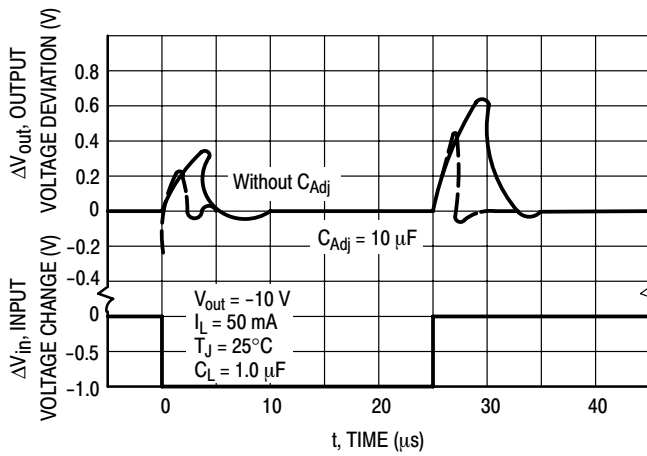


Figure 15. Line Transient Response

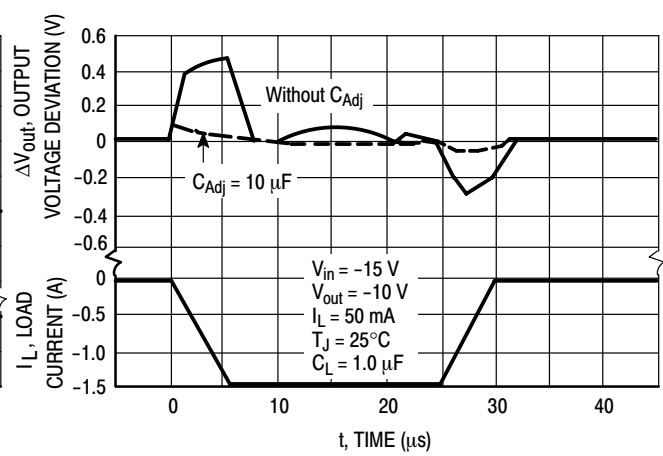


Figure 16. Load Transient Response

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Basic Circuit Operation

The LM337 is a 3-terminal floating regulator. In operation, the LM337 develops and maintains a nominal -1.25 V reference (V_{ref}) between its output and adjustment terminals. This reference voltage is converted to a programming current (I_{PROG}) by R_1 (see Figure 17), and this constant current flows through R_2 from ground.

The regulated output voltage is given by:

$$V_{out} = V_{ref} \left(1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1} \right) + I_{Adj} R_2$$

Since the current into the adjustment terminal (I_{Adj}) represents an error term in the equation, the LM337 was designed to control I_{Adj} to less than 100 μA and keep it constant. To do this, all quiescent operating current is returned to the output terminal. This imposes the requirement for a minimum load current. If the load current is less than this minimum, the output voltage will rise.

Since the LM337 is a floating regulator, it is only the voltage differential across the circuit which is important to performance, and operation at high voltages with respect to ground is possible.

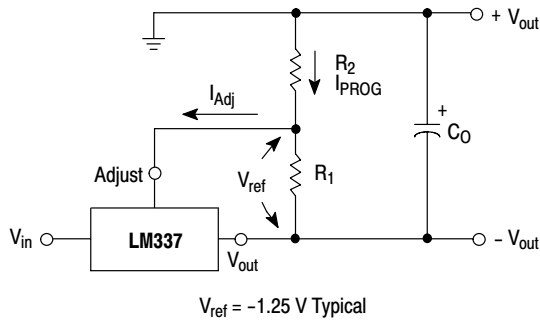


Figure 17. Basic Circuit Configuration

Load Regulation

The LM337 is capable of providing extremely good load regulation, but a few precautions are needed to obtain maximum performance. For best performance, the programming resistor (R_1) should be connected as close to the regulator as possible to minimize line drops which effectively appear in series with the reference, thereby

degrading regulation. The ground end of R_2 can be returned near the load ground to provide remote ground sensing and improve load regulation.

External Capacitors

A 1.0 μF tantalum input bypass capacitor (C_{in}) is recommended to reduce the sensitivity to input line impedance.

The adjustment terminal may be bypassed to ground to improve ripple rejection. This capacitor (C_{Adj}) prevents ripple from being amplified as the output voltage is increased. A 10 μF capacitor should improve ripple rejection about 15 dB at 120 Hz in a 10 V application.

An output capacitor (C_O) in the form of a 1.0 μF tantalum or 10 μF aluminum electrolytic capacitor is required for stability.

Protection Diodes

When external capacitors are used with any IC regulator it is sometimes necessary to add protection diodes to prevent the capacitors from discharging through low current points into the regulator.

Figure 18 shows the LM337 with the recommended protection diodes for output voltages in excess of -25 V or high capacitance values ($C_O > 25 \mu F$, $C_{Adj} > 10 \mu F$). Diode D_1 prevents C_O from discharging thru the IC during an input short circuit. Diode D_2 protects against capacitor C_{Adj} discharging through the IC during an output short circuit. The combination of diodes D_1 and D_2 prevents C_{Adj} from the discharging through the IC during an input short circuit.

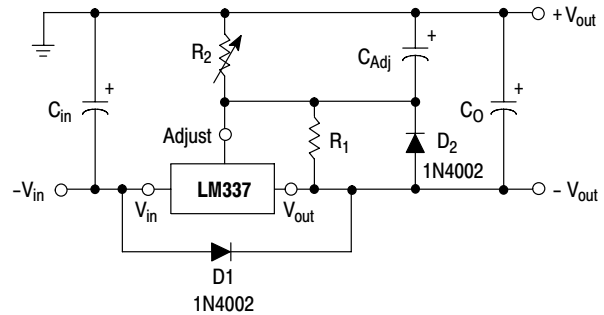


Figure 18. Voltage Regulator with Protection Diodes

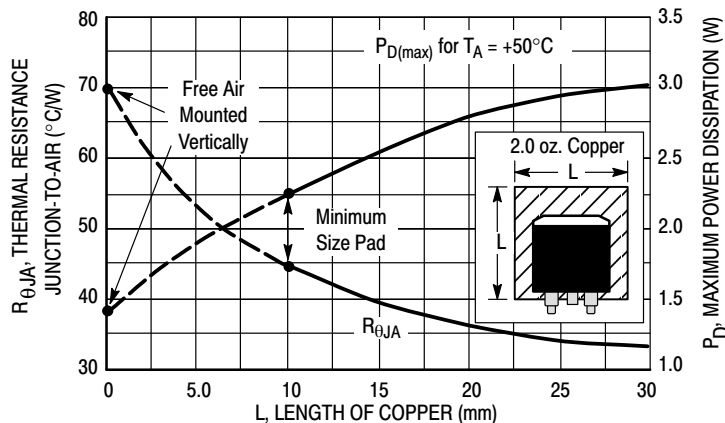


Figure 19. D²PAK Thermal Resistance and Maximum Power Dissipation versus P.C.B. Copper Length

LM337

ORDERING INFORMATION

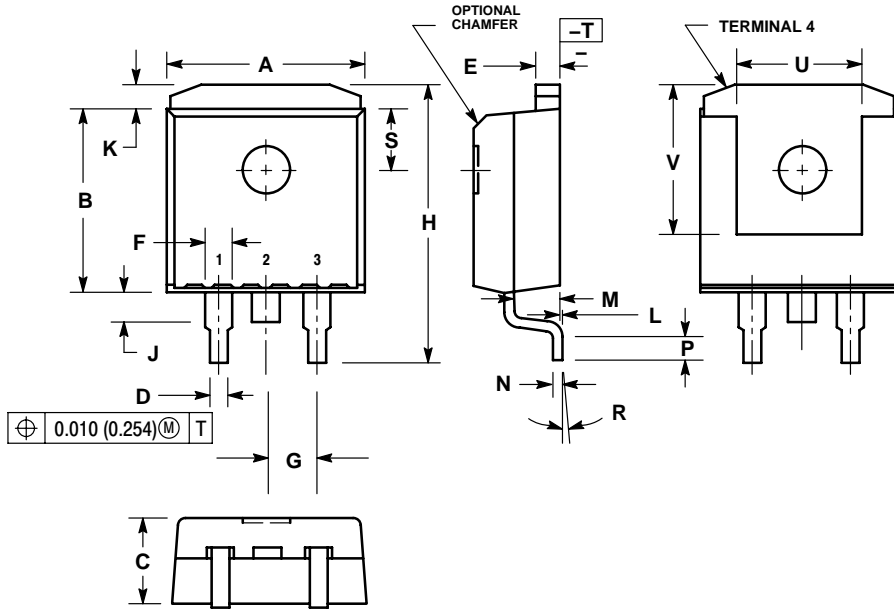
Device	Operating Temperature Range	Package	Shipping†
LM337BD2T	T _J = -40° to +125°C	D ² PAK	50 Units / Rail
LM337BD2TG		D ² PAK (Pb-Free)	
LM337BD2TR4		D ² PAK	800 / Tape & Reel
LM337BD2TR4G		D ² PAK (Pb-Free)	
LM337BT		TO-220AB	50 Units / Rail
LM337BTG		TO-220AB (Pb-Free)	
LM337D2T	T _J = 0° to +125°C	D ² PAK	50 Units / Rail
LM337D2TG		D ² PAK (Pb-Free)	
LM337D2TR4		D ² PAK	800 / Tape & Reel
LM337D2TR4G		D ² PAK (Pb-Free)	
LM337T		TO-220AB	50 Units / Rail
LM337TG		TO-220AB (Pb-Free)	

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

LM337

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

D2T SUFFIX
CASE 936-03
(D²PAK)
ISSUE B

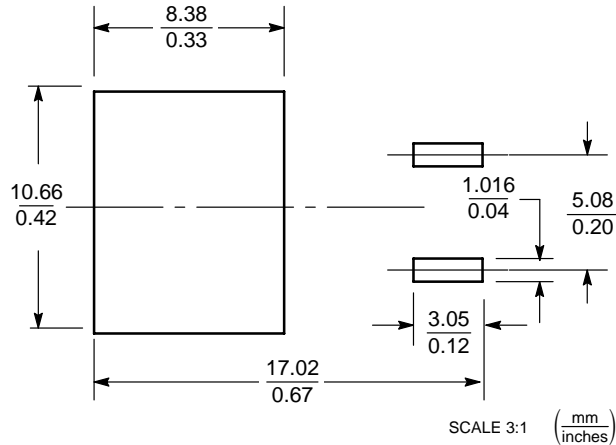


NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. TAB CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS A AND K.
4. DIMENSIONS U AND V ESTABLISH A MINIMUM MOUNTING SURFACE FOR TERMINAL 4.
5. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR GATE PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH AND GATE PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.025 (0.635) MAXIMUM.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.386	0.403	9.804	10.236
B	0.356	0.368	9.042	9.347
C	0.170	0.180	4.318	4.572
D	0.026	0.036	0.660	0.914
E	0.045	0.055	1.143	1.397
F	0.051 REF		1.295 REF	
G	0.100 BSC		2.540 BSC	
H	0.539	0.579	13.691	14.707
J	0.125 MAX		3.175 MAX	
K	0.050 REF		1.270 REF	
L	0.000	0.010	0.000	0.254
M	0.088	0.102	2.235	2.591
N	0.018	0.026	0.457	0.660
P	0.058	0.078	1.473	1.981
R	5° REF		5° REF	
S	0.116 REF		2.946 REF	
U	0.200 MIN		5.080 MIN	
V	0.250 MIN		6.350 MIN	

SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*

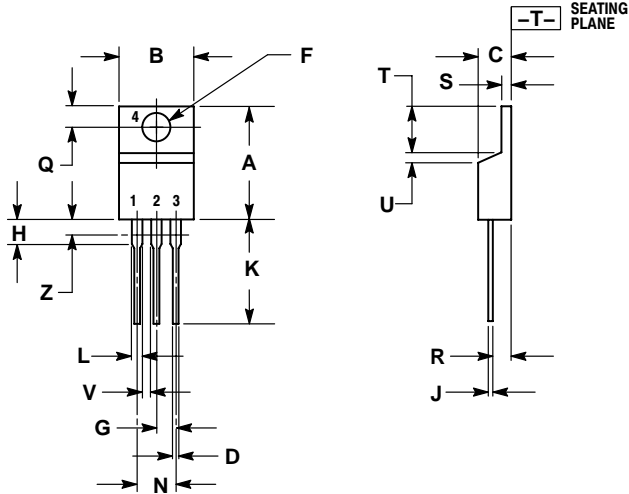


*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

LM337

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

TO-220, SINGLE GAUGE T SUFFIX CASE 221AB-01 ISSUE O



- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 3. DIMENSION Z DEFINES A ZONE WHERE ALL BODY AND LEAD IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.570	0.620	14.48	15.75
B	0.380	0.405	9.66	10.28
C	0.160	0.190	4.07	4.82
D	0.025	0.035	0.64	0.88
F	0.142	0.147	3.61	3.73
G	0.095	0.105	2.42	2.66
H	0.110	0.155	2.80	3.93
J	0.018	0.025	0.46	0.64
K	0.500	0.562	12.70	14.27
L	0.045	0.060	1.15	1.52
N	0.190	0.210	4.83	5.33
Q	0.100	0.120	2.54	3.04
R	0.080	0.110	2.04	2.79
S	0.020	0.055	0.508	1.39
T	0.235	0.255	5.97	6.47
U	0.000	0.050	0.00	1.27
V	0.045	---	1.15	---
Z	---	0.080	---	2.04

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LM337/D