## DESCRIPTION

The SG79xxA/SG79xx series of negative control have been designed into these units regulators offer self-contained, fixed- and since these regulators require only a voltage capability with up to 1.5 A of load single output capacitor (SG79xx series) or a current and input voltage up to -30 V . With a variety of output voltages this regulator series is an optimum complement to the SG7800A/SG7800 positive three terminal regulators.
These units feature a unique band gap reference which allows the SG79xxA series to be specified with an output voltage tolerance of $\pm 1.5 \%$.
The SG79xxA versions also offer much improved line regulation characteristics. All protective features of thermal shutdown, current limiting, and safe-area

IMPORTANT: For the most current data, consult MICROSEMI's website: http://www.microsemi.com

## KEY FEATURES

- Output Voltage Set Internally to $\pm 1.5 \%$ on SG79xxA
- Output Current to 1.5 A
- Excellent Line and Load Regulation
- Foldback Current Limiting
- Thermal Overload Protection
- Voltages Available: $-5 \mathrm{~V},-12 \mathrm{~V},-15 \mathrm{~V}$
- Contact Factory for Other Voltage Options
- Available in Surface Mount Package


## HIGH RELIABILITY FEATURES

- SG79xxA/SG79xx
- Available to MIL-STD - 883, $\mathbb{1} 1.2 .1$
- MIL-M38510/11501BXA - JAN7905T
- MIL-M38510/11505BYA - JAN7905K
- MIL-M38510/11502BXA - JAN7912T
- MIL-M38510/11506BYA - JAN7912K
- MIL-M38510/11503BXA - JAN7915T
- MIL-M38510/11507BYA - JAN7915K
- MIL-M38510/11508BYA - JAN7924K
- MSC-AMSG level "S" Processing Available
- Available to DSCC
- Standard Microcircuit Drawing (SMD)

PRODUCT HIGHLIGHT
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM


## THERMAL DATA

## K TO-3 3-Pin Metal Can

| THERMAL RESISTANCE-JUNCTION TO CASE, $\theta_{\mathrm{JC}}$ | $3.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| THERMAL RESISTANCE-JUNCTION TO AMBIENT, $\theta_{\text {JA }}$ | $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |

T TO-39 3-Pin Metal Can

| THERMAL RESISTANCE-JUNCTION TO CASE, $\theta_{\mathrm{Jc}}$ | $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| :--- | :---: | thermal resistance-junction to Ambient, $\theta_{\text {JA }}$ $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$

## G TO-257 3-Pin Hermetic

| THERMAL RESISTANCE-JUNCTION TO CASE, $\theta_{\text {JC }}$ | $3.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| THERMAL RESISTANCE-JUNCTION TO AMBIENT, $\theta_{\text {JA }}$ | $42^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |

IG TO-257 3-Pin Hermetic (Isolated)

| THERMAL RESISTANCE-JUNCTION TO CASE, $\theta_{J C}$ | $4.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| THERMAL RESISTANCE-JUNCTION TO AMBIENT, $\theta_{J A}$ | $\mathbf{4 2} 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |

L Leadless Chip Carrier 20-Pin Ceramic
THERMAL RESISTANCE-JUNCTION TO CASE, $\theta_{\text {Jc }}$ $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ thermal resistance-junction to Ambient, $\theta_{\text {Ja }}$ $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$

Junction Temperature Calculation: $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}} \mathrm{x} \theta_{\mathrm{JA}}\right)$.
The $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ numbers are guidelines for the thermal performance of the device/pc-board system. All of the above assume no ambient airflow.


Figure 1 - Maximum Average Power Dissipation


Figure 3 - Temperature Coefficient


Figure 2 - Quiescent Current vs. Load


Figure 4 - Short-circuit Current vs. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$

## Negative Fixed Voltage Regulator

Product Datasheet


Figure 5 - Quiescent Current vs. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I}}$


Figure 7 - Dropout Characteristics


Figure 6 - Short-circuit Current Vs. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$


Figure 8 - Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency


Figure 9 - Fixed Output Regulator
Note: 1. C 1 is required only if regulator is separated from rectifier filter.
2. Both C 1 and C 2 should be low E.S.R. types such as solid tantalum. If aluminum electrolytic capacitors are used, at least 10 times values shown should be selected.
3. If large output capacities are used, the regulators must be protected from momentary input shorts. A high current diode.


Figure 10 - Circuit for Increasing Output Voltage
Note: C3 optional for improved transient response and ripple rejection.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}=\mathrm{V}(\text { REGULATOR }) \frac{\mathrm{R}_{1}+\mathrm{R}_{2}}{\mathrm{R}_{1}} \\
& \mathrm{R}_{2}=\frac{\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{REG})}{15 \mathrm{~mA}}
\end{aligned}
$$

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Parameter | SG79xx / 79xxA |  | Units |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Min | Typ |  |  |
| Operating Junction Temperature Range (Note 2) | -55 |  | 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Note 2: Range over which the device is functional.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, these specifications apply over the operating ambient temperatures for SG7905A / SG7905 with $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq$ $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=-10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=500 \mathrm{~mA}$ for the $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{G}$, and IG - Power Packages, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=100 \mathrm{~mA}$ for the T and L packages, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}=2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, and $\mathrm{C}_{\text {OuT }}=$ $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. Low duty cycle pulse testing techniques are used which maintains junction and case temperatures equal to the ambient temperature.

| Parameter | Test Conditions | SG7905A |  |  | SG7905 |  |  | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max |  |
| Output Voltage | $\mathrm{T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -4.95 | -5.00 | -5.08 | -4.80 | -5.00 | -5.20 | V |
| Line Regulation (Note 1) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I N}}=-7.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $-25 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 5 | 25 |  | 3 | 50 | mV |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=-8 \mathrm{~V}$ to $-12 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 3 | 12 |  | 1 | 25 | mV |
| Load Regulation (Note 1) | Power Pkgs: $\mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $1.5 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 15 | 75 |  | 15 | 100 | mV |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=250 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $750 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 15 | 25 |  | 15 | 25 | mV |
|  | T-Pkg: $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $500 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 5 | 30 |  | 5 | 100 | mV |
| Total Output Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=-8 \mathrm{~V}$ to -20 V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tolerance | Power Pkgs: $\mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to 1.0A, $\mathrm{P} \leq 20 \mathrm{~W}$ | -4.85 | -5.00 | -5.15 | -4.70 | -5.00 | -5.30 | V |
|  | T - Pkg: $\mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $500 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{P} \leq 20 \mathrm{~W}$ | -4.85 | -5.00 | -5.15 | -4.70 | -5.00 | -5.30 | V |
| Quiescent Current | Over Temperature Range |  |  | 2.5 |  |  | 2.5 | mA |
|  | $\mathrm{T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 2.0 |  |  | 2.0 | mA |
| Quiescent Current Change | With Line: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I N}}=-8 \mathrm{~V}$ to -25V |  |  | 1.3 |  |  | 1.3 | mA |
|  | With Load: $\mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to 1.0A (Power Pkgs.) |  |  | 0.5 |  |  | 0.5 | mA |
|  | $\mathrm{l}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $500 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{(T)}$ |  |  | 0.5 |  |  | 0.5 | mA |
| Dropout Voltage | $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=100 \mathrm{mV}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Power Pkgs: $\mathrm{I}_{0}=1.0 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}-\mathrm{Pkg}: \mathrm{I}_{0}=500 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 1.1 | 2.3 |  | 1.1 | 2.3 | V |
| Peak Output Current | Power Pkgs: $\mathrm{T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.5 |  | 3.3 | 1.5 |  | 3.3 | A |
|  | T-Pkg: $\mathrm{T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.5 |  | 1.4 | 0.5 |  | 1.4 | A |
| Short Circuit Current | Power Pkgs: $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=-35 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 1.2 |  |  | 1.2 | A |
|  | T-Pkg: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I}}=-35 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 0.6 |  |  | 0.6 | A |
| Ripple Rejection | $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}=120 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{~T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 54 |  |  | 54 |  |  | dB |
| Output Noise Voltage (rms) | $\mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 100kHz (Note 2) |  | 25 | 80 |  | 25 | 80 | $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ |
| Long Term Stability | 1000 hours @ $T_{J}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 20 |  |  | 20 |  | mV |
| Thermal Shutdown | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 175 |  |  | 175 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Note 1: All regulation tests are made at constant junction temperature with low duty cycle testing.
2: This test is guaranteed but is not tested in production.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, these specifications apply over the operating ambient temperatures for SG7912A / SG7912 with $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq$ $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=-19 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=500 \mathrm{~mA}$ for the $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{G}$, and $\mathrm{IG}-$ Power Packages, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=100 \mathrm{~mA}$ for the T and L packages, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}=2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, and $\mathrm{C}_{\text {OuT }}=$ $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. Low duty cycle pulse testing techniques are used which maintains junction and case temperatures equal to the ambient temperature.

| Parameter | Test Conditions | SG7912A |  |  | SG7912 |  |  | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max |  |
| Output Voltage | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -11.8 | -12.0 | -12.2 | -11.5 | -12.0 | -12.5 | V |
| Line Regulation (Note 1) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=-14.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $-30 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 4 | 60 |  | 10 | 120 | mV |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=-16 \mathrm{~V}$ to $-22 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 3 | 30 |  | 3 | 60 | mV |
| Load Regulation (Note 1) | Power Pkgs: $\mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $1.5 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 20 | 90 |  | 12 | 120 | mV |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=250 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $750 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 10 | 40 |  | 10 | 60 | mV |
|  | T-Pkg: $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $500 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 10 | 40 |  | 10 | 240 | mV |
| Total Output Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I N}}=-14.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to -27 V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tolerance | Power Pkgs: $\mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to 1.0A, $\mathrm{P} \leq 20 \mathrm{~W}$ | -11.7 | -12.0 | -12.3 | -11.4 | -12.0 | -12.6 | V |
|  | T - Pkg: $\mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $500 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{P} \leq 2 \mathrm{~W}$ | -11.7 | -12.0 | -12.3 | -11.4 | -12.0 | -12.6 | V |
| Quiescent Current | Over Temperature Range |  |  | 4 |  |  | 4 | mA |
|  | $\mathrm{T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 3 |  |  | 3 | mA |
| Quiescent Current Change | With Line: $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=-14.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to -30V |  |  | 1.0 |  |  | 1.0 | mA |
|  | With Load: $\mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to 1.0A (Power Pkgs.) |  |  | 0.5 |  |  | 0.5 | mA |
|  | $\mathrm{l}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $500 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{(T)}$ |  |  | 0.5 |  |  | 0.5 | mA |
| Dropout Voltage | $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{0}=100 \mathrm{mV}, \mathrm{TJ}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Power Pkgs: $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.0 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}-\mathrm{Pkg}: \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=500 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 1.1 | 2.3 |  | 1.1 | 2.3 | V |
| Peak Output Current | Power Pkgs: $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.5 |  | 3.3 | 1.5 |  | 3.3 | A |
|  | T-Pkg: $\mathrm{T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.5 |  | 1.4 | 0.5 |  | 1.4 | A |
| Short Circuit Current | Power Pkgs: $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=-35 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 1.2 |  |  | 0.2 | A |
|  | T-Pkg: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I}}=-35 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 0.6 |  |  | 0.6 | A |
| Ripple Rejection | $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}=120 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{~T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 54 |  |  | 54 |  |  | dB |
| Output Noise Voltage (rms) | $\mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 100 kHz (note 2) |  | 25 | 80 |  | 25 | 80 | $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ |
| Long Term Stability | 1000 hours @ $T_{J}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 60 |  |  | 60 |  | mV |
| Thermal Shutdown | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 175 |  |  | 175 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Note 1: All regulation tests are made at constant junction temperature with low duty cycle testing.
2: This test is guaranteed but is not tested in production.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, these specifications apply over the operating ambient temperatures for SG7915A / SG7915 with $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq$ $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=-23 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=500 \mathrm{~mA}$ for the $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{G}$, and $\mathrm{IG}-$ Power Packages, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=100 \mathrm{~mA}$ for the T and L packages, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}=2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, and $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{OUT}}=$ $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. Low duty cycle pulse testing techniques are used which maintains junction and case temperatures equal to the ambient temperature.

| Parameter | Test Conditions | SG7915A |  |  | SG7915 |  |  | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max |  |
| Output Voltage | $\mathrm{T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -14.8 | -15.0 | -15.2 | -14.4 | -15.0 | -15.6 | V |
| Line Regulation (Note 1) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I N}}=-17.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $-30 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 5 | 75 |  | 11 | 150 | mV |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=-20 \mathrm{~V}$ to $-25 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 3 | 40 |  | 3 | 75 | mV |
| Load Regulation (Note 1) | Power Pkgs: $\mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $1.5 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 30 | 100 |  | 12 | 150 | mV |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=250 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $750 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 4 | 50 |  | 4 | 75 | mV |
|  | $\mathrm{T}-\mathrm{Pkg}: \mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $500 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 10 | 50 |  | 10 | 240 |  |
| Total Output Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=-18.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to -30V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tolerance | Power Pkgs: $\mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to 1.0A, $\mathrm{P} \leq 20 \mathrm{~W}$ | -14.6 | -15.0 | -15.4 | -14.25 | -15.00 | -15.75 | V |
|  | T - Pkg: $\mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $500 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{P} \leq 2 \mathrm{~W}$ | -14.6 | -15.0 | -15.4 | -14.25 | -15.00 | -15.75 | V |
| Quiescent Current | Over Temperature Range |  |  | 4 |  |  | 4 | mA |
|  | $\mathrm{T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 3 |  |  | 3 | mA |
| Quiescent Current Change | With Line: $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=-18.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to -30V |  |  | 1.0 |  |  | 1.0 | mA |
|  | With Load: $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to 1.0A (Power Pkgs) |  |  | 0.5 |  |  | 0.5 | mA |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $500 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{(T)}$ |  |  | 0.5 |  |  | 0.5 | mA |
| Dropout Voltage | $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=100 \mathrm{mV}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Power Pkgs: $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.0 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}-\mathrm{Pkg}: \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=500 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 1.1 | 2.3 |  | 1.1 | 2.3 | V |
| Peak Output Current | Power Pkgs: $\mathrm{T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.5 |  | 3.3 | 1.5 |  | 3.3 | A |
|  | T-Pkg: $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.5 |  | 1.4 | 0.5 |  | 1.4 | A |
| Short Circuit Current | Power Pkgs: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I N}}=-35 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 1.2 |  |  | 1.2 | A |
|  | T-Pkg: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I}}=-35 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 0.6 |  |  | 0.6 | A |
| Ripple Rejection | $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}=120 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 54 |  |  | 54 |  |  | dB |
| Output Noise Voltage (rms) | $\mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 100 kHz (note 2) |  | 25 | 80 |  | 25 | 80 | $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ |
| Long Term Stability | 1000 hours @ TJ $=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 60 |  |  | 60 |  | mV |
| Thermal Shutdown | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 175 |  |  | 175 |  |  |

Note 1: All regulation tests are made at constant junction temperature with low duty cycle testing.
2: This test is guaranteed but is not tested in production.

## NOTES

CONNECTION DIAGRAMS \& ORDERING INFORMATION (SEE NOTES BELOW)


Note 1: Contact factory for JAN and DESC product availability.
2: All parts are viewed from the top.
3: "xx" to be replaced by output voltage of specific fixed regulator.
4: Some products will be available in hermetic flat pack (F). Consult factory for price and availability.
5: Both inputs and outputs must be externally connected together at the device terminals.
6: For normal operation, the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ SENSE pin must be externally connected to the load.

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