

## **General Description**

The MAX6746–MAX6753 low-power microprocessor ( $\mu$ P) supervisory circuits monitor single/dual system supply voltages from 1.575V to 5V and provide maximum adjustability for reset and watchdog functions. These devices assert a reset signal whenever the V<sub>CC</sub> supply voltage or RESET IN falls below its reset threshold or when manual reset is pulled low. The reset output remains asserted for the reset timeout period after V<sub>CC</sub> and RESET IN rise above the reset threshold. The reset function features immunity to power-supply transients.

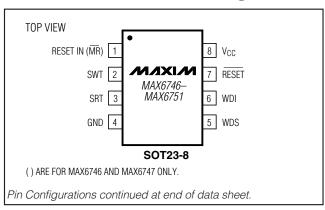
The MAX6746–MAX6753 have  $\pm 2\%$  factory-trimmed reset threshold voltages in approximately 100mV increments from 1.575V to 5.0V and/or adjustable reset threshold voltages using external resistors.

The reset and watchdog delays are adjustable with external capacitors. The MAX6746–MAX6751 contain a watchdog select input that extends the watchdog timeout period by 128x. The MAX6752/MAX6753 contain a window watchdog timer that looks for activity outside an expected window of operation.

The MAX6746–MAX6753 are available with a push-pull or open-drain active-low RESET output. The MAX6746– MAX6753 are available in an 8-pin SOT23 package and are fully specified over the automotive temperature range (-40°C to +125°C).

## **Applications**

Medical Equipment Automotive Intelligent Instruments Portable Equipment Battery-Powered Computers/Controllers Embedded Controllers Critical µP Monitoring Set-Top Boxes Computers



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#### **Pin Configurations**

# \_Features

- Factory-Set Reset Threshold Options from 1.575V to 5V in ~100mV Increments
- Adjustable Reset Threshold Options
- Single/Dual Voltage Monitoring
- Capacitor-Adjustable Reset Timeout
- Capacitor-Adjustable Watchdog Timeout
- Min/Max (Windowed) Watchdog Option
- Manual Reset Input Option
- Guaranteed **RESET** Valid for  $V_{CC} \ge 1V$
- ♦ 3.7µA Supply Current
- ◆ Push-Pull or Open-Drain RESET Output Options
- Power-Supply Transient Immunity
- Small 8-Pin SOT23 Packages

## \_Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX6746KAT	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23
MAX6746KA/V+T	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23
MAX6747KAT	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23
<b>MAX6748</b> KA-T	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23
<b>MAX6749</b> KA-T	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23
MAX6750KAT	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23
MAX6750KA/V+T	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23
MAX6751KAT	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23
MAX6752KAT	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23
MAX6753KAT	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23
MAX6753KA/V+T	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23

**Note:** "\_\_" represents the two number suffix needed when ordering the reset threshold voltage value for the MAX6746/MAX6747 and MAX6750–MAX6753. The reset threshold voltages are available in approximately 100mV increments. Table 2 contains the suffix and reset factory-trimmed voltages. All devices are available in tape-and-reel only. There is a 2500-piece minimum order increment for standard versions (see Table 3). Sample stock is typically held on standard versions only. Nonstandard versions require a minimum order increment of 10,000 pieces. Contact factory for availability. Devices are available in both leaded and lead-free packaging. Specify lead-free by replacing "-T" with "+T" when ordering.

/V Denotes an automotive qualified part.

Selector Guide appears at end of data sheet.

Typical Operating Circuit appears at end of data sheet.

Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

V <sub>CC</sub> to GND	0.3V to +6.0V
SRT, SWT, SET0, SET1, RESET IN, WDS	S, MR,
WDI, to GND	0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)
RESET (Push-Pull) to GND	0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)
RESET (Open Drain) to GND	
Input Current (All Pins)	±20mA
Output Current (RESET)	±20mA

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{CC} = +1.2V \text{ to } +5.5V, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at } V_{CC} = +5V \text{ and } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$  (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL		ONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
Currenty Vielte re		$T_A = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } + 125^{\circ}C$		1.0		5.5	V	
Supply Voltage	Vcc	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $0^{\circ}C$		1.2		5.5	V	
		$V_{CC} \le 5.5 V$			5	10		
Supply Current	ICC	$V_{CC} \le 3.3V$			4.2	9	μA	
		$V_{CC} \le 2.0V$			3.7	8		
V <sub>CC</sub> Reset Threshold	V <sub>TH</sub>	See V <sub>TH</sub> selection table	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to} + 125^{\circ}C$	V <sub>TH</sub> - 2%		V <sub>TH</sub> + 2%	V	
Hysteresis	V <sub>HYST</sub>				0.8		%	
V <sub>CC</sub> to Reset Delay		V <sub>CC</sub> falling from 100mV at 1mV/µ	V <sub>TH</sub> + 100mV to V <sub>TH</sub> - s		20		μs	
		C <sub>SRT</sub> = 1500pF		5.692	7.590	9.487		
Reset Timeout Period	t <sub>RP</sub>	C <sub>SRT</sub> = 100pF			0.506		ms	
SRT Ramp Current	IRAMP	$V_{SRT} = 0$ to 1.23V; $V_{CC} = 1.6V$ to 5V		200	250	300	nA	
SRT Ramp Threshold	VRAMP	$V_{CC} = 1.6V$ to 5V (V <sub>RAMP</sub> rising)		1.173	1.235	1.297	V	
Normal Watchdog Timeout Period		$C_{SWT} = 1500 pF$		5.692	7.590	9.487	mo	
(MAX6746-MAX6751)	twd	$C_{SWT} = 100 pF$		0.506		ms		
Extended Watchdog Timeout	t. 10	C <sub>SWT</sub> = 1500pF		728.6	971.5	1214.4		
(MAX6746-MAX6751)	twd	C <sub>SWT</sub> = 100pF			64.77		ms	
Slow Watchdog Period	turne	C <sub>SWT</sub> = 1500pF		728.6	971.5	1214.4		
(MAX6752/MAX6753)	twD2	C <sub>SWT</sub> = 100pF			64.77		ms	
Fast Watchdog Timeout Period, SET Ratio = 8,	twD1	C <sub>SWT</sub> = 1500pF		91.08	121.43	151.80	me	
(MAX6752/MAX6753)	ιννDΤ	$C_{SWT} = 100 pF$			8.09		ms	
Fast Watchdog Timeout Period, SET Ratio = 16,				45.53	60.71	75.89	ms	
(MAX6752/MAX6753)	ιννDT	twD1 C <sub>SWT</sub> = 100pF			4.05		ms	

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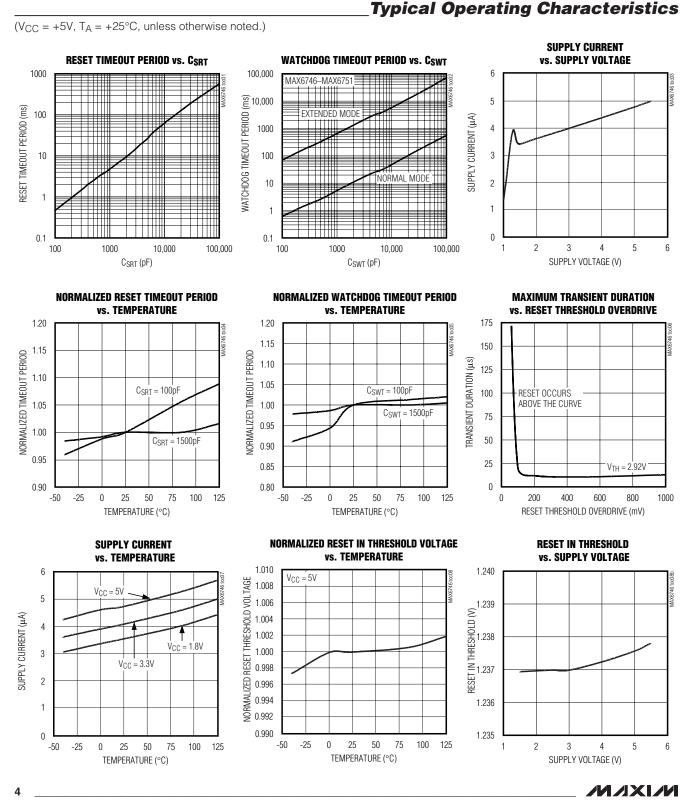
## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

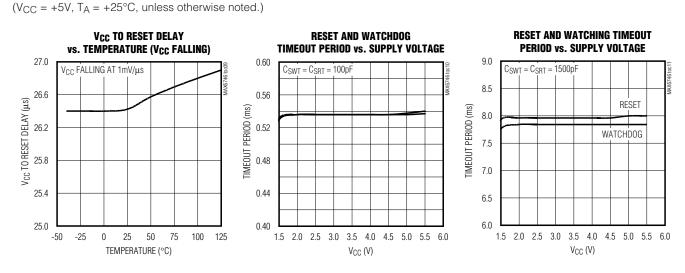
 $(V_{CC} = +1.2V \text{ to } +5.5V, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at } V_{CC} = +5V \text{ and } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$  (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS		
Fast Watchdog Timeout Period,		C <sub>SWT</sub> = 1500pF	11.38	15.18	18.98	ms		
SET Ratio = 64, (MAX6752/MAX6753)	twD1	C <sub>SWT</sub> = 100pF		1.01				
Fast Watchdog Minimum Period (MAX6752/MAX6753)			2000			ns		
SWT Ramp Current	IRAMP	$V_{SWT} = 0$ to 1.23V, $V_{CC} = 1.6V$ to 5V	200	250	300	nA		
SWT Ramp Threshold	VRAMP	$V_{CC} = 1.6V$ to 5V (V <sub>RAMP</sub> rising)	1.173	1.235	1.297	V		
RESET Output-Voltage LOW		$V_{CC} \ge 1.0V$ , $I_{SINK} = 50\mu A$			0.3			
Open-Drain, Push-Pull	V <sub>OL</sub>	$V_{CC} \ge 2.7V$ , $I_{SINK} = 1.2mA$			0.3	V		
(Asserted)		$V_{CC} \ge 4.5V$ , $I_{SINK} = 3.2mA$			0.4			
		$V_{CC} \ge 1.8V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 200\mu A$	0.8 x V <sub>CC</sub>	)				
RESET Output-Voltage HIGH, Push-Pull (Not Asserted)	VOH	$V_{CC} \ge 2.25V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 500\mu A$	0.8 x V <sub>CC</sub>			V		
		$V_{CC} \ge 4.5V$ , I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 800µA	0.8 x V <sub>CC</sub>	)				
RESET Output Leakage Current,	ILKG	V <sub>CC</sub> > V <sub>TH</sub> , reset not asserted,			1.0	μA		
Open Drain	ILKG	$V_{\text{RESET}} = 5.5V$			1.0	μΑ		
DIGITAL INPUTS (MR, SET0, SE	T1, WDI, WDS	5)						
	VIL	$V_{CC} \ge 4.0V$			0.8	v		
Input Logic Levels	VIH		2.4					
input Logic Levels	VIL	$V_{\rm CC} < 4.0V$			0.3 x V <sub>CC</sub>			
	VIH		0.7 x V <sub>CC</sub>	)				
MR Minimum Pulse Width			1			μs		
MR Glitch Rejection				100		ns		
MR to RESET Delay				200		ns		
MR Pullup Resistance		Pullup to V <sub>CC</sub>	12	20	28	kΩ		
WDI Minimum Pulse Width			300			ns		
RESET IN	•							
RESET IN Threshold	V <sub>RESET IN</sub>	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	1.216	1.235	1.254	V		
RESET IN Leakage Current	IRESET IN		-50	±1	+50	nA		
RESET IN to RESET Delay		RESET IN falling at 1mV/µs		20		μs		

**Note 1:** Production testing done at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ . Over temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

MAX6746-MAX6753





# **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

## **Pin Description**

	PIN					
MAX6746 MAX6747	MAX6748– MAX6751	MAX6752 MAX6753	NAME	FUNCTION		
1	_	—	MR	Manual Reset Input. Pull $\overline{\text{MR}}$ low to manually reset the device. Reset remains asserted for the reset timeout period after $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is released.		
_	1	_	RESET IN	Reset Input. High-impedance input to the adjustable reset comparator. Connect RESET IN to the center point of an external resistor-divider to set the threshold of the externally monitored voltage.		
	_	1	SET0	Logic Input. SET0 selects watchdog window ratio or disables the watchdog timer. See Table 1.		
2	2	2	SWT	Watchdog Timeout Input. MAX6746–MAX6751: Connect a capacitor between SWT and ground to set the basic watchdog timeout period (twp). Determine the period by the formula twp = $5.06 \times 10^6 \times C_{SWT}$ with twp in seconds and $C_{SWT}$ in Farads. Extend the basic watchdog timeout period by using the WDS input. Connect SWT to ground to disable the watchdog timer function. MAX6752/MAX6753: Connect a capacitor between SWT and ground to set the slow watchdog timeout period (twp2). Determine the slow watchdog period by the formula: twp2 = $0.65 \times 10^9 \times C_{SWT}$ with twp2 in seconds and $C_{SWT}$ in Farads. The fast watchdog timeout period is set by pinstrapping SET0 and SET1 (Connect SET0 high and SET1 low to disable the watchdog timer function.) See Table 1.		
3	3	3	SRT	Reset Timeout Input. Connect a capacitor from SRT to GND to select the reset timeout period. Determine the period as follows: $t_{RP} = 5.06 \times 10^6 \times C_{SRT}$ with $t_{RP}$ in seconds and $C_{SRT}$ in Farads.		
4	4	4	GND	Ground		

## \_\_\_\_\_Pin Description (continued)

	PIN					
MAX6746 MAX6747	MAX6748– MAX6751	MAX6752 MAX6753	NAME	FUNCTION		
5	5	_	WDS	Watchdog Select Input. WDS selects the watchdog mode. Connect WDS to ground to select normal mode and the watchdog timeout period. Connect WDS to $V_{CC}$ to select extended mode, multiplying the basic timeout period by a factor of 128. A change in the state of WDS clears the watchdog timer.		
_	_	5	SET1	Logic Input. SET1 selects the watchdog window ratio or disables the watchdog timer. See Table 1.		
6	6	6	WDI	Watchdog Input. MAX6746–MAX6751: A falling transition must occur on WDI within the selected watchdog timeout period or a reset pulse occurs. The watchdog timer clears when a transition occurs on WDI or whenever RESET is asserted. Connect SWT to ground to disable the watchdog timer function. MAX6752/MAX6753: WDI falling transitions within periods shorter than twD1 or longer than twD2 force RESET to assert low for the reset timeout period. The watchdog timer begins to count after RESET is deasserted. The watchdog timer clears when a valid transition occurs on WDI or whenever RESET is asserted. Connect SET0 high and SET1 low to disable the watchdog timer function. See the <i>Watchdog Timer</i> section.		
7	7	7	RESET	Push/Pull or Open-Drain Reset Output. RESET asserts whenever V <sub>CC</sub> or RESET IN drops below the selected reset threshold voltage (V <sub>TH</sub> or V <sub>RESET IN</sub> , respectively) or manual reset is pulled low. RESET remains low for the reset timeout period after all reset conditions are deasserted, and then goes high. The watchdog timer triggers a reset pulse (t <sub>RP</sub> ) whenever a watchdog fault occurs.		
8	8	8	V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage. $V_{CC}$ is the power-supply input and the input for fixed threshold $V_{CC}$ monitor.		

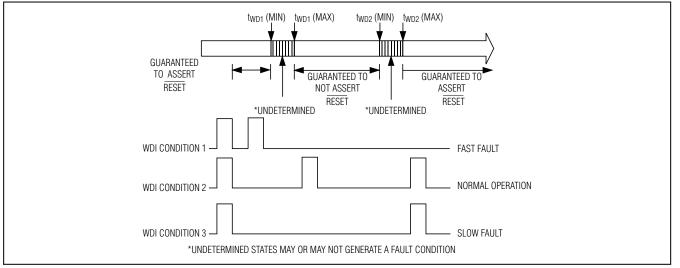


Figure 1. MAX6752/MAX6753 Detailed Watchdog Input Timing Relationship

#### **Detailed Description**

The MAX6746–MAX6753 assert a reset signal whenever the V<sub>CC</sub> supply voltage or RESET IN falls below its reset threshold. The reset output remains asserted for the reset timeout period after V<sub>CC</sub> and RESET IN rise above its respective reset threshold. A watchdog timer triggers a reset pulse whenever a watchdog fault occurs.

The reset and watchdog delays are adjustable with external capacitors. The MAX6746–MAX6751 contain a watchdog select input that extends the watchdog time-out period to 128x.

The MAX6752 and MAX6753 have a sophisticated watchdog timer that detects when the processor is running outside an expected window of operation. The watchdog signals a fault when the input pulses arrive too early (faster that the selected  $t_{WD1}$  timeout period) or too late (slower than the selected  $t_{WD2}$  timeout period) (see Figure 1).

#### **Reset Output**

The reset output is typically connected to the reset input of a  $\mu$ P. A  $\mu$ P's reset input starts or restarts the  $\mu$ P in a known state. The MAX6746–MAX6753  $\mu$ P supervisory circuits provide the reset logic to prevent code-execution errors during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions (see the *Typical Operating Circuit*). RESET changes from high to low whenever the monitored voltage, RESET IN and/or V<sub>CC</sub> drop below the reset threshold voltages. Once V<sub>RESET IN</sub> and/or V<sub>CC</sub> exceeds its respective reset threshold voltage(s), RESET remains low for the reset timeout period, then goes high.

RESET is guaranteed to be in the correct logic state for V<sub>CC</sub> greater than 1V. For applications requiring valid reset logic when V<sub>CC</sub> is less than 1V, see the section *Ensuring a Valid RESET Output Down to V<sub>CC</sub> = 0V.* 

#### **RESET IN Threshold**

The MAX6748–MAX6751 monitor the voltage on RESET IN using an adjustable reset threshold (VRESET IN) set with an external resistor voltage-divider (Figure 2). Use the following formula to calculate the externally monitored voltage (VMON\_TH):

 $V_{MON_TH} = V_{RESET IN} \times (R1 + R2) / R2$ 

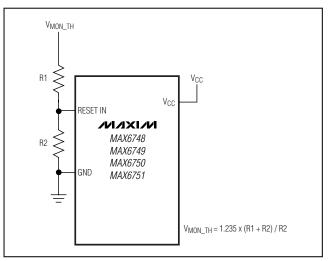


Figure 2. Calculating the Monitored Threshold Voltage (VMON\_TH)

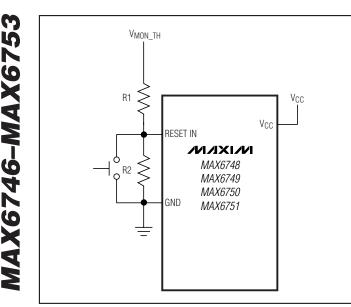


Figure 3. Adding an External Manual Reset Function to the MAX6748–MAX6751

where V<sub>MON\_TH</sub> is the desired reset threshold voltage and V<sub>TH</sub> is the reset input threshold (1.235V). Resistors R1 and R2 can have very high values to minimize current consumption due to low leakage currents. Set R2 to some conveniently high value (500k $\Omega$ , for example) and calculate R1 based on the desired reset threshold voltage, using the following formula:

 $R1 = R2 \times (V_{MON} TH/V_{RESET IN} - 1) (\Omega)$ 

The MAX6748 and MAX6749 do not monitor V\_CC supply voltage, therefore, V\_CC must be greater than 1.5V to

guarantee RESET IN threshold accuracy and timing performance. The MAX6748 and MAX6749 can be configured to monitor V<sub>CC</sub> voltage by connecting V<sub>CC</sub> to V<sub>MON TH</sub>.

#### Dual-Voltage Monitoring (MAX6750/MAX6751)

The MAX6750 and MAX6751 contain both factorytrimmed threshold voltages and an adjustable reset threshold input, allowing the monitoring of two voltages,  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{MON_TH}$  (see Figure 2). RESET is asserted when either of the voltages falls below it respective threshold voltages.

#### Manual Reset (MAX6746/MAX6747)

Many  $\mu$ P-based products require manual reset capability, to allow an operator or external logic circuitry to initiate a reset. The manual reset input (MR) can connect directly to a switch without an external pullup resistor or debouncing network. MR is internally pulled up to V<sub>CC</sub> and, therefore, can be left unconnected if unused.

 $\overline{\text{MR}}$  is designed to reject fast, falling transients (typically 100ns pulses) and it must be held low for a minimum of 1µs to assert the reset output. A 0.1µF capacitor from  $\overline{\text{MR}}$  to ground provides additional noise immunity. After  $\overline{\text{MR}}$  transitions from low to high, reset remains asserted for the duration of the reset timeout period.

A manual reset option can easily be implemented with the MAX6748–MAX6751 by connecting a normally open momentary switch in parallel with R2 (Figure 3). When the switch is closed, the voltage on RESET IN goes to zero, initiating a reset. Similar to the MAX6746/ MAX6747 manual reset, reset remains asserted while the voltage at RESET IN is zero and for the reset timeout period after the switch is opened.

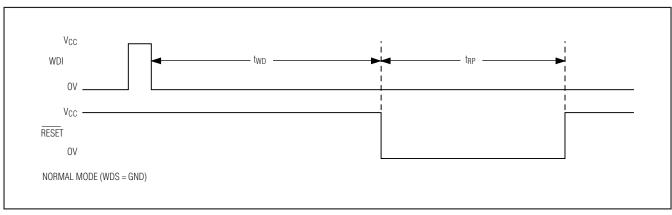


Figure 4a. Watchdog Timing Diagram, WDS = GND

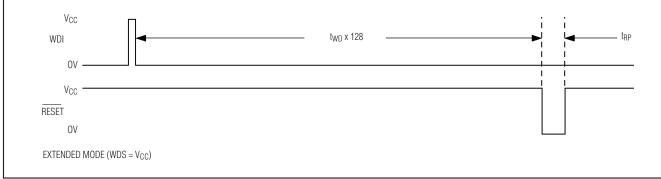


Figure 4b. Watchdog Timing Diagram, WDS = V<sub>CC</sub>

#### Watchdog Timer MAX6746–MAX6751

The watchdog's circuit monitors the  $\mu$ P's activity. It the  $\mu$ P does not toggle the watchdog input (WDI) within twD (user-selected), RESET asserts for the reset timeout period. The internal watchdog timer is cleared by any event that asserts RESET, by a falling transition at WDI (which can detect pulses as short as 300ns) or by a transition at WDS. The watchdog timer remains cleared while reset is asserted; as soon as reset is released, the timer starts counting.

The MAX6746–MAX6751 feature two modes of watchdog operation: normal mode and extended mode. In normal mode (Figure 4a), the watchdog timeout period is determined by the value of the capacitor connected between SWT and ground. In extended mode (Figure 4b), the watchdog timeout period is multiplied by 128. For example, in extended mode, a 0.1 $\mu$ F capacitor gives a watchdog timeout period of 65s (see the Extended-Mode Watchdog Timeout Period vs. C<sub>SWT</sub> graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*). To disable the watchdog timer function, connect SWT to ground.

#### MAX6752/MAX6753

The MAX6752 and MAX6753 have a windowed watchdog timer that asserts  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  for the adjusted reset timeout period when the watchdog recognizes a fast watchdog fault (twDI < twD1), or a slow watchdog fault (period > twD2). The reset timeout period is adjusted independently of the watchdog timeout period.

The slow watchdog period, twD2 is calculated as follows:

 $t_{WD2} = 0.65 \times 10^9 \times C_{SWT}$ 

with twD2 in seconds and CSWT in Farads.

The fast watchdog period,  $t_{WD1}$ , is selectable as a ratio from the slow watchdog fault period ( $t_{WD2}$ ). Select the fast watchdog period by pinstrapping SET0 and SET1,



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		0 0
SET0	SET1	RATIO
LOW	LOW	8
LOW	HIGH	16
HIGH	LOW	Watchdog Disabled
HIGH	HIGH	64

where HIGH is V<sub>CC</sub> and LOW is GND. Table 1 illustrates the SET0 and SET1 configuration for the 8, 16, and 64 window ratio ( $t_{WD2}/t_{WD1}$ ).

For example, if  $C_{SWT}$  is 1500pF, and SET0 and SET1 are low, then  $t_{WD2}$  is 975ms (typ) and  $t_{WD1}$  is 122ms (typ).

**RESET** asserts if the watchdog input has two falling edges too close to each other (faster than  $t_{WD1}$ ) (Figure 5a) or falling edges that are too far apart (slower than  $t_{WD2}$ ) (Figure 5b). Normal watchdog operation is displayed in (Figure 5c). The internal watchdog timer is cleared when a WDI falling edge is detected within the valid watchdog window or when **RESET** is deasserted. All WDI inputs are ignored while **RESET** is asserted.

The watchdog timer begins to count after RESET is deasserted. The watchdog timer clears and begins to count after a valid WDI falling logic input. WDI falling transitions within periods shorter than t<sub>WD1</sub> or longer than t<sub>WD2</sub> force RESET to assert low for the reset timeout period. WDI falling transitions within the t<sub>WD1</sub> and t<sub>WD2</sub> window do not assert RESET. WDI transitions between t<sub>WD1</sub>(min) and t<sub>WD1</sub>(max) or t<sub>WD2</sub>(min) and t<sub>WD2</sub>(max) are not guaranteed to assert or deassert the RESET. To guarantee that the window watchdog does not assert the RESET, strobe WDI between t<sub>WD1</sub>(max) and t<sub>WD2</sub>(min). The watchdog timer is cleared when RESET is asserted or after a falling transition on WDI or after a state change on SET0 or SET1. Disable the watchdog timer by connecting SET0 high and SET1 low.

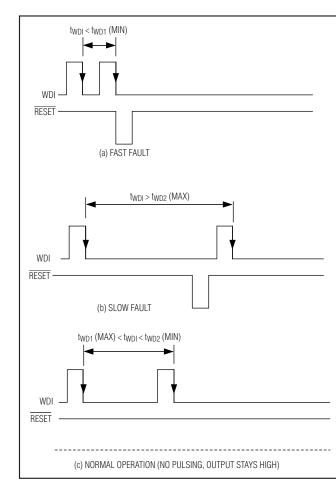


Figure 5. MAX6752/MAX6753 Window Watchdog Diagram

#### **Applications Information**

#### Selecting Reset/Watchdog Timeout Capacitor

The reset timeout period is adjustable to accommodate a variety of  $\mu$ P applications. Adjust the reset timeout period (t<sub>RP</sub>) by connecting a capacitor (C<sub>SRT</sub>) between SRT and ground. Calculate the reset timeout capacitor as follows:

#### $C_{SRT} = t_{RP} / (5.06 \times 10^6)$

with  $t_{\text{RP}}$  in seconds and  $C_{\text{SRT}}$  in Farads.

The watchdog timeout period is adjustable to accommodate a variety of  $\mu$ P applications. With this feature, the watchdog timeout can be optimized for software execution. The programmer can determine how often the watchdog timer should be serviced. Adjust the watchdog timeout period (twD) by connecting a specific value capacitor (C<sub>SWT</sub>) between SWT and GND. For

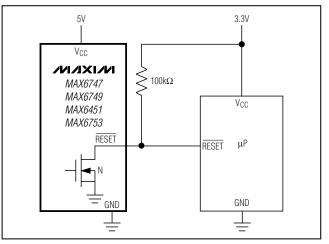


Figure 6. Interfacing to Other Voltage Levels

normal mode operation, calculate the watchdog timeout capacitor as follows:

$$C_{SWT} = t_{WD}/(5.06 \times 10^6)$$

with tRP in seconds and CSRT in Farads.

For the MAX6752 and MAX6753 windowed watchdog function, calculate the slow watchdog period,  $t_{WD2}$  as follows:

$$t_{WD2} = 0.65 \times 10^9 \times C_{SWT}$$

CSRT and CSWT must be a low-leakage (< 10nA) type capacitor. Ceramic capacitors are recommended.

#### **Transient Immunity**

In addition to issuing a reset to the  $\mu$ P during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions, these supervisors are relatively immune to short-duration supply transients (glitches). The Maximum Transient Duration vs. Reset Threshold Overdrive graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics* shows this relationship.

The area below the curves of the graph is the region in which these devices typically do not generate a reset pulse. This graph was generated using a falling pulse applied to V<sub>CC</sub>, starting above the actual reset threshold (V<sub>TH</sub>) and ending below it by the magnitude indicated (reset-threshold overdrive). As the magnitude of the transient increases (farther below the reset threshold), the maximum allowable pulse width decreases. Typically, a V<sub>CC</sub> transient that goes 100mV below the reset threshold and lasts 50 $\mu$ s or less does not cause a reset pulse to be issued.

MAX6746-MAX6753

M/X/M

#### Interfacing to Other Voltages for Logic Compatibility

The open-drain RESET output can be used to interface to a  $\mu$ P with other logic levels. As shown in Figure 6, the open-drain output can be connected to voltages from 0 to 6V.

Generally, the pullup resistor connected to the RESET connects to the supply voltage that is being monitored at the IC's V<sub>CC</sub> pin. However, some systems can use the open-drain output to level-shift from the monitored supply to reset circuitry powered by some other supply. Keep in mind that as the supervisor's V<sub>CC</sub> decreases towards 1V, so does the IC's ability to sink current at RESET. Also, with any pullup resistor, RESET is pulled high as V<sub>CC</sub> decreases toward zero. The voltage where this occurs depends on the pullup resistor value and the voltage to which it is connected.

## 

Figure 7. Ensuring RESET Valid to  $V_{CC} = 0V$ 

#### Ensuring a Valid **RESET** Down to V<sub>CC</sub> = 0V (Push-Pull RESET)

When V<sub>CC</sub> falls below 1V, RESET current sinking capabilities decline drastically. The high-impedance CMOS-logic inputs connected to RESET can drift to undetermined voltages. This presents no problems in most applications, since most  $\mu$ Ps and other circuitry do not operate with V<sub>CC</sub> below 1V.

In those applications where RESET must be valid down to 0V, add a pulldown resistor between RESET and GND for the MAX6746/MAX6748/MAX6750/MAX6752 push/pull outputs. The resistor sinks any stray leakage currents, holding RESET low (Figure 7). The value of the pulldown resistor is not critical; 100k $\Omega$  is large enough not to load RESET and small enough to pull RESET to ground. The external pulldown can not be used with the open-drain reset outputs.

SUFFIX	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	
50	4.900	5.000	5.100	
49	4.802	4.900	4.998	
48	4.704	4.800	4.896	
47	4.606	4.700	4.794	
46	4.533	4.625	4.718	
45	4.410	4.500	4.590	
44	4.288	4.375	4.463	
43	4.214	4.300	4.386	
42	4.116	4.200	4.284	
41	4.018	4.100	4.182	
40	3.920	4.000	4.080	
39	3.822	3.900	3.978	
38	3.724	3.800	3.876	
37	3.626	3.700	3.774	
36	3.528	3.600	3.672	
35	3.430	3.500	3.570	
34	3.332	3.400	3.468	
33	3.234	3.300	3.366	
32	3.136	3.200	3.264	
31	3.014	3.075	3.137	
30	2.940	3.000	3.060	
29	2.867	2.925	2.984	
28	2.744	2.800	2.856	
27	2.646	2.700	2.754	
26	2.573	2.625	2.678	
25	2.450	2.500	2.550	
24	2.352	2.400	2.448	
23	2.267	2.313	2.359	
22	2.144	2.188	2.232	
21	2.058	2.100	2.142	
20	1.960	2.000	2.040	
19	1.862	1.900	1.938	
18	1.764	1.800	1.836	
17	1.632	1.665	1.698	
16	1.544	1.575	1.607	

Table 2. Reset Threshold Voltage Suffix
(TA = -40°C to +125°C)

**Note:** Standard versions are shown in bold. There is a 2500piece minimum order increment for standard versions. Sample stock is typically held on standard versions only. Nonstandard versions require a minimum order increment of 10,000 pieces. Contact factory for availability.

#### **Table 3. Standard Version Table**

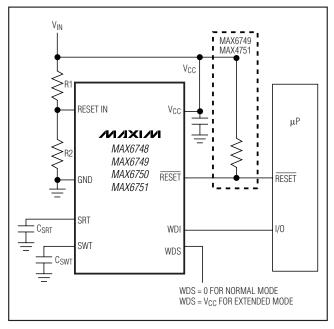
PART	TOP MARK
MAX6746KA16	AEDI
MAX6746KA23	AEDJ
MAX6746KA26	AEDK
MAX6746KA29	AALN
MAX6746KA46	AEDL
MAX6747KA16	AALO
MAX6747KA23	AEDM
MAX6747KA26	AEDN
MAX6747KA29	AEDO
MAX6747KA46	AEDP
MAX6748KA	AALP
MAX6749KA	AALQ
MAX6750KA16	AEDQ
MAX6750KA23	AALR
MAX6750KA26	AEDR
MAX6750KA29	AEDS
MAX6750KA46	AEDT
MAX6751KA16	AEDU
MAX6751KA23	AEDV
MAX6751KA26	AEDW
MAX6751KA29	AEDX
MAX6751KA46	AEDY
MAX6752KA16	AEDZ
MAX6752KA23	AEEA
MAX6752KA26	AALT
MAX6752KA29	AEEB
MAX6752KA46	AEEC
MAX6753KA16	AEED
MAX6753KA23	AEEE
MAX6753KA26	AEEF
MAX6753KA29	AEEG
MAX6753KA46	AEEH

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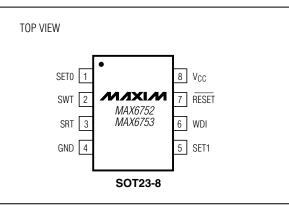
## Selector Guide

PART	FIXED V <sub>CC</sub> RESET THRESHOLD	ADJUSTABLE RESET THRESHOLD	STANDARD WATCHDOG TIMER	MIN/MAX WATCHDOG TIMER	PUSH/ PULL RESET	OPEN-DRAIN RESET	MANUAL RESET INPUT
MAX6746	Х	—	Х	—	Х	—	Х
MAX6747	Х	—	Х	—	—	Х	Х
MAX6748	_	Х	Х	—	Х	—	_
MAX6749	—	Х	Х	—	_	Х	—
MAX6750	Х	Х	Х		Х	_	—
MAX6751	Х	Х	Х	_		Х	_
MAX6752	Х	—	_	Х	Х	—	_
MAX6753	Х			Х		Х	_

## **Typical Operating Circuit**



# \_Pin Configurations (continued)



## **Chip Information**

PROCESS: BICMOS

## Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE	PACKAGE	OUTLINE	LAND
TYPE	CODE	NO.	PATTERN NO.
8 SOT23	K8-5	<u>21-0078</u>	<u>90-0176</u>



### **Revision History**

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	7/02	Initial release	—
3	12/05	Added the lead-free notation.	1
4	9/10	Added the automotive version of the MAX6746 and the MAX6753 and revised the <i>Typical Operating Characteristics</i> .	1, 4
5	12/10	Added the automotive version of the MAX6750.	1

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