LM759/LM77000 Power Operational Amplifiers

LM759/LM77000 Power Operational Amplifiers

General Description

The LM759 and LM77000 are high performance operational amplifiers that feature high output current capability. The LM759 is capable of providing 325 mA and the LM77000 providing 250 mA. Both amplifiers feature small signal characteristics that are better than the LM741. The amplifiers are designed to operate from a single or dual power supply with an input common mode range that includes the negative supply. The high gain and high output power provide superior performance. Internal current limiting, thermal shutdown, and safe area compensation are employed making the LM759 and LM77000 essentially indestructible.

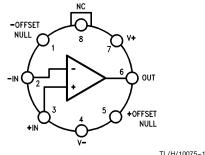
Features

- Output current LM759—325 mA minimum LM77000—250 mA minimum
- Internal short circuit current limiting
- Internal thermal overload protection
- Internal output transistors safe-area protection
- Input common mode voltage range includes ground or negative supply

Applications

- Voltage regulators
- Audio amplifiers
- Servo amplifiers
- Power drivers

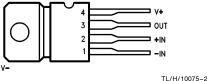
Connection Diagrams and Ordering Information



Lead 4 connected to case.

Top View

Order Number LM759MH, LM759CH or LM759H/883 See NS Package Number H08C



Top View

Order Number LM759CP or LM77000CP See NS Package Number P04A

Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Storage Temperature Range

 Metal Can
 −65°C to +175°C

 Plastic Package
 −65°C to +150°C

Operating Junction Temperature Range

Military (LM759M) -55°C to +150°C Commercial (LM759C, LM77000C) 0°C to +125°C

Lead Temperature

Metal Can (soldering, 60 sec) 300°C Plastic Package (soldering, 10 sec) 265°C

LM759

Electrical Characteristics $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = \pm 15V$, unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Paramete	r	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V _{IO}	Input Offset Voltage		$R_S \leq 10 \ k\Omega$		1.0	3.0	mV
I _{IO}	Input Offset Current				5.0	30	nA
I _{IB}	Input Bias Current				50	150	nA
Z _I	Input Impedance			0.25	1.5		МΩ
Icc	Supply Current				12	18	mA
V _{IR}	Input Voltage Range			V^+-2V to V^-	V^+-2V to V^-		٧
los	Output Short Circuit C	urrent	$ V_{CC}-V_O =30V$		±200		mA
I _{O PEAK}	Peak Output Current		$3.0V \le V_{CC} - V_{O} \le 10V$	±325	±500		mA
A _{VS}	Large Signal Voltage	Gain	$R_L \ge 50\Omega, V_O = \pm 10V$	50	200		V/mV
TR	Transient Response	Rise Time	$R_L = 50\Omega, A_V = 1.0$		300		ns
		Overshoot			5.0		%
SR	Slew Rate		$R_L = 50\Omega, A_V = 1.0$		0.6		V/μs
BW	Bandwidth		A _V = 1.0		1.0		MHz
The follo	wing specifications apply	y for −55°C ≤	$T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C$				
V _{IO}	Input Offset Voltage		$R_S \le 10 \text{ k}\Omega$			4.5	mV
I _{IO}	Input Offset Current					60	nA
I _{IB}	Input Bias Current					300	nA
CMRR	Common Mode Rejec	tion Ratio	$R_S \leq 10 \ k\Omega$	80	100		dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection	on Ratio	$R_S \leq 10 \ k\Omega$	80	100		dB
A _{VS}	Large Signal Voltage	Gain	$R_L \geq 50\Omega, V_O = \pm 10V$	25	200		V/mV
V _{OP}	Output Voltage Swing		$R_L = 50\Omega$	±10	± 12.5		٧

LM759C Electrical Characteristics $T_J=25^{\circ}C, V_{CC}=\pm15V,$ unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Paramete	r	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V_{IO}	Input Offset Voltage		$R_S \leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$		1.0	6.0	mV
I _{IO}	Input Offset Current				5.0	50	nA
I _{IB}	Input Bias Current				50	250	nA
Z _I	Input Impedance			0.25	1.5		МΩ
Icc	Supply Current				12	18	mA
V _{IR}	Input Voltage Range			V+ - 2V to V-	V^+-2V to V^-		V
los	Output Short Circuit C	urrent	$ V_{CC}-V_O =30V$		±200		mA
I _{O PEAK}	Peak Output Current		$3.0V \le V_{CC} - V_O \le 10V$	±325	±500		mA
A _{VS}	Large Signal Voltage	Gain	$R_L \ge 50\Omega, V_O = \pm 10V$	25	200		V/mV
TR	Transient Response	Rise Time	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $A_V = 1.0$		300		ns
		Overshoot			10		%
SR	Slew Rate		$R_L = 50\Omega$, $A_V = 1.0$		0.5		V/μs
BW	Bandwidth		A _V = 1.0		1.0		MHz
The follo	wing specifications appl	y for 0° ≤ T _J ≤	≤ +125°C				
V _{IO}	Input Offset Voltage		$R_{S} \le 10 \text{ k}\Omega$			7.5	mV
I _{IO}	Input Offset Current					100	nA
lın	Input Rise Current					400	nΔ

V _{IO}	Input Offset Voltage	$R_S \leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$			7.5	mV
I _{IO}	Input Offset Current				100	nA
I _{IB}	Input Bias Current				400	nA
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$R_S \leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	70	100		dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$R_S \le 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	80	100		dB
A _{VS}	Large Signal Voltage Gain	$R_L \ge 50\Omega, V_O = \pm 10V$	25	200		V/mV
V _{OP}	Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 50\Omega$	±10	±12.5		V

LM77000 Electrical Characteristics $T_J=25^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{CC}=\pm15\text{V}, \text{unless otherwise specified}$

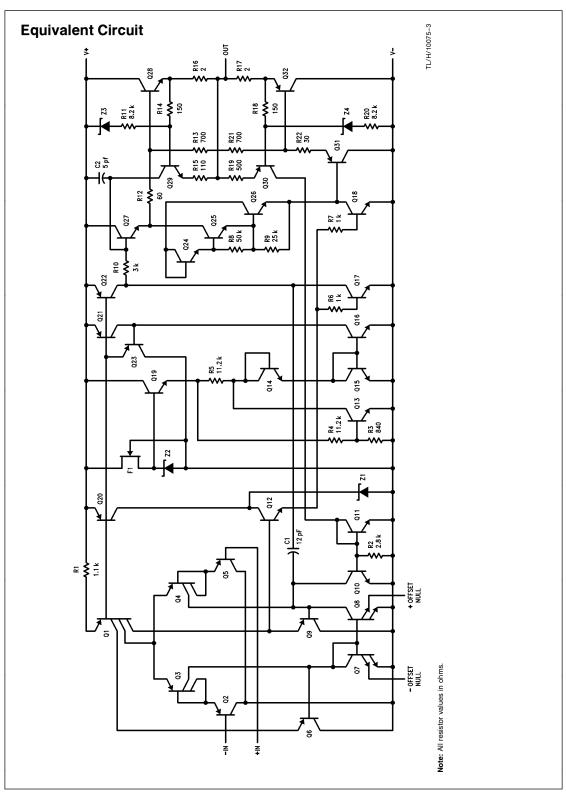
Symbol	Paramete	r	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V_{IO}	Input Offset Voltage		$R_S \leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$		1.0	8.0	mV
I _{IO}	Input Offset Current				5.0	50	nA
I _{IB}	Input Bias Current				50	250	nA
Z _I	Input Impedance			0.25	1.5		МΩ
Icc	Supply Current				12	18	mA
V_{IR}	Input Voltage Range			+13 to V-	+13 to V ⁻		V
los	Output Short Circuit Cu	ırrent	$ V_{CC}-V_O =30V$		±200		mA
I _{O PEAK}	Peak Output Current		$3.0V \le V_{CC} - V_{O} \le 10V$	±250	±400		mA
A _{VS}	Large Signal Voltage G	ain	$R_L \ge 50\Omega, V_O = \pm 10V$	25	200		V/mV
TR	Transient Response	Rise Time	$R_L = 50\Omega, A_V = 1.0$		300		ns
		Overshoot			10		%
SR	Slew Rate		$R_L = 50\Omega$, $A_V = 1.0$		0.5		V/μs
BW	Bandwidth		A _V = 1.0		1.0		MHz

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V _{IO}	Input Offset Voltage	$R_S \leq 10 \ k\Omega$			10	mV
I _{IO}	Input Offset Current				100	nA
I _{IB}	Input Bias Current				400	nA
CMR	Common Mode Rejection	$R_{S} \leq 10 \ k\Omega$	70	100		dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$R_S \leq 10 \ k\Omega$	80	100		dB
A _{VS}	Large Signal Voltage Gain	$R_L \geq 50\Omega, V_O = \pm 10V$	25	200		V/mV
V _{OP}	Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 50\Omega$	±10	± 12.5		V

Note 1: Although the internal power dissipation is limited, the junction temperature must be kept below the maximum specified temperature in order to meet data sheet specifications. To calculate the maximum junction temperature or heat sink required, use the thermal resistance values which follow the Equivalent Circuit Schematic.

 $\textbf{Note 2:} \ \, \text{For a supply voltage less than 30V between V}^+ \ \, \text{and V}^-, \text{ the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.}$

Note 3: For military electrical specifications RETS759X are available for LM759H.



Package	Typ θJC °C/W	Max θJC °C/W	Typ θJA °C/W	Max ^θ JA °C/W
Plastic Package (P)	8.0	12	75	80
Metal Can (H)	30	40	120	150

$$\begin{split} \mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}\,\mathsf{Max}} &= \frac{\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{J}\,\mathsf{Max}} - \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{A}}}{\theta_{\mathsf{JC}} + \theta_{\mathsf{CA}}}\,\mathsf{or} \\ &= \frac{\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{J}\,\mathsf{Max}} - \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{A}}}{\theta_{\mathsf{JA}}}\,\mathsf{(without\,a\,heat\,sink)} \\ \theta_{\mathsf{CA}} &= \theta_{\mathsf{CS}} + \theta_{\mathsf{SA}} \end{split}$$

Solving T_J:

$$T_J = T_A + P_D (\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CA})$$
 or
= $T_A + P_D \theta_{JA}$ (without a heat sink)

Where:

 T_{J} = Junction Temperature

T_A = Ambient Temperature

P_D = Power Dissipation

 θ_{JA} = Junction to ambient thermal resistance

 θ_{JC} = Junction to case thermal resistance θ_{CA} = Case to ambient thermal resistance

 $\theta_{\rm CS}$ = Case to heat sink thermal resistance

 θ_{SA} = Heat sink to ambient thermal resistance

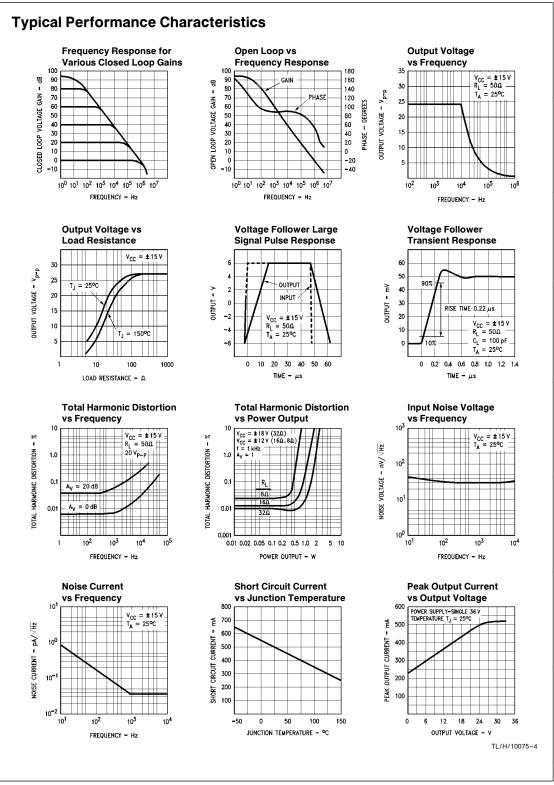
Mounting Hints

Metal Can Package (LM759CH/LM759MH)

The LM759 in the 8-Lead TO-99 metal can package must be used with a heat sink. With $\pm 15 \mathrm{V}$ power supplies, the LM759 can dissipate up to 540 mW in its quiescent (no load) state. This would result in a $100^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ rise in chip temperature to $125^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ (assuming a $25^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature). In order to avoid this problem, it is advisable to use either a slip on or stud mount heat sink with this package. If a stud mount heat sink is used, it may be necessary to use insulating washers between the stud and the chassis because the case of the LM759 is internally connected to the negative power supply terminal.

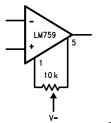
Plastic Package (LM759CP/LM77000CP)

The LM759CP and LM77000CP are designed to be attached by the tab to a heat sink. This heat sink can be either one of the many heat sinks which are commercially available, a piece of metal such as the equipment chassis, or a suitable amount of copper foil as on a double sided PC board. The important thing to remember is that the negative power supply connection to the op amp must be made through the tab. Furthermore, adequate heat sinking must be provided to keep the chip temperature below 125°C under worst case load and ambient temperature conditions.



Applications

Offset Null Circuit



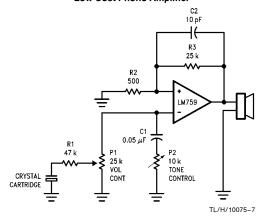
TL/H/10075-5

TL/F

Audio Applications

Paralleling LM759 Power Op Amps

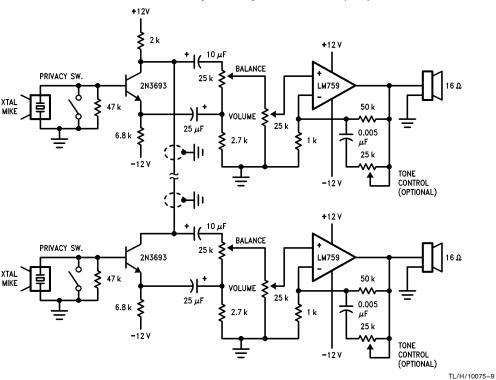
Low Cost Phono Amplifier



Speaker Impedance (Ohms)	Output Power (Watts)	Min Supply (Volts)	V _{OP-P} (Volts)
4	0.18	9	2.4
8	0.36	12	4.8
16	0.72	15	9.6
32	1.44	25	19.2

Applications (Continued)

Bi-Directional Intercom System Using the LM759 Power Op Amp



Features:

Circuit Simplicity

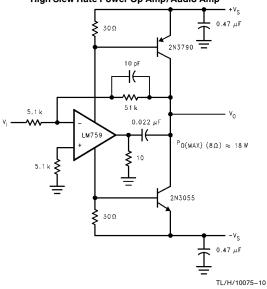
1 Watt of Audio Output

Duplex operation with only one two-wire cable as interconnect.

Note 1: All resistor values in ohms.

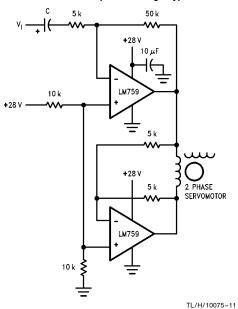
Applications (Continued)

High Slew Rate Power Op Amp/Audio Amp



Servo Applications

AG Servo Amplifier—Bridge Type



Features:

High Slew Rate 9 V/ μ s High 3 dB Power Bandwidth 85 kHz 18 Watts Output Power into an 8Ω load. Low Distortion—0.2%, 10 Vrms, 1 kHz into 8Ω Design Consideration

 $A_V \ge 10$

Features:

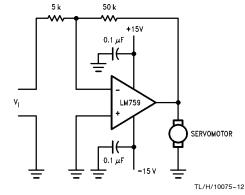
Gain of 10

Use of LM759 Means Simple Inexpensive Circuit

Design Considerations:

325 mA Max Output Current

DC Servo Amplifier



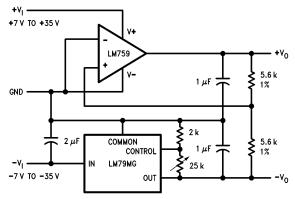
Features:

Circuit Simplicity One Chip Means Excellent Reliability Design Considerations I $_{\rm O} \leq 325$ mA

Note 1: All resistor values in ohms.

Regulator Applications

Adjustable Dual Tracking Regulator



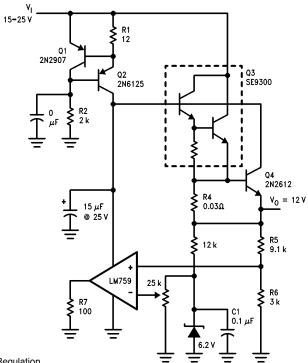
TL/H/10075-13

Features:

Wide Output Voltage Range ($\pm 2.2V$ to $\pm 30V$) Excellent Load Regulation $\Delta V_O < \pm 5$ mV for $\Delta I_O = \pm 0.2$ A Excellent Line Regulation $\Delta V_O < \pm 2$ mV for $\Delta V_I = 10V$

Note 1: All resistor values in ohms.

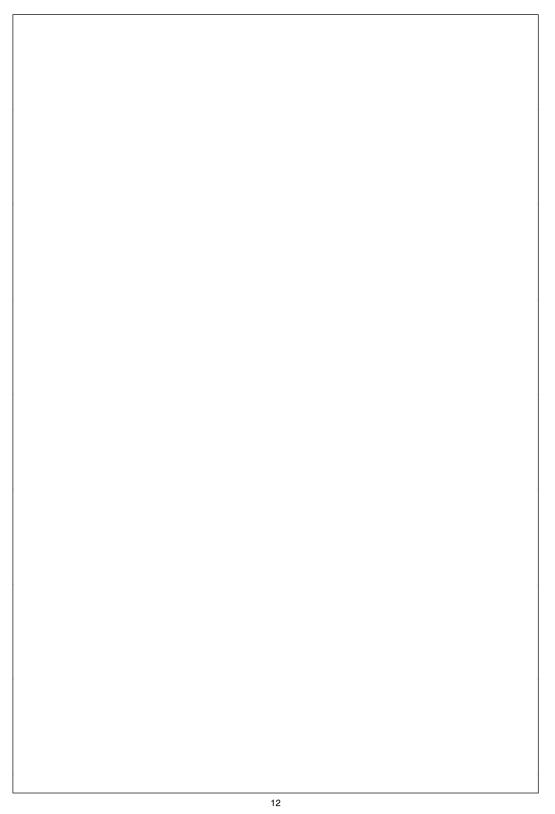
10 Amp — 12 Volt Regulator

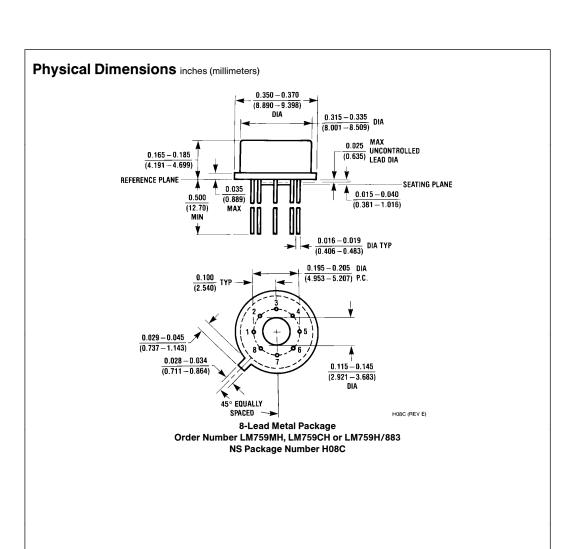


Features:

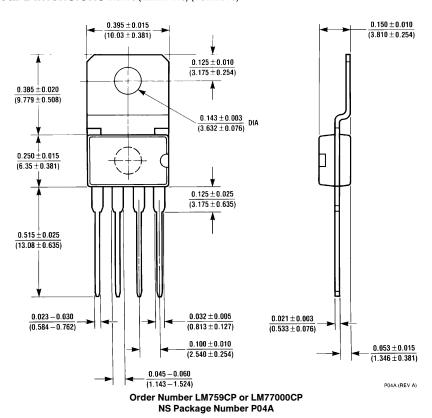
Excellent Load and Line Regulation
Excellent Temperature Coefficient-Depends
Largely on Tempco of the Reference Zener
Note 1: All resistor values in ohms.

TL/H/10075-14





Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) (Continued)



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