

# KA258/KA258A, KA358/KA358A, KA2904

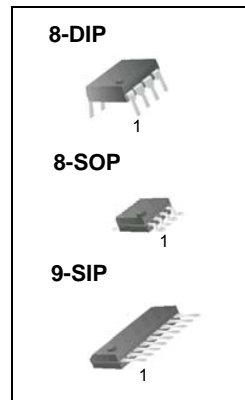
## Dual Operational Amplifier

### Features

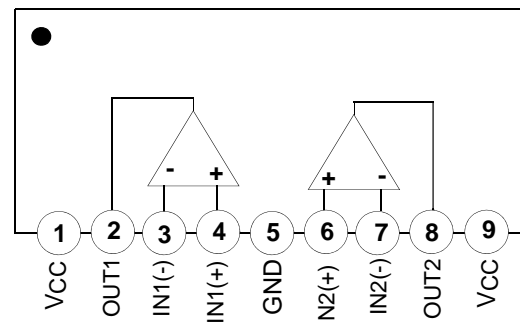
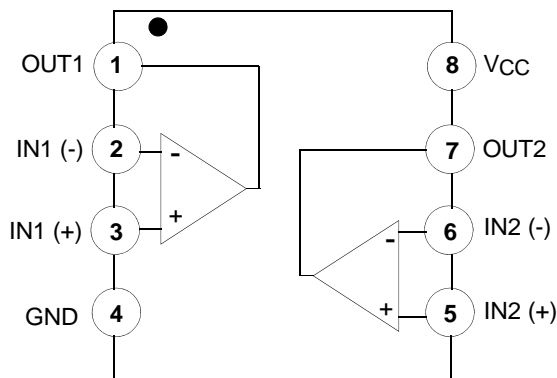
- Internally Frequency Compensated for Unity Gain
- Large DC Voltage Gain: 100dB
- Wide Power Supply Range:  
KA258/KA258A, KA358/KA358A: 3V ~ 32V (or  $\pm 1.5V \sim 16V$ )  
KA2904 : 3V~26V (or  $\pm 1.5V \sim 13V$ )
- Input Common Mode Voltage Range Includes Ground
- Large Output Voltage Swing: 0V DC to  $V_{CC} - 1.5V$  DC
- Power Drain Suitable for Battery Operation.

### Description

The KA258 series consist of two independent, high gain, internally frequency compensated operational amplifiers which were designed specifically to operate from a single power supply over a wide range of voltage. Operation from split power supplies is also possible and the low power supply current drain is independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage. Application areas include transducer amplifier, DC gain blocks and all the conventional OP-AMP circuits which now can be easily implemented in single power supply systems.

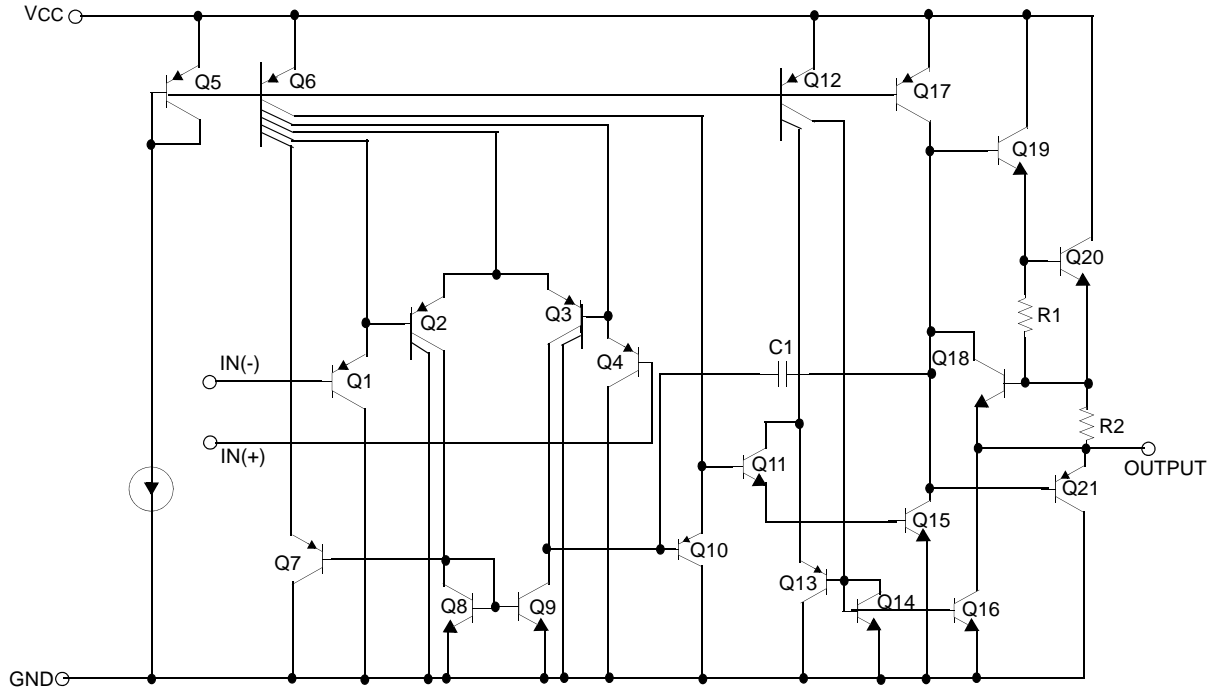


### Internal Block Diagram



## Schematic Diagram

(One section only)



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	KA258/KA258A	KA358/KA358A	KA2904	Unit
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	±16 or 32	±16 or 32	±13 or 26	V
Differential Input Voltage	V <sub>I(DIFF)</sub>	32	32	26	V
Input Voltage	V <sub>I</sub>	-0.3 to +32	-0.3 to +32	-0.3 to +26	V
Output Short Circuit to GND V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 15V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C (One Amp)	-	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	-
Operating Temperature Range	TOPR	-25 ~ +85	0 ~ +70	-40 ~ +85	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	T <sub>J(MAX)</sub>	+150	+150	+150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	TSTG	-65 ~ +150	-65 ~ +150	-65 ~ +150	°C

## Electrical Characteristics

(VCC = 5.0V, VEE = GND, TA = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	KA258			KA358			KA2904			Unit	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>IO</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V to V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5V V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 1.4V, R <sub>S</sub> = 0Ω	-	2.9	5.0	-	2.9	7.0	-	2.9	7.0	mV	
Input Offset Current	I <sub>IO</sub>	-	-	3	30	-	5	50	-	5	50	nA	
Input Bias Current	I <sub>BIAS</sub>	-	-	45	150	-	45	250	-	45	250	nA	
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>I(R)</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V (KA2904, V <sub>CC</sub> = 26V)	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5	V	
Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> = ∞, V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V (KA2904, V <sub>CC</sub> = 26V)	-	0.8	2.0	-	0.8	2.0	-	0.8	2.0	mA	
		R <sub>L</sub> = ∞, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	-	0.5	1.2	-	0.5	1.2	-	0.5	1.2	mA	
Large Signal Voltage Gain	G <sub>V</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, R <sub>L</sub> = 2kΩ V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 1V to 11V	50	100	-	25	100	-	25	100	-	V/mV	
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>O(H)</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V (V <sub>CC</sub> = 26V for KA2904)	R <sub>L</sub> = 2kΩ	26	-	-	26	-	-	22	-	-	V
		R <sub>L</sub> = 10kΩ	27	28	-	27	28	-	23	24	-	-	V
	V <sub>O(L)</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, R <sub>L</sub> = 10kΩ	-	5	20	-	5	20	-	5	20	mV	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	-	70	85	-	65	80	-	50	80	-	dB	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	-	65	100	-	65	100	-	50	100	-	dB	
Channel Separation	CS	f = 1kHz to 20kHz (Note1)	-	120	-	-	120	-	-	120	-	dB	
Short Circuit to GND	I <sub>SC</sub>	-	-	40	60	-	40	60	-	40	60	mA	
Output Current	I <sub>SOURCE</sub>	V <sub>I(+)</sub> = 1V, V <sub>I(-)</sub> = 0V V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 2V	20	30	-	20	30	-	20	30	-	mA	
	I <sub>SINK</sub>	V <sub>I(+)</sub> = 0V, V <sub>I(-)</sub> = 1V V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 2V	10	15	-	10	15	-	10	15	-	mA	
		V <sub>I(+)</sub> = 0V, V <sub>I(-)</sub> = 1V V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 200mV	12	100	-	12	100	-	-	-	-	μA	
Differential Input Voltage	V <sub>I(DIFF)</sub>	-	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	

### Note:

1. This parameter, although guaranteed, is not 100% tested in production.

### Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

(VCC = 5.0V, VEE = GND, unless otherwise specified)

The following specification apply over the range of -25°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for the KA258; and the 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for the KA358; and the -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for the KA2904

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	KA258			KA358			KA2904			Unit	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>IO</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V to V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5V V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 1.4V, R <sub>S</sub> = 0Ω	-	-	7.0	-	-	9.0	-	-	10.0	mV	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	ΔV <sub>IO</sub> /ΔT	R <sub>S</sub> = 0Ω	-	7.0	-	-	7.0	-	-	7.0	-	μV/°C	
Input Offset Current	I <sub>IO</sub>	-	-	-	100	-	-	150	-	45	200	nA	
Input Offset Current Drift	ΔI <sub>IO</sub> /ΔT	-	-	10	-	-	10	-	-	10	-	pA/°C	
Input Bias Current	I <sub>BIAS</sub>	-	-	40	300	-	40	500	-	40	500	nA	
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>I(R)</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V (KA2904, V <sub>CC</sub> = 26V)	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -2.0	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -2.0	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -2.0	V	
Large Signal Voltage Gain	G <sub>V</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, R <sub>L</sub> = 2.0kΩ V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 1V to 11V	25	-	-	15	-	-	15	-	-	V/mV	
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>O(H)</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V (V <sub>CC</sub> = 26V for KA2904)	R <sub>L</sub> = 2kΩ	26	-	-	26	-	-	22	-	-	V
		R <sub>L</sub> = 10kΩ	27	28	-	27	28	-	23	24	-	-	V
	V <sub>O(L)</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, R <sub>L</sub> = 10kΩ	-	5	20	-	5	20	-	5	20	mV	
Output Current	I <sub>SOURCE</sub>	V <sub>I(+)</sub> = 1V, V <sub>I(-)</sub> = 0V V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 2V	10	30	-	10	30	-	10	30	-	mA	
	I <sub>SINK</sub>	V <sub>I(+)</sub> = 0V, V <sub>I(-)</sub> = 1V V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 2V	5	8	-	5	9	-	5	9	-	mA	
Differential Input Voltage	V <sub>I(DIFF)</sub>	-	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	

**Electrical Characteristics** (Continued)

(VCC = 5.0V, VEE = GND, TA = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	KA258A			KA358A			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>IO</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V to V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5V V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 1.4V, R <sub>S</sub> = 0Ω	-	1.0	3.0	-	2.0	3.0	mV
Input Offset Current	I <sub>IO</sub>	-	-	2	15	-	5	30	nA
Input Bias Current	I <sub>BIAS</sub>	-	-	40	80	-	45	100	nA
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>I(R)</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5	V
Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> = ∞, V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V	-	0.8	2.0	-	0.8	2.0	mA
		R <sub>L</sub> = ∞, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	-	0.5	1.2	-	0.5	1.2	mA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	G <sub>V</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, R <sub>L</sub> = 2kΩ V <sub>O</sub> = 1V to 11V	50	100	-	25	100	-	V/mV
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V	R <sub>L</sub> = 2kΩ	26	-	-	26	-	V
			R <sub>L</sub> = 10kΩ	27	28	-	27	28	-
	V <sub>O(L)</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, R <sub>L</sub> = 10kΩ	-	5	20	-	5	20	mV
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	-	70	85	-	65	85	-	dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	-	65	100	-	65	100	-	dB
Channel Separation	CS	f = 1kHz to 20kHz (Note1)	-	120	-	-	120	-	dB
Short Circuit to GND	I <sub>SC</sub>	-	-	40	60	-	40	60	mA
Output Current	I <sub>SOURCE</sub>	V <sub>I(+)</sub> = 1V, V <sub>I(-)</sub> = 0V V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 2V	20	30	-	20	30	-	mA
	I <sub>SINK</sub>	V <sub>I(+)</sub> = 1V, V <sub>I(-)</sub> = 0V V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 2V	10	15	-	10	15	-	mA
		V <sub>in(+)</sub> = 0V, V <sub>in(-)</sub> = 1V V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 200mV	12	100	-	12	100	-	μA
Differential Input Voltage	V <sub>I(DIFF)</sub>	-	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V

**Note:**

1. This parameter, although guaranteed, is not 100% tested in production.

**Electrical Characteristics** (Continued)

(VCC = 5.0V, VEE = GND, unless otherwise specified)

The following specification apply over the range of  $-25^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$  for the KA258A; and the  $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$  for the KA358A

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	KA258A			KA358A			Unit	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{IO}$	$V_{CM} = 0V$ to $V_{CC} - 1.5V$ $V_{O(P)} = 1.4V$ , $R_S = 0\Omega$	-	-	4.0	-	-	5.0	mV	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	$\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta T$	-	-	7.0	15	-	7.0	20	$\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Input Offset Current	$I_{IO}$	-	-	-	30	-	-	75	nA	
Input Offset Current Drift	$\Delta I_{IO}/\Delta T$	-	-	10	200	-	10	300	$\text{pA}/^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Input Bias Current	$I_{BIAS}$	-	-	40	100	-	40	200	nA	
Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	$V_{I(R)}$	$V_{CC} = 30V$	0	-	$V_{CC} - 2.0$	0	-	$V_{CC} - 2.0$	V	
Output Voltage Swing	$V_{O(H)}$	$V_{CC} = 30V$	$R_L = 2k\Omega$	26	-	-	26	-	-	V
			$R_L = 10k\Omega$	27	28	-	27	28	-	V
	$V_{O(L)}$	$V_{CC} = 5V$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$	-	5	20	-	5	20	mV	
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$G_V$	$V_{CC} = 15V$ , $R_L = 2.0k\Omega$ $V_{O(P)} = 1V$ to $11V$	25	-	-	15	-	-	V/mV	
Output Current	$I_{SOURCE}$	$V_{I(+)} = 1V$ , $V_{I(-)} = 0V$ $V_{CC} = 15V$ , $V_{O(P)} = 2V$	10	30	-	10	30	-	mA	
	$I_{SINK}$	$V_{I(+)} = 1V$ , $V_{I(-)} = 0V$ $V_{CC} = 15V$ , $V_{O(P)} = 2V$	5	9	-	5	9	-	mA	
Differential Input Voltage	$V_{I(DIFF)}$	-	-	-	$V_{CC}$	-	-	$V_{CC}$	V	

# Typical Performance Characteristics

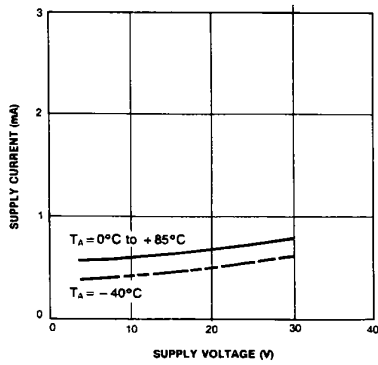


Figure 1. Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

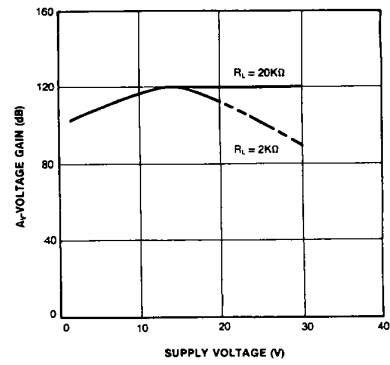


Figure 2. Voltage Gain vs Supply Voltage

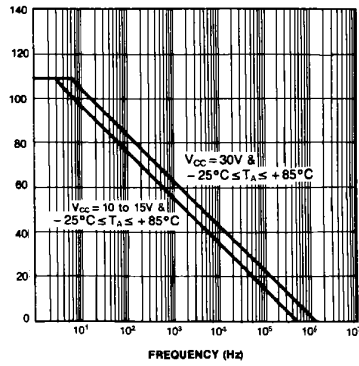


Figure 3. Open Loop Frequency Response

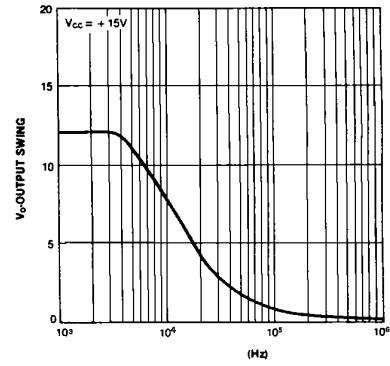


Figure 4. Large Signal Output Swing vs Frequency

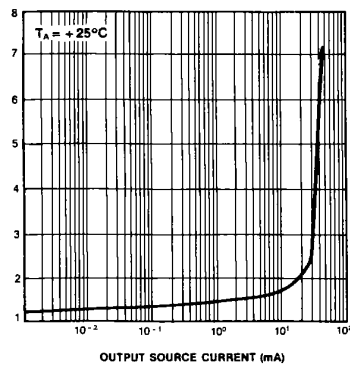


Figure 5. Output Characteristics vs Current Sourcing

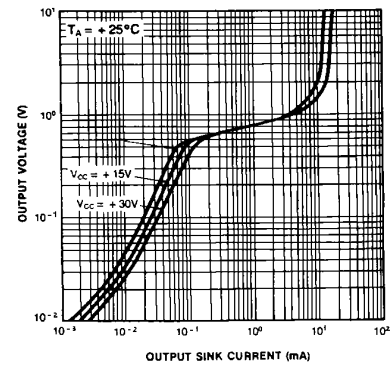


Figure 6. Output Characteristics vs Current Sinking

Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

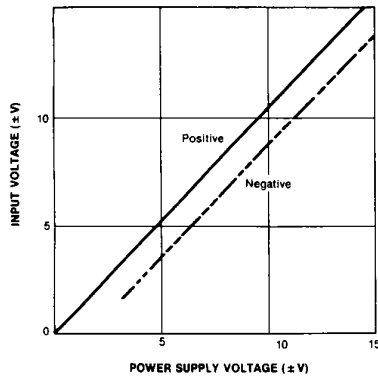


Figure 7. Input Voltage Range vs Supply Voltage

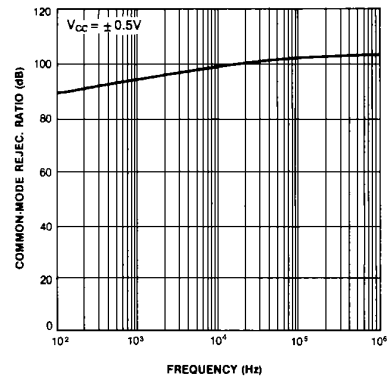


Figure 8. Common-Mode Rejection Ratio

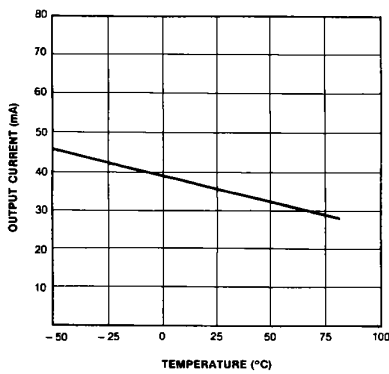


Figure 9. Output Current vs Temperature (Current Limiting)

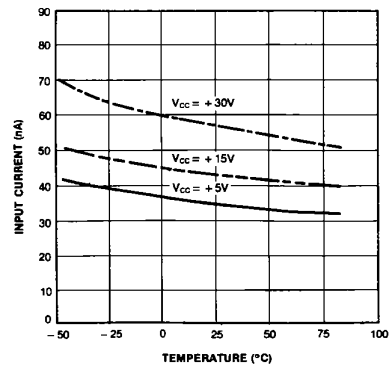


Figure 10. Input Current vs Temperature

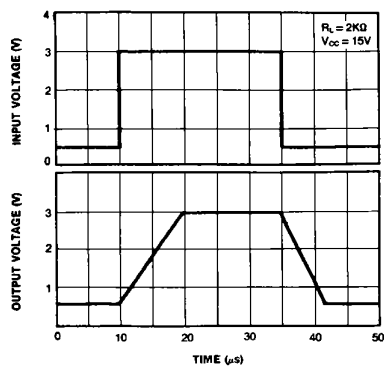


Figure 11. Voltage Follower Pulse Response

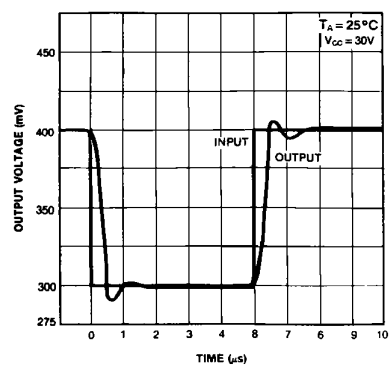


Figure 12. Voltage Follower Pulse Response (Small Signal)

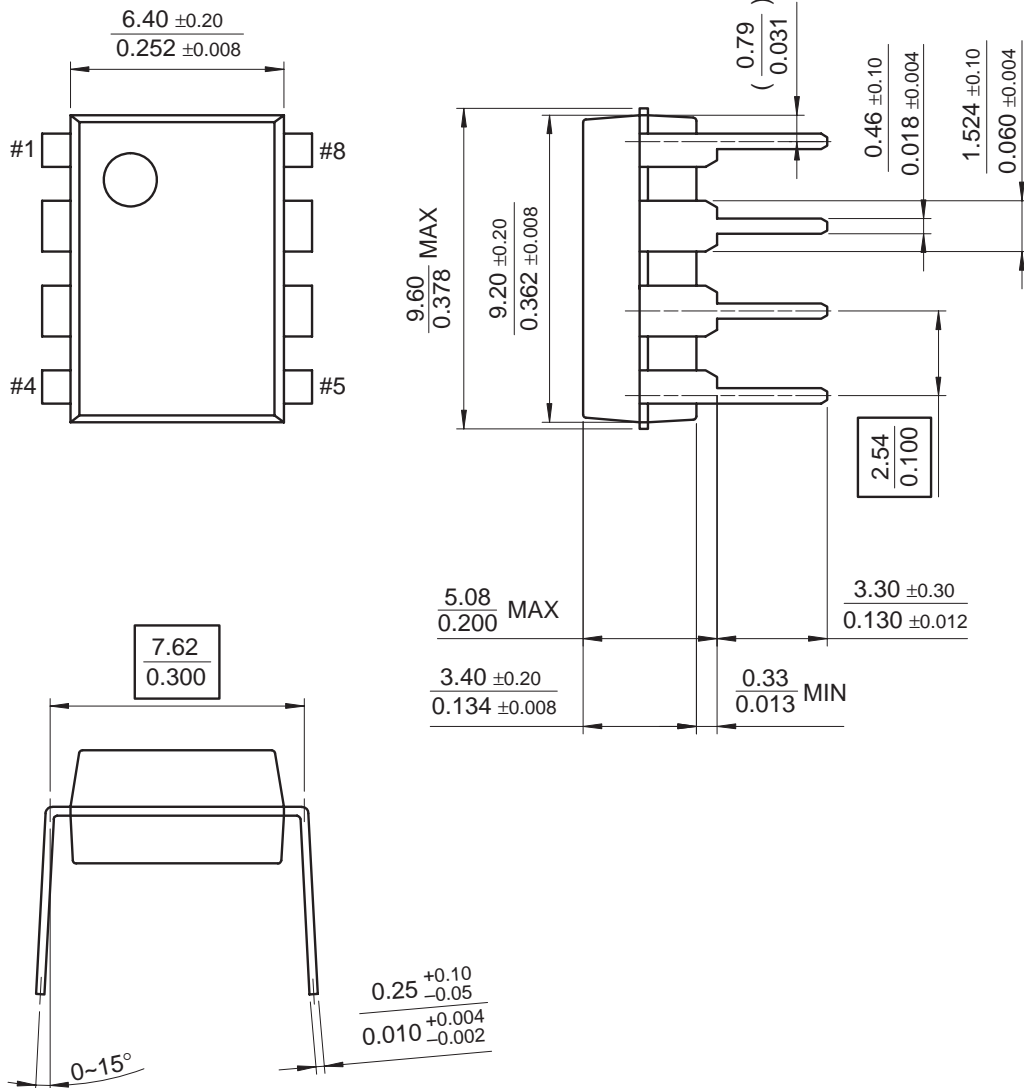


# Mechanical Dimensions

## Package

Dimensions in millimeters

### 8-DIP

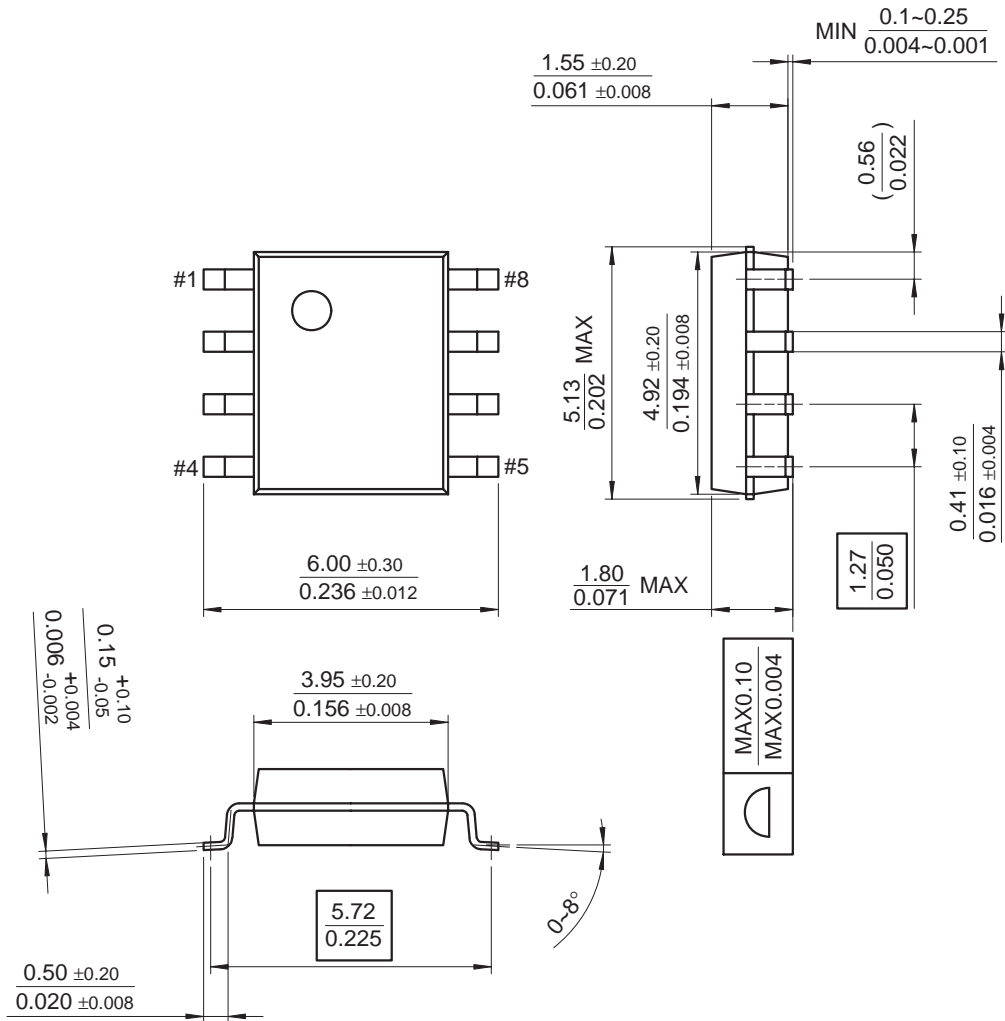


**Mechanical Dimensions** (Continued)

Package

Dimensions in millimeters

**8-SOP**

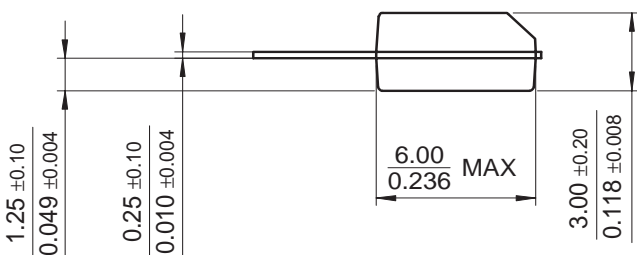
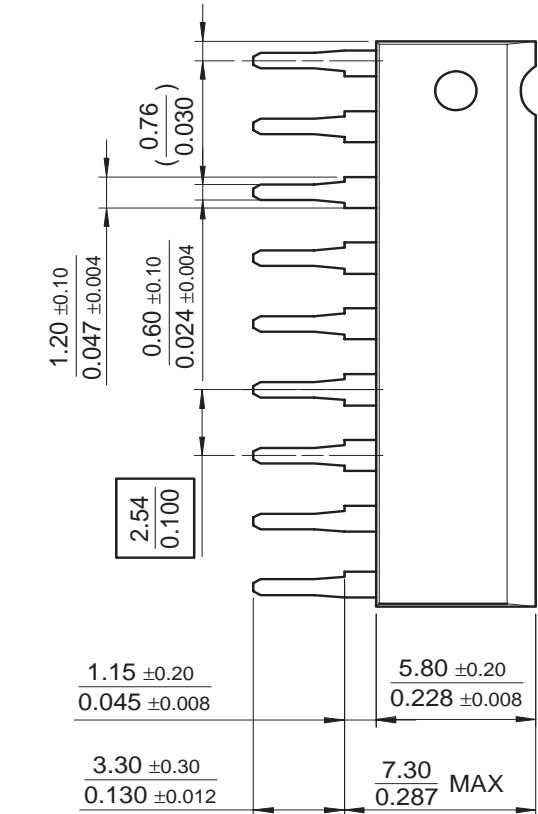
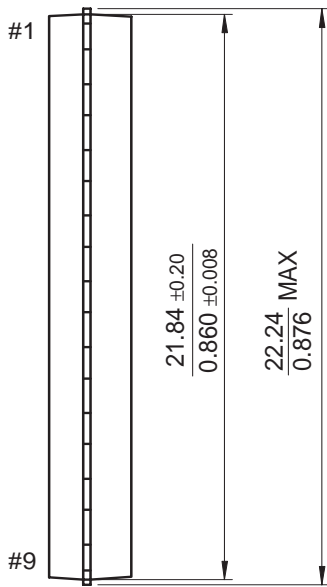


# Mechanical Dimensions (Continued)

Package

Dimensions in millimeters

## 9-SIP



## Ordering Information

Product Number	Package	Operating Temperature
KA358	8-DIP	0 ~ +70°C
KA358A		
KA358D	8-SOP	
KA358AD		
KA358S	9-SIP	
KA358AS		
KA258	8-DIP	-25 ~ +85°C
KA258A		
KA258D	8-SOP	
KA258AD		
KA2904	8-DIP	-40 ~ +85°C
KA2904D	8-SOP	

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2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.