

# Over-The-Top Micropower Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amp

#### **FEATURES**

- Rail-to-Rail Input and Output
- Micropower: 50µA I<sub>0</sub>, 44V Supply
- Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to 125°C
- Over-The-Top®: Input Common Mode Range Extends 44V Above V<sub>EE</sub>, Independent of V<sub>CC</sub>
- Low Input Offset Voltage: 225µV Max
- Specified on 3V, 5V and ±15V Supplies
- High Output Current: 18mA
- Output Shutdown
- Output Drives 10,000pF with Output Compensation
- Reverse Battery Protection to 27V
- High Voltage Gain: 2000V/mV
- High CMRR: 110dB
- 220kHz Gain-Bandwidth Product
- 8-Lead DFN, MSOP, PDIP and SO Packages

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Battery- or Solar-Powered Systems Portable Instrumentation Sensor Conditioning
- Supply Current Sensing
- Battery Monitoring
- MUX Amplifiers
- 4mA to 20mA Transmitters

### DESCRIPTION

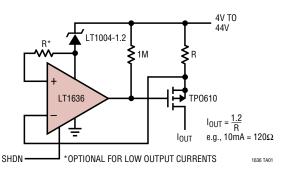
The LT®1636 op amp operates on all single and split supplies with a total voltage of 2.7V to 44V drawing less than  $50\mu\text{A}$  of quiescent current. The LT1636 can be shut down, making the output high impedance and reducing the quiescent current to  $4\mu\text{A}$ . The LT1636 has a unique input stage that operates and remains high impedance when above the positive supply. The inputs take 44V both differential and common mode, even when operating on a 3V supply. The output swings to both supplies. Unlike most micropower op amps, the LT1636 can drive heavy loads; its rail-to-rail output drives 18mA. The LT1636 is unity-gain stable into all capacitive loads up to 10,000pF when a  $0.22\mu\text{F}$  and  $150\Omega$  compensation network is used.

The LT1636 is reverse supply protected: it draws no current for reverse supply up to 27V. Built-in resistors protect the inputs for faults below the negative supply up to 22V. There is no phase reversal of the output for inputs 5V below  $V_{EE}$  or 44V above  $V_{EE}$ , independent of  $V_{CC}$ .

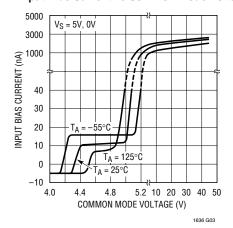
The LT1636 op amp is available in the 8-pin MSOP, PDIP and SO packages. For space limited applications the LT1636 is available in a  $3\text{mm} \times 3\text{mm} \times 0.8\text{mm}$  dual fine pitch leadless package (DFN).

## TYPICAL APPLICATION

#### Over-The-Top Current Source with Shutdown



#### Input Bias Current vs Common Mode Voltage

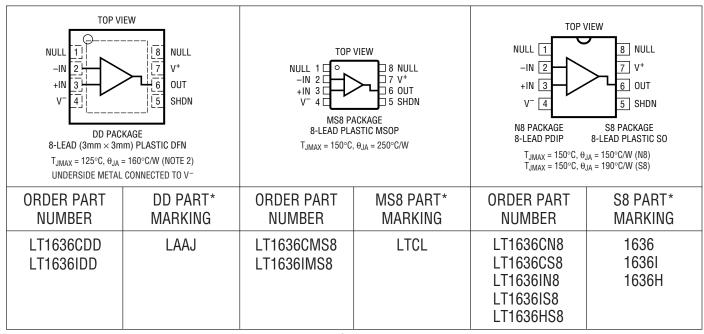


## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** (Note 1)

•	
Total Supply Voltage (V+ to V-) 44V	/
Input Differential Voltage 44V	/
Input Current±25mA	١
Shutdown Pin Voltage Above V <sup>-</sup>	/
Shutdown Pin Current ±10mA	١
Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 2) Continuous	3
Operating Temperature Range (Note 3)	
LT1636C/LT1636I40°C to 85°C	)
LT1636H –40°C to 125°C	)

Specified Temperature Range (Note 4)	
LT1636C/LT1636I	40°C to 85°C
LT1636H	-40°C to 125°C
Junction Temperature	150°C
Junction Temperature (DD Package)	125°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Storage Temperature Range	
(DD Package)	
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C

## PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



<sup>\*</sup>The temperature grades are identified by a label on the shipping container. Consult factory for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

## **3V AND 5V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}C$ .  $V_S = 3V$ , OV;  $V_S = 5V$ , OV;  $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = half supply unless otherwise specified. (Note 4)$ 

				LT1	636C/LT1	636I	
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V <sub>0S</sub>	Input Offset Voltage	N8 Package $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$ $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$	•		50	225 400 550	μV μV μV
		S8 Package $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$ $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$	•		50	225 600 750	μV μV μV
		MS8 Package $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$ $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$	•		50	225 700 1050	μV μV μV



## **3V AND 5V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}C$ .  $V_S = 3V$ , 0V;  $V_S = 5V$ , 0V;  $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = half$  supply unless otherwise specified. (Note 4)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		LT1 MIN	1636C/LT16 TYP	36I MAX	UNITS
		DD Package $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$ $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$	•		75	425 900 1050	μV μV μV
	Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 9)	N8 Package, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ S8 Package, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ MS8 Package, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ DD Package, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	•		1 2 2 2	5 8 10 10	μV/°C μV/°C μV/°C μV/°C
I <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Current	V <sub>CM</sub> = 44V (Note 5)	•		0.1	0.8 0.6	nA μA
I <sub>B</sub>	Input Bias Current	V <sub>CM</sub> = 44V (Note 5) V <sub>S</sub> = 0V	•		5 3 0.1	8 6	nA μA nA
	Input Noise Voltage	0.1Hz to 10Hz			0.7		μV <sub>P-P</sub>
e <sub>n</sub>	Input Noise Voltage Density	f = 1kHz			52		nV/√Hz
i <sub>n</sub>	Input Noise Current Density	f = 1kHz			0.035		pA/√Hz
R <sub>IN</sub>	Input Resistance	Differential Common Mode, V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V to 44V		6 7	10 15		MΩ MΩ
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance				4		pF
	Input Voltage Range		•	0		44	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio (Note 5)	$V_{CM} = 0V$ to $V_{CC} - 1V$ $V_{CM} = 0V$ to 44V (Note 8)	•	84 86	110 98		dB dB
A <sub>VOL</sub>	Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$\begin{array}{l} V_S = 3V,  V_0 = 500 mV  to  2.5V,  R_L = 10k \\ V_S = 3V,  0^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 70^{\circ}C \\ V_S = 3V,  -40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}C \end{array}$	•	200 133 100	1300		V/mV V/mV V/mV
		$V_S = 5V$ , $V_0 = 500$ mV to 4.5V, $R_L = 10$ k $V_S = 5V$ , $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$ $V_S = 5V$ , $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$	•	400 250 200	2000		V/mV V/mV V/mV
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Voltage Swing LOW	No Load I <sub>SINK</sub> = 5mA V <sub>S</sub> = 5V, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 10mA	•		2 480 860	10 875 1600	mV mV mV
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output Voltage Swing HIGH	V <sub>S</sub> = 3V, No Load V <sub>S</sub> = 3V, I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 5mA	•	2.95 2.55	2.985 2.8		V V
		$V_S = 5V$ , No Load $V_S = 5V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 10$ mA	•	4.95 4.30	4.985 4.75		V V
I <sub>SC</sub>	Short-Circuit Current (Note 2)	$V_S = 3V$ , Short to GND $V_S = 3V$ , Short to $V_{CC}$		7 20	15 42		mA mA
		$V_S = 5V$ , Short to GND $V_S = 5V$ , Short to $V_{CC}$		12 25	25 50		mA mA
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_S = 2.7V \text{ to } 12.5V, V_{CM} = V_0 = 1V$	•	90	103		dB
	Reverse Supply Voltage	$I_{S} = -100 \mu A$	•	27	40		V
Is	Supply Current	(Note 6)	•		42	55 60	μA μA
	Supply Current, SHDN	V <sub>PIN5</sub> = 2V, No Load (Note 6)	•		4	12	μΑ
I <sub>SD</sub>	Shutdown Pin Current	V <sub>PIN5</sub> = 0.3V, No Load (Note 6) V <sub>PIN5</sub> = 2V, No Load (Note 5)	•		0.5 1.1	15 5	nA μA
	Output Leakage Current, SHDN	V <sub>PIN5</sub> = 2V, No Load (Note 6)	•		0.05	1	μA
	Maximum Shutdown Pin Current	V <sub>PIN5</sub> = 32V, No Load (Note 5)	•		27	150	μА
t <sub>ON</sub>	Turn-On Time	V <sub>PIN5</sub> = 5V to 0V, R <sub>L</sub> = 10k			120		μs
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turn-Off Time	V <sub>PIN5</sub> = 0V to 5V, R <sub>L</sub> = 10k			2.5		μS



## **3V AND 5V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}C$ .  $V_S = 3V$ , 0V;  $V_S = 5V$ , 0V;  $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = half supply unless otherwise specified. (Note 4)$ 

•				LT1	636C/LT16	636I	
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
GBW	Gain Bandwidth Product (Note 5)	$ f = 1 \text{kHz} $ $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{A}} \leq 70^{\circ}\text{C} $ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{A}} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C} $	•	110 100 90	200		kHz kHz kHz
SR	Slew Rate (Note 7)	$A_V = -1$ , $R_L = \infty$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$ $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$	•	0.035 0.031 0.030	0.07		V/µs V/µs V/µs

## **±15V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}C$ .  $V_S = \pm 15V, \ V_{CM} = 0V, \ V_{OUT} = 0V, \ V_{SHDN} = V^-$  unless otherwise specified. (Note 4)

				LT	1636C/LT16	36I	
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Voltage	N8 Package $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$ $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$	•		100	450 550 700	μV μV μV
		S8 Package $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$ $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$	•		100	450 750 900	μV μV μV
		$\label{eq:ms8} \begin{split} &\text{MS8 Package} \\ &\text{0°C} \leq T_A \leq 70^{\circ}\text{C} \\ &-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C} \end{split}$	•		100	450 850 1200	μV μV μV
		DD Package $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$ $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$	•		125	650 1050 1200	μV μV μV
	Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 9)	N8 Package, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ S8 Package, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ MS8 Package, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ DD Package, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	•		1 2 2 2	4 8 10 10	μV/°C μV/°C μV/°C μV/°C
I <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Current		•		0.2	1.0	nA
I <sub>B</sub>	Input Bias Current		•		4	10	nA
	Input Noise Voltage	0.1Hz to 10Hz			1		μV <sub>P-P</sub>
e <sub>n</sub>	Input Noise Voltage Density	f = 1kHz			52		nV/√Hz
i <sub>n</sub>	Input Noise Current Density	f = 1kHz			0.035		pA/√Hz
R <sub>IN</sub>	Input Resistance	Differential Common Mode, $V_{CM} = -15V$ to 14V		5.2	13 12000		MΩ MΩ
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance				4		pF
	Input Voltage Range		•	-15		29	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = -15V \text{ to } 29V$	•	86	103		dB
A <sub>VOL</sub>	Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$V_0 = \pm 14V, R_L = 10k$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$ $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$	•	100 75 50	500		V/mV V/mV V/mV
$V_{0L}$	Output Voltage Swing LOW	No Load I <sub>SINK</sub> = 5mA I <sub>SINK</sub> = 10mA	•		-14.997 -14.500 -14.125	-14.95 -14.07 -13.35	V V V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output Voltage Swing HIGH	No Load  source = 5mA  source = 10mA	•	14.9 14.5 14.3	14.975 14.750 14.650		V V V
							1636fd



## **±15V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}C$ , otherwise specifications are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .  $V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $V_{CM} = 0V$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 0V$ ,  $V_{SHDN} = V^-$  unless otherwise specified. (Note 4)

			LT1636C/LT1636I				
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
I <sub>SC</sub>	Short-Circuit Current (Note 2)	Short to GND		±18	±30		mA
		$0^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 70^{\circ}C$	•	±15			mA
		$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{A} \le 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	•	±10			mA
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_S = \pm 1.35V \text{ to } \pm 22V$	•	90	114		dB
Is	Supply Current				50	70	μΑ
			•			85	μΑ
	Positive Supply Current, SHDN	$V_{PIN5} = -20V$ , $V_S = \pm 22V$ , No Load	•		12	30	μА
I <sub>SHDN</sub>	Shutdown Pin Current	$V_{PIN5} = -21.7V$ , $V_S = \pm 22V$ , No Load	•		0.7	15	nA
		$V_{PIN5} = -20V$ , $V_{S} = \pm 22V$ , No Load	•		1.2	8	μΑ
	Maximum Shutdown Pin Current	$V_{PIN5} = 32V, V_{S} = \pm 22V$	•		27	150	μА
	Output Leakage Current, SHDN	$V_{PIN5} = -20V$ , $V_S = \pm 22V$ , No Load	•		0.1	2	μА
GBW	Gain Bandwidth Product	f = 1kHz		125	220		kHz
		$0^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le 70^{\circ}\text{C}$	•	110			kHz
		$-40$ °C $\leq T_A \leq 85$ °C	•	100			kHz
SR	Slew Rate	$A_V = -1$ , $R_L = \infty$ , $V_0 = \pm 10V$ Measured at $\pm 5V$		0.0375	0.075		V/µs
		$0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_{A} \leq 70^{\circ}\text{C}$	•	0.033			V/µs
		$-40$ °C $\leq T_A \leq 85$ °C	•	0.030			V/µs

## **3V AND 5V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 125^{\circ}C$ .  $V_S = 3V,~0V;~V_S = 5V,~0V;~V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = half supply unless otherwise specified. (Note 4)$ 

					LT1636H		
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Voltage		•		50	325 3	μV mV
	Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 9)		•		3	10	μV/°C
I <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Current	V <sub>CM</sub> = 44V (Note 5)	•			3 1	nA μA
I <sub>B</sub>	Input Bias Current	V <sub>CM</sub> = 44V (Note 5)	•			30 10	nA μA
	Input Voltage Range		•	0.3		44	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio (Note 5)	$V_{CM} = 0.3V \text{ to } V_{CC} - 1V$ $V_{CM} = 0.3V \text{ to } 44V$	•	72 74			dB dB
A <sub>VOL</sub>	Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$V_S = 3V$ , $V_0 = 500$ mV to 2.5V, $R_L = 10$ k	•	200 20	1300		V/mV V/mV
		$V_S = 5V$ , $V_0 = 500$ mV to 4.5V, $R_L = 10$ k	•	400 35	2000		V/mV V/mV
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Voltage Swing LOW	No Load I <sub>SINK</sub> = 2.5mA	•			15 875	mV mV
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output Voltage Swing HIGH	$V_S = 3V$ , No Load $V_S = 3V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 5mA$	•	2.925 2.35			V
		$V_S = 5V$ , No Load $V_S = 5V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 10$ mA	•	4.925 4.10			V
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_S = 2.7V \text{ to } 12.5V, V_{CM} = V_0 = 1V$	•	80			dB
	Minimum Supply Voltage		•	2.7			V
		<u> </u>					1636fc



## **3V AND 5V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 125^{\circ}C$ .  $V_S = 3V$ , 0V;  $V_S = 5V$ , 0V;  $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = half$  supply unless otherwise specified. (Note 4)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	LT1636H TYP	MAX	UNITS
	Reverse Supply Voltage	$I_S = -100 \mu A$	•	25			V
Is	Supply Current	(Note 6)	•		42	55 75	μA μA
	Supply Current, SHDN	V <sub>PIN5</sub> = 2V, No Load (Note 6)	•			15	μА
I <sub>SD</sub>	Shutdown Pin Current	V <sub>PIN5</sub> = 0.3V, No Load (Note 6) V <sub>PIN5</sub> = 2V, No Load (Note 5)	•			200 7	nA μA
	Output Leakage Current, SHDN	V <sub>PIN5</sub> = 2V, No Load (Note 6)	•			5	μА
	Maximum Shutdown Pin Current	V <sub>PIN5</sub> = 32V, No Load (Note 5)	•			200	μА
GBW	Gain Bandwidth Product	f = 1kHz (Note 5)	•	110 60	200		kHz kHz
SR	Slew Rate	$A_V = -1, R_L = \infty \text{ (Note 7)}$	•	0.035 0.015	0.07		V/µs V/µs

## **±15V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 125^{\circ}C$ .  $V_S = \pm 15V, \ V_{CM} = 0V, \ V_{OUT} = 0V, \ V_{SHDN} = V^-$  unless otherwise specified. (Note 4)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	LT1636H TYP	MAX	UNITS
$\overline{V_{0S}}$	Input Offset Voltage				100	550	μV
			•			3.4	mV
	Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 9)		•		3	11	μV/°C
I <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Current		•			5	nA
I <sub>B</sub>	Input Bias Current		•			50	nA
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = -14.7V \text{ to } 29V$	•	72			dB
A <sub>VOL</sub>	Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$V_0 = \pm 14V, R_L = 10k$	•	100 4	500		V/mV V/mV
$\overline{V_0}$	Output Voltage Swing	No Load I <sub>OUT</sub> = ±2.5mA	•			±14.8 ±14.3	V
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_S = \pm 1.35 V \text{ to } \pm 22 V$	•	84			dB
	Minimum Supply Voltage		•	±1.35			V
I <sub>S</sub>	Supply Current		•		50	70 100	μA μA
	Positive Supply Current, SHDN	$V_{PIN5} = -20V, V_{S} = \pm 22V, No Load$	•			40	<u>.</u> μΑ
I <sub>SHDN</sub>	Shutdown Pin Current	$V_{PIN5} = -21.7V$ , $V_{S} = \pm 22V$ , No Load $V_{PIN5} = -20V$ , $V_{S} = \pm 22V$ , No Load	•			200 10	nA μA
	Maximum Shutdown Pin Current	$V_{PIN5} = 32V, V_{S} = \pm 22V$	•			200	μΑ
	Output Leakage Current, SHDN	$V_{PIN5} = -20V, V_{S} = \pm 22V, No Load$	•			100	μΑ
$\overline{V_L}$	Shutdown Pin Input Low Voltage	V <sub>S</sub> = ±22V	•			-21.7	V
$\overline{V_H}$	Shutdown Pin Input High Voltage	V <sub>S</sub> = ±22V	•	-20			V
GBW	Gain Bandwidth Product	f = 1kHz	•	125 75	220		kHz kHz
SR	Slew Rate	$A_V = -1$ , $R_L = \infty$ , $V_0 = \pm 10V$ Measured at $V_0 = \pm 5V$	•	0.0375 0.02	0.075		V/µs V/µs





## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Note 1:** Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

**Note 2:** A heat sink may be required to keep the junction temperature below absolute maximum. The  $\theta_{JA}$  specified for the DD package is with minimal PCB heat spreading metal. A significant reduction in  $\theta_{JA}$  can be obtained with expanded PCB metal area on all layers of a board.

**Note 3:** The LT1636C and LT1636I are guaranteed functional over the operating temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}$ C to 85°C. The LT1636H is guaranteed functional over the operating temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}$ C to 125°C.

**Note 4:** The LT1636C is guaranteed to meet specified performance from 0°C to 70°C. The LT1636C is designed, characterized and expected to meet specified performance from –40°C to 85°C but is not tested or QA

sampled at these temperatures. The LT1636I is guaranteed to meet specified performance from  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The LT1636H is guaranteed to meet specified performance from  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

**Note 5:**  $V_S = 5V$  limits are guaranteed by correlation to  $V_S = 3V$  and  $V_S = \pm 15V$  or  $V_S = \pm 22V$  tests.

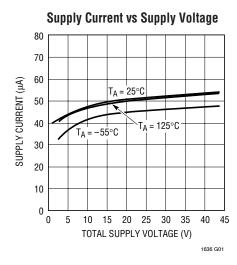
**Note 6:**  $V_S = 3V$  limits are guaranteed by correlation to  $V_S = 5V$  and  $V_S = \pm 15V$  or  $V_S = \pm 22V$  tests.

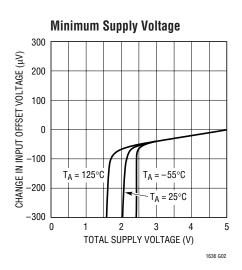
**Note 7:** Guaranteed by correlation to slew rate at  $V_S = \pm 15V$  and GBW at  $V_S = 3V$  and  $V_S = \pm 15V$  tests.

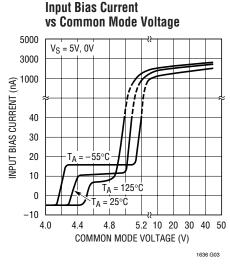
**Note 8:** This specification implies a typical input offset voltage of  $600\mu V$  at  $V_{CM}=44V$  and a maximum input offset voltage of 3mV at  $V_{CM}=44V$ .

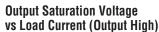
Note 9: This parameter is not 100% tested.

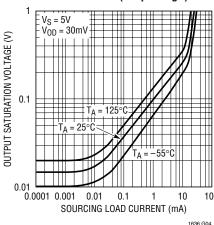
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



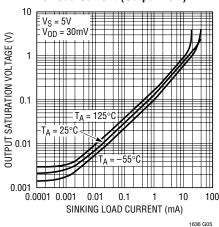




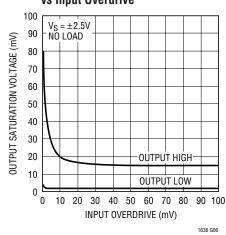






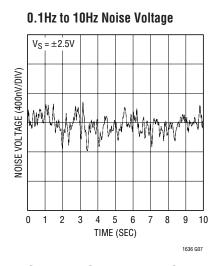


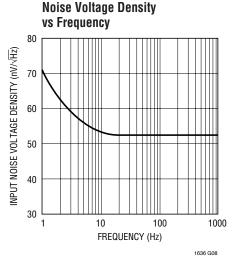
# Output Saturation Voltage vs Input Overdrive

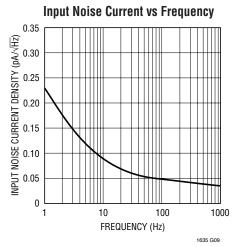


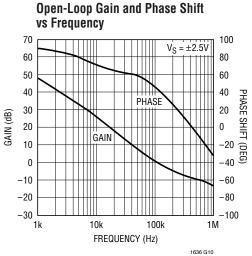


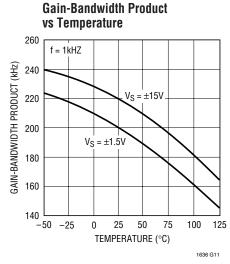
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

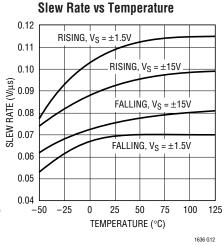


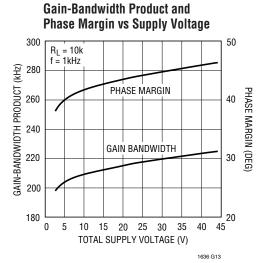


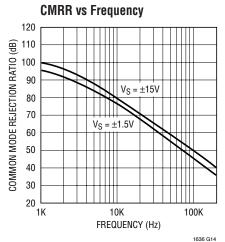


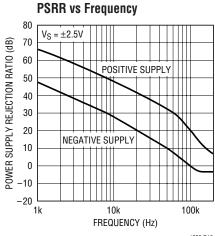








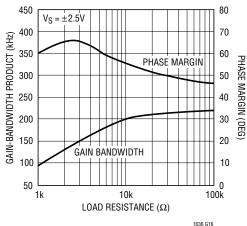




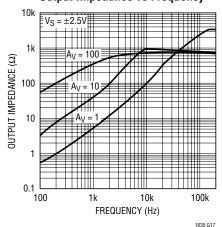


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

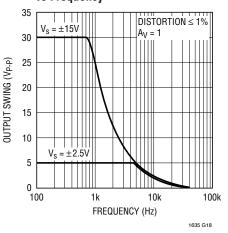




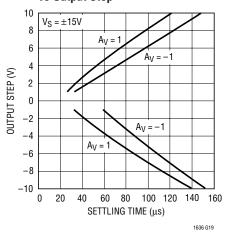
#### **Output Impedance vs Frequency**



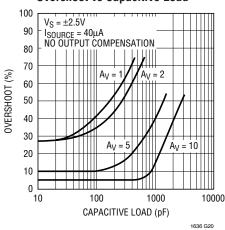
# Undistorted Output Swing vs Frequency



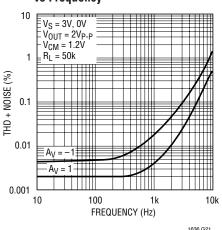
# Settling Time to 0.1% vs Output Step



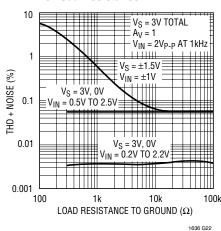
#### Capacitive Load Handling, Overshoot vs Capacitive Load



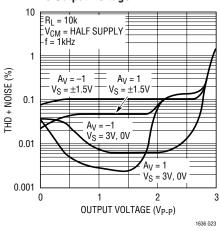
# Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise vs Frequency



# Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise vs Load Resistance

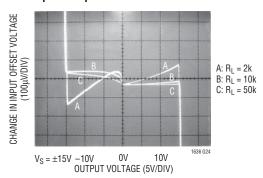


# Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise vs Output Voltage

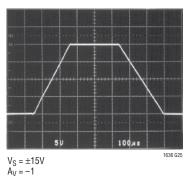


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

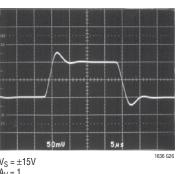
Open-Loop Gain



**Large-Signal Response** 



#### **Small-Signal Response**



### APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

#### **Supply Voltage**

The positive supply pin of the LT1636 should be bypassed with a small capacitor (about  $0.01\mu F$ ) within an inch of the pin. When driving heavy loads an additional  $4.7\mu F$  electrolytic capacitor should be used. When using split supplies, the same is true for the negative supply pin.

The LT1636 is protected against reverse battery voltages up to 27V. In the event a reverse battery condition occurs, the supply current is less than 1nA.

When operating the LT1636 on total supplies of 20V or more, the supply must not be brought up faster than 1 $\mu$ s. This is especially true if low ESR bypass capacitors are used. A series RLC circuit is formed from the supply lead inductance and the bypass capacitor.  $5\Omega$  of resistance in the supply or the bypass capacitor will dampen the tuned circuit enough to limit the rise time.

#### Inputs

The LT1636 has two input stages, NPN and PNP (see Simplified Schematic), resulting in three distinct operating regions as shown in the Input Bias Current vs Common Mode typical performance curve.

For input voltages about 0.8V or more below  $V^+$ , the PNP input stage is active and the input bias current is typically -4nA. When the input voltage is about 0.5V or less from  $V^+$ , the NPN input stage is operating and the input bias current is typically 10nA. Increases in temperature will

cause the voltage at which operation switches from the PNP stage to the NPN stage to move towards  $V^+$ . The input offset voltage of the NPN stage is untrimmed and is typically  $600\mu V$ .

A Schottky diode in the collector of each NPN transistor of the NPN input stage allows the LT1636 to operate with either or both of its inputs above V<sup>+</sup>. At about 0.3V above V<sup>+</sup> the NPN input transistor is fully saturated and the input bias current is typically  $3\mu A$  at room temperature. The input offset voltage is typically  $600\mu V$  when operating above V<sup>+</sup>. The LT1636 will operate with its input 44V above V<sup>-</sup> regardless of V<sup>+</sup>.

The inputs are protected against excursions as much as 22V below  $V^-$  by an internal 1k resistor in series with each input and a diode from the input to the negative supply. There is no output phase reversal for inputs up to 5V below  $V^-$ . There are no clamping diodes between the inputs and the maximum differential input voltage is 44V.

#### Output

The output voltage swing of the LT1636 is affected by input overdrive as shown in the typical performance curves. When monitoring voltages within 100mV of  $V^+$ , gain should be taken to keep the output from clipping.

The output of the LT1636 can be pulled up to 27V beyond  $V^+$  with less than 1nA of leakage current, provided that  $V^+$  is less than 0.5V.



### APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The normally reverse biased substrate diode from the output to  $V^-$  will cause unlimited currents to flow when the output is forced below  $V^-$ . If the current is transient and limited to 100mA, no damage will occur.

The LT1636 is internally compensated to drive at least 200pF of capacitance under any output loading conditions. A  $0.22\mu F$  capacitor in series with a  $150\Omega$  resistor between the output and ground will compensate these amplifiers for larger capacitive loads, up to 10,000pF, at all output currents.

#### Distortion

There are two main contributors of distortion in op amps: output crossover distortion as the output transitions from sourcing to sinking current and distortion caused by nonlinear common mode rejection. Of course, if the op amp is operating inverting there is no common mode induced distortion. When the LT1636 switches between input stages there is significant nonlinearity in the CMRR. Lower load resistance increases the output crossover distortion, but has no effect on the input stage transition distortion. For lowest distortion the LT1636 should be operated single supply, with the output always sourcing current and with the input voltage swing between ground and  $(V^+ - 0.8V)$ . See the Typical Performance Characteristics curves.

#### Gain

The open-loop gain is less sensitive to load resistance when the output is sourcing current. This optimizes performance in single supply applications where the load is

returned to ground. The typical performance photo of Open-Loop Gain for various loads shows the details.

#### Shutdown

The LT1636 can be shut down two ways: using the shutdown pin or bringing V+to within 0.5V of V<sup>-</sup>. When V+ is brought to within 0.5V of V<sup>-</sup> both the supply current and output leakage current drop to less than 1nA. When the shutdown pin is brought 1.2V above V<sup>-</sup>, the supply current drops to about  $4\mu\text{A}$  and the output leakage current is less than  $1\mu\text{A}$ , independent of V<sup>+</sup>. In either case the input bias current is less than 0.1nA (even if the inputs are 44V above the negative supply).

The shutdown pin can be taken up to 32V above  $V^-$ . The shutdown pin can be driven below  $V^-$ , however the pin current through the substrate diode should be limited with an external resistor to less than 10mA.

#### **Input Offset Nulling**

The input offset voltage can be nulled by placing a 10k potentiometer between Pins 1 and 8 with its wiper to V<sup>-</sup> (see Figure 1). The null range will be at least ±1mV.

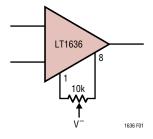
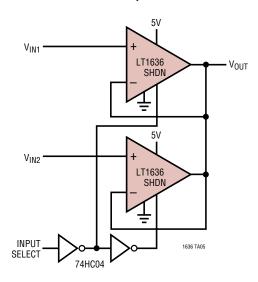


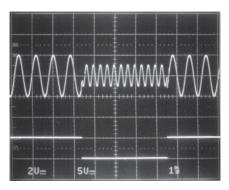
Figure 1. Input Offset Nulling

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

### **MUX Amplifier**

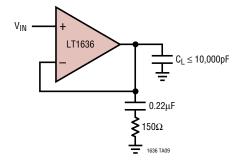


### **MUX Amplifier Waveforms**

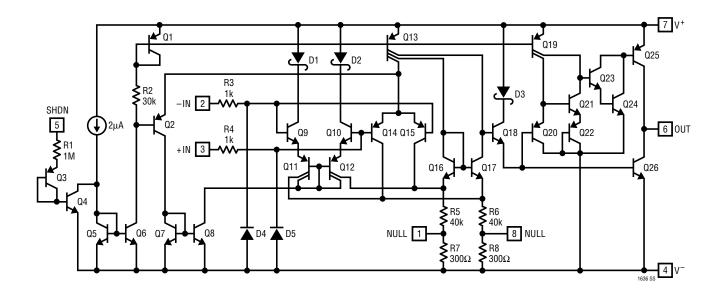


 $\rm V_S=5V$   $\rm V_{IN1}=1.2kHz$  at 4V<sub>P-P</sub>,  $\rm V_{IN2}=2.4kHz$  at 2V<sub>P-P</sub> input select = 120Hz at 5V<sub>P-P</sub>

# Optional Output Compensation for Capacitive Loads Greater Than 200pF



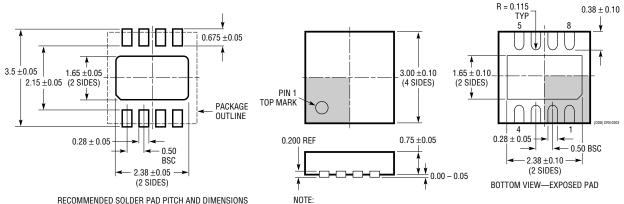
## SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC



## PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

#### **DD Package** 8-Lead Plastic DFN (3mm × 3mm)

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1698)

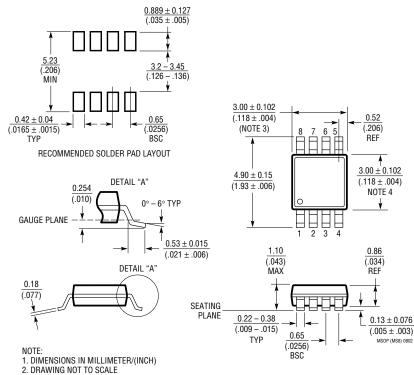


RECOMMENDED SOLDER PAD PITCH AND DIMENSIONS

- 1. DRAWING TO BE MADE A JEDEC PACKAGE OUTLINE MO-229 VARIATION OF (WEED-1)
  2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
- 3. DIMENSIONS OF EXPOSED PAD ON BOTTOM OF PACKAGE DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH, IF PRESENT, SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15mm ON ANY SIDE 4. EXPOSED PAD SHALL BE SOLDER PLATED

#### **MS8 Package** 8-Lead Plastic MSOP

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1660)



- 2. DIAWAND NOT 10 SOALE.

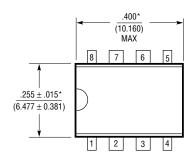
  3. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS.

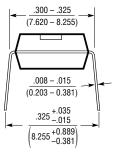
  MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE
- 4. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE
- 5. LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.102mm (.004") MAX

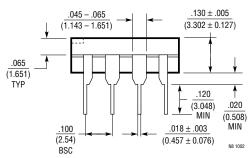
## PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

#### N8 Package 8-Lead PDIP (Narrow .300 Inch)

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1510)



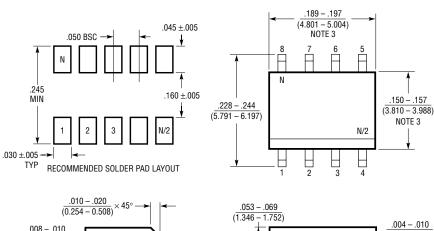


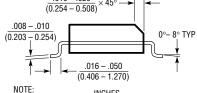


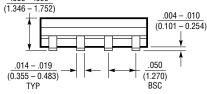
NOTE: 1. DIMENSIONS ARE  $\frac{\text{INCHES}}{\text{MILLIMETERS}}$ 

#### S8 Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow .150 Inch)

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)







NOTE:
1. DIMENSIONS IN (MILLIMETERS)
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

1636fc

S08 0502

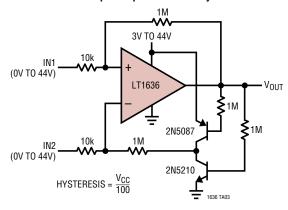


<sup>\*</sup>THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED .010 INCH (0.254mm)

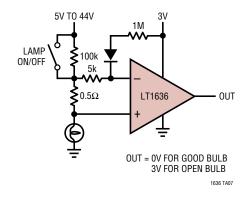
DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
 THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
 MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED .006\* (0.15mm)

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

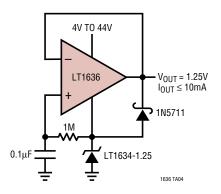
#### **Over-The-Top Comparator with Hysteresis**



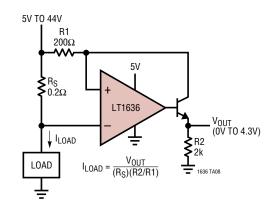
**Lamp Outage Detector** 



#### **Self-Buffered Micropower Reference**



**Over-The-Top Current Sense** 



## **RELATED PARTS**

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LT1078/LT1079 LT2078/LT2079	Dual/Quad 55μA Max, Single Supply, Precision Op Amps	Input/Output Common Mode Includes Ground, 70μV V <sub>OS(MAX)</sub> and 2.5μV/°C Drift (Max), 200kHz GBW, 0.07V/μs Slew Rate
LT1178/LT1179 LT2178/LT2179	Dual/Quad 17μA Max, Single Supply, Precison Op Amps	Input/Output Common Mode Includes Ground, 70μV V <sub>OS(MAX)</sub> and 4μV/°C Drift (Max), 85kHz GBW, 0.04V/μs Slew Rate
LT1366/LT1367	Dual/Quad Precision, Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amps	475μV V <sub>OS(MAX)</sub> , 500V/mV A <sub>VOL(MIN)</sub> , 400kHz GBW
LT1490/LT1491	Dual/Quad Over-The-Top Micropower, Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amps	Single Supply Input Range: –0.4V to 44V, Micropower 50µA per Amplifier, Rail-to-Rail Input and Output, 200kHz GBW
LT1637	Single Over-The-Top Micropower Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amp	1.1MHz, V <sub>CM</sub> Extends 44V above V <sub>EE</sub> , Independent of V <sub>CC</sub> ; MSOP Package, Shutdown Function
LT1638/LT1639	Dual/Quad 1.2MHz Over-The-Top Micropower, Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amps	0.4V/μs Slew Rate, 230μA Supply Current per Amplifier
LT1782	Micropower, Over-The-Top, SOT-23, Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amp	SOT-23, $800\mu V V_{OS(MAX)}$ , $I_S = 55\mu A$ (Max), Gain-Bandwidth = $200kHz$ , Shutdown Pin
LT1783	1.2MHz, Over-The-Top, Micropower, Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amp	SOT-23, $800\mu V V_{OS(MAX)}$ , $I_S = 300\mu A$ (Max), Gain-Bandwidth = 1.2MHz, Shutdown Pin

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