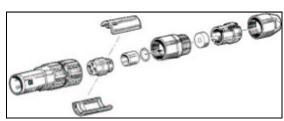
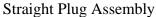
JKX PLUG ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS





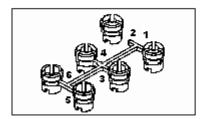


Protective Boot

1. Determine what size cable you will be using. Then select the proper collet number for that cable.

Collets selection according to cable diameter

3 or 5 collets per shell size allow a wide range of cable diameters for a single connector. Cable out diameters are for information only, since values will change with each cable construction.

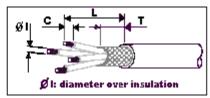


0-11-4	Cable Diameter					
Collet number	Shell size 0	Size O, option G	Shell size 1	Size 1, option G		
1	1.5 - 2.5	-	2 -2.5	-		
2	2.6 - 3.5	-	2.6 - 3.5	_		
3	3.6 - 4.5	-	3.6 - 4.5	6.1 - 6.7		
4	-	4.6 - 5.5	4.6 - 5.5	6.8 - 7.7		
5	-	5.6 - 6	5.6 - 6	7.8 - 8		

Collet number 4 in shell size 0 and collet number 6 in shellsize 1 are not used

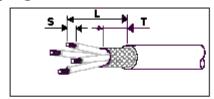
2. Strip the cable and each wire to the required strip length.

Cable stripping for connectors with crimp contacts



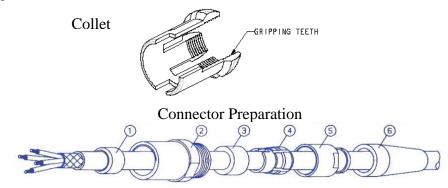
el -II -i	G	α.	Str	ipping for FD/	PC
Shell size	Ø Contacts	Ø1	L	С	Т
0	0.7	≤1.35 >1.35	15	4 5.5	7
"	0.9	≤1.6 >1.6	15	4 5.5	7
	0.7	≤1.35 >1.35	17	4 5.5	8
1	0.9	\$1.6 >1.6	17	4 5.5	8
	1.3	≤2.1 >2.1	17	4 5.5	8

Cable stripping for connectors with solder contacts



61 -11 -:	ell size Ø Contacts			
Shell size	& Contacts	L	S	Т
	0.5	11	2	7
0	0.7	12	3	7
	0.9	12	3	7
	0.5	13	2	8
	0.7	14	3	8
'	0.9	14	3	8
	1.3	14	3.5	8

3. When assembling a plug with a protective boot, prep the cable by taking the protective boot (#6) and sliding it with the small inside diameter first onto the cable. Then slide the small diameter end of the back nut (#5) onto the cable. Next, take the collet (#4) and slide the end with the gripping teeth (See below) first onto the cable. Then take a cable gland (#3) and slide it onto the cable. Once the cable gland is in place take an outer shell (#2) and slide it onto the cable with the outside threads going onto the cable first. Then take the flat end of a taper seat (#1) and slide that onto the cable so that the chamfer side is pointing outward.



- 4. Attach removable contacts to wires:
 - a. If using crimped contacts, crimp the contacts onto the ends of the exposed wires using the proper crimping tool set on the correct AWG wire size After the contact has been crimped to the wire, check each contact to insure that the contact is securely crimped to the wire.

Crimping Tool





	MIL P/N - SOURIAU P/N	Supplier P/N
Contacts 0.7 mm - 0.9 mm and 1.3 mm	MIL-22520/7-01	Daniels : MH860 Buchanan : 616 336
pecifications MIL-C-22520	/ 1.01	32.1119.000 12 (54) 22 (35) Egym _a (56) Ladwy
pecifications MIL-C-22520	/ 1.01 MIL P/N - SOURIAU P/N	Supplier P/N

Rev 1 – April 14, 2004

Locator Pin and Socket .07-.09 mm and 1.3 mm contacts



				Male contact		SERVICE S		
Shell size	0 contacts	AWG	SOURIAU P/N	DANIELS P/N	ASTRO P/N	SOURIAU P/N	DANIELS P/N	ASTRO P/N
0	0.7	22 - 24 - 26	JBX 0 OUT LP07	86 - 223	1	JBX 0 OUT LS07	86 - 224	1
U	0.9	20 - 22 - 24	JBX 0 OUT LP09	86 - 225	1	JBX 0 OUT LS09	86 - 226	1
	0.7	22 - 24 - 26	JBX 1 OUT LP07	86 - 196	642 - 001	JBX 1 OUT LS07	86 - 197	642 - 004
1	0.9	20 - 22 - 24	JBX 1 OUT LP09	86 - 198	642 - 002	JBX 1 OUT LS09	86 - 199	642 - 005
	1.3	18 - 20 - 22	JBX 1 OUT LP13	86 - 200	642 - 003	JBX 1 OUT LS13	86 - 201	642 - 006
	0.7	22 - 24 - 26	JBX 2 OUT LP07	86 - 202	642 - 007	JBX 2 OUT LS07	86 - 203	642 - 010
2	0.9	20 - 22 - 24	JBX 2 OUT LP09	86 - 204	642 - 008	JBX 2 OUT LS09	86 - 205	642 - 011
	1.3	18 - 20 - 22	JBX 2 OUT LP13	86 - 206	642 - 009	JBX 2 OUT LS13	86 - 207	642 - 012
nd en april 2 e	0.7	22 - 24 - 26	JBX 3 OUT LP07	86 - 217	642 - 014	JBX 3 OUT LS07	86 - 214	642 - 017
3	0.9	20 - 22 - 24	JBX 3 OUT LP09	86 - 218	642 - 015	JBX 3 OUT LS09	86 - 215	642 - 018
	1.3	18 - 20 - 22	JBX 3 OUT LP13	86 - 219	642 - 016	JBX 3 OUT LS13	86 - 216	642 - 019

Turret with locator for pin and socket 1.6 mm and 2 mm contacts

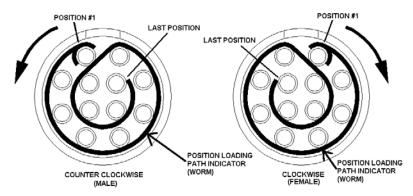


			Male	and female con	tacts
Shell size	Ø contacts	AWG	SOURIAU P/N	DANIELS P/N	ASTRO P/N
2	1.6	14 - 16 - 18	JBX 2 OUT LT16	TH 564	650 - 030
2	2	12 - 14 - 16	JBX 2 OUT LT20	TH 565	650 - 031
2	1.6	14 - 16 - 18	JBX 3 OUT LT16	TH 566	650 - 038
3	2	12 - 14 - 16	JBX 3 OUT LT20	TH 567	650 - 035

b. If using soldered contacts, prep each wire with flux and then tin dip each exposed wire end. Next pre-load a piece of heat shrink onto the wire (Individual heat shrink tubes are optional). Solder each wire to the solder cup end of the contact. To avoid shorts, make sure that no solder comes in contact with any other contact or wire on the connector. After the contact has been soldered to the wire, check each contact to insure that the contact is securely soldered to the wire. Slide the pre-loaded heat shrink over the solder joint and shrink into place. Do not overheat the solder joint area as it can cause the solder to re-flow or it could burn the wire insulation.

5. If inserting removable contacts:

a. Starting with the interface end of the contact, carefully insert each contact into the backside of the insulator that has the position loading path indicator (worm) on it. Start with the end of the position loading path indicator (worm) that has the half circle on it (Position #1). Then follow the position loading path indicator (worm) around the insulator. You will go counter clockwise if using a male contact and clockwise if using a female contact (see diagram below for the position loading path indicator (worm) layout). If the connector has center contacts, it is sometimes easier to start at the end of the position loading path indicator (worm) (last position) and work backwards. This is up to the assembler and the process they are using to insert the contacts. Make sure not to bend the contact when inserting it into the insulator. It is extremely important that the contact is completely seated in to the insulator. For the connector to function properly, the contact should click/snap into place when seated. To confirm the seating of the contact, check each contact for proper seating.



6. Removal of Contacts:

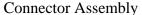
a. Using the proper extraction tool insert the tool over the front of the contact and push contact out. Failure to use the proper extraction tool can result in damage to

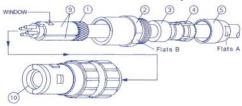




Shell size	Ø Contacts	SOURIAU Part number	ASTRO Part number
0	0.7	JBX OUT DC 07	ATJP 2045
U	0.9	JBX OUT DC 09	ATJP 2057
	0.7	JBX OUT DC 07	ATJP2045
1	0.9	JBX OUT DC 09	ATJP 2057
	1.3	JBX OUT DC 13	ATJP 2077
	0.7	JBX OUT DC 07	ATJP 2045
	0.9	JBX OUT DC 09	ATJP 2057
2	1.3	JBX OUT DC 13	ATJP 2077
	1.6	JBX OUT DC 16	ATJP 2095
	2.0	JBX OUT DC 20	ATJP 2115
	0.7	JBX OUT DC 07	ATJP 2045
	0.9	JBX OUT DC 09	ATJP 2057
3	1.3	JBX OUT DC 13	ATJP 2077
	1.6	JBX OUT DC 16	ATJP 2095
	2.0	JBX OUT DC 20	ATJP 2115

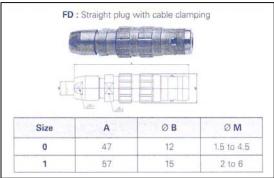
7. Take the keyed half bushing (#9) and place it over the insulator so that the window is lined up with the key on the insulator and the key on the half bushing is pointing to the interface end of the insulator (interface end of connector). Then take the half bushing without the window (#9) and place on the opposite side of the insulator so that both half bushings are aligned with each other.





- 8. Take the contact assembly that is mounted on the cable and using the red dot as a reference, align the slot on the inside of the connector (#10) with the keys on the end of the half bushings (you may need to spin the assembly slightly). Insure that the keys are seated properly by turning the insulator and contact assembly. If the assembly does not turn, then the keys are correctly aligned. If the assembly does turn, then you must withdraw the assembly & realign the keys.
- 9. Then push the preloaded taper seat (if a shielded cable is being used, comb out the shielding and fold back over the taperseat) and outer shell into the connector housing and thread the outer shell into the housing until it is hand tight and you can feel the o-ring being compressed.

10. Once the outer shell is installed onto the connector housing, apply thread lock to thread area. Then slide the cable glade (#3) collet (#4) and back nut (#5) up until you can manually start the back nut threads onto the threaded end of the connector housing. Tighten the back nut up as far as you can by hand, then take the appropriate wrenches and place the wrenches onto the "A" & "B" flats located on the connector housing. Do not over torque back nut as it can cause connector failure. (See torque requirements listed below)



Coupling Torques

	Advise	d torque* in Nn	1		Tools (jaw dimensions)		14 x 1	1	6 x 1
Size	0	(option G)	1	1 (option G)	Size	0	(option G)	1	1 (option G
B	1.6	1	1.8	1	CS		17		19
CS1	1.5	2	2	2.5	<u> </u>	8	10		13
£32	0.8	0.8	1	1	€2	10	11	12	14

11. If the connector requires a protective boot, slide the boot over the lip on the back nut.

Trouble shooting

	11 duble shotting	5
Problem:	Cause:	Correction:
Contact will not seat in	Wrong wire or insulation size, wrong	Use correct wire, adjust strip length, strip
connector, contact	strip length, poor crimping, broken	and re-crimp with new contact, replace
backing out.	clips, damaged insulator, removed	insulator, using wrong crimp tool, replace
	contact without proper removal tool,	contact.
	bad crimp.	
Bent solder contact	Bent in handling, bent in soldering	Replace with new insert and/or contacts.
	operation, connector assembled	
	incorrectly.	
	Pins and insulator were inserted into	
	electrical test while unprotected by	
	shell	
Connector will not	Not using flats on latching sleeve and	Release back nut and re-torque,
release from mating	back nut to torque connector,	disassemble and reassemble, replace
part or operate	improper assembly of the connector,	connector.
correctly	over mold material inside connector.	
Over tightened the	Connector will not release from	Loosen back nut and retighten.
back nut.	mating part or operate correctly,	
	damage connector.	
Collet will not grip	Loose cable in connector.	Check correct collet size is being used.
cable.		
Connector will not	Incorrect alignment of key in	Disassemble connector and reassemble
assemble.	connector, half bushings, connector	connector-aligning keys, relocate braid in
	housing, insulator, collet, braid in key	collet.
	slots in collet.	
Contact stubbing after	Bent contact and damaged contact,	Re-align contact, replace insert with
mating.	connector-assembled incorrectly.	contacts.
Electrical failure.	Improper crimping, wrong wire strip	Remove contact with correct removal
	length, wire loading incorrect	tool, reinstall new contact, and verify
	location, poor solder joint.	strip length.
Leakage of seals	Over torque of nut	Disassemble connector and inspect seals.