



# Aluminum electrolytic capacitors

Axial-lead and soldering star capacitors

**Series/Type:** B41692, B41792

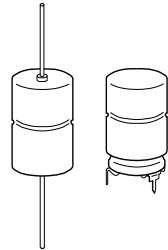
**Date:** November 2008

### Applications

- Compact design for automotive applications up to 140 °C

### Features

- Up to 150 °C operating temperature at reduced voltage applied
- Long useful life, 2000 h at up to 140 °C
- Very high ripple current capability
- Compact design
- High vibration resistance
- Shelf life up to 15 years at storage temperatures up to 40 °C.  
To ensure solderability, the capacitors should be built into the application within one year of delivery. After a total of two years' storage, the operating voltage must be applied for one hour to ensure the specified leakage current.



### Construction

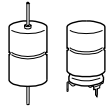
- Charge/discharge-proof, polar
- Aluminum case with insulating sleeve
- Negative pole connected to case

### Terminals

- Axial leads, welded to ensure perfect electrical contact
- Also available with soldering stars

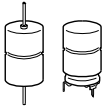
### Taping and packing

- Axial-lead capacitors will be delivered in pallet package.  
Capacitors with  $d \times l \leq 16 \times 30$  mm are also available taped on reel.
- Soldering star capacitors are packed in cardboard.


**Specifications and characteristics in brief**

Rated voltage $V_R$	25 ... 63 V DC						
Surge voltage $V_S$	$1.15 \cdot V_R$						
Rated capacitance $C_R$	220 ... 6800 $\mu\text{F}$						
Capacitance tolerance	$-10/+30\% \triangleq Q$						
Leakage current $I_{\text{leak}}$ (5 min, 20 °C)	$I_{\text{leak}} \leq 0.006 \mu\text{A} \cdot \left( \frac{C_R}{\mu\text{F}} \cdot \frac{V_R}{V} \right) + 4 \mu\text{A}$						
Self-inductance ESL <sup>1)</sup>	Diameter d (mm)	12	14	16	18	20/21	
	Terminals	Length l (mm)					Approx. ESL (nH)
	axial	25	–	22	26	–	–
		29	–	–	–	–	38
		30	21	24	29	34	–
		39	–	–	33	38	45
		49	–	–	–	–	50
	soldering star	25	–	6	7	–	–
		30	6	7	8	10	–
39		–	–	9	11	–	
Useful life 150 °C; $V_{\text{op}}$ ; $0.5 \cdot I_{\text{AC,R}}^{(1)}$ 140 °C; $V_R$ ; $0.6 \cdot I_{\text{AC,R}}$ 125 °C; $V_R$ ; $I_{\text{AC,R}}$ 85 °C; $V_R$ ; $I_{\text{AC,max}}$ 40 °C; $V_R$ ; $2 \cdot I_{\text{AC,R}}$ <sup>1)</sup> $V_{\text{op}}$ : see useful life graph	> 2000 h > 2000 h > 5000 h > 15000 h > 500000 h					Requirements: $\Delta C/C \leq \pm 30\%$ of initial value ESR $\leq 3$ times initial specified limit $I_{\text{leak}} \leq$ initial specified limit	
	Voltage endurance test 125 °C; $V_R$	2000 h					Post test requirements: $\Delta C/C \leq \pm 10\%$ of initial value ESR $\leq 1.3\%$ initial specified limit $I_{\text{leak}} \leq$ initial specified limit
Vibration resistance test	To IEC 60068-2-6, test Fc: Displacement amplitude 1.5 mm, at 10 Hz ... 2 kHz, acceleration max. 20 g, duration $3 \times 2$ h. Capacitor mounted by its wire leads at a distance of $(6 \pm 1)$ mm from the case and additionally clamped by the case.						
IEC climatic category	To IEC 60068-1: 55/125/56 (–55 °C/+125 °C/56 days damp heat test)						
Detail specification	Similar to CECC 30301-802						
Sectional specification	IEC 60384-4						

1) If optimum circuit design is used, the values are lower by 30%.

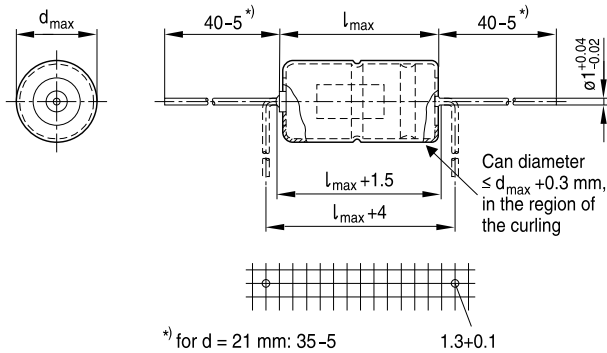


**B41692, B41792**

**Long useful life, compact – up to 140 °C**

## Axial-lead capacitors

### Dimensional drawing



KAL0524-S-E

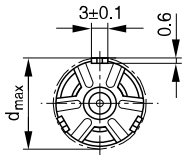
### Dimensions, weights and packing units

$d \times l$ mm	$d_{\max} \times l_{\max}$ mm	Approx. weight g	Packing units (pcs.)	
			Pallet	Reel
12 × 30	12.5 × 30.5	5.1	288	450
14 × 25	14.5 × 25.5	5.7	200	350
14 × 30	14.5 × 30.5	6.8	200	350
16 × 30	16.5 × 30.5	8.9	180	250
16 × 39	16.5 × 40	11.7	180	—
18 × 30	18.5 × 30.5	11.1	160	—
18 × 39	18.5 × 40	14.7	160	—
20 × 29	20.5 × 29.5	13.5	140	—
21 × 39	21.5 × 40	20.0	140	—
21 × 49	21.5 × 50	25.0	110	—

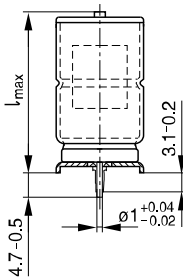
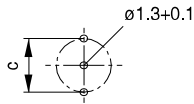


## Soldering star capacitors

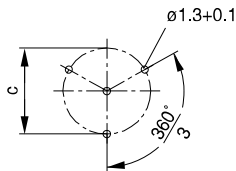
### Dimensional drawing



Mounting holes  
d = 12 mm ... 14 mm



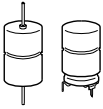
Mounting holes  
d = 16 mm ... 18 mm



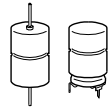
KAL0666-9

### Dimensions, weights and packing units

d × l mm	d <sub>max</sub> × l <sub>max</sub> mm	c ±0.1 mm	Approx. weight g	Packing units pcs.
12 × 30	13.5 × 32	12.5	5.4	480
14 × 25	15.5 × 27	14.5	6.1	480
14 × 30	15.5 × 32	14.5	7.2	480
16 × 30	17.5 × 32	16.5	9.4	300
16 × 39	17.5 × 41.5	16.5	12.2	200
18 × 30	19.5 × 32	18.5	11.8	300
18 × 39	19.5 × 41.5	18.5	15.4	200

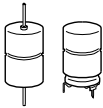

**B41692, B41792**
**Long useful life, compact – up to 140 °C**
**Overview of available types**

$V_R$ (V DC)	25	40	63
	Case dimensions $d \times l$ (mm)		
$C_R$ ( $\mu\text{F}$ )			
220			12 × 30
330			14 × 30
470		12 × 30	16 × 30
680	12 × 30	14 × 30	16 × 39 18 × 30
1000	14 × 25	16 × 30	18 × 39
1100			20 × 29
1500	14 × 30	16 × 39 18 × 30	
1800			21 × 39
2200	16 × 39 18 × 30	18 × 39 20 × 29	21 × 49
3300	18 × 39 20 × 29	21 × 39	
4400		21 × 49	
5000	21 × 39		
6800	21 × 49		


**Case dimensions and ordering codes**

$V_R$	$C_R$	Case dimensions $d \times l$ mm	Ordering code Axial pallet	Ordering code Axial reel	Ordering code Soldering star
V DC	100 Hz 20 °C				
	$\mu F$				
	25	680	B41692A5687Q007	B41692A5687Q009	B41792A5687Q000
		1000	B41692A5108Q007	B41692A5108Q009	B41792A5108Q000
		1500	B41692A5158Q007	B41692A5158Q009	B41792A5158Q000
		2200	B41692A5228Q007		B41792A5228Q000
		2200 ▽	B41692B5228Q007		B41792B5228Q000
		3300	B41692A5338Q007		B41792A5338Q000
	3300 ▽	B41692B5338Q007			
	5000	B41692A5508Q007			
	6800	B41692A5688Q007			
40	470	B41692A7477Q007	B41692A7477Q009	B41792A7477Q000	
	680	B41692A7687Q007	B41692A7687Q009	B41792A7687Q000	
	1000	B41692A7108Q007	B41692A7108Q009	B41792A7108Q000	
	1500	B41692A7158Q007		B41792A7158Q000	
	1500 ▽	B41692B7158Q007		B41792B7158Q000	
	2200	B41692A7228Q007		B41792A7228Q000	
	2200 ▽	B41692B7228Q007			
	3300	B41692A7338Q007			
	4400	B41692A7448Q007			
	63	220	B41692A8227Q007	B41692A8227Q009	B41792A8227Q000
330		B41692A8337Q007	B41692A8337Q009	B41792A8337Q000	
470		B41692A8477Q007	B41692A8477Q009	B41792A8477Q000	
680		B41692A8687Q007		B41792A8687Q000	
680 ▽		B41692B8687Q007		B41792B8687Q000	
1000		B41692A8108Q007		B41792A8108Q000	
1100		B41692A8118Q007			
1800		B41692A8188Q007			
2200		B41692A8228Q007			

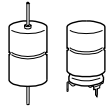
▽ Variant with different case dimensions


**B41692, B41792**
**Long useful life, compact – up to 140 °C**
**Technical data**

$C_R$	$ESR_{typ}$	$ESR_{max}$	$ESR_{max}$	$ESR_{max}$	$Z_{max}$	$I_{AC,max}$	$I_{AC,max}$	$I_{AC,max}$	$I_{AC,R}$	$I_{AC,max}$
100 Hz	100 Hz	100 Hz	100 Hz	10 kHz	100 kHz	10 kHz	10 kHz	10 kHz	10 kHz	10 kHz
20 °C	20 °C	20 °C	-40 °C	20 °C	20 °C	85 °C	105 °C	125 °C	125 °C	140 °C
$\mu F$	$m\Omega$	$m\Omega$	$m\Omega$	$m\Omega$	$m\Omega$	A	A	A	A	A
<b><math>V_R = 25 V DC</math></b>										
680	150	250	1600	165	155	4.5	3.8	2.85	1.95	1.25
1000	100	170	1200	120	112	4.8	4.1	3.1	2.1	1.4
1500	70	120	800	82	77	6.2	5.3	4.0	2.75	1.8
2200	50	82	550	55	50	9.2	7.9	5.9	4.05	2.6
2200 ▽	48	79	550	52	48	9.1	7.8	5.8	4.0	2.6
3300	32	53	360	35	33	12.7	10.8	8.1	5.5	3.6
3300 ▽	33	55	360	38	36	10.6	9.1	6.8	4.6	3.0
5000	22	37	240	27	27	15.0	12.9	9.6	6.6	4.3
6800	17	28	180	20	20	19.0	16.3	12.1	8.3	5.4
<b><math>V_R = 40 V DC</math></b>										
470	145	240	1400	135	128	4.9	4.2	3.1	2.15	1.4
680	105	170	1000	95	90	6.0	5.1	3.8	2.6	1.7
1000	73	120	660	70	67	6.9	5.9	4.4	3.0	2.0
1500	49	80	450	50	48	9.6	8.2	6.1	4.2	2.7
1500 ▽	46	77	450	45	43	9.7	8.3	6.1	4.2	2.7
2200	32	53	300	30	29	13.3	11.4	8.5	5.8	3.8
2200 ▽	34	55	300	33	32	10.9	9.3	6.9	4.8	3.1
3300	23	39	200	23	23	15.4	13.1	9.8	6.7	4.4
4400	18	30	160	18	18	19.4	16.6	12.3	8.5	5.5
<b><math>V_R = 63 V DC</math></b>										
220	210	350	1600	145	138	4.7	4.0	3.0	2.05	1.35
330	140	240	1100	100	95	5.9	5.0	3.7	2.55	1.7
470	105	170	750	75	72	6.8	5.8	4.3	3.0	2.0
680	71	120	500	55	53	9.4	8.0	6.0	4.1	2.7
680 ▽	69	114	500	50	48	9.4	8.0	6.0	4.1	2.7
1000	50	78	350	35	34	13.0	11.1	8.2	5.7	3.7
1100	48	75	330	36	35	10.9	9.3	6.9	4.8	3.1
1800	30	47	220	23	23	15.5	13.2	9.8	6.7	4.4
2200	25	38	175	19	19	19.3	16.5	12.3	8.5	5.5

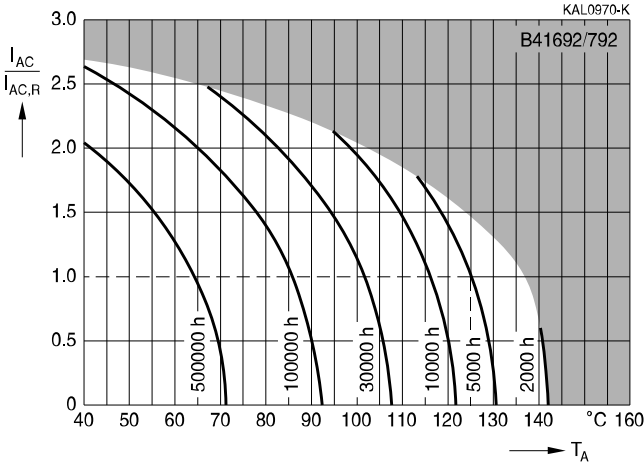
▽ Variant with different case dimensions





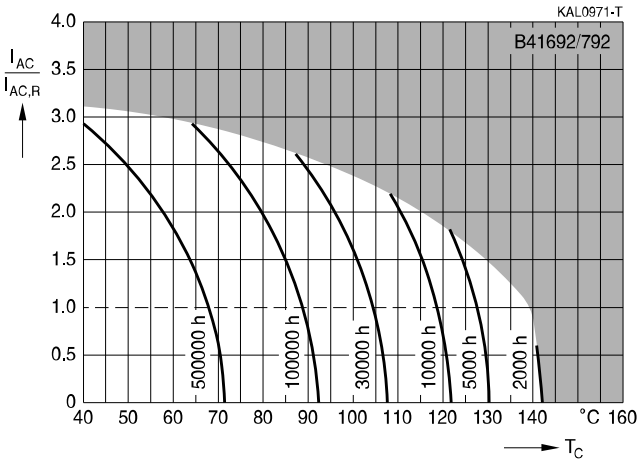
### Useful life

depending on ambient temperature  $T_A$  under ripple current operating conditions at  $V_R^{1)}$

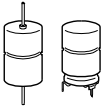


### Useful life

depending on case temperature  $T_C$  under ripple current operating conditions at  $V_R^{1)}$



1) Refer to chapter "General technical information, 5.3 Calculation of useful life" for an explanation on how to interpret the useful life graphs.



**B41692, B41792**

**Long useful life, compact – up to 140 °C**

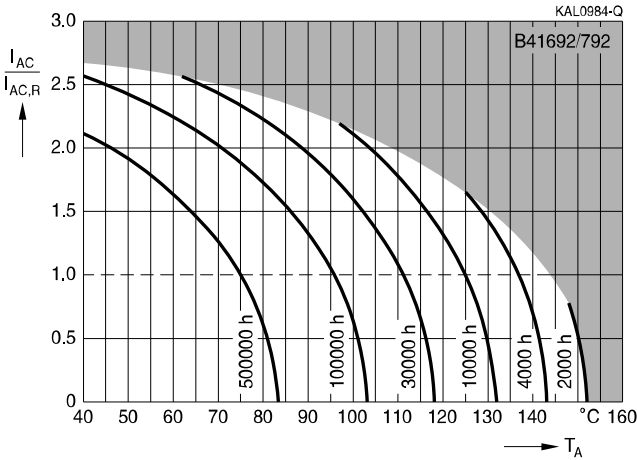
### Useful life

depending on ambient temperature  $T_A$  under ripple current operating conditions at  $V_{op}^{(2)}$

$V_R = 25 \text{ V}; V_{op} \leq 20 \text{ V};$

$V_R = 40 \text{ V}; V_{op} \leq 35 \text{ V};$

$V_R = 63 \text{ V}; V_{op} \leq 55 \text{ V}$



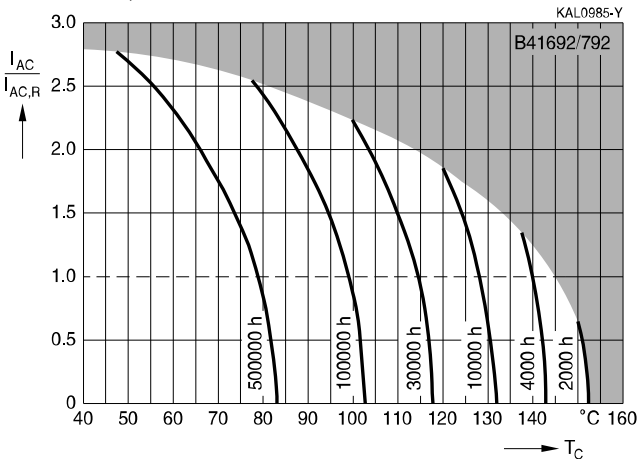
### Useful life

depending on case temperature  $T_C$  under ripple current operating conditions at  $V_{op}^{(2)}$

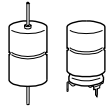
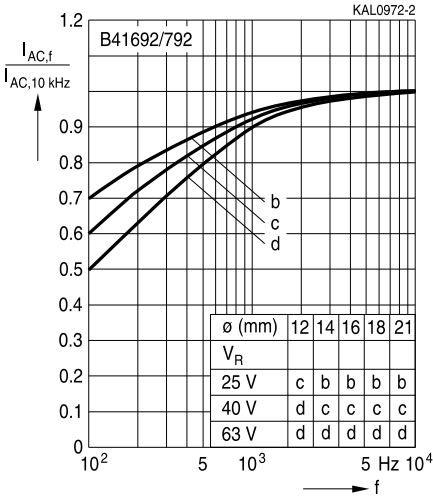
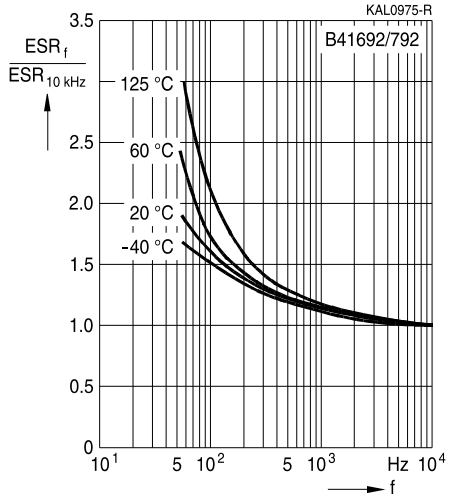
$V_R = 25 \text{ V}; V_{op} \leq 20 \text{ V};$

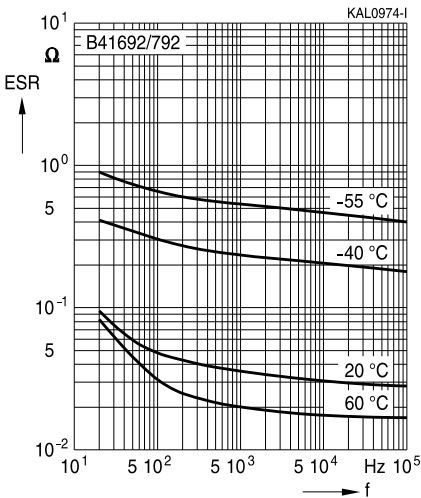
$V_R = 40 \text{ V}; V_{op} \leq 35 \text{ V};$

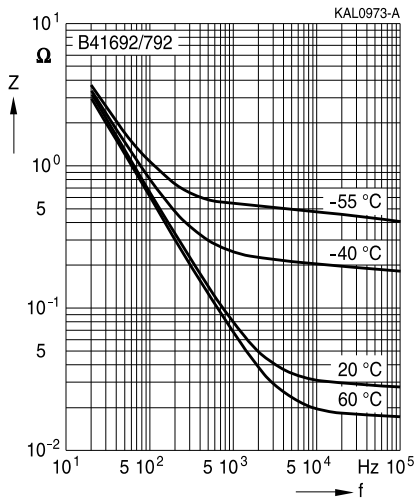
$V_R = 63 \text{ V}; V_{op} \leq 55 \text{ V}$

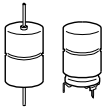


2) Refer to chapter "General technical information, 5.3 Calculation of useful life" for an explanation on how to interpret the useful life graphs.


**Frequency factor of permissible ripple current  $I_{AC}$  versus frequency  $f$** 

**Frequency characteristics of ESR  
Typical behavior**

**Equivalent series resistance ESR  
versus frequency  $f$** 

 Typical behavior for 2200  $\mu$ F/25 V

**Impedance  $Z$   
versus frequency  $f$** 

 Typical behavior for 2200  $\mu$ F/25 V


**B41692, B41792****Long useful life, compact – up to 140 °C**

## Cautions and warnings

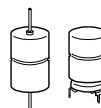
### Personal safety

The electrolytes used by EPCOS have not only been optimized with a view to the intended application, but also with regard to health and environmental compatibility. They do not contain any solvents that are detrimental to health, e.g. dimethyl formamide (DMF) or dimethyl acetamide (DMAC).

Furthermore, part of the high-voltage electrolytes used by EPCOS are self-extinguishing. They contain flame-retarding substances which will quickly extinguish any flame that may have been ignited.

As far as possible, EPCOS does not use any dangerous chemicals or compounds to produce operating electrolytes. However, in exceptional cases, such materials must be used in order to achieve specific physical and electrical properties because no safe substitute materials are currently known. However, the amount of dangerous materials used in our products has been limited to an absolute minimum. Nevertheless, the following rules should be observed when handling Al electrolytic capacitors:

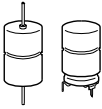
- Any escaping electrolyte should not come into contact with eyes or skin.
- If electrolyte does come into contact with the skin, wash the affected parts immediately with running water. If the eyes are affected, rinse them for 10 minutes with plenty of water. If symptoms persist, seek medical treatment.
- Avoid breathing in electrolyte vapor or mists. Workplaces and other affected areas should be well ventilated. Clothing that has been contaminated by electrolyte must be changed and rinsed in water.



## Product safety

The table below summarize the safety instructions that must be observed without fail. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of chapter "General technical information".

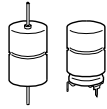
Topic	Safety information	Reference Chapter "General technical information"
Polarity	Make sure that polar capacitors are connected with the right polarity.	1 "Basic construction of aluminum electrolytic capacitors"
Reverse voltage	Voltages polarity classes should be prevented by connecting a diode.	3.1.6 "Reverse voltage"
Upper category temperature	Do not exceed the upper category temperatur.	7.2 "Maximum permissible operating temperature"
Maintenance	Make periodic inspections of the capacitors. Before the inspection, make sure that the power supply is turned off and carefully discharge the electricity of the capacitors. Do not apply any mechanical stress to the capacitor terminals.	10 "Maintenance"
Mounting position of screw terminal capacitors	Do not mount the capacitor with the terminals (safety vent) upside down.	11.1 "Mounting positions of capacitors with screw terminals"
Mounting of single-ended capacitors	The internal structure of single-ended capacitors might be damaged if excessive force is applied to the lead wires. Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress. Do not move the capacitor after soldering to PC board. Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered capacitor. Do not insert the capacitor on the PC board with a hole space different to the lead space specified.	11.4 "Mounting considerations for single-ended capacitors"
Robustness of terminals	The following maximum tightening torques must not be exceeded when connecting screw terminals: M5: 2 Nm M6: 2.5 Nm	11.3 "Mounting torques"
Soldering	Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.	11.5 "Soldering"



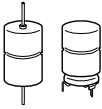
**B41692, B41792**

**Long useful life, compact – up to 140 °C**

Topic	Safety information	Reference Chapter "General technical information"
Soldering, cleaning agents	Do not allow halogenated hydrocarbons to come into contact with aluminum electrolytic capacitors.	11.6 "Cleaning agents"
Passive flammability	Avoid external energy, such as fire or electricity.	8.1 "Passive flammability"
Active flammability	Avoid overload of the capacitors.	8.2 "Active flammability"
		Reference Chapter "Capacitors with screw terminals"
Breakdown strength of insulating sleeves	Do not damage the insulating sleeve, especially when ring clips are used for mounting.	"Screw terminals - accessories"


**Symbols and terms**

Symbol	English	German
C	Capacitance	Kapazität
$C_R$	Rated capacitance	Nennkapazität
$C_S$	Series capacitance	Serienkapazität
$C_{S,T}$	Series capacitance at temperature T	Serienkapazität bei Temperatur T
$C_f$	Capacitance at frequency f	Kapazität bei Frequenz f
d	Case diameter, nominal dimension	Gehäusedurchmesser, Nennmaß
$d_{max}$	Maximum case diameter	Maximaler Gehäusedurchmesser
ESL	Self-inductance	Eigeninduktivität
ESR	Equivalent series resistance	Ersatzserienwiderstand
$ESR_f$	Equivalent series resistance at frequency f	Ersatzserienwiderstand bei Frequenz f
$ESR_T$	Equivalent series resistance at temperature T	Ersatzserienwiderstand bei Temperatur T
f	Frequency	Frequenz
I	Current	Strom
$I_{AC}$	Alternating current (ripple current)	Wechselstrom
$I_{AC,rms}$	Root-mean-square value of alternating current	Wechselstrom, Effektivwert
$I_{AC,f}$	Ripple current at frequency f	Wechselstrom bei Frequenz f
$I_{AC,max}$	Maximum permissible ripple current	Maximal zulässiger Wechselstrom
$I_{AC,R}$	Rated ripple current	Nennwechselstrom
$I_{AC,R} (B)$	Rated ripple current for base cooling	Nennwechselstromstrom für Bodenkühlung
$I_{leak}$	Leakage current	Ableitstrom
$I_{leak,op}$	Operating leakage current	Ableitstrom bei Betrieb
l	Case length, nominal dimension	Gehäuselänge, Nennmaß
$l_{max}$	Maximum case length (without terminals and mounting stud)	Maximale Gehäuselänge (ohne Anschlüsse und Gewindebolzen)
R	Resistance	Widerstand
$R_{ins}$	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
$R_{symm}$	Balancing resistance	Symmetrierwiderstand
T	Temperature	Temperatur
$\Delta T$	Temperature difference	Temperaturdifferenz
$T_A$	Ambient temperature	Umgebungstemperatur
$T_C$	Case temperature	Gehäusetemperatur
$T_B$	Capacitor base temperature	Temperatur des Becherbodens
t	Time	Zeit
$\Delta t$	Period	Zeitraum
$t_b$	Service life (operating hours)	Brauchbarkeitsdauer (Betriebszeit)


**B41692, B41792**
**Long useful life, compact – up to 140 °C**

Symbol	English	German
V	Voltage	Spannung
V <sub>F</sub>	Forming voltage	Formierspannung
V <sub>op</sub>	Operating voltage	Betriebsspannung
V <sub>R</sub>	Rated voltage, DC voltage	Nennspannung, Gleichspannung
V <sub>S</sub>	Surge voltage	Spitzenspannung
X <sub>C</sub>	Capacitive reactance	Kapazitiver Blindwiderstand
X <sub>L</sub>	Inductive reactance	Induktiver Blindwiderstand
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
Z <sub>T</sub>	Impedance at temperature T	Scheinwiderstand bei Temperatur T
tan δ	Dissipation factor	Verlustfaktor
λ	Failure rate	Ausfallrate
ε <sub>0</sub>	Absolute permittivity	Elektrische Feldkonstante
ε <sub>r</sub>	Relative permittivity	Dielektrizitätszahl
ω	Angular velocity; $2 \cdot \pi \cdot f$	Kreisfrequenz; $2 \cdot \pi \cdot f$

### Notes

All dimensions are given in mm.



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