## MOS FET Relays

## G3VM-201H1

Slim, 2.1-mm High, MOS FET Relay with Miniature, Flat, 6-pin SOP Package
-6-pin SOP package in the 200-V load voltage series.

- Continuous load current of 200 mA .
- Dielectric strength of $1,500 \mathrm{Vrms}$ between I/O.
- RoHS Compliant.



## Application Examples

- Broadband systems
- Measurement devices
- Data loggers

Note: The actual product is marked differently from the image shown

- Amusement machines


## List of Models

| Contact form | Terminals | Load voltage (peak value) | Model | Number per stick | Number per tape |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| SPST-NO | Surface-mounting <br> terminals | 200 VAC | G3VM-201H1 | 75 | --- |
|  |  |  | --- | 2,500 |  |

## Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
G3VM-201H1


Note: The actual product is marked differently from the image shown here.


Weight: 0.13 g

## - Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections (Top View)

G3VM-201H1


## Actual Mounting Pad Dimensions (Recommended Value, Top View)

 G3VM-201H1

Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Item |  |  | Symbol | Rating | Unit | Measurement conditions | Note: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input | LED forward current |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | 50 | mA |  |  | 1. The dielectri output was tween all pin all pins as a <br> Connection D <br> Connection <br> A | between the input and |
|  | Repetitive peak LED forward current |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{FP}}$ | 1 | A | $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ pulses, 100 pps |  |  | ked by applying voltage bea group on the LED side and on the light-receiving side. |
|  | LED forward current reduction rate |  | $\Delta \mathrm{IF}_{\mathrm{F}} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -0.5 | $\mathrm{mA} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{a}} \geq 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | m |
|  | LED reverse voltage |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | 5 | V |  |  |  | $4{ }_{5}^{1} 66-$ Load |
|  | Connection temperature |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}$ | 125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  | $25{ }^{2} \quad{ }^{\mathrm{AC}} \mathrm{DC} \Theta$ |
| Output | Load voltage (AC peak/DC) |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OFF }}$ | 200 | V |  |  |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{ll} 3 & 4 \end{array}\right]$ |
|  | Continuous load current | Connection A | Io | 200 | mA |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Connection B |  | 200 |  |  |  |  | 6 Load |
|  |  | Connection C |  | 400 |  |  |  | Connection |  |
|  | ON current reduction rate | Connection A | $\triangle \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{ON}} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -2.0 | $\mathrm{mA} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{a}} \geq 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $\begin{cases}3 & 4\end{cases}$ |
|  |  | Connection B |  | -2.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Connection C |  | -4.0 |  |  |  |  | $16 \cdot-\text { Load }$ |
|  | Connection temperature |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}$ | 125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | Connection | $\square^{2} \quad 5 D^{D C}=$ |
| Dielectric strength between input and output (See note 1.) |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {- }}$ | 1,500 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {rms }}$ | AC for 1 min |  |  | $\begin{cases}4 & 4 \\ 4\end{cases}$ |

Electrical Characteristics ( $\mathbf{T a}=\mathbf{2 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Item |  |  | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit | Measurement conditions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input | LED forward voltage |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | 1.0 | 1.15 | 1.3 | V | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=10 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
|  | Reverse current |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | --- | --- | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | Capacity between terminals |  | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {T }}$ | --- | 30 | --- | pF | $\mathrm{V}=0, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
|  | Trigger LED forward current |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{FT}}$ | --- | 1 | 3 | mA | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=200 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Output | Maximum resistance with output ON | Connection A | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {ON }}$ | --- | 5 | 8 | $\Omega$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=200 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | Connection B |  | --- | 3 | 5 | $\Omega$ | $\begin{aligned} & I_{F}=5 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & I_{O}=200 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | Connection C |  | --- | 1.5 | --- | $\Omega$ | $\begin{aligned} & I_{F}=5 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & I_{O}=400 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Current leakage when the relay is open |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {LEAK }}$ | --- | 0.00035 | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OFF }}=200 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | Capacity between terminals A Connection |  | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {OFF }}$ | --- | 100 | --- | pF | $\mathrm{V}=0, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| Capacity between I/O terminals |  |  | $\mathrm{C}_{1-\mathrm{O}}$ | --- | 0.8 | --- | pF | $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Insulation resistance |  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{1-\mathrm{O}}$ | 1,000 | --- | --- | $\mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{1-\mathrm{O}}=500 \mathrm{VDC}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{oH}} \leq 60 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| Turn-ON time |  |  | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | --- | 0.6 | 1.5 | ms | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=200 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=20 \mathrm{~V} \text { (See note 2.) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Turn-OFF time |  |  | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {OFF }}$ | --- | 0.1 | 1.0 | ms |  |

Note: 2. Turn-ON and Turn-OFF Times


## Recommended Operating Conditions

Use the G3VM under the following conditions so that the Relay will operate properly.

| Item | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Load voltage (AC peak/DC) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | --- | --- | 160 | V |
| Operating LED forward current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | 5 | 7.5 | 25 | mA |
| Continuous load current (AC peak/DC) | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | --- | --- | 130 | mA |
| Operating temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | -20 | --- | 60 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## ■ Engineering Data

LED forward current vs.
Ambient temperature
IF - Ta


Ambient temperature $\mathrm{Ta}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

Continuous load current vs.
On-state voltage


Turn ON, Turn OFF time vs. LED forward current
ton, toff - IF


Continuous load current vs.
Ambient temperature
Io - Ta


On-state resistance vs.
Ambient temperature
Ron - Ta


Turn ON, Turn OFF time vs. Ambient temperature
ton, toff - Ta


LED forward current vs. LED forward voltage


Trigger LED forward current vs. Ambient temperature


Current leakage vs.
Ambient temperature
I LEAK - Ta


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## ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

## OmROn

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