

PR29MF1xNSZ Series PR39MF1xNSZ Series PR49MF11NSZ Series

*Zero cross type is also available. (PR29MF2xNSZ Series/PR39MF2xNSZ Series)

I_T(rms)≤0.9A, Non-Zero Cross type DIP 8pin Triac output SSR



■ Description

PR29MF1xNSZ Series, PR39MF1xNSZ Series and PR49MF11NSZ Series Solid State Relays (SSR) are an integration of an infrared emitting diode (IRED), a Phototriac Detector and a main output Triac. These devices are ideally suited for controlling high voltage AC loads with solid state reliability while providing 4.0kV isolation (V_{iso}(rms)) from input to output.

■ Features

- 1. Output current, I_T(rms)≤0.9A
- 2. Non-zero crossing functionary
- 3. 8 pin DIP package (SMT gullwing also available)
- 4. High repetitive peak off-state voltage

(V_{DRM}: 800V, PR49MF11NSZ Series)

(V_{DRM}: 600V, PR39MF1xNSZ Series)

 $(V_{DRM}: 400V, PR29MF1xNSZ Series)$

- 5. I_{FT} ranks available (see Model Line-up in this datasheet)
- 6. Superior noise immunity

 $(dV/dt: MIN. 100V/\mu s, PR29MF1xNSZ Series and PR39MF1xNSZ Series)$

 $(dV/dt : MIN. 50V/\mu s, PR49MF11NSZ Series)$

- 7. Response time, ton: MAX. 100μs
- 8. Lead-free terminal components are also available (see Model Line-up section in this datasheet)
- High isolation voltage between input and output (V_{iso}(rms): 4.0kV)

■ Agency approvals/Compliance

- Recognized by UL508 (except for PR49MF11NSZ Series), file No. E94758 (as model No. R29MF1/ R39MF1)
- Approved by CSA 22.2 No.14 (except for PR49MF11NSZ Series), file No. LR63705 (as model No. R29MF1/R39MF1)
- Optionary available VDE approved (*)(DIN EN 60747-5-2), file No.40008898 (only for PR39MF1xNSZ Series as model No. R39MF1)
- 4. Package resin: UL flammability grade (94V-0)
 - (*) DIN EN60747-5-2: successor standard of DIN VDE0884. Up to Date code "RD" (December 2003), approval of DIN VDE0884.

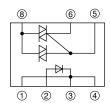
From Date code "S1" (January 2004), approval of DIN EN60747-5-2.

■ Applications

- 1. Isolated interface between high voltage AC devices and lower voltage DC control circuitry.
- 2. Switching motors, fans, heaters, solenoids, and valves.
- 3. Phase or power control in applications such as lighting and temperature control equipment.



■ Internal Connection Diagram

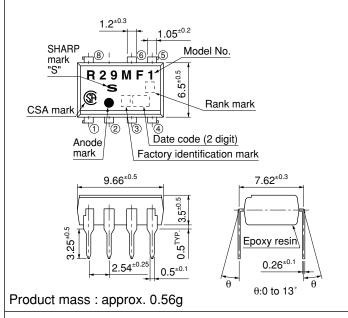


- ① Cathode ⑤ Gate
- 3 Cathode8 Output (T₂)4 Cathode

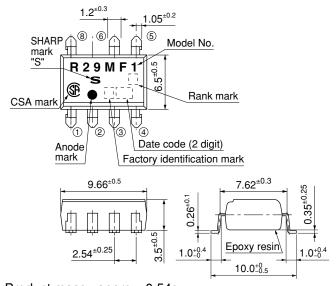
■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit: mm)

1. Through-Hole [ex. **PR29MF11NSZF**]

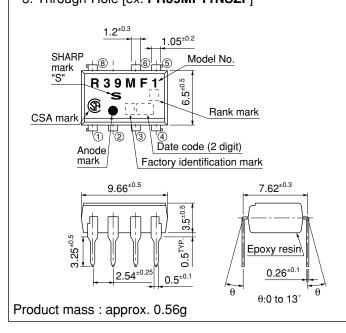


2. SMT Gullwing Lead-Form [ex. PR29MF11NIPF]

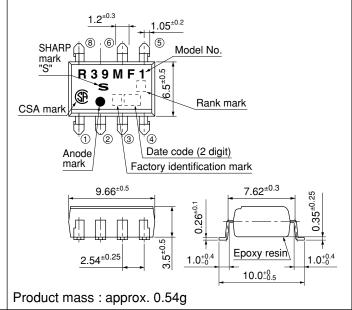


Product mass : approx. 0.54g

3. Through-Hole [ex. PR39MF11NSZF]



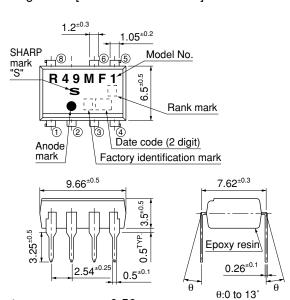
4. SMT Gullwing Lead-Form [ex. PR39MF11NIPF]

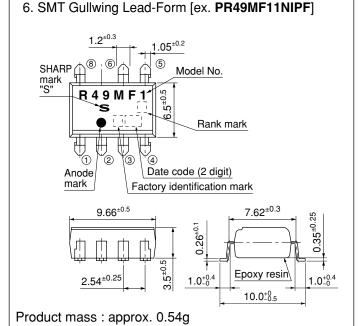




■ Outline Dimensions

5. Through-Hole [ex. PR49MF11NSZF]

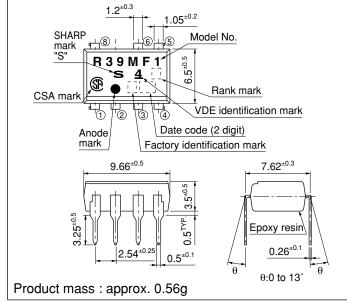


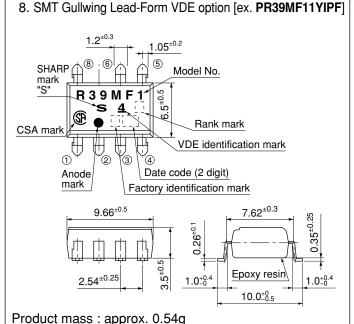


(Unit: mm)

7. Through-Hole VDE option [ex. PR39MF11YSZF]

Product mass: approx. 0.56g







Date code (2 digit)

	1st	digit		2nd digit		
	Year of p	roduction		Month of production		
A.D.	Mark	A.D	Mark	Month	Mark	
1990	A	2002	P	January	1	
1991	В	2003	R	February	2	
1992	С	2004	S	March	3	
1993	D	2005	T	April	4	
1994	Е	2006	U	May	5	
1995	F	2007	V	June	6	
1996	Н	2008	W	July	7	
1997	J	2009	X	August	8	
1998	K	2010	A	September	9	
1999	L	2011	В	October	0	
2000	M	2012	С	November	N	
2001	N	:	:	December	D	

repeats in a 20 year cycle

Factory identification mark

Factory identification Mark	Country of origin		
no mark	Ionon		
	Japan Japan		

^{*} This factory marking is for identification purpose only.

Please contact the local SHARP sales representative to see the actural status of the production.

Rank mark

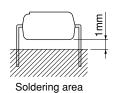
Please refer to the Model Line-up table.



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $(T_a=25^{\circ}C)$

J (1 _a -25 C								
	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit				
T4	Forward current		I _F 50 *3		mA			
Input	Reverse voltage		V_R	6	V			
	RMS ON-state cu	irrent	I _T (rms)	0.9 *3	A			
	Peak one cycle su	irge current	I _{surge}	9 *4	A			
Output	Repetitive	PR29MF1xNSZ		400				
	peak OFF-state	PR39MF1xNSZ	V_{DRM}	600	V			
	voltage	PR49MF11NSZ		800				
*1 Isolatic	n voltage	V _{iso} (rms)	4.0	kV				
Operati	ing temperature	Topr	-25 to +85	°C				
Storage	temperature	T_{stg}	-40 to +125	°C				
*2Solderi	ng temperature		T _{sol}	270 *5	°C			



■ Electro-optical Characteristics

 $(T_a=25^{\circ}C)$

	Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
	Forward voltage		V_F	I _F =20mA	-	1.2	1.4	V
Input	Reverse current		I_R	$V_R=3V$	_	_	10	μΑ
	Repetitive peak OFF-s	tate current	I_{DRM}	$V_D = V_{DRM}$	_	_	100	μΑ
	ON-state voltage		V_{T}	$I_T=0.9A$	_	_	3.0	V
		PR29MF1xNSZ			_	_	25	
Output	Holding current	PR39MF1xNSZ	I_H	$V_D=6V$	_	_	23	mA
		PR49MF11NSZ	1		-	_	50	
	Critical rate of rise of OFF-state voltage	PR29MF1xNSZ	dV/dt		100	_	_	V/µs
		PR39MF1xNSZ		$V_D=1/\sqrt{2} \cdot V_{DRM}$		_	_	
		PR49MF11NSZ			50	_	_	
	Minimum tri agan ayan	Rank 1		$V_D=6V, R_L=100\Omega$	-	_	10	mA
Transfer charac-	Minimum trigger current Rank 2		- Ift		-	_	5	IIIA
	Isolation resistance		R _{ISO}	DC500V,40 to 60%RH	5×10 ¹⁰	10^{11}	_	Ω
teristics	Turn-on time	Rank 1		$I_F=20mA, V_D=6V, R_L=100\Omega$		-	100	μs
	Rank 2		t _{on}	$I_F=10mA, V_D=6V, R_L=100\Omega$	_		100	

^{*1 40} to 60%RH, AC for 1minute, f=60Hz

^{*2} For 10s

^{*3} Refer to Fig.1, Fig.2

*4 f=50Hz sine wave

*5 Lead solder plating models : 260°C



■ Model Line-up (1) (Lead-free terminal components)

Lead Form	Through-Hole		SMT Gullwing					
		eve	Taping		***		I _{FT} [mA]	
Shipping Package	50pcs/	/sleeve	1 000p	ocs/reel	V_{DRM}	Rank mark	$(V_D=6V,$	
DIN					[V]		$R_L=100\Omega$)	
EN60747-5-2		Approved	Approved					
	PR49MF11NSZF		PR49MF11NIPF		800	1	MAX.10	
Model No.	PR39MF11NSZF	PR39MF11YSZF	PR39MF11NIPF	PR39MF11YIPF	(00	1	MAX.10	
	PR39MF12NSZF	PR39MF12YSZF	PR39MF12NIPF	PR39MF12YIPF	600	2	MAX.5	
	PR29MF11NSZF		PR29MF11NIPF		400	1	MAX.10	
	PR29MF12NSZF		PR29MF12NIPF		400	2	MAX.5	

■ Model Line-up (2) (Lead solder plating components)

Lead Form	Through-Hole		SMT Gullwing					
CI. , D 1	Sleeve		Taping		V _{DRM}	Rank mark	$I_{FT}[mA]$ ($V_D=6V$,	
Shipping Package	50pcs/sleeve		1 000pcs/reel					
DIN EN60747-5-2		Approved	—— Approved		[V]		$R_L=100\Omega$)	
	PR49MF11NSZ				800	1	MAX.10	
Model No.	PR39MF11NSZ	PR39MF11YSZ			600	1	MAX.10	
	PR39MF12NSZ	PR39MF12YSZ			600	2	MAX.5	
	PR29MF11NSZ				400	1	MAX.10	
	PR29MF12NSZ				400	2	MAX.5	

Please contact a local SHARP sales representative to see the actual status of the production.



Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

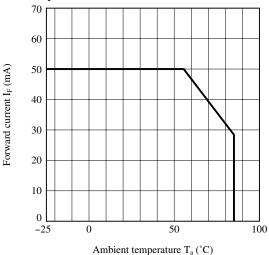


Fig.3-a Forward Current vs.
Forward Voltage (Rank 1)

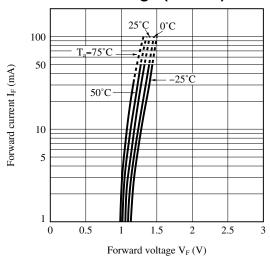


Fig.4-a Minimum Trigger Current vs.

Ambient Temperature (Rank 1)

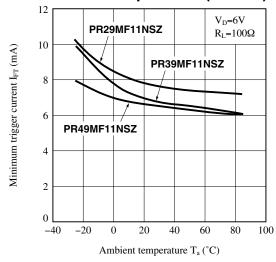


Fig.2 RMS ON-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature

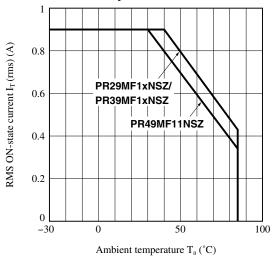


Fig.3-b Forward Current vs.
Forward Voltage (Rank 2)

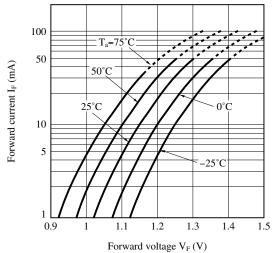


Fig.4-b Minimum Trigger Current vs.

Ambient Temperature (Rank 2)

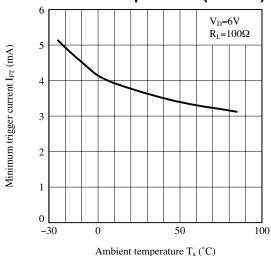




Fig.5 ON-state Voltage vs.
Ambient Temperature

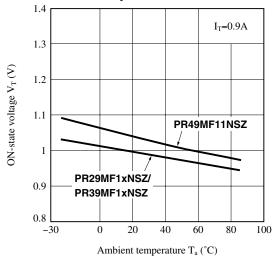


Fig.7 ON-state Current vs. ON-state Voltage

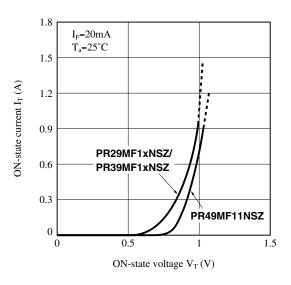


Fig.8-b Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current (Rank 2)

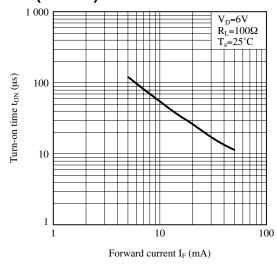


Fig.6 Relative Holding Current vs.
Ambient Temperature

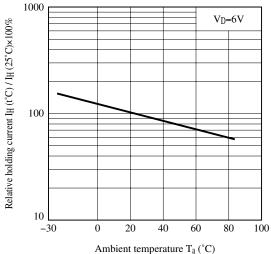
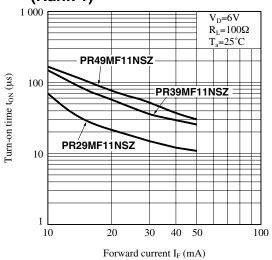


Fig.8-a Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current (Rank 1)



Remarks: Please be aware that all data in the graph are just for reference.



■ Design Considerations

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter				Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
	Input signal curre	ent	Rank 1	I (ON)	_	20	25	mA
Input	at ON state		Rank 2	$I_F(ON)$		10	15	
	Input signal curre	ent at OFF	F state	I _F (OFF)	_	0	0.1	mA
	Lood aupply	PR29MF	1xNSZ		_	_	120	V
	Load supply voltage	PR39MF	1xNSZ	V _{OUT} (rms)			240	
		PR49MF	11NSZ				300	
Output		PR29MF	PR29MF1xNSZ		T t			
	Load supply current	PR39MF	1xNSZ	Iout(rms)	Locate snubber circuit between output terminals (Cs=0.022 μ F, Rs=47 Ω)	-	I _T (rms)×80%(*)	mA
		PR49MF	11NSZ			100		
	Frequency			f	-	50	60	Hz
Operati	Operating temperature		T_{opr}	-	-20	80	°C	

^(*) See Fig.2 about derating curve (I_T(rms) vs. ambient temperature).

Design guide

In order for the SSR to turn off, the triggering current (I_F) must be 0.1mA or less.

In phase control applications or where the SSR is being by a pulse signal, please ensure that the pulse width is a minimum of 1ms.

When the input current (I_F) is below 0.1mA, the output Triac will be in the open circuit mode. However, if the voltage across the Triac, V_D , increases faster than rated dV/dt, the Triac may turn on. To avoid this situation, please incorporate a snubber circuit. Due to the many different types of load that can be driven, we can merely recommend some circuit values to start with : $C_S=0.022\mu F$ and $R_S=47\Omega$. The operation of the SSR and snubber circuit should be tested and if unintentional switching occurs, please adjust the snubber circuit component values accordingly.

When making the transition from On to Off state, a snubber circuit should be used ensure that sudden drops in current are not accompanied by large instantaneous changes in voltage across the Triac.

This fast change in voltage is brought about by the phase difference between current and voltage.

Primarily, this is experienced in driving loads which are inductive such as motors and solenods.

Following the procedure outlined above should provide sufficient results.

Any snubber or Varistor used for the above mentioned scenarios should be located as close to the main output triac as possible.

All pins shall be used by soldering on the board. (Socket and others shall not be used.)

Degradation

In general, the emission of the IRED used in SSR will degrade over time.

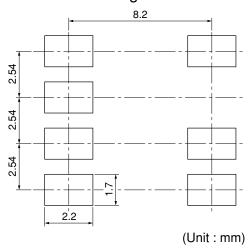
In the case where long term operation and / or constant extreme temperature fluctuations will be applied to the devices, please allow for a worst case scenario of 50% degradation over 5years.

Therefore in order to maintain proper operation, a design implementing these SSRs should provide at least twice the minimum required triggering current from initial operation.

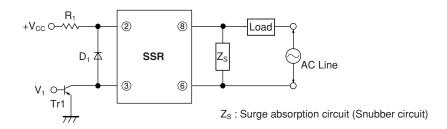


Recommended Foot Print (reference)

SMT Gullwing Lead-form



Standard Circuit



☆ For additional design assistance, please review our corresponding Optoelectronic Application Notes.



■ Manufacturing Guidelines

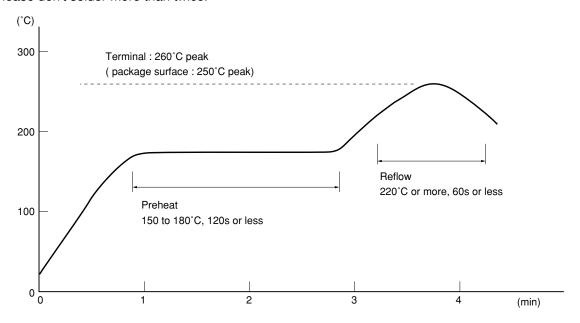
Soldering Method

Reflow Soldering:

Reflow soldering should follow the temperature profile shown below.

Soldering should not exceed the curve of temperature profile and time.

Please don't solder more than twice.



Flow Soldering:

Flow soldering should be completed below 270°C and within 10s.

Preheating is within the bounds of 100 to 150°C and 30 to 80s.

Please don't solder more than twice.

Hand soldering

Hand soldering should be completed within 3s when the point of solder iron is below 400°C.

Please don't solder more than twice.

Other notices

Please test the soldering method in actual condition and make sure the soldering works fine, since the impact on the junction between the device and PCB varies depending on the tooling and soldering conditions.



Cleaning instructions

Solvent cleaning:

Solvent temperature should be 45°C or below. Immersion time should be 3minutes or less.

Ultrasonic cleaning:

The impact on the device varies depending on the size of the cleaning bath, ultrasonic output, cleaning time, size of PCB and mounting method of the device.

Therefore, please make sure the device withstands the ultrasonic cleaning in actual conditions in advance of mass production.

Recommended solvent materials:

Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol and Isopropyl alcohol.

In case the other type of solvent materials are intended to be used, please make sure they work fine in actual using conditions since some materials may erode the packaging resin.

Presence of ODC

This product shall not contain the following materials.

And they are not used in the production process for this device.

Regulation substances: CFCs, Halon, Carbon tetrachloride, 1.1.1-Trichloroethane (Methylchloroform)

Specific brominated flame retardants such as the PBBOs and PBBs are not used in this product at all.



■ Package specification

● Sleeve package Through-Hole

Package materials

Sleeve: HIPS (with anti-static material)

Stopper: Styrene-Elastomer

Package method

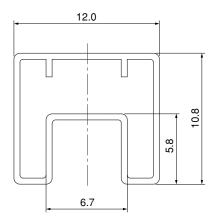
MAX. 50pcs of products shall be packaged in a sleeve.

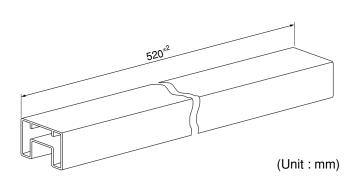
Both ends shall be closed by tabbed and tabless stoppers.

The product shall be arranged in the sleeve with its anode mark on the tabless stopper side.

MAX. 20 sleeves in one case.

Sleeve outline dimensions







● Tape and Reel package **SMT** Gullwing

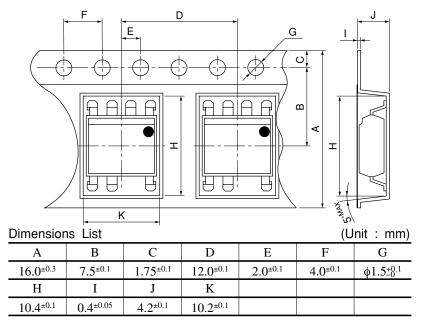
Package materials

Carrier tape: A-PET (with anti-static material)

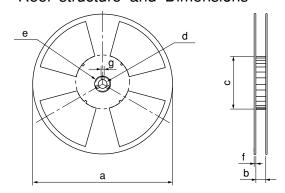
Cover tape: PET (three layer system)

Reel: PS

Carrier tape structure and Dimensions

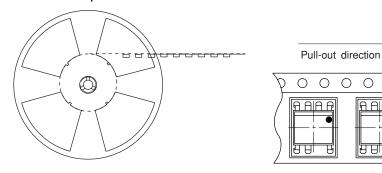


Reel structure and Dimensions



Dimensio	ns List	(Unit: mm)			
a	b	c	d		
330	17.5 ^{±1.5}	100±1.0	13 ^{±0.5}		
e	f	g			
23±1.0	2.0 ^{±0.5}	$2.0^{\pm0.5}$			

Direction of product insertion



[Packing: 1 000pcs/reel]

 \circ

 \circ



■ Important Notices

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- (i) The devices in this publication are designed for use in general electronic equipment designs such as:
 - --- Personal computers
 - --- Office automation equipment
 - --- Telecommunication equipment [terminal]
 - --- Test and measurement equipment
 - --- Industrial control
 - --- Audio visual equipment
 - --- Consumer electronics
- (ii) Measures such as fail-safe function and redundant design should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when SHARP devices are used for or in connection

with equipment that requires higher reliability such as:

- --- Transportation control and safety equipment (i.e., aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.)
- --- Traffic signals
- --- Gas leakage sensor breakers
- --- Alarm equipment
- --- Various safety devices, etc.

(iii) SHARP devices shall not be used for or in connection with equipment that requires an extremely high level of reliability and safety such as:

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- --- Telecommunication equipment [trunk lines]
- --- Nuclear power control equipment
- --- Medical and other life support equipment (e.g., scuba).
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