



mm inch

# Miniature SOP8-pin type of 60V/350V/400V load voltage

# PhotoMOS Relays GU SOP 2 Form A (AQW21OS)

# FEATURES

# 1. 2 channels in miniature SOP8-pin design

The device comes in a super-miniature SO package measuring (W) 4.4  $\times$  (L) 9.37  $\times$  (H) 2.1 mm (W) .173 $\times$  (L) .369 $\times$ 

(H) .083 inch —approx. 38% of the volume and 66% of the footprint size of DIP8-pin type.

2. Controls low-level analog signals PhotoMOS relays feature extremely low closed-circuit offset voltage to enable control of low-level analog signals without distortion.

3. Low-level off state leakage current of max. 1  $\mu\text{A}$ 

# **TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

- Measuring instruments
- Data communications
- Computers
- Industrial robots
- High-speed inspection machines.

## TYPES

	Output rating*				Part No.	Packing quantity		
			Package	Tube packing style	Tape and reel packing style			
					Picked from the 1/2/3/4-pin side	Picked from the 5/6/7/8-pin side	Tube	Tape and reel
AC/DC dual use	60V	400mA		AQW212S	AQW212SX	AQW212SZ	1 tube contains:	
	350V	100mA	SOP8-pin	AQW210S	AQW210SX	AQW210SZ	50 pcs. 1 batch contains: 1,000 pcs.	1,000 pcs.
	400V	80mA		AQW214S	AQW214SX	AQW214SZ		

\* Indicate the peak AC and DC values.

Note: The packing style indicator "X" or "Z" are not marked on the relay.

# RATING

1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

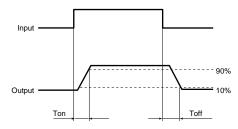
	Symbol	AQW212S	AQW210S	AQW214S	Remarks		
	LED forward current	IF	50 mA				
Input	LED reverse voltage	VR	5 V				
	Peak forward current	FP	1 A			f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%	
	Power dissipation	Pin	75 mW				
	Load voltage (peak AC)	VL	60 V	350 V	400 V		
Output	Continuous load current	Ŀ	0.4 A (0.5 A)	0.1 A (0.13 A)	0.08 A (0.1 A)	Peak AC, DC (): in case of using only 1 channel	
	Peak load current	Ipeak	1.5 A	0.3 A	0.24 A	A connection: 100 ms (1 shot), VL = DC	
	Power dissipation	Pout	600 mW				
Total power dissipati	Ρτ	650 mW					
I/O isolation voltage	Viso	1,500 V AC					
	Operating	Topr	-40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F			Non-condensing at low temperatures	
Temperature limits	Storage	Tstg	-40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F				

# GU SOP 2 Form A (AQW21OS)

#### 2. Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item				AQW212S	AQW210S	AQW214S	Remarks
	LED energie gurrent	Typical	1-	0.9 mA			IL = Max.
Input	LED operate current	Maximum	Fon	3 mA			
		Minimum		0.4 mA			IL = Max.
	LED turn off current	Typical	Foff	0.8 mA			
	LED dropout voltage	Typical	VF	1.25 V (1.14 V at I⊧ = 5 mA)			I⊧ = 50 mA
	LED dropout voltage	Maximum	VF	1.5 V			
Output	On resistance	Typical	6	0.83 Ω	<b>16</b> Ω	30 Ω	I⊧ = 5 mA I∟ = Max. Within 1 s on time
		Maximum	Ron	2.5 Ω	35 Ω	50 Ω	
	Off state leakage current	Maximum	ILeak	1 μΑ			IF = 0 mA V∟ = Max.
Transfer characteristics	Turn on time*	Typical	Ŧ	0.65 ms	0.23 ms	0.21 ms	IF = 5 mA
	Turn on time	Maximum	Ton	2 ms	0.5 ms		I∟ = Max.
	Turn off time*	Typical	Toff	0.08 ms	0.04 ms		IF = 5 mA I∟ = Max.
	rum on ume	Maximum	loff		0.2 ms		
	I/O capacitance	Typical	Ciso	0.8 pF			f = 1 MHz
	1/O capacitance	Maximum	CISO		1.5 pF		$V_B = 0 V$
	Initial I/O isolation resistance	Minimum	Riso	1,000 ΜΩ			500 V DC

\*Turn on/ Turn off time



# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Please obey the following conditions to ensure proper relay operation and resetting.

Item	Symbol	Recommended value	Unit
Input LED current	F	5	mA

### Dimensions

### Schematic and Wiring Diagrams

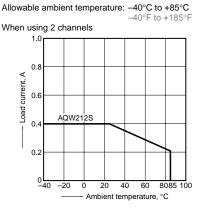
#### Cautions for Use

These products are not designed for automotive use. If you are considering to use these products for automotive applications, please contact your local Panasonic Electric Works technical representative.

Please refer to our information on PhotoMOS Relays for Automotive Applications.

### REFERENCE DATA

1.-(1) Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

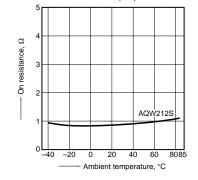


1.-(2) Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C

-40°F to +185°F When using 2 channels 120 AQW2105 Load current, A 100 AQW214S 80 60 40 20 0 \_40 \_20 0 20 40 60 8085100 Ambient temperature, °C

2.-(1) On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



2

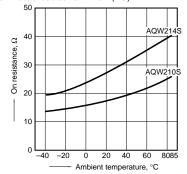


0

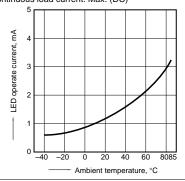
-40 -20 0 20 40 60 8085

2.-(2) On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current: Max. (DC)

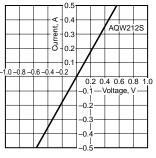


5. LED operate current vs. ambient temperature characteristics Sample: All types; Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



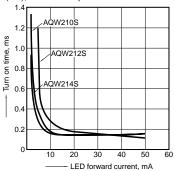
8.-(1) Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Ambient temperature: 25°C  $77^\circ\text{F}$ 



10. Turn on time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current: Max. (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

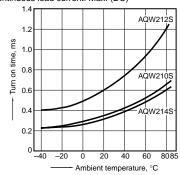


ds\_x615\_en\_aqw21s: 160909J

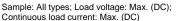
3. Turn on time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

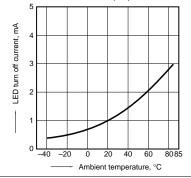
LED current: 5 mA;

Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



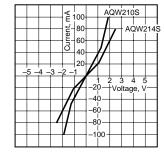
6. LED turn off current vs. ambient temperature characteristics





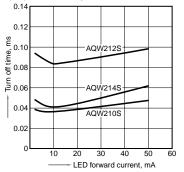
8.-(2) Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6. 7 and 8:

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

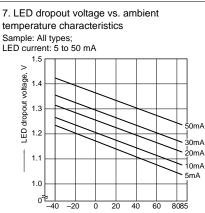


11. Turn off time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current: Max. (DC); Ambient temperature:  $25^{\circ}C$   $77^{\circ}F$ 



4. Turn off time vs. ambient temperature characteristics LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current: Max. (DC)

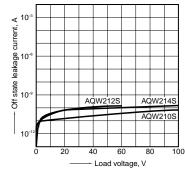


- Ambient temperature, °C

Ambient temperature, °C

9. Off state leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



12. Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Frequency: 1 MHz;  $\,$ 

