

159/160 series

Mercury-Wetted Reed Relays

Users should thoroughly review the technical data before selecting a product part number. It is recommended that users also seek out the pertinent approvals files of the agencies/laboratories and review them to ensure the product meets the requirements for a given application.

General Information

The mercury-wetted contact relay represents one of the more sophisticated types of relays made today. The early pioneer work in mercury-wetted contact switching dates back to the 1950's, as telephone laboratory scientists sought out the "perfect contact". Mercury-wetted contacts represent the nearest thing to the perfect contact yet developed, being characterized by such parameters as: bounce-free operation; very low and stable contact resistance; hermetic protection; fast operating speeds; Form C or Form D contact, action contact life measured in billions of operations. The only major weakness of a mercury-wetted contact relay is the necessity to mount the relay within 30° of a vertical position, due to its position sensitivity.

While there are several variations of the mercury-wetted contact relay on the market, the basic contact element has essential concepts in common. The mercury-wetted contact element consists of a glass-encapsulated nickel-iron reed with its base immersed in a pool of mercury. The free reed cantilever projects upward between sets of stationary contact electrodes, which have been glass-sealed in proper juxtaposition at the top of the glass chamber. The mercury is induced to flow up the cantilever by capillary action, wetting mercury on both the cantilever contact tip as well as the stationary contacts. Thus a mercury-to-mercury contact is maintained on both the normally-closed and normally-open contacts, and the system is self-replenishing. The 2-ampere mercury-wetted capsule is shown far left

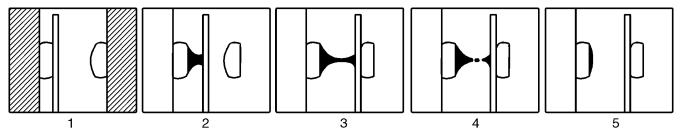
Along with the inherent fast actuation of the capsule and excellent load-handling capacity, the mercury-wetted contacts exhibit extremely long life, as the mercury films re-establish at each closure and contact erosion is eliminated. Contact interface resistance is very low and stable, and as the mercury films are elastic, contact bounce is eliminated. A dynamic sequence of the mercury-wetted contact action is shown below.

While the below sequence portrays a Form D (make-before-break) contact action, a true Form C (break-before-make) contact can be provided by proper control of the mercury film dynamics and the contact electrode spacing.

The mercury-wetted contact capsules generally are mounted within a coil assembly, and with appropriately mounted bias magnets, mounting base and magnetic shielded enclosures. The more popular assemblies contain one or two capsules in a convenient printed circuit mounting module.

Mercury-wetted relays can be adjusted to operate with very low levels of input power, in the order of 10-20 milliwatts. Thus, power gain switching of as great as 10,000 can be realized. For all but very light contact loads, contact protection is required to limit the current or voltage rise time across the contacts.

Form D Mercury-Wetted Contact Action As Seen In High-Speed Sequence



(1) Mercury (shown in black) covers armature and contact points; (2) and (3) as armature moves from open to closed position, mercury filament joins both contacts momentarily; (4) ruptured mercury surfaces accelerate away from each other, providing rapid breaking action; (5) as contact surfaces join, mercury wetting dampens rebound, eliminates electrical chatter, and provides contact reliability.

SPDT (Form C or Form D) Contact Specifications

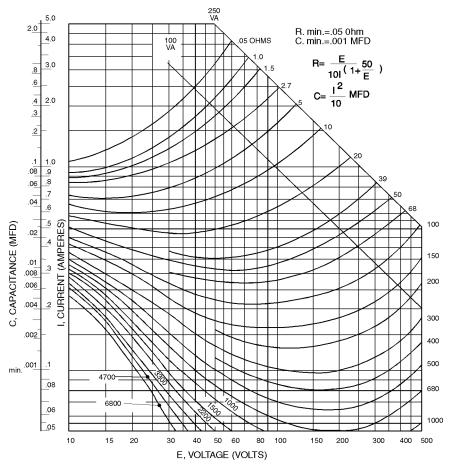
Material	Rating (Switched Load)	(Carry Load)	Bridging and Transfer Time	Contact Resistance	Life Expectancy
Mercury-wetted platinum contacts hermetically sealed in an inert atmosphere	2 amperes maximum 500 volts maximum 100 VA maximum	5 amperes maximum Not switched	When operated by a single DC pulse, the bridging or transfer time will be greater than 50 microseconds, but less than 500 microseconds.	14 milliohms typical; 20 milliohms maximum Stable within ±2 milliohms throughout life.	1 billion operations minimum at rated load

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Mercury-Wetted Relays Contact Protection

The essentially infinite life of mercury-wetted contact relays may only be realized if the requirements for suitable contact protection are observed.

In that the goal is control of the rate of rise of voltage across the contacts when the circuit is opened (rather than peak transient limiting), the only suitable protection recognized is an RC network. Values of R and C may be calculated using the formula shown, or may be obtained from the direct reading nomograph.



Nomograph Explanation

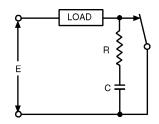
I=Steady state current at time of circuit opening
E=Open circuit voltage
Find I on the ordinate scale. Read C on the scale adjacent to I. R is
found at the intersection of I and E.

To reduce voltage transient amplitudes, C may be increased up to 10 times calculated values. (R must be calculated value.)

> For I=0.5 amps or less and E=50 volts or less R may be omitted C must be calculated value

Resistor Tolerances

E	R
Less than 70V	R up to 2R
70V to 100V	±50%
100V to 150V	±10%
Greater than 150V	±5%



Specifications

Parameter		159 Series	160 Series
Coils			
Single Wound-max. ohms		8,600	9,000
Double Wound-max. ohms		4,275	4,500
Rating-Watts Continous		2.0	1.75
Temp. Rise−°C per watt		30°	35°
Dielectric Breakdown-RMS, 60Hz		1,000	1,000
Insulation Resistance-Megohms-500 VDC		1,000	1,000
Capacitance-Armature to Coi pf, Typical		9.0	9.0
Electrostatic Shielding-Optional		yes	yes
Typical Operate Times-mS, 2X Must Operate		1-3	1-3
Typical Release Times-mS, 2X		2.5	2.5
Contact Form Available		Form C, D	Form C, D
Adjustments Available			
Single-side-stable		yes	yes
Bi-stable		yes	yes
Polar 1% Balance		yes	yes
Temperature Range	perating °C	All types –	38.8°C to + 85°C
S	Storage °C	All types –	65°C to + 100°C
Weight-ounces		2.0	0.5
Encapsulant		Polyurethane	Polyurethane
Mounting Method		PCB	PCB





159 series

Mercury-Wetted Reed Relays

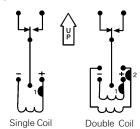
Features

 $159\ series$ relays are available in a Form C or Form D 2 amp contact arrangement, single or dual coil and printed circuit board terminals.

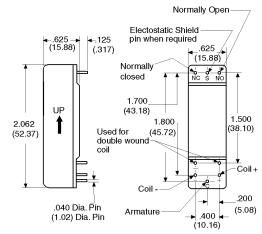
Weight: 1.0 ounce

Positive potential applied to the start of the winding indicated by the symbol $extbf{m}$ will close the contacts shown open on the electrical schematics. For reset of bistable relays, reversed polarity must be applied.

Wiring Diagrams



Outline Dimensions



Note: Relay must be mounted within 30° of vertical and suitable contact protection must be used.

Part Numbering System

Relay Series	Enclosure And Terminals	Contacts And Adjustment	Coils	Standard Or Special
160	1625 Ht., .125 Lg. 2625 Ht., .156 Lg. 3625 Ht., .187 Lg. 4625 Ht., .250 Lg.	1-1D Single-Side-Stable 2-1D Bistable 5-1C Single-Side-Stable 6-1C Bistable 7-1C Dynamic (1%) Balanced Bistable 0-Special	1A-1Z-Single Coil 2K-2V-Double Coil 7A-7T-Single Coil 8A-8Z-Bifilar Coil 9A-9Z-Double Coil (Concentric) 1S and 2S-Special	00–Standard A1-Z9–Special Customer Requirement

Example: 159-151N00 is a 159 series relay, enclosure height of .625 in., pin length of .125 in., Form C contact, single-side-stable adjustment, single coil 1N, of completely standard construction.

Coil Characteristics and Part Numbers

One Windir	Winding Single-Side-Stable 40 Milliwatts											
Coils	Coil Resistance	Must Operate	Must Operate	Must Release	Maximum	Part N	umber					
	(Ohms)	Current (MA-DC)	Voltage (VDC)	Voltage (VDC)	Voltage (VDC)	Form C	Form D					
1A	2.2	116	.28	.06	2.1	159-151A00	159-111A00					
1B	3.9	86	.37	.07	2.8	159-151B00	159-111B00					
1C	6.4	67	.47	.09	3.6	159-151C00	159-111C00					
1D	9.0	60	.60		4.3	159-151D00	159-111D00					
1E	14	47	.72	.15	5.3	159-151E00	159-111E00					
1F	24	35	.93	.19	6.9	159-151F00	159-111F00					
1G	34	32	1.2	.24	8.2	159-151G00	159-111G00					
1H	56	24	1.5	.30	11	159-151H00	159-111H00					
1J	86	20	1.9	.39	13	159-151J00	159-111J00					
1K	140	15	2.3	.46	17	159-151K00	159-111K00					
1L	225	12	2.9	.59	21	159-151L00	159-111L00					
1M	385	9.0	3.8	.73	28	159-151M00	159-111M00					
1N 1P 1Q 1R 1T 1U	620 940 1,450 2,430 3,620 5,500 8,600	7.0 5.8 4.8 3.6 2.9 2.5 2.0	4.8 6.0 7.7 9.7 12 15	.95 1.2 1.6 2.0 2.3 3.0 3.8	35 43 54 70 85 105 130	159-151N00 159-151P00 159-151Q00 159-151R00 159-151T00 159-151U00 159-151V00	159-111N00 159-111P00 159-111000 159-111R00 159-111T00 159-111U00 159-111V00					

159 Series (continued) - Coil Characteristics and Part Numbers

			0.10		Maximum	Dielectric Stand	Part Number		
Coils	(Ohms)	Current (MA-DC) (Either Winding)	Voltage (VDC) (Either Winding)	Voltage (VDC) (Either Winding)	Voltage (VDC) (Either Winding)	Off Between Coils (VDC)	Form C	Form D	
2K	70/70	30	2.3	.47	12	500	159-152K00	159-112K00	
2L	115/115	23	3.0	.60	15	500	159-152L00	159-112L00	
2M	190/190	18	3.8	.79	19	400	159-152M00	159-112M00	
2N	325/325	14	5.0	1.0	26	400	159-152N00	159-112N00	
2P	490/490	12	6.2	1.3	31	400	159-152P00	159-112P00	
2Q	730/730	9.6	7.7	1.6	38	400	159-152Q00	159-112000	
2R	1250/1250	7.2	10	2.0	50	400	159-152R00	159-112R00	
2T	1860/1860	5.8	12	2.5	61	200	159-152T00	159-112T00	
2U	2760/2760	5.0	15	3.0	74	200	159-152U00	159-112U00	
2V	4275/4275	3.9	18	3.8	92	200	159-152V00	159-112V00	
wo W	indings Single-S	Side-Stable 40	Milliwatts Per \	Vinding					
2K	70/70	15	.30	1.2	12	500	159-162K00	159-122K00	
2L	115/115	12	.37	1.5	15	500	159-162L00	159-122L00	
2M	190/190	9.0	.47	1.9	19	400	159-162M00	159-122M00	
2N	325/325	7.0	.62	2.5	26	400	159-162N00	159-122N00	
2P	490/490	5.8	.77	3.1	31	400	159-162P00	159-122P00	
2Q	730/730	4.8	.97	3.9	38	400	159-162Q00	159-122Q00	
2R	1250/1250	3.6	1.2	5.0	50	400	159-162R00	159-122R00	
2T	1860/1860	3.0	1.5	6.0	61	200	159-162T00	159-122T00	
2U	2760/2760	2.5	1.8	7.5	74	200	159-162U00	159-122U00	
2V	4275/4275	2.0	2.3	9.2	92	200	159-162V00	159-122V00	
wo W	indings Bifilar V	Vindings Bistab	le 40 Milliwatt	s Per Winding					
8A	135/135	16	.48	2.4	16.4	500	159-168A00	159-128A00	
8B	170/170	15.5	.58	2.9	18.5	400	159-168B00	159-128B00	
8C	200/200	13.3	.58	2.9	20.0	400	159-168C00	159-128C00	
8D	310/310	11.9	.82	4.1	24.9	400	159-168D00	159-128D00	
8E	460/460	7.8	.80	4.0	30.3	400	159-168E00	159-128E00	
8F	675/675	6.5	.96	4.8	36.7	400	159-168F00	159-128F00	
8G	810/810	6.85	1.2	6.1	40.2	400	159-168G00	159-128G00	
8H	1000/1000	6.75	1.5	7.4	44.7	400	159-168H00	159-128H00	
8J	1240/1240	5.6	1.4	7.0	49.8	400	159-168J00	159-128J00	
8K	2300/2300	3.82	1.9	9.7	67.8	200	159-168K00	159-128K00	

 $\textbf{Note:} \ \text{All values at } 25\,^{\circ}\text{C.} \ \text{Resistances specified are} \ \pm 10\%. \ \text{Maximum voltages based on } 2 \ \text{watts continuous dissipation.}$

e Winding	Single-Side-	Stable 115 N	lilliwatts An	d Bistable 2	5 Milliwatts						
			Bistable								
	Must Operate	Must Operate	Must	Maximum	Part	Number		Must Operate	Must	Part N	umber
(Ohms)	Current (MA-DC)	Voltage (VDC)	Release Voltage (VDC)	Voltage (VDC)	Form C	Form D	Current (MA-DC)	Voltage (VDC)	Release Voltage (VDC)	Form C	Form D
18	66.6	1.3	.18	6.0	159-157A00	159-117A00	31.2	.12	.62	159-167A00	159-127A00
65	37.4	2.7	.36	11.4	159-157B00	159-117B00	17.8	.26	1.3	159-167B00	159-127B00
85	33.3	3.1	.42	13.0	159-157C00	159-117C00	15.6	.30	1.5	159-167C00	159-127C00
90	37.7	3.8	.51	13.4	159-157D00	159-117D00	17.6	.36	1.8	159-167D00	159-127D00
115	30.0	3.8	.51	15.1	159-157E00	159-117E00	14.0	.36	1.8	159-167E00	159-127E00
275	17.0	5.2	.77	23.4	159-157F00	159-117F00	8.0	.50	2.5	159-167F00	159-127F00
450	12.9	6.4	.85	30.0	159-157G00	159-117G00	6.0	.60	3.0	159-167G00	159-127G0
675	11.6	8.6	1.1	36.7	159-157H00	159-117H00	5.4	.80	4.0	159-167H00	159-127H0
940	10.1	10.5	1.4	43.3	159-157J00	159-117J00	4.7	.98	4.9	159-167J00	159-127J00
950	12.1	12.7	1.7	43.6	159-157K00	159-117K00	5.7	1.2	6.0	159-167K00	159-127K00
1250	9.4	12.9	1.8	50.0	159-157L00	159-117L00	4.4	1.2	6.1	159-167L00	159-127L00
1425	8.3	13	1.8	53.4	159-157M00	159-117M00	3.9	1.2	6.2	159-167M00	159-127M0
1800	9.4	18.6	2.6	60.0	159-157N00	159-117N00	4.4	1.7	8.8	159-167N00	159-127NO
1950	7.5	17.6	2.1	62.4	159-157P00	159-117P00	3.5	1.5	7.5	159-167P00	159-127P0
2400	7.35	20.6	2.6	69.2	159-157Q00	159-117Q00	3.4	1.8	9.0	159-167Q00	159-127Q0
4000	5.55	24.4	3.3	89.5	159-157R00	159-117R00	2.6	2.3		159-167R00	159-127R0
4000		17.6	2.4	89.5	159-157T00	159-117T00	1.9	1.6	8.3	159-167T00	159-127TO





160 series

Mercury-Wetted **Reed Relays**



Features

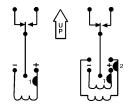
160 series relays are available in a single Form C or Form D two ampere contact arrangement, single or dual coil and printed circuit board

The part numbers shown on the adjacent page are for relays with 0.093" terminal spacing. The part number designator for the 0.100" grid is a 160-3XXXXX for a pin of 0.09" length, and 160-4XXXXX for a pin of 0.125" length.

Positive potential applied to the start of the winding indicated by the symbol will close the contacts shown open on the electrical schematics. For reset of bistable relays, reversed polarity must be applied. Weight 0.5 ounces. UL File E55708

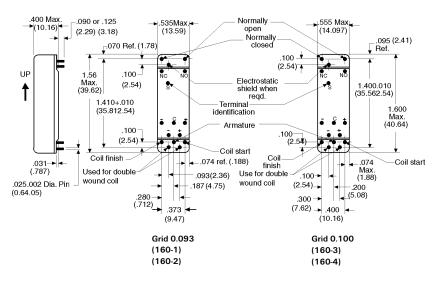
Note: Relay must be mounted within 30° of vertical and suitable contact protection must be used.

Wiring Diagrams



Single Coil Double Coil

Outline Dimensions



Part Numbering System

Relay Series	Enclosures And Terminals	Contacts and Adjustments	Coil	Standard or Special
160	1090 Lg., .093 Grid 2125 Lg., .093 Grid 3090 Lg., .100 Grid 4125 Lg., .100 Grid	1-1D Single-Side-Stable 2-1D Bistable 5-1C Single-Side-Stable 6-1C Bistable 7-1C Dynamic (1%) Balanced Bistable O-Special	1A-1Z-Single Coil 2A-2Z-Double Coil 1S-Special Single Coil 2S-Special Double Coil	00–Standard A1-Z9–Special Customer Requirement

Example: 160-151K00 is a 160 series relay, enclosure height of .400 in., pin length of .090 in., Form C contact, single-side-stable adjustment, single coil 1K, of completely standard construction.

Coil Characteristics and Part Numbers

wo W	o Windings Bistable 20 Milliwatts Per Winding													
	Coil Resistance	Must Operate	Must Not Operate	Must Operate	Maximum	Dielectric Standoff	Part Number							
Coil	(Ohms)	Current (MA-DC) (Either Winding)	Voltage (VDC) (Either Winding)	Voltage (VDC) (Either Winding)	Voltage (VDC) (One Winding Only)	Between Coils (VDC)	Form C	Form D						
2K 2L 2M 2N	60/60 90/90 155/155 205/205	17 15 11 10	.29 .38 .49	1.1 1.5 1.9 2.3	10 13 16 19	500 400 400 400	160-162K00 160-162L00 160-162M00 160-162N00	160-122K00 160-122L00 160-122M00 160-122N00						
2P	340/340	7.5	.73	2.8	24	400	160-162P00	160-122P00						
2Q 2R 2T 2U 2V 2W	560/560 870/870 1320/1320 1980/1980 3000/3000 4500/4500	6.0 4.7 3.8 3.2 2.7 2.1	.98 1.2 1.4 1.8 2.3 2.8	3.6 4.5 5.5 7.0 9.0 11.0	31 39 48 59 73 89	400 200 200 200 200 200 200	160-162Q00 160-162R00 160-162T00 160-162U00 160-162V00 160-162W00	160-122Q00 160-122R00 160-122T00 160-122U00 160-122V00 160-122W00						

Note: All values at 25°C. Resistances specified are ±10%. Maximum voltages based on 1.75 watts continuous dissipation.

160 Series (continued) - Coil Characteristics and Part Numbers

Coil Resistance	Must Operate	Must Operate	Must Release	Maximum	Part N	lumber
(Ohms)	Current (MA-DC)	Voltage (VDC)	Voltage (VDC)	Voltage (VDC)	Form C	Form D
2.2	113	.27	.05	2.0	160-151A00	160-111A00
3.1	103	.35	.07	2.3	160-151B00	160-111B00
4.4	90	.43	.08	2.8	160-151C00	160-111C00
5.9	80	.52	.10	3.2	160-151D00	160-111D00
13.0	49	.71	.14	4.8	160-151E00	160-111E00
18.7	43	.87	.18	5.7	160-151F00	160-111F00
27.7	36	1.1	.22	7.0	160-151G00	160-111G00
50	25	1.4	.28	9.4	160-151H00	160-111H00
70	23	1.8	.35	11	160-151J00	160-111J00
125	16	2.3	.46	15	160-151K00	160-111K00
185	14	2.9	.60	18	160-151L00	160-111L00
325	11	3.8	.77	24	160-151M00	160-111M00
435	10	4.6	.94	28	160-151N00	160-111N00
680	7.5	5.7	1.1	35	160-151P00	160-111P00
1.120	5.9	7.2	1.4	44	160-151000	160-111Q00
1.750	4.6	8.8	1.7	55	160-151R00	160-111R00
2.650	3.8	11	2.2	68	160-151T00	160-111T00
3.900	3.2	14	2.7	83	160-151U00	160-111U00
6.100	2.6	17	3.5	103	160-151V00	160-111V00
9,000	2.1	21	4.2	125	160-151W00	160-111W00

Coil Resistance	Must Operate	Must Not Operate	Must Operate	Maximum	Dielectric Standoff	Part N	umber
(Ohms)	Current (MA-DC) (Either Winding)	Voltage (VDC) (Either Winding)	Voltage (VDC) (Either Winding)	Voltage (VDC) (One Winding Only)	Between Coils (VDC)	Form C	Form D
60/60	33	2.2	.44	10	500	160-152K00	160-112K0
90/90	29	2.9	.58	13	400	160-152L00	160-112L0
155/155	22	3.7	.74	16	400	160-152M00	160-112M0
205/205	20	4.5	.92	19	400	160-152N00	160-112NO
340/340	15	5.6	1.1	24	400	160-152P00	160-112P00
560/560	10.8	7.9	1.3	31	400	160-152000	160-11200
870/870	9.3	9.0	1.8	39	200	160-152R00	160-112R00
1,320/1,320	7.5	11.0	2.2	48	200	160-152T00	160-112T00
1,980/1,980	6.4	14.0	2.8	59	200	160-152U00	160-112U0
3,000/3,000	5.3	18.0	3.5	73	200	160-152V00	160-112V00
4,500/4,500	4.2	21.0	4.2	89	200	160-152W00	160-112W0