## Panasonic ideas for life



## RoHS Directive compatibility information

 http://www.mew.co.jp/ac/e/environment/
## FLAT/VERTICAL TYPE HIGH POWER BIFURCATED CONTACT <br> HN RELAYS (AHN)

## FEATURES

1. Slim and compact size $20 \%$ smaller (width and height) than existing model* (with the condition of screw terminal socket for DIN rail) *Compared with our HC/HJ relay.
2. High-capacity and high reliability Max. switching current:
16 A (for 1 Form C type at AC load) Uses gold-flashed contacts for highly reliable contact (for 2 Form C type).
3. Environmentally friendly

Cadmium-free contacts and lead-free solder are used.
4. Slim screw terminal socket and PC board terminal socket
Utilizes relay-securing hook for easy relay removal.
One-touch relay removal possible.
Terminal sockets with finger protect function available.
5. Full lineup

We added a TM type that can be built into devices.

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Control panels
Power supply units
Molding machines
Machine tools
Welding equipment
Agricultural equipment Office equipment Vending machines Communications equipment Amusement machines, etc.

## ORDERING INFORMATION



[^0](VDE under application for TM type.)

## TYPES

1. Plug-in type

| Coil voltage | 1 Form C | 2 Form C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Part No. | Part No. |
| 5V DC | AHN12005 | AHN22005 |
| 6V DC | AHN12006 | AHN22006 |
| 12 V DC | AHN12012 | AHN22012 |
| 24 V DC | AHN12024 | AHN22024 |
| 48 V DC | AHN12048 | AHN22048 |
| 100 V DC | AHN120X0 | AHN220X0 |
| 110 V DC | AHN120X1 | AHN220X1 |
| 12 V AC | AHN11012 | AHN21012 |
| 24 V AC | AHN11024 | AHN21024 |
| $100 / 110 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | AHN110X0 | AHN210X0 |
| $110 / 120 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ | AHN110X1 | AHN210X1 |
| $200 / 220 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | AHN110Y0 | AHN210Y0 |
| $220 / 240 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ | AHN110Y2 | AHN210Y2 |

Note: Packing quantity; Carton: 50 pcs, Case: 500 pcs.

## 3. Plug-in type (with diode)

| Coil voltage | 1 Form C | 2 Form C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Part No. | Part No. |
| 5V DC | AHN12205 | AHN22205 |
| 6V DC | AHN12206 | AHN22206 |
| 12V DC | AHN12212 | AHN22212 |
| $24 V$ DC | AHN12224 | AHN22224 |
| $48 V$ DC | AHN12248 | AHN22248 |
| 100V DC | AHN122X0 | AHN222X0 |
| 110V DC | AHN122X1 | AHN222X1 |

Note: Packing quantity; Carton: 50 pcs, Case: 500 pcs.
2. Plug-in type (with LED indication)

| Coil voltage | 1 Form C | 2 Form C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Part No. | Part No. |
| 5V DC | AHN12105 | AHN22105 |
| 6V DC | AHN12106 | AHN22106 |
| 12 V DC | AHN12112 | AHN22112 |
| 24 V DC | AHN12124 | AHN22124 |
| 48 V DC | AHN12148 | AHN22148 |
| 100V DC | AHN121X0 | AHN221X0 |
| 110 V DC | AHN121X1 | AHN221X1 |
| 12 V AC | AHN11112 | AHN21112 |
| 24 V AC | AHN11124 | AHN21124 |
| $100 / 110 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | AHN111X0 | AHN211X0 |
| $110 / 120 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | AHN111X1 | AHN211X1 |
| $200 / 220 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | AHN111Y0 | AHN211Y0 |
| $220 / 240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | AHN111Y2 | AHN211Y2 |
| Note: Packing quantity; Carton: 50 pcs, Case: 500 pcs. |  |  |

## 4. Plug-in type (with diode and LED indication)

| Coil voltage | 1 Form C | 2 Form C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Part No. | Part No. |
| 5V DC | AHN12305 | AHN22305 |
| 6V DC | AHN12306 | AHN22306 |
| 12V DC | AHN12312 | AHN22312 |
| $24 V$ DC | AHN12324 | AHN22324 |
| $48 V$ DC | AHN12348 | AHN22348 |
| 100V DC | AHN123X0 | AHN223X0 |
| 110V DC | AHN123X1 | AHN223X1 |

Note: Packing quantity; Carton: 50 pcs, Case: 500 pcs.

## 5. TM type

| Coil voltage | 1 Form A |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Part No. |
| 5 V DC | AHN36005 |
| 6 V DC | AHN36006 |
| 12 V DC | AHN36012 |
| 24 V DC | AHN36024 |
| 48 V DC | AHN36048 |
| 100 V DC | AHN360X0 |
| 110 V DC | AHN360X1 |
| 12 V AC | AHN35012 |
| 24 V AC | AHN35024 |
| $100 / 110 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ | AHN350X0 |
| $110 / 120 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ | AHN350X1 |
| $200 / 220 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | AHN350Y0 |
| $220 / 240 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ | AHN350Y2 |

Note: Packing quantity; Carton: 50 pcs, Case: 500 pcs.

## 6. Accessories

| Type | No. of poles |  | Item |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Screw terminal socket | 1-pole | HN1 screw terminal socket | Part No. |
|  |  | HN1 screw terminal socket (Finger protect type) | AHNA11 |
|  | 2-pole | HN2 screw terminal socket | AHNA11P |
|  |  | HN2 screw terminal socket (Finger protect type) | AHNA21 |
| PC board terminal socket | 1-pole | HN1 PC board terminal socket | AHNA21P |
|  | 2-pole | HN2 PC board terminal socket | AHNA13 |

[^1]
## - Specifications

| Item |  | Performance |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type |  | HN1 screw terminal socket | HN1 screw terminal socket (Finger protect type) | HN1 PC board terminal socket | HN2 screw terminal socket | HN2 screw terminal socket (Finger protect type) | HN2 PC board terminal socket |
| Contact arrangement |  | 1 Form C |  |  | 2 Form C |  |  |
| Max. continuous current (Ambient temperature:$\left.-40 \text { to }+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-40 \text { to }+158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |  | 16A* | 10A | 10A | 5A | 5A | 5A |
| Initial breakdown voltage | Between open contacts | 1, 000 Vrms for 1 min . (Detection current: 10 mA ) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Between contact sets | - |  |  | 3, 000 Vrms for 1 min . (Detection current: 10 mA ) |  |  |
|  | Between contact and coil | 5, 000 Vrms for 1 min . (Detection current: 10 mA ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Initial insulation resistance |  | $1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ between each terminal (500V DC) |  |  |  |  |  |

* When using with current of 16 A (for HN1 screw terminal socket), the maximum ambient temperature is $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

When using between $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, please reduce by $0.1 \mathrm{~A} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Notes: 1. In order to prevent breakage and disfiguring, the screw tightening torque for the terminal socket should be within the range of 0.5 to $0.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$. 2. When attaching the terminal socket directly to a chassis, please use the metric coarse thread screw. - AHNA11 and AHNA21: M3 $\times 16$, - AHNA11P and AHNA21P: M3 $\times 30$

## RATING

1. Coil data
1) DC coils

| Coil voltage | Pick-up voltage (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) | Drop-out voltage (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) | Nominal coil current $[ \pm 20 \%]$ | Coil resistance (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) | Nominal operating power | Max. allowable voltage (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5V DC | $70 \% \mathrm{~V}$ or less of nominal voltage (Initial) | $15 \% \mathrm{~V}$ or more of nominal voltage (Initial) | 106.4 mA | $47 \Omega$ [ $\pm 10 \%$ ] | 0.53W | $170 \% \mathrm{~V}$ of nominal voltage |
| 6V DC |  |  | 88.2 mA | $68 \Omega[ \pm 10 \%]$ |  |  |
| 12 V DC |  |  | 44.4 mA | $270 \Omega[ \pm 10 \%]$ |  |  |
| 24V DC |  |  | 22.0 mA | 1,090 $\Omega$ [ $\pm 10 \%$ ] |  |  |
| 48 V DC |  |  | 11.0 mA | $4,350 \Omega[ \pm 10 \%]$ |  |  |
| 100 V DC |  |  | 5.3 mA | 18,870 ${ }^{\text {[ }} \pm 10 \%$ ] |  |  |
| 110V DC |  |  | 4.8 mA | 22,830 $\Omega$ [ $\pm 10 \%$ ] |  |  |

2) AC coils $(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz})$

| Coil voltage | Pick-up voltage (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) | Drop-out voltage (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) | Nominal coil current [ $\pm 20 \%$ ] |  | Nominal operating power |  | Max. Allowable voltage (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 50 Hz | 60 Hz | 50 Hz | 60 Hz |  |
| 12 V AC | $80 \% \mathrm{~V}$ or less of nominal voltage (Initial) | $30 \% \mathrm{~V}$ or more of nominal voltage (Initial) | 93 mA | 75 mA | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Approx. } \\ & 1.1 \text { to } 1.4 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | Approx.$0.9 \text { to } 1.2 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~A}$ | $140 \% \mathrm{~V}$ of nominal voltage |
| 24 V AC |  |  | 46.5 mA | 37.5 mA |  |  |  |
| 100/110V AC |  |  | 11.0/13.0mA | 9.0/10.6mA |  |  |  |
| 110/120V AC |  |  | 10.0/11.8mA | $8.2 / 9.7 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  |  |
| 200/220V AC |  |  | $5.5 / 6.5 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $4.5 / 5.3 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  |  |
| 220/240V AC |  |  | $5.0 / 5.9 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 4.1/4.8mA |  |  |  |

## 2. Specifications (Plug-in Standard type and TM type)

| Characteristics | Item |  | Specifications |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contact | Arrangement |  | 1 Form C | 2 Form C | 1 Form A (TM type) |
|  | Initial contact resistance, max |  | Max. $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ <br> (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A) | Max. $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ <br> (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A) | Max. $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ <br> (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A) |
|  | Contact material |  | $\mathrm{AgSnO}_{2}$ type | Au-flashed AgNi type | $\mathrm{AgSnO}_{2}$ type |
| Rating | Nominal switching capacity (resistive load) |  | 10A 250V AC, 10A 30V DC | 5A 250V AC, 5A 30V DC | 16A 250V AC, 16A 30V DC |
|  | Max. switching power (resistive load) |  | 4,000VA, 300W | 1,250VA, 150W | 4,000VA, 480W |
|  | Max. switching voltage |  | $250 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}, \mathrm{30V} \mathrm{DC}$ |  |  |
|  | Max. switching current |  | 16A (at AC load), 10A (at DC load) | 5A | 16A |
|  | Nominal operating power |  | 0.53W, 0.9VA |  |  |
|  | Min. switching capacity (Reference value)* |  | $100 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{5V} \mathrm{DC}$ | 1mA 1V DC | 100mA 5V DC |
| Electrical characteristics | Insulation resistance (Initial) |  | Min. $1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ (at 500 V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section. |  |  |
|  | Breakdown voltage (Initial) | Between open contacts | $1,000 \mathrm{Vrms}$ for 1 min . (Detection current: 10 mA .) |  |  |
|  |  | Between contact sets | - | 3,000 Vrms for 1 min . (Detection current: 10mA.) | - |
|  |  | Between contact and coil | 5,000 Vrms for 1 min . (Detection current: 10mA.) |  |  |
|  | Temperature rise (at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Operate time (at $\left.20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)^{* 2}$ |  | Max. 15ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) |  |  |
|  | Release time (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ )*2 |  | Max. 5ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)/ Max. 20ms (with diode) |  |  |
| Mechanical characteristics | Shock resistance | Functional | Min. $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms ; detection time: $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.) |  |  |
|  |  | Destructive | Min. $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (Half-wave pu | of sine wave: 6 ms.$)$ |  |
|  | Vibration resistance | Functional | 10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.) |  |  |
|  |  | Destructive | 10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm |  |  |
| Expected life | Mechanical |  | AC: Min. 107; DC: Min. $2 \times 10^{7}$ (at 300 cpm ) |  |  |
|  | Electrical (resistive load) |  | Min. $10^{5}$ (at 20 cpm ) |  | Min. $10^{5}$ (at 10 cpm ) |
| Conditions | Conditions for operation, transport and storage ${ }^{{ }^{3}}$ (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature) |  | Ambient temperature: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ Humidity: 5 to $85 \%$ R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature) |  |  |
|  | Max. Operating speed |  | 20 cpm (at rated load) |  | 10 cpm (at rated load) |
| Unit weight |  |  | Approx. $19 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{}$. | Approx. 17 g .60 oz | Approx. $19 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{}$. |

Notes: *1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
*2 For the AC coil types, the operate/release time will differ depending on the phase.
*3 Refer to 6. Conditions for operation, transport and storage mentioned in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT.

## REFERENCE DATA

1-(1). Max. switching capacity (1 Form C and 1 Form A)


1-(2). Max. switching capacity (2 Form C)


2-(1). Coil temperature rise (1 Form C/AC and 1 Form A/AC types)
Measured portion: Inside the coil Ambient temperature: $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$


2-(2). Coil temperature rise (1 Form C/DC and 1 Form A/DC types)
Measured portion: Inside the coil Ambient temperature: $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$


2-(3). Coil temperature rise (2 Form C/AC type) Measured portion: Inside the coil Ambient temperature: $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$

2-(4). Coil temperature rise (2 Form C/DC type) Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$

DIMENSIONS (Unit mm inch)

## 1. Plug-in type 1 Form C

## External dimensions



Dimension :
Max. 1mm . 039 inch:
1 to 3 mm 039 to
Min. 3mm . 118 inch:
$\pm 0.3+.012$


Schematic (Bottom view)
Standard type


With LED AC type
With LED DC type


With Diode type


External dimensions


Schematic (Bottom view) Standard type

Max. 1 mm .039 inch:
Tolerance
$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3 mm .039 to .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm . 118 inch:


With Diode and LED type


## 2. Plug-in type 2 Form C

3. TM type 1 Form A


## 

Notes: 1. When mounting the TM type, since the cover is made from polycarbonate, please use a washer in order to prevent damage, deformation, and loosening.
2. Suitable tightening torque is 0.3 to $0.5 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$.

## External dimensions



Dimension
Tolerance Max. 1 mm .039 inch: $\quad \pm 0.1 \pm .004$ 1 to 3 mm .039 to .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$ Min. 3mm . 118 inch: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$
4. HN1 Screw terminal socket

5. HN1 Screw terminal socket (Finger protect type)


Note: Use rod or plate terminals, etc. (You cannot use Y -shape or round terminals.)

## 6. HN2 Screw terminal socket


7. HN2 Screw terminal socket (Finger protect type)

8. HN1 PC board terminal socket


PC board pattern (Bottom view)


Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Dimension :
Tolerance
Max. 1mm . 039 inch: $\quad \pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3 mm .039 to .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3 mm .118 inch: $\quad \pm 0.3 \pm .012$

## 9. HN2 PC board terminal socket



## NOTES

## 1. Coil operating power

To ensure proper operation, the voltage applied to both terminals of the coil should be $\pm 5 \%$ (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) the rated operating voltage of the coil.
Also, be aware that the pick-up and dropout voltages will fluctuate depending on the ambient temperature and operating conditions.

## 2. LED indications

The light of the light emitting diode is what displays operation. If voltage remains after relay dropout, the LED might illuminate briefly.

## 3. Switching lifetime

The switching lifetime is defined under the standard test condition specified in the JIS C 5442(*2) standard (temperature 15 to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 59$ to $95^{\circ}$ F, humidity 25 to $75 \%$ R.H.). Check this with the real device as it is affected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase,ambient conditions and other factors.
Also, be especially careful of loads such as those listed below.

1) When used for AC load-operating and the operating phase is synchronous.
Rocking and fusing can easily occur due to contact shifting.
2) High-frequency load-operating When high-frequency opening and closing of the relay is performed with a load that causes arcs at the contacts, nitrogen and oxygen in the air is fused by the arc energy and $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ is formed. This can corrode metal materials.
Three countermeasures for these are listed here.
(1) Incorporate an arc-extinguishing circuit.
(2) Lower the operating frequency
(3) Lower the ambient humidity
4. Direct mount type (TM type)

If the current to the connection terminal will exceed 10 A , we recommend connecting with solder. If you are going to use a tab terminal when the current will exceed 10 A , make sure to verify the temperature rise on the receptacle side under actual conditions before using.
5. Conditions for operation, transport and storage

1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:
(1) Temperature:
-40 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-40$ to $+158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
(2) Humidity: 5 to $85 \%$ RH
(Avoid freezing and condensation.)
The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below. Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage

(3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

## 2) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

## 3) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperatures is lower than $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 32^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.
4) Low temperature, low humidity environments
The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.
6. About the relay-securing hook

- Screw terminal socket

1) Installation of the securing hook is easily performed by pressing upward in the direction of the arrows.

2) Removal of the securing hook is easily performed by releasing the hook and pressing down, as shown in the figure.


- Screw terminal socket
(Finger protect type)

1) Install the securing hook by pressing the parts with arrows after inserting the relay.

2) Removal of the relay is easily performed by pressing the parts with arrows.


- PC board terminal socket

1) Installation of the securing hook is easily performed by pressing upward in the direction of the arrows.

2) Removal of the securing hook is easily performed by releasing the hook and pressing down, as shown in the figure.


* To prevent damage and deformity, please use the relay-securing hook at 10 N or less.


## 7. Diode characteristics

1) Reverse breakdown voltage:

Min. 1,000V (with diode type)
Min. 400V (with diode and LED indication type)

## 8. Diode type

Since the diode inside the relay coil are designed to absorb the counter emf, the element may be damaged if a large surge, etc., is applied to the diode. If there is the possibility of a large surge voltage from the outside, please implement measures to absorb it.

## 9. Installation

If you will be installing adjacent to other relays, please keep a distance of at least 5 mm from the relay.

## For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information.


[^0]:    Note: Products conform to UL/C-UL and VDE, as standard.

[^1]:    Notes: 1. Packing quantity: 10pcs. (Carton), 100pcs. (Case)
    2. Products conform to UL/C-UL, as standard.

