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M32100T2-SDI-E

User's Manual SDI Emulator System for M32R Family MCUs

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For inquiries about the contents of this document or product, fill in the text file the installer of the emulator debugger generates in the following directory and email to your local distributor.

\SUPPORT\Product-name\SUPPORT.TXT

Renesas Tools Homepage http://www.renesas.com/en/tools

Preface

The M32100T2-SDI-E is an emulator system using the internal debug interface SDI (Scalable Debug Interface) of M32R Family MCUs. Using with the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R included in this product package, it is possible to develop programs for MCUs on which the SDI is mounted.

This User's Manual mainly describes specifications of the M32100T2-SDI-E emulator system and how to set up it. For details on the emulator debugger, refer to the online help.

• Emulator debugger: M3T-PD32R online help

All the components of this product are shown in "2.2 Package Components" (page 18) of this User's Manual. If there is any question or doubt about this product, contact your local distributor.

To use the product properly

Precautions for Safety



- In both this user's manual and on the product itself, several icons are used to insure proper handling of this product and also to prevent injuries to you or other persons, or damage to your properties.
- The icons' graphic images and meanings are given in "Chapter 1. Precautions for Safety". Be sure to read this chapter before using the product.

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MEMO

Chapter 1. Precautions for Safety

This chapter describes precautions for using this product safely and properly. For precautions of the emulator main unit and the emulator debugger, refer to each User's Manual included in your product package.

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Chapter 1. Precautions for Safety

In both the User's Manual and on the product itself, several icons are used to insure proper handling of this product and also to prevent injuries to you or other persons, or damage to your properties.

This chapter describes the precautions which should be taken in order to use this product safely and properly. Be sure to read this chapter before using this product.

1.1 Safety Symbols and Meanings



If the requirements shown in the "WARNING" sentences are ignored, the equipment may cause serious personal injury or death.

If the requirements shown in the "CAUTION" sentences are ignored, the equipment may malfunction.

IMPORTANT

It means important information on using this product.

In addition to the three above, the following are also used as appropriate.

Example: A CAUTION AGAINST AN ELECTRIC SHOCK

means PROHIBITION.

Example: DISASSEMBLY PROHIBITED

means A FORCIBLE ACTION.

The following pages describe the symbols "WARNING", "CAUTION", and "IMPORTANT".

MARNING

Warnings for AC Power Supply:



- If the attached AC power cable does not fit the receptacle, do not alter the AC power cable and do not plug it forcibly. Failure to comply may cause electric shock and/or fire.
- When using outside Japan, use AC power cable which complies with the safety standard of the country.
- When it is not possible to prepare for the AC power cable, contact your local distributor.
- Do not touch the plug of AC power cable when your hands are wet. This may cause electric shock.
- If other equipment is connected to the same branch circuit care should be taken not to overload the circuit. Refer to nameplate for electrical ratings.



- When installing this equipment, insure that a reliable ground connection is maintained.
- If you smell a strange odor, hear an unusual sound, or see smoke coming from this product, then disconnect power immediately by unplugging the AC power cable from the outlet. Do not use this as it is because of the danger of electric shock and/or fire. Please, contact your local distributor.

Warnings to Be Taken for This Product:



- Do not disassemble or modify this product. Personal injury due to electric shock may occur if this product is disassembled or modified.
- Make sure nothing falls into the cooling fan on the top panel, especially liquids, metal objects, or anything combustible.

Warning for Installation:



• Do not set this product in water or areas of high humidity. Spilling water or some other liquid into the main unit can cause an unrepairable damage.

Warning for Use Environment:



• This equipment is to be used in an environment with a maximum ambient temperature of 35°C. Care should be taken that this temperature is not exceeded.

ACAUTION

Cautions for AC Adapter:



- Use only the AC adapter included in the product package.
- Before installing this equipment or connecting it to other equipment, disconnect the AC power cable from its outlet to prevent injury or accident.
- The DC plug on the included AC adapter has the below polarity.



Cautions for Powering Up Sequence:



- When turning ON power, activate the emulator first and then the target system.
- When turning OFF power, deactivate the target system first and then the emulator.
- Always wait about 10 seconds after turning OFF the power before turning it ON again.

Caution for Installation:



• This product is designed to be used being laid down. Do not use this product being set up.

Cautions to Be Taken for Handling This Product:



- Use caution when handling the main unit. Be careful not to apply a mechanical shock.
- Do not touch the connector pins of the emulator main unit, probe connector and the target system connector. Static electricity may damage the internal circuits.
- Do not pull this product by the cable which is connected to the emulator main unit or the probe. Do not pull the another part by the emulator main unit or the probe. The cable may cause a break.
- Do not use inch-size screws for this equipment. The screws used in this equipment are all ISO (meter-size) type screws. When replacing screws, use same type screws as equipped before.

Caution for Abnormal Operation:



- If the emulator malfunctions because of interference like external noise, do the following to remedy the trouble.
 - (1) Press the RESET button on the emulator front panel.
 - (2) If normal operation is not restored after step (1), shut OFF power to the emulator once and then reactivate it.

Notes on Tool Product Information:

- For the information about this product, see Renesas Tools Homepage. http://www.renesas.com/en/tools
- For the user registration for this product, use the registration form created when installing the emulator debugger. To the registered users, the latest information about this product is delivered by e-mail.
- This product contains the CD-ROM of the emulator debugger, but it is also possible to download the emulator debugger of latest version from Renesas Tools Homepage. http://www.renesas.com/en/tools

Notes on Downloading Firmware:

- When using this product for the first time or the emulator debugger has been upgraded, the emulator debugger automatically downloads the firmware (control software for the emulator built into it) to the emulator. When downloading is terminated normally, the firmware will not be downloaded later.
- Do not shut off the power while downloading the firmware. If this happens, the product will not start up properly.
- When downloading the firmware has not completed successfully and the emulator debugger does not start up, see "4.2 Downloading Firmware" (page 41) and redownload the firmware.

Notes on LPT Parallel Interface:

- Use the included LPT parallel cable for connecting the LPT parallel interface.

 According to the specifications of printer port of your host machine, the emulator debugger may not start up normally. In this case, try following 2 ways of starting up.
 - (1) Start up the host machine --> Connect the LPT parallel cable --> Turn on the power to the emulator --> Start up the emulator debugger
 - (2) Connect the LPT parallel cable --> Start up the host machine --> Turn on the power to the emulator --> Start up the emulator debugger
- With the LPT parallel interface of the M32100T2-SDI-E, not all host machine will work and are guaranteed. According to the specifications and settings of the host machine, some operation modes of LPT parallel port cannot be used.

Notes on USB Interface:

- USB interface can not be used with a host machine running Windows 95 or Windows NT 4.0.
- With the USB interface of the M32100T2-SDI-E, not all hardware (such as host machine, USB devices, USB hub) combination will work and guaranteed.

Note on LAN Interface:

• With the LAN interface of the M32100T2-SDI-E, not all hardware (such as host machine, network devices) combination will work and guaranteed.

Notes on Dependencies on the MCU Model:

- As the following items dependent to on the MCU model are described in the Release Note, be sure to read it.
 - (1) Differences between the emulator and MCUs
 - (2) MCU signals connected to the SDI MCU control interface connector (Section 3.4)
 - (3) MCU signals connected to the SDI trace interface connector (Section 3.4)
 - (4) Debug specifications dependent on MCU model (Section 5.1)
 - (5) Other cautions and restrictions dependent on MCU model
- Please download the latest release note and MCU file from Renesas Tool Homepage. http://www.renesas.com/en/tools

Note on Stack Capacity and Stack Pointer:

• Set the address which has the device to read/write to the SPI (Stack Pointer for Interrupt) and SPU (Stack Pointer for User) while executing the target program.

Notes on Target Program Execution in Real-time:

- The DMA controller for the emulator incorporating an MCU is used for the memory references/ settings when executing the target program. Therefore, for the memory references/settings when executing the target program, the bus-cycle by the DMA controller is generated.
- · Restrictions on trace output mode

The real-time tracing is possible when the SDI trace interface cable or the connector for in-circuit connection (separately available) is connected. As such, the trace output mode from the target MCU can be switched by the script command (MTRM) of the emulator debugger, state transition break window, state transition trace window, H/W break window, trace point window, and time measurement window. MCU operation in the various modes is as follows.

- (1) Trace: MCU trace data is given priority.
 - The MCU outputs all trace data (jump instruction, branch instruction execution, EIT generation, or data access) generated while the target program is running.
 - When trace information output is generated, real-time target program execution is lost. This mode is practical for gaining full use of real-time trace and break function even without real-time target program execution.
- (2) Execute: MCU execution is given priority.
 - When trace information output is generated continuously while the target program is running, the MCU can lose trace data on this processing. This loss can cause skipping in real-time trace recording and other problems such as incomplete events. (Even in this case, MCU internal events operate normally.)

Even when trace information output is generated, the target program is executed in real-time. This mode is useful when real-time target program execution is important.

Note on Specifying Breakpoints:

- Due to the MCU's architecture, the following addresses cannot be set as a breakpoint.
 - (1) Addresses (4n + 2) in the middle of a 1-word instruction
 - (2) Addresses (4n + 2) in the instruction located in word align + 2 addresses, which are executed in parallel

Note on Specifying Hardware Breakpoint:

• Do not set a hardware breakpoint for instruction execution at address 0x0. This is because if a hardware breakpoint is set at address 0x0, the target program cannot be run. If a breakpoint at address 0x0 is desired, set a software breakpoint, preexecution PC breakpoint, or postexecution PC breakpoint.

Note on RESET Control Switch:

- When the RESET control switch on the probe is set to Hiz START, the following operation allows you to execute the program from the reset vector during time from (2) to (3).
 - (1) Turn ON the emulator power switch.
 - (2) Press the system reset switch on the emulator after the emulator gets started.
 - (3) Start the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R.

This phenomenon occurs immediately after the emulator starts only.

Note on Using Reset Mask:

• If the reset signal from the target board is masked (disabled) using the script command (ResetMask) of the emulator debugger, the reset signal that is input to the target MCU while the target program is running will be ignored and the target MCU will not be reset.

By resetting only peripheral circuits, problems will occur such as target MCU bus cycles not completing, and the target MCU may runaway.

Note on Access Prohibited Areas:

• The emulator uses the address area H'FFFF 8000 to H'FFFF 9FFF of the target MCU as the dedicated area for the emulator. When accessing to this area from the target program, the operation of the emulator cannot be supported. Therefore, do not access to this area from the target program.

Notes on Target System:

- The power to the MCU can be turned off and back on again while running the program. However, because the emulator makes various settings on the MCU after it is powered back on again, it takes a little longer time than when not using the emulator before the MCU can start running the program after being powered up again.
- In systems where the power is frequently turned off and back on again, the program may not operate normally.
- If the power to the MCU is turned off while the program remains idle, an error results.
- The software breaks that had been set before the power was turned off have no effect when the power is back on again, so that no software break occurs.

Chapter 2. Preparation

This chapter describes the package components, the system configuration and the preparation for using this product for the first time.

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Chapter 2. Preparation

2.1 Terminology

Some specific words used in this User's Manual are defined as follows:

Emulator system

This means an emulator system built around the M32100T2-SDI-E emulator. The M32100T2-SDI-E emulator system is configured with an emulator, host machine and emulator debugger.

Emulator (M32100T2-SDI-E)

This means an emulator for M32R Family MCUs on which the debug interface SDI (Scalable Debug Interface) is mounted. This product is configured with the emulator main unit and the probe.

Probe

The probe is a part to connect the emulator to the target board. The probe consists of the M32100T-PRB-E and the M32RT2-CNV board. When connecting the SDI interface to the target board or the converter for in-circuit connection, use the M32RT2-CNV board.

Emulator main unit

This is a part to connect the host machine via a communication interface cable. The communications interface connector for host machine and DC power connector and others are mounted on the emulator main unit.

Host machine

This means a personal computer used to control the emulator.

Emulator debugger

This means the software tool M3T-PD32R (included) to control the emulator from the host machine through an interface.

Firmware

Program that analyzes contents of communication with the emulator debugger and controls the emulator hardware. This program is downloadable from the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R when occasion demands.

Target MCU

This means the microcomputer you are going to debug.

Target system

This means a user's application system using the microcomputer to be debugged.

Target board

This means a board using the microcomputer to be debugged.

Target program

This means a program using the microcomputer to be debugged.

JTAG connection

A connection of the emulator via the MCU installed in the target board and the SDI interface connector. In this case, the MCU on the target board executes the target program.

In-circuit connection

A connection of the emulator to an MCU pattern on the target board using the converter for in-circuit connection (option). Depending on the MCU model, the optional converter for in-circuit connection (e.g. M32170T-PTC) is prepared in order to supplement insufficient debugging signals of the MCU.

2.2 Package Components

The M32100T2-SDI-E package consists of the following items. When unpacking, check to see if your M32100T2-SDI-E contains all of these items.

Item	Quantity
M32100T2-SDI-E emulator	1
M32100T-PRB-E emulator probe	1
M32RT2-CNV SDI interface cable connection board	1
Emulator interface cable (emulator main unit to emulator probe)	1
LPT parallel interface cable (1.9 m, IEEE1284-A male to IEEE1284-C male)	1
USB interface cable (1.9 m)	1
External trace cable	1
SDI MCU control interface cable (10-pin 1.27-mm-pitch flat)	1
SDI trace interface cable (20-pin 1.27-mm-pitch flat)	1
AC adapter	1
AC power cable for Japan (3 m)	1
M3T-PD32R CD-ROM	1
M32100T2-SDI-E User's Manual (this manual)	1
M32100T2-SDI-E User's Manual (Japanese)	1
Release Note (English)	1
Release Note (Japanese)	1
Hardware tool user registration FAX sheet	1

- * When using the M32100T2-SDI-E outside Japan, use AC power cable which complies with the safety standard of the country.
- * The LAN interface cable is not included with the M32100T2-SDI-E. Get the 10Base-T cable separately.
- * The latest version of the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R is downloadable from Renesas Tools Homepage (http://www.renesas.com/en/tools).
- * Please keep the M32100T2-SDI-E's packing box and cushion material in your place for reuse at a later time when sending your product for repair or other purposes. Always use these packing box and cushion material when transporting the M32100T2-SDI-E.
- * If any of these items are missing or found faulty, please contact your local distributor.
- * If there is any question or doubt about the packaged product, contact your local distributor.

2.3 System Configuration of the M32100T2-SDI-E

Because the M32100T2-SDI-E uses a debug interface SDI (Scale Debug Interface) built in the MCU, JTAG connection is available, which can directly control the MCU installed in the target board.

Depending on the MCU model, the optional converter for in-circuit connection is provided in order to supplement insufficient debugging signals of the MCU. When using the optional converter for incircuit connection, connect the converter for in-circuit connection to the MCU pattern on the target board using the in-circuit connection method.

(1) JTAG Connection

The system configuration when using the M32100T2-SDI-E by JTAG connection is shown below.

- (1) Host machine (Personal computer)
- (2) Emulator M32100T2-SDI-E
- (3) Emulator debugger M3T-PD32R
- (4) SDI trace interface cable
- (5) SDI MCU control interface cable
- (6) Interface cable
- (7) AC adapter

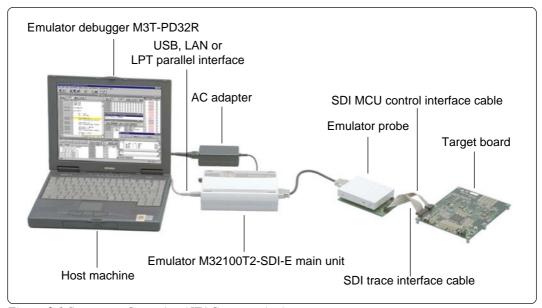


Figure 2.1 System configuration (JTAG connection)

Use the provided SDI MCU control interface cable to connect an SDI connector you prepare on the target board.

Connect the SDI MCU control interface cable and SDI trace interface cable to the M32RT2-CNV board mounted on the emulator probe.

Because the emulator is connected to the target board using the SDI MCU control interface connector (10-pin) and SDI trace interface connector (20-pin), the flexibility of designing around the MCU on the target board increases. It can be used for debugging and evaluation on a test machine.

MCU models which do not provide the SDI trace pins do not require an SDI trace interface. In this case, you cannot use real-time trace, time measurement or break function based on the trace output.

Directly installed on the target board, the target MCU will not cause problems on electrical equivalent and poor connection.

(2) In-circuit Connection

The system configuration when using the M32100T2-SDI-E by in-circuit connection is shown below

- (1) Host machine (Personal computer)
- (2) Emulator M32100T2-SDI-E
- (3) Emulator debugger M3T-PD32R
- (4) Converter for in-circuit connection
- (5) SDI trace interface cable
- (6) SDI MCU control interface cable
- (7) Interface cable
- (8) AC adapter

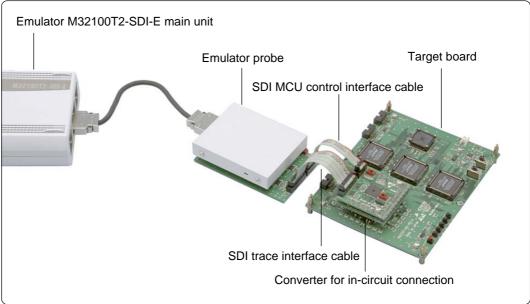


Figure 2.2 Magnified view around the probe (in-circuit connection)

Connect the emulator to the MCU pattern on the target board via a connector provided for the converter for in-circuit connection. For details on this connection method, see the instruction manual of the converter for in-circuit connection.

Connect the SDI MCU control interface cable and SDI trace interface cable to the M32RT2-CNV board mounted on the emulator probe.

You should reserve space on the target board to connect the converter.

On the target board, load capacity of all the signal lines of MCU becomes greater than that of the actual signal lines on MCU.

2.4 Name of Each Part

Here explains the name and function of each part.

(1) Names and Functions of Parts on the Upper Panels

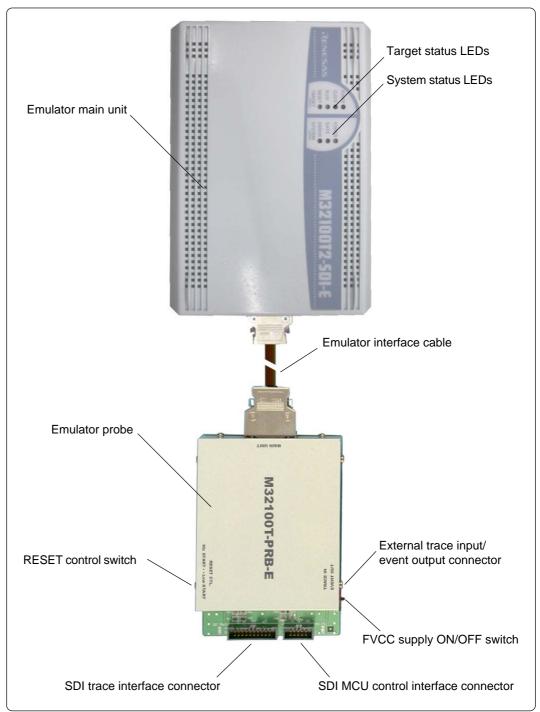


Figure 2.3 Name of each part on upper panels

(1) System Status LEDs

System status LEDs indicate the M32100T2-SDI-E emulator's power supply, firmware operating status, etc. Table 2.1 lists the definitions of the system status LEDs.

Table 2.1 Definitions of system status LEDs

Name	ON/OFF	Meaning
POWER	OFF	Emulator power supply is turned off.
POWER	ON	Emulator power supply is turned on.
	OFF	Emulator system is not operating normally.
SAFE	Blinking	Self-check is under way. Special mode (maintenance mode) to download the firmware. Does not operate except for downloading the firmware.
	ON	Emulator system is operating normally.
	OFF	Emulator is operating normally.
ERROR	Blinking	Firmware is being downloaded.
	ON	Emulator is not operating normally.

(2) Target Status LEDs

Target status LEDs indicate the target MCU's operating status and the target board's power supply, etc. Table 2.2 lists the definitions of the target status LEDs.

Table 2.2 Definitions of target status LEDs

Name	ON/OFF	Meaning
POWER	OFF	Power is not supplied to the target board.
	ON	Power is supplied to the target board.
CLOCK*1	OFF	Target MCU clock is not oscillating.
	ON	Target MCU clock is oscillating.
RUN	OFF	Target program has been halted.
	ON	Target program is being executed.
	OFF	Target MCU is not reset from an external pin.
RESET	ON	Target MCU is reset from an external pin. When connected by JTAG, it is not turned on by inserting a buffer into the RST signal of the SDI MCU control signal on the target board.

^{*1} The CLOCK LED is turned on only when the SDI trace interface connector is connected.

(3) RESET control switch

The RESET control switch selects the status of /RESET signal to the target MCU until the emulator debugger gets started after the emulator power switch is turned ON. Table 2.3 shows the switch functions.

Table 2.3 Functions of the RESET control switch

Status of switch	Meaning
Hiz START	High impedance (MCU on the target board becomes enabled.)
Low START	Fixed to low level (MCU on the target board is reset.)

(4) External trace input/event output connector

Connect the included 10-pin external trace cable to the external trace input/event output connector.

When inputting external trace, input the external trace signal. The external trace input signal is also usable as an external trigger parameter of the event.

IMPORTANT

Notes on External Trace Input:

- Input the signal at LVTTL level to the external trace input.
- The external trace input is not available when the SDI trace pin is not connected to the emulator.
- It is revised when the trace information is output from the target MCU.

Note on Event Output:

• The event output function is not supported.

Table 2.4 lists the signal assignments of the external trace input connector.

Table 2.4 Pin-assignment of external trace cable

Pin	Color	Function
EXT0	White	Bit 0 of external trace data
EXT1	Brown	Bit 1 of external trace data
EXT2	Red	Bit 2 of external trace data
EXT3	Orange	Bit 3 of external trace data
EXT4	Yellow	Bit 4 of external trace data
EXT5	Green	Bit 5 of external trace data
EXT6	Blue	Bit 6 of external trace data
EXT7	Purple	Bit 7 of external trace data
GND	Black	Connect to the GND of the target board.

(5) FVCC supply ON/OFF switch

This switch is on the M32RT2-CNV board which is to be mounted on the emulator probe. Usually set the switch OFF during operation.

(6) SDI trace interface connector

On the SDI trance interface connector, trace signals used to connect the emulator using the JTAG connection method are assigned. To connect the emulator to the target board, use the provided SDI trace interface cable.

For details, refer to "3.4 Connecting the Target System" (page 35).

(7) SDI MCU control interface connector

The target MCU control signals used for JTAG connection with the emulator are arrayed on the SDI MCU control interface connector. For the connection with the target board, use the included SDI MCU control interface cable.

For details, refer to "3.4 Connecting the Target System" (page 35).

(8) Emulator interface cable

Connects the emulator main unit and the probe.

(2) Names and Functions of Parts on the Front Panel of the Main Unit

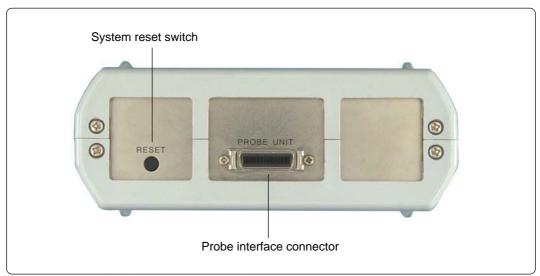


Figure 2.4 Name of each part on front panel of main unit

(1) System reset switch

Generally, when the system reset switch is pressed, the emulator forcibly initializes the target MCU and waits for a command from the emulator debugger.

And when this switch is pressed within 2 seconds after turning on the power, the emulator switches to maintenance mode for downloading the firmware.

Table 2.5 lists the functions of the system reset switch.

Table 2.5 Functions of system reset switch

Emulator status	Function
When the switch is pressed within two seconds after power-on.	Switches to maintenance mode for downloading the firmware. Then, as you press the switch again, the self-check is executed. After execution of the self-check, the system waits for a command input from the emulator debugger.
When the switch is pressed in the status other than mentioned above.	Forcibly initializes the target MCU.

(2) Probe interface connector

This is a connector for the emulator interface cable. This is used for connecting the emulator probe via the emulator interface cable.

(3) Names and Functions of Parts on the Rear Panel of the Main Unit

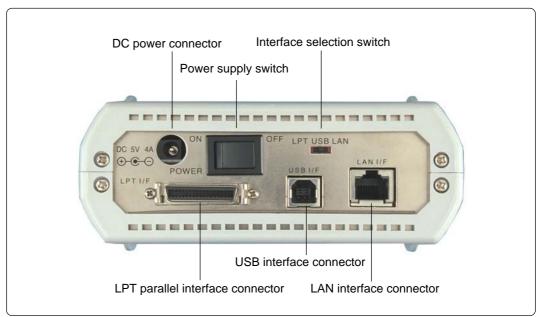


Figure 2.5 Name of each part on rear panel of main unit

(1) DC power connector

Connects the DC output connector of the AC adapter with the plug of the included AC adapter.

(2) Power switch

DC power switch of the M32100T2-SDI-E.

According to the connection status with the host machine and connection status with the target board, the emulator may not start up normally when powering on immediately after shutting off the power. Wait about 10 seconds after turning OFF the power before turning ON it again.

(3) Interface selection switch

With the M32100T2-SDI-E, it is possible to specify one of three interfaces below as an interface for the communications with the host machine.

- LPT parallel interface
- USB interface (USB 1.1, full-speed)
- LAN interface (10Base-T)

The interface selection switch is used to specify the communications interface available. The emulator recognizes the setting of the interface selection switch when powering on the emulator or pressing the system reset switch.

With the M32100T2-SDI-E, it is not possible to use the multiple interfaces at one time.

(4) LPT parallel interface connector

Connects the included LPT parallel interface cable.

(5) USB interface connector

Connects the included USB interface cable.

(6) LAN interface connector

Connects the 10Base-T interface cable. As the LAN interface cable is not included with the M32100T2-SDI-E, get the 10Base-T cable separately.

(4) Names and Functions of Parts on the Side Panel of the Probe

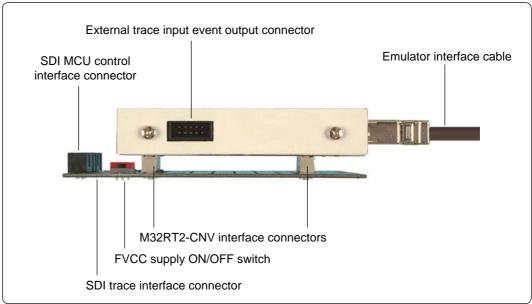


Figure 2.6 Name of each part on front panel of probe

(1) M32RT2-CNV interface connector

Connects the M32100T-PRB-E and the M32RT2-CNV. Connect the M32100T-PRB-E and the M32RT2-CNV referencing Figure 2.6.

* For other parts shown in Figure 2.6, refer to Figure 2.3.

Chapter 3. Setting Up

This chapter describes switch settings required for using this product and how to connect this product to the host machine and the target system.

3.1	Connecting the AC Adapter	28
3.2	Connecting the Host Machine	29
	(1) Connecting by LPT Parallel Interface	29
	(2) Connecting by USB Interface	30
	(3) Connecting by LAN Interface	31
	Using the Emulator Debugger M3T-PD32R	31
	Using the Utility SETIP.EXE	32
	Incorporating the M32100T2-SDI-E in a Different Network	33
3.3	Self-check Procedure	34
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	(1) Connecting SDI Interface Connector	35
	(2) SDI MCU Control Interface Connector	35
	(3) SDI Trace Interface Connector	37
	(4) Circuit Diagram of the Emulator Side	38

Chapter 3. Setting Up

Figure 3.1 shows how to set up the M32100T2-SDI-E.

Set up the emulator debugger before setting up the M32100T2-SDI-E. For how to set up the emulator debugger, refer to the User's Manual of the emulator debugger.

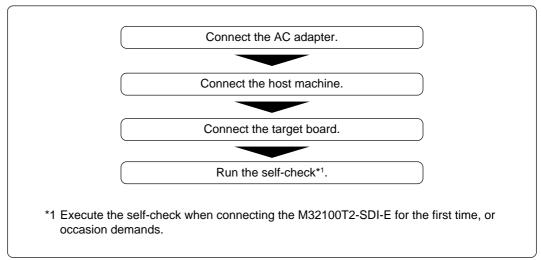


Figure 3.1 Set up procedure of the M32100T2-SDI-E

3.1 Connecting the AC Adapter

Shut OFF the power of the M32100T2-SDI-E before setting up. Figure 3.2 shows how to set up the AC adapter.

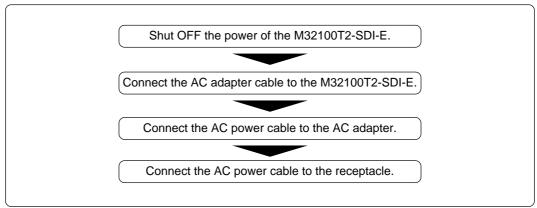


Figure 3.2 Connecting AC adapter

3.2 Connecting the Host Machine

(1) Connecting by LPT Parallel Interface

Figure 3.3 shows how to connect the M32100T2-SDI-E to the host machine by the LPT parallel interface.

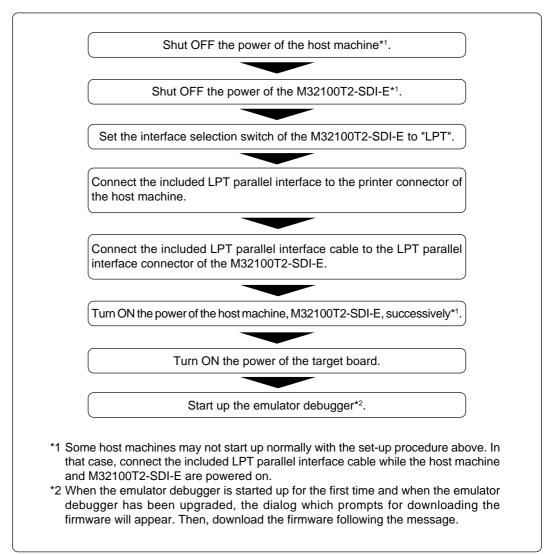


Figure 3.3 How to connect the M32100T2-SDI-E to the host machine by LPT parallel interface

(2) Connecting by USB Interface

Figure 3.4 shows how to connect the M32100T2-SDI-E to the host machine by the USB interface.

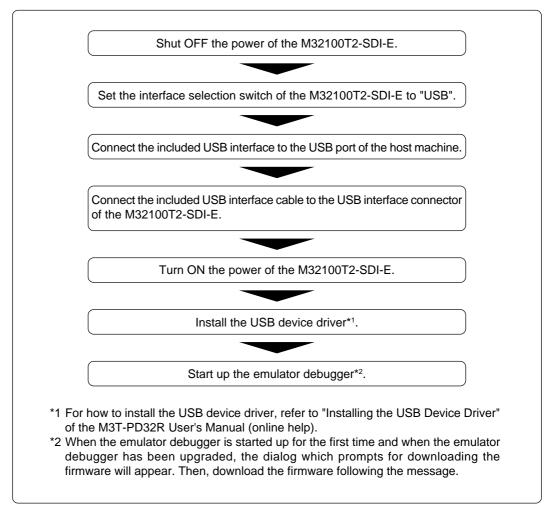


Figure 3.4 How to connect the M32100T2-SDI-E to the host machine by USB interface

(3) Connecting by LAN Interface

To connect the M32100T2-SDI-E by use of a LAN interface, you need to register some network information such as an IP address, a subnet mask, a port number, etc. in the M32100T2-SDI-E in addition to the ordinary setup. There are following two ways to setup and to register the network information.

- Using the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R
- Using the utility SETIP.EXE

If you incorporate the host machine and the M32100T2-SDI-E in separate networks, read "Incorporating the M32100T2-SDI-E in a Different Network" (page 33) too.

Using the Emulator Debugger M3T-PD32R

First, use a USB or an LPT parallel interface to start up the M32100T2-SDI-E and register the network information from the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R. When the registration of the network information in the M32100T2-SDI-E is completed, you can connect the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R to the M32100T2-SDI-E by use of the LAN interface.

The setup procedure is as follows.

- 1. Connect over an LPT parallel interface as explained in "3.2 (1) Connecting by LPT parallel Interface" (page 29) or USB interface as explained in "3.2 (2) Connecting by USB Interface" (page 30), according to the equipment status of the host machine OS and communication interface.*
 - *1 If the environment allows you to use both LPT parallel and USB, it is recommended to use the LPT parallel interface.
- 2. Register network information in the M32100T2-SDI-E as described in "Setting of the LAN Interface" of the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R User's Manual (Online Help).
- 3. Quit the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R.
- 4. Turn off the power to the host machine and M32100T2-SDI-E.
- 5. Disconnect the interface cable used earlier from the M32100T2-SDI-E.
- 6. Set the interface selection switch of the M32100T2-SDI-E to the LAN side.
- 7. Connect a 10BASE-T cable to the LAN interface connector of the M32100T2-SDI-E.
- 8. Connect a 10BASE-T cable to the hub.
- 9. Turn on the power to the host machine and M32100T2-SDI-E.
- 10. Start up the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R. (Select LAN on the MCU tab of the Init dialog box.)

IMPORTANT

Notes on LAN Interface:

- If the LAN interface is used as the M32100T2-SDI-E communication interface, it is necessary to acquire an IP address of the M32100T2-SDI-E. For details, contact your network administrator.
- To register network information, shut off the power to the M32100T2-SDI-E and restart. The registered information is activated by restarting the M32100T2-SDI-E.
- The M32100T2-SDI-E cannot communicate with more than one host machine at a time. It communicates with the first host machine it connects to.
- The initial values of network information for the M32100T2-SDI-E are as follows.

IP address: 39.40.41.42 Subnet mask: 255.255.255.255
Port number: 3200 Gateway: 255.255.255.255 (not in use)

• Using the Utility SETIP.EXE

If you use the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R under Windows 95 or Windows NT 4.0, the SETIP.EXE cannot be used. In this case, register the network information by using emulator debugger M3T-PD32R.

When using the utility software SETIP.EXE, which is accompanied by the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R, it is possible to register the network information of the emulator debugger M32100T2-SDI-E by use of the LAN interface.

The M32100T2-SDI-E can be connected to the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R by the LAN interface.

The setup procedure is as follows.

- 1. Turn off the power to the host machine and M32100T2-SDI-E.
- 2. Set the interface selection switch of the M32100T2-SDI-E to the LAN side.
- 3. Connect a 10BASE-T cable to the LAN interface connector of the M32100T2-SDI-E.
- 4. Connect a 10BASE-T cable to the hub.
- 5. Turn on the power to the host machine and M32100T2-SDI-E.
- 6. Start up SETIP.EXE and register network information in the M32100T2-SDI-E as specified in "Setting of the LAN Interface using the SETIP.EXE" of the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R User's Manual (Online Help).
- 7. Turn off the power to the M32100T2-SDI-E and re-turn ON the power.
- 8. Start up the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R. (Select LAN on the MCU tab of the Init dialog box, the IP address, subnet mask and port number)*2
 - *2 It is not necessary to set the IP address of the gateway.

IMPORTANT

Notes on LAN Interface:

- If you've already used IP address 39.40.41.42 in the local area network, you cannot use this procedure. Carry out "Using the Emulator Debugger M3T-PD32R" (page 31).
- If the LAN interface is used as the M32100T2-SDI-E communication interface, it is necessary to acquire an IP address of the M32100T2-SDI-E. For details, contact your network administrator.
- To register network information, shut power to the M32100T2-SDI-E off and restart. The registered information is activated by restarting the M32100T2-SDI-E.
- The M32100T2-SDI-E cannot communicate with more than one host machine at a time. It communicates with the first host machine it connects to.
- The initial values of network information for the M32100T2-SDI-E are as follows.

IP address: 39.40.41.42 Subnet mask: 255.255.255.255
Port number: 3200 Gateway: 255.255.255.255 (not in use)

- SETIP.EXE detects the M32100T2-SDI-E at IP address 39.40.41.42 and port number 3200. If the IP address is changed, you cannot register network information using the SETIP.EXE.
- SETIP.EXE does not detect an M32100T2-SDI-E on another network.
- When SETIP.EXE detects the M32100T2-SDI-E, it temporarily rewrites the network table of the host machine.

• Incorporating the M32100T2-SDI-E in a Different Network

In incorporating the M32100T2-SDI-E in a network that does not include the host machine, you need to register the IP address of the gateway from the network in which the M32100T2-SDI-E is incorporated to the network in which the host machine is incorporated. You register the IP address of the gateway by means of either step 2 described in "Using the Emulator Debugger M3T-PD32R" (page 31) or step 6 described in "Using the Utility SETIP.EXE" (page 32).

After you finished registering the network information by use of the host machine in which the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R is installed, incorporate the M32100T2-SDI-E in the network intended. In case of the following network construction, register 192.168.2.254 as the IP address of the gateway.

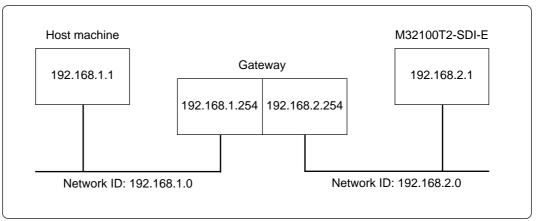


Figure 3.5 Network configuration

NOTE

Notes on LAN Interface:

- The easiest way to change registered network information is to use the emulator debugger M3T-PD32R's Init dialog box. The emulator debugger M3T-PD32R can be used similarly to change network information prior to moving the M32100T2-SDI-E to another network.
- Connecting multiple M32100T2-SDI-E's to the same network without registering network information can cause registration errors. Therefore, it is recommended to connect them sequentially one at a time.
- The M32100T2-SDI-E communicates with the host machine using the TCP.

3.3 Self-check Procedure

The self-check is a function to check the memory of the emulator internal board etc. Use this function with the probe connected to the target board.

Figure 3.6 shows the self-check procedure. It takes about 1 minute for the self-check.

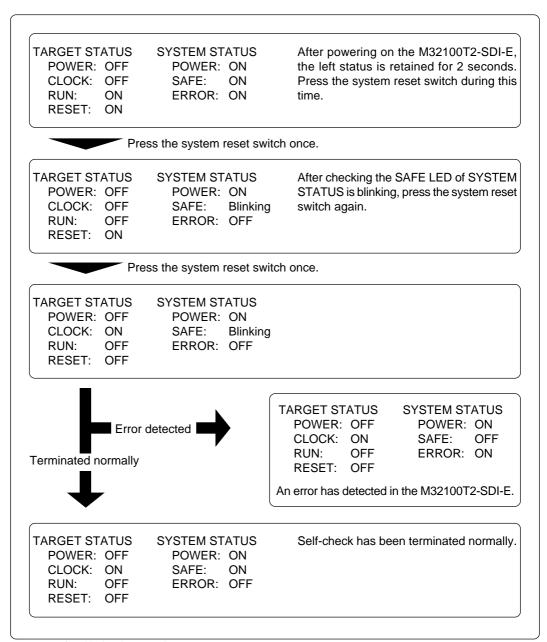


Figure 3.6 Self-check procedure

3.4 Connecting the Target System

The M32100T2-SDI-E supports two ways available to connect to the target board; in-circuit connection and JTAG connection. How to connect the probe of the M32100T2-SDI-E to the target board with JTAG is shown below. For in-circuit connection, refer to the instruction manual of the converter for in-circuit connection.

To connect the emulator to the target board using the JTAG connection method, you should have the SDI MCU control interface connector and SDI trace interface connector on the target board. Connect the M32100T2-SDI-E probe connector to the SDI interface connector on the target board using the provided cable.

(1) Connecting SDI Interface Connector

Figure 3.7 shows how to connect the SDI MCU control interface connector and the SDI trace interface connector on the target board to the emulator probe, and the pin numbers of the SDI MCU control interface connector and the SDI trace interface connector.

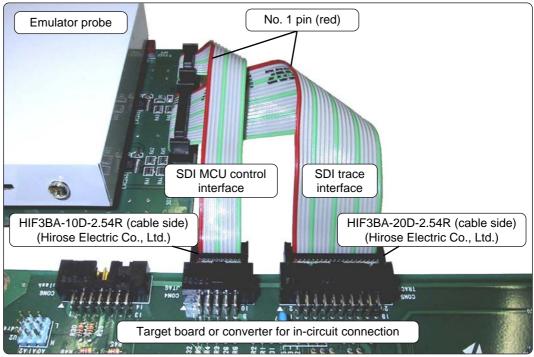


Figure 3.7 How to connect the SDI interface cables

(2) SDI MCU Control Interface Connector

Table 3.1 lists the pin assignments of SDI MCU control interface connector. Figure 3.8 shows the sample circuit of the SDI MCU control interface. The MCU signals' names of the connection target are those of M32170.

Table 3.1	SDI MCU	control	' interface	signal	assignments

Pin No.	Pin	Direction	Connection target	Remarks
1	TCLK	Emulator to target	JTCK of MCU	Clock frequency: 8 MHz/4 MHz
2	Vss	-	GND (0 V)	
3	TDI	Emulator to target	JTDI of MCU	
4	TDO	Target to emulator	JTDO of MCU	
5	TMS	Emulator to target	JTMS of MCU	
6	TRST	Emulator to target	JTRST of MCU	Totem-pole output on emulator side
7	DBI	Emulator to target	JDBI of MCU	
8	N.C.	-	Not used	
9	Vcc	Target to emulator	VCCE of MCU	
10	RST	Emulator to target	System reset	Open corrector output on emulator side

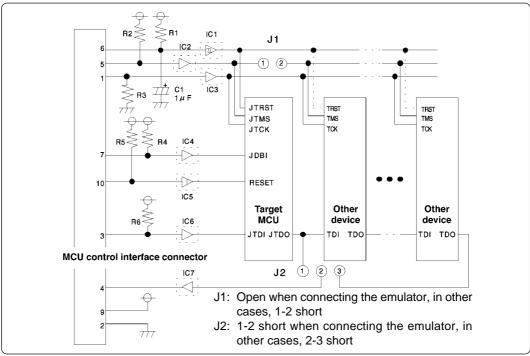


Figure 3.8 Sample circuit of SDI MCU control interface

The following must be observed in designing a user target when connecting the SDI MCU control interface connector to the target system.

- (1) Connect the target MCU so that it is the first device seen from the SDI MCU control interface connector (JTAG connector).
- (2) Keep the TMS separate so that operation from the emulator does not adversely effect other devices.
- (3) The TDO of an M32R Family MCU should be directly connected to the TDI (pin 4) of the SDI MCU control interface connector.
- (4) Do not use TRST as RST (MCU reset request). When using the emulator, the emulator controls TRST and RST separately. Therefore, if the two are tied together, the emulator will not function properly.
- (5) Use a CR circuit or an open collector output device to generate the TRST and RST signals on the target system without obstructing operation from the emulator. Do not connect devices with totem-pole output.

Table 3.2 Parts of SDI MCU control interface

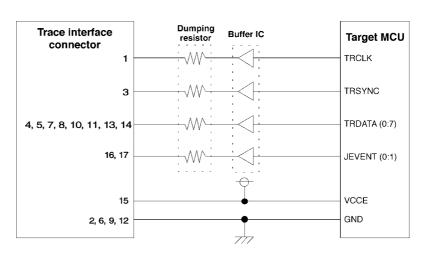
Part No.	Specification	Remarks
R1, R2, R6	Resistor of 10 kΩ	Pull-up with VCCE power supply Pull-up is absolutely necessary for signal lines where a buffer IC is inserted. It is not necessary for signal lines where a buffer IC is not inserted.
R4, R5	Resistor of 10 kΩ	Pull-up with VCCE power supply Pull-up is necessary whether a buffer IC is inserted or not.
IC1 to IC7	Buffer IC	It is logically unnecessary, but it is recommended to mount one to stabilize operation.
R3	Resistor of 10 kΩ	Pull-down at GND Pull-down is absolutely necessary when a buffer IC (IC3) is inserted. It is not necessary when a buffer IC is not inserted.
C1	1 μF capacitor	Resets the MCU's JTAG circuit when turned ON.
J1	Jumper pin	1-2 connected: except when the emulator is connected
J2	Jumper pin	1-2 connected: when the emulator is connected 2-3 connected: other than when the emulator is connected

(3) SDI Trace Interface Connector

Table 3.3 lists the pin assignments of the SDI trace interface connector. Figure 3.9 shows the sample circuit of the SDI trace interface. The MCU signals' names of the connection target are those of M32170.

Table 3.3 SDI trace interface signal assignments

Pin No.	Pin	Direction	Connection target	Remarks
1	TRCLK	Target to emulator	TRCLK of MCU	
2	Vss		GND (0 V)	
3	TRSYNC	Target to emulator	TRSYNC of MCU	
4	TRDATA (0)	Target to emulator	TRDATA0 of MCU	
5	TRDATA (1)	Target to emulator	TRDATA1 of MCU	
6	Vss		GND (0 V)	
7	TRDATA (2)	Target to emulator	TRDATA2 of MCU	
8	TRDATA (3)	Target to emulator	TRDATA3 of MCU	
9	Vss		GND (0 V)	
10	TRDATA (4)	Target to emulator	TRDATA4 of MCU	
11	TRDATA (5)	Target to emulator	TRDATA5 of MCU	
12	Vss		GND (0 V)	
13	TRDATA (6)	Target to emulator	TRDATA6 of MCU	
14	TRDATA (7)	Target to emulator	TRDATA7 of MCU	
15	Vcc	Target to emulator	VCCE of MCU	
16	EVENT0	Target to emulator	JEVENT0 of MCU	
17	EVENT1	Target to emulator	JEVENT1 of MCU	
18	NC		Not used	
19	NC		Not used	
20	NC		Not used	



You can connect the signal lines of the SDI trace interface from the target MCU to the connector directly. However, to ensure safe operation of the emulator, insertion of buffer IC and dumping resistor to each signal line is recommended.

The recommended buffer IC and dumping resistor value are listed below:

Buffer IC: TC74LCX245 made by Toshiba Corporation

• Dumping resistor: 33 to 47 ohm

Figure 3.9 Sample circuit of SDI trace interface

(4) Circuit Diagram of the Emulator Side

Figure 3.10 shows the circuit diagram in the emulator probe of the SDI trace interface part, and Table 3.4 lists the explanation of the circuit diagram.

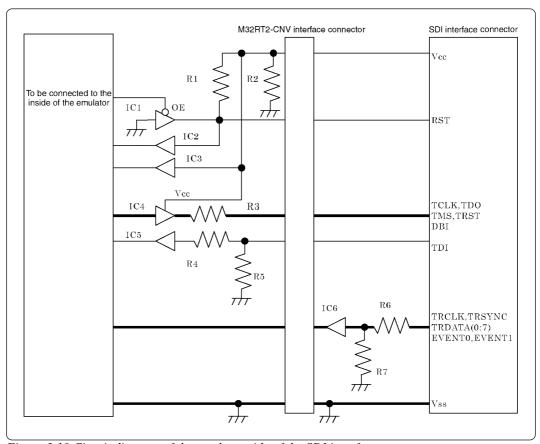


Figure 3.10 Circuit diagram of the emulator side of the SDI interface

Table 3.4 Parts in the emulator

Part No.	Specification	Remarks
IC1, IC2, IC3	Buffer IC TC7SZ125 (product of Toshiba Corporation)	
IC4	Buffer IC LCX245 (product of Toshiba Corporation)	Power supplied from target board
IC6	Buffer IC LVC245 (product of TI)	
R1, R2, R5, R7	Resistor: 100 kΩ	
R3, R4, R6	Resistor: 33 Ω	

Chapter 4. Usage

This chapter describes from turning on the power of this product to starting up the emulator debugger.

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Chapter 4. Usage

4.1 Turning on the Power Supply

(1) Checking the Connection of the System

Before turning ON the power, check the connection of the host machine and the communications interface cable, the emulator probe and the target system.

(2) Turning ON/OFF the Power Supply

- When turning ON, activate the M32100T2-SDI-E first and then the target system.
- When turning OFF, deactivate the target system first and then the M32100T2-SDI-E.
- Always wait about 10 seconds after turning OFF the power before turning it ON again.

IMPORTANT

Notes on Power Supply:

- The emulator's Vcc pin is connected to the target system in order to monitor target system voltage. For this reason, the emulator cannot supply power to the target system. Therefore, provide the target system with a separate power supply.
- Do not change the power supply voltage after the target system has been activated.

(3) LED Display When the Emulator Starts Up Normally

The status LED display when the emulator system starts up normally is shown below. Check this when starting up the emulator system.

After powering ON the emulator	Right after starting up	the emulator debugger
TARGET STATUS SYSTEM STATU POWER: ON POWER: ON CLOCK: OFF SAFE: ON RUN: ON ERROR: OF	POWER: ON CLOCK: OFF*1	SYSTEM STATUS POWER: ON SAFE: ON ERROR: OFF

^{*1} Always turned OFF when the SDI trace interface is not connected.

4.2 Downloading Firmware

(1) When It is Necessary to Download Firmware

It is necessary to download the firmware in the occasions below. Generally, these are detected when the emulator debugger starting up, then downloading the firmware is started.

- (1) When you use this product for the first time
- (2) When the firmware has been upgraded
- (3) When the emulator debugger has been upgraded

Redownload the firmware when the power supply is shut off or when the communication interface cable is pulled out while downloading the firmware from the emulator debugger, following the procedure below.

(2) Downloading Firmware in Maintenance Mode

Download the firmware in maintenance mode as explained here following.

- (1) Within 2 seconds of activating power to the emulator, press the system reset switch on the emulator front panel. This will switch the emulator to maintenance mode.

 When switching to maintenance mode, "SAFE" of SYSTEM STATUS LED blinks.
- (2) Start up the emulator debugger. When the Init dialog box setup is completed, the dialog which prompts for downloading the firmware will appear. Download the firmware following the messages. It takes about 30 seconds for downloading the firmware.

IMPORTANT

Note on Downloading Firmware:

• Do not shut OFF power while the firmware is being downloaded. Doing so, the emulator will not start up properly. If power is shut OFF by mistake, redownload the firmware in maintenance mode.

4.3 Self-check

For the self-check procedure, refer to "3.3 Self-check Procedure" (page 34).

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Chapter 5. Specifications

This	chapter describes	specifications of this product.		
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Chapter 5. Specifications

5.1 Specifications

Table 5.1 lists the specifications of the M32100T2-SDI-E.

Table 5.1 Specifications of the M32100T2-SDI-E

Applicable MCU		M32R MCUs integrating SDI whose operation verification has been completed by Renesas. *1	
Emulation memory Capacity		MCU with built-in flash ROM used as emulation memory. *2	
Software break		Implemented by internal resource of MCU or instruction replacement. *2	
Hardware break	Forcible break	Implemented by internal resource of MCU*2	
Data access break		Implemented by internal resource of MCU*2	
	Event break*3	Detects events based on the branching address/data access Specifiable the AND/OR/state transition sequential	
Real-time trace*3	Number of steps	512K steps	
	To be recorded	Information of branching address/data access, time stamp, event generation and external trace input	
	Recording modes	 512K steps from starting execution 512K steps up to stopping execution 512K steps from generating event 512K steps up to generating event 512K steps of before and after generating event 	
	Trace recording event	Detects events based on the branching address/data access Specifiable the AND/OR/state transition sequential	
Time measurement*3	Measurement	Measures 4 intervals successively (max./min./number of passir	
	Time measurement event	Detects events based on the branching address/data access	
Communication interfaces	LPT parallel	ECP, EPP, Byte/compatibility, Nibble/compatibility modes	
	USB	USB 1.1, full-speed	
	LAN	10BASE-T	
Connection type for t	arget board	JTAG connection (optional converter required for in-circuit connection)	
Power supply		Supplied from the included AC adapter	
External dimensions	Width	580 mm (including probe)	
(main body)	Depth	140 mm	
	Height	52 mm	
Weight		Main unit: 600 g, Probe: 300 g	
Use environment	Temperature, humidity	5 to 35°C, 20 to 80%	
	Dust and dirt	General office environment	
Storage environment	Temperature, humidity	-10 to 60°C, 0 to 90%	
	Dust and dirt	General office environment	
Overseas standards		• U.S. EMI standards (FCC part 15 Class A) • CE marking (EN55022, EN55024, EN61000-3-3)	

^{*1} The latest list of the MCUs is available on Renesas Tools Homepage. http://www.renesas.com/en/tools

^{*3} Enabled only when the MCU has an SDI trace interface and the SDI trace interface cable has been connected. Because the emulator debugger automatically judges the status of connection to the target board, disabled functions cannot be selected from the menu.

AC power supply	AC 100 V to 240 V (50 Hz/60 Hz)
Power consumption	Max. 20 W
DC output	Voltage: 5.2 ±0.1 V (2 A), Current: max. 4 A
DC output polarity	(+) (-) (-)
External dimensions	Width: 122 mm, Depth: 60 mm, Height: 36 mm
Weight	235 g

 $^{^{*}2\,}$ Depends on the MCU specifications. For details, see the Release Note.

Chapter 6. Troubleshooting

This chapter describes how to troubleshoot when this product does not work properly.

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	(1) When the LED Display of the M32100T2-SDI-E is Abnormal	47
	(2) Errors Occur When the Emulator Debugger Starts Up	47

Chapter 6. Troubleshooting

6.1 Flowchart to Remedy Troubles

Figure 6.1 shows the flowchart to remedy troubles from when the emulator is activated until the emulator debugger starts up. Check this while the target system is disconnected.

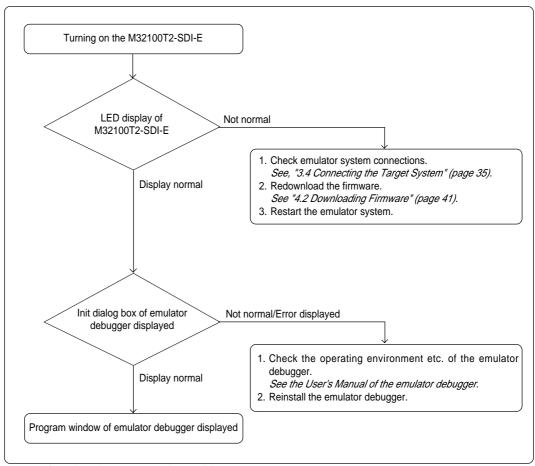


Figure 6.1 Flowchart to remedy troubles

6.2 When the Emulator Debugger Does Not Start Up Properly

(1) When the LED Display of the M32100T2-SDI-E is Abnormal

Table 6.1 LED's abnormal display and its checkpoints

Error	Connection to the target system	Checkpoint
LEDs do not light up.	-	Recheck the power cable of AC adapter is connected to the M32100T2-SDI-E. See "3.1 Connecting the AC Adapter" (page 28).
The SAFE or ERROR LED of "SYSTEM STATUS" remains lit.	-	Turn on the power again. See "4.1 Turning on the Power Supply" (page 40).
The POWER LED of "STATUS OF TARGET" does not light up.	Connected	Check power is properly supplied to the target system and that the target system is properly grounded.
The CLOCK LED of "STATUS OF TARGET" does not light up.	Connected	Check the oscillation circuit on the target system is oscillating.

(2) Errors Occur When the Emulator Debugger Starts Up

Table 6.2 Checkpoints of errors when starting up the emulator debugger (target system is connected)

Error	Checkpoint
Communication error occurred Data was not sent to the target	Check all emulator debugger settings, interface cable connection and the interface selection switch setting of the emulator. See the instruction manuals of the M32100T2-SDI-E and emulator debugger.
PD32R version is not the same version as the firmware in the target	Download the proper firmware. See "4.2 Downloading Firmware" (page 41).
Target MCU is in the reset state	(1) Check the reset pin of the target system is pulled up.(2) Check the reset pin of the target system has changed from "L" to "H" level.
Target MCU cannot be reset	 (1) Check that bus hold signal is negated. (2) If the reset circuit of the target system has a watchdog timer, disable the timer. (3) Check power is properly supplied to the target system and the target system is properly grounded. (4) The program may be uncontrollable in areas where memory is not allotted.
Target MCU is in sleep mode Target MCU is in standby/stop mode	The MCU is either in sleep/standby/stop wait mode. Either reset the MCU or cancel the mode with an interrupt. See the User's Manual of the MCU.
Target clock is stopped	Check the oscillation circuit of the target system is oscillating properly.
Target MCU is not receiving power	Check power is properly supplied to the target system and the target system is properly grounded.
Received command cannot be executed in this H/W environment	(1) Check the proper MCU file is specified.(2) Reinstall the emulator debugger.

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Chapter 7. Maintenance and Guarantee

This chapter describes how to maintenance, repair provisions and how to request for repair.

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Chapter 7. Maintenance and Guarantee

7.1 Maintenance

If dust or dirt collects on any equipment of your emulation system, wipe it off with a dry soft cloth. Do not use thinner or other solvents because these chemicals can cause the equipment's surface coating to separate.

7.2 Guarantee

If your product becomes faulty within one year after its purchase while being used under good conditions by observing "Precautions for Safety" described in Chapter 1 of this user's manual, we will repair or replace your faulty product free of charge. Note, however, that if your product's fault is raised by any one of the following causes, we will repair it or replace it with new one with extra-charge:

- Misuse, abuse, or use under extraordinary conditions
- Unauthorized repair, remodeling, maintenance, and so on
- Inadequate user's system or misuse of it
- Fires, earthquakes, and other unexpected disasters

In the above cases, contact your local distributor. If your product is being leased, consult the leasing company or the owner.

7.3 Repair Provisions

(1) Repair with extra-charge

The products elapsed more than one year after purchase can be repaired with extra-charge.

(2) Replacement with extra-charge

If your product's fault falls in any of the following categories, the fault will be corrected by replacing the entire product instead of repair, or you will be advised to purchase new one, depending on the severity of the fault.

- Faulty or broken mechanical portions
- Flaw, separation, or rust in coated or plated portions
- Flaw or cracks in plastic portions
- Faults or breakage caused by improper use or unauthorized repair or modification
- Heavily damaged electric circuits due to overvoltage, overcurrent or shorting of power supply
- Cracks in the printed circuit board or burnt-down patterns
- Wide range of faults that makes replacement less expensive than repair
- Unlocatable or unidentified faults
- (3) Expiration of the repair period

When a period of one year elapses after the model was dropped from production, repairing products of the model may become impossible.

(4) Transportation fees at sending your product for repair

Please send your product to us for repair at your expense.

7.4 How to Request for Repair

If your product is found faulty, follow the procedure below to send your product for repair.

Customer

V

Fill in the Repair Request Sheet included with this product, then send it along with this product for repair to your local distributor. Make sure that information in the Repair Request Sheet is written in as much detail as possible to facilitate repair.

Distributor

V

After checking the contents of fault, the distributor should please send the faulty product along with the Repair Request Sheet to Renesas Solutions Corp.

Renesas Solutions

When the faulty product is repaired, it will be returned to the customer at the earliest convenience.

⚠ CAUTION

Note on Transporting the Product:



• When sending your product for repair, use the packing box and cushion material supplied with this product when delivered to you and specify handling caution for it to be handled as precision equipment. If packing of your product is not complete, it may be damaged during transportation. When you pack your product in a bag, make sure to use conductive polyvinyl supplied with this product (usually a blue bag). When you use other bags, they may cause a trouble on your product because of static electricity.

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M32100T2-SDI-E User's Manual

