

AS5040/AS5045/AS5140/AS5145/AS5145-I10(-I12)

Programmable Magnetic Rotary Encoder

AS5040-AB-v2.0 Adapterboard OPERATION MANUAL

1 General Description

The AS5x40/AS5x45 series are contactless magnetic rotary encoders for accurate angular measurement over a full turn of 360°. They are system-on-chip, combining integrated Hall elements, analog front end and digital signal processing in a single device.

To measure the angle, only a simple two-pole magnet, rotating over the center of the chip, is required. The magnet may be placed above or below the IC.

The absolute angle measurement provides instant indication of the magnet's angular position with a resolution of 0.35° = 1024 (AS5x40 – 10bit) or 0.0879° = 4096 (AS5x45 – 12bit) positions per revolution. This digital data is available as a serial bit stream and as a PWM signal.

Furthermore, a user-programmable incremental output is available, making the chip suitable for replacement of various optical encoders.

The AS5145 is also available as 10bit or 12bit pre-programmed version AS5145-I10(-I12).

An internal voltage regulator allows the AS5x40/AS5x45 to operate at either 3.3 V or 5 V supplies.



2 The AS5040 Adapter board

2.1 Board description

The AS5040 adapter board is a simple circuit allowing test and evaluation of the AS5040/AS5045/AS5140/AS5145/AS5145-I10/AS5145-I12 rotary encoder quickly without building a test fixture or PCB.

The PCB can be used as standalone unit or attached to a microcontroller. The standalone operation requires a 5V power supply only; the magnet's angle can be read on the PWM or analog output.

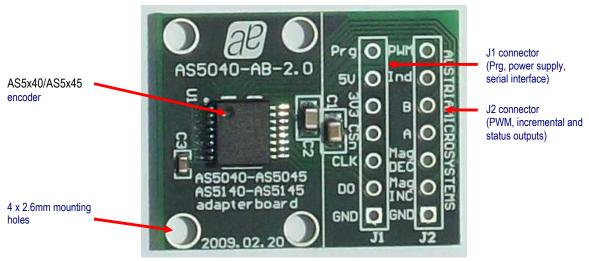


Figure 1: AS5040 Adapterboard

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2.2 Mounting the AS5040 adapter board

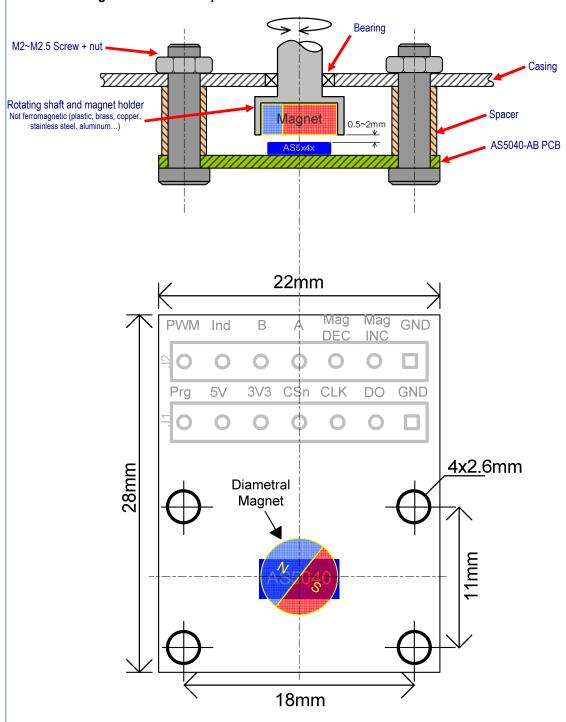


Figure 2: AS5040 adapter board mounting and dimension

A diametric magnet must be placed over on under the AS5x40/AS5x45 encoder, and should be centered on the middle of the package with a tolerance of 0.5mm.

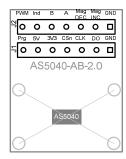
The airgap between the magnet and the encoder casing should be maintained in the range 0.5mm~2mm.

The magnet holder must not be ferromagnetic. Materials as brass, copper, aluminum, stainless steel are the best choices to make this part.

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3 AS5x40/AS5x45 and adapter board pinout



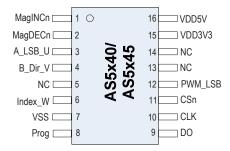


Figure 3: AS5040 adapter board connectors and encoder pinout

Pin# Pin# Symbol —					
Board	AS5040	Symbol Board	Type	Description	
JP1 - 1	7	GND	S	Supply ground	
JP1 - 2	9	DO	DO_T	Data Output of Synchronous Serial Interface	
JP1 - 3	10	CLK	DI_ST	Clock Input of Synchronous Serial Interface; Schmitt-Trigger input	
JP1 - 4	11	CSn	DI_PU_ST	Chip Select, active low; Schmitt-Trigger input, internal pull-up resistor (\sim 50k Ω) connect to VSS in incremental mode	
JP1 - 5	15	3V3	S	3V-Regulator Output	
JP1 - 6	16	5V	S	5V Supply	
JP1 - 7	8	Prg	DI_PD	OTP Prog ramming Input and Data Input for Daisy Chain mode. Internal pull-down resistor (\sim 74k Ω). May be connected to VSS if programming is not used	
JP2 - 1	7	GND	S	Supply ground	
JP2 - 2	1	MagINC	DO_OD	Magnet Field Mag nitude INC rease; active low, indicates a distance reduction between the magnet and the device surface.	
JP2 - 3	2	MagDEC	DO_OD	Magnet Field Mag nitude DEC rease; active low, indicates a distance increase between the device and the magnet	
JP2 - 4	3	A	DO	AS5040 – AS5140 – AS5145 (programmed) only Mode1.x: Quadrature A channel Mode2.x: Least Significant Bit Mode3.x: U signal (phase1)	
JP2 - 5	4	В	DO	AS5040 – AS5140 – AS5145 (programmed) only Mode1.x: Quadrature B channel quarter period shift to channel A. Mode2.x: Direction of Rotation Mode3.x: V signal (phase2)	
JP2 - 6	6	Ind	DO	AS5040 – AS5140 – AS5145 (programmed) only Mode1.x and Mode2.x: Index signal indicates the absolute zero position Mode3.x: W signal (phase3) AS5045 – AS5145 (unprogrammed) Mode input, connect to VDD5 (Fast mode) or GND (Slow mode); do not change during operation	
JP2 - 7	12	PWM	DO	Pulse Width Modulation of approx. 1kHz; LSB in Mode3.x	

Table 1: Pin description

Pin types:	DO_OD	digital output open drain	S	supply pin
	DO	digital output	DI	digital input
	DI_PD	digital input pull-down	DO_T	digital output / tri-state
	DI_PU	digital input pull-up	ST	Schmitt-Trigger input

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4 Operation use cases

4.1 Standalone SSI output mode

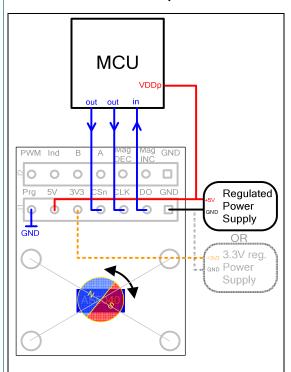


Figure 4: Using the analog output with the adapter board

The most complete and accurate solution for a MCU to read the angle of a magnet is the serial interface. The serial word contains 16 bits for AS5x40 or 18 bits for AS5x45 and consists of 10 bit (AS5x40) or 12 bit (AS5x45) angle value and some other indicator bits like MagINC, MagDEC, which can be read at the same time.

4.2 Standalone PWM output mode

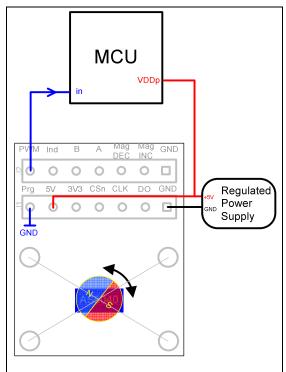


Figure 5: Using the PWM output with the adapter board

The AS5040 provides a pulse width modulated output (PWM), whose duty cycle is proportional to the measured angle. The PWM signal (J2 pin #7) with a period of 1025us (1us step) and 5V pulse voltage can be connected to the capture/timer input of a microcontroller in order to decode the angle value.

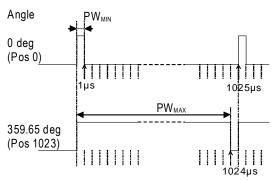


Figure 6: PWM duty cycle depending on magnet position

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4.3 Standalone incremental output

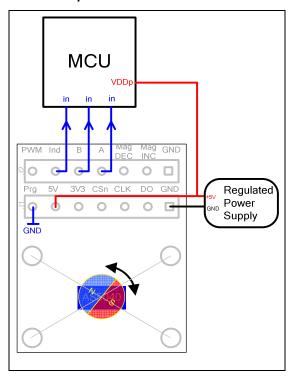


Figure 7: Using the Incremental output with the adapter board

Three different incremental output modes are possible with quadrature A/B being the default mode (two-channel quadrature, step / direction incremental signal (LSB) and the direction bit in clockwise (CW) and counter-clockwise (CCW) direction. The pre-programmed version AS5145-I10 provides a 10bit and AS5145-I12 a 12bit incremental output.

The AS5045 do not offer an incremental output (see chapter 6).

For further information, please refer to datasheet.

4.4 Daisy chain mode

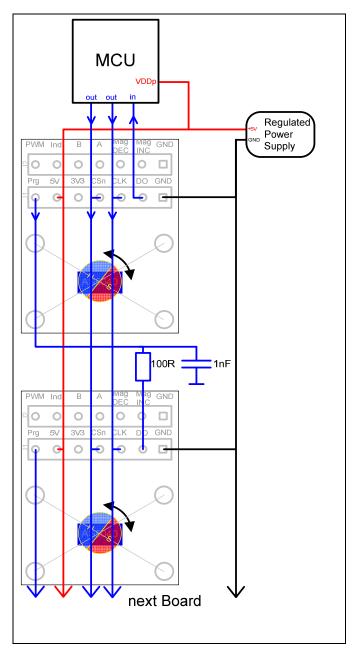


Figure 8: Using Daisy-Chain mode with the adapter board

By using more than one adapter board, a setup in daisy chain mode is possible.

In this mode capacitor C3 (refer to Fig.10) must be disconnected when using the 1nF capacitor shown in Fig.8. or directly replaced by this capacitor.

The serial data of all connected devices is read from the DO pin of the first device in the chain. The Prog pin of the last device in the chain should be connected to VSS. The length of the serial bit stream increases with every connected device (board) by n * (16+1) bits.

Due to R = 100R and C = 1nF, the CLK is limited the maximum 1MHz.

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5 Programming the AS5040

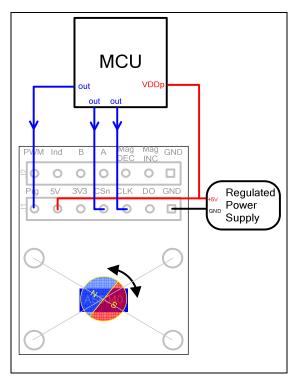


Figure 9: Programming the AS5040

After power-on, programming the AS5040 is enabled with the rising edge of CSn with Prog = high and CLK = low. 16 bit configuration data must be serially shifted into the OTP register via the Prog-pin. The first "CCW" bit is followed by the zero position data (MSB first / 10 bit for AS5x40 and 12 bit for AS5x45) and some mode settings (please refer to datasheet). Data must be valid at the rising edge of CLK.

After writing data into the OTP register it can be permanently programmed by rising the Prog pin to the programming voltage V_{PROG} of 7.3-7.5V. 16 CLK pulses must be applied to program the fuses.

For exiting the programming mode, the chip must be reset by a power-on-reset. The programmed data is available after the next power-up.

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6 AS5040 Differences to AS5045

Building Block	AS5045	AS5040
Resolution	12bits, 0.088°/step.	10bit, 0.35°/step
Data length	read: 18bits	read: 16bits
-	(12bits data + 6 bits status)	(10bits data + 6 bits status)
	OTP write: 18 bits	OTP write: 16 bits
	(12bits zero position + 6 bits mode selection)	(10bits zero position + 6 bits mode selection)
incremental encoder	Not used	quadrature, step/direction and BLDC
	Pin 3: not used	motor commutation modes
	Pin 4:not used	Pin 3:incremental output A_LSB_U
		Pin 4:incremental output B_DIR_V
Pins 1 and 2	MagINCn, MagDECn: same feature as AS5040,	MagINCn, MagDECn indicate in-range or
	additional OTP option for red-yellow-green	out-of-range magnetic field plus
	magnetic range	movement of magnet in z-axis
Pin 6	MODE pin, switch between fast and slow mode	Pin 6:Index output
Pin 12	PWM output: frequency selectable by OTP:	PWM output:
	1µs / step, 4096 steps per revolution, f=244Hz	1µs / step, 1024 steps per revolution,
	2µs/ step, 4096 steps per revolution, f=122Hz	976Hz PWM frequency
sampling frequency	selectable by MODE input pin:	fixed at 10kHz @10bit resolution
	2.5kHz, 10kHz	
Propagation delay	384µs (slow mode)	48µs
	96µs (fast mode)	
Transition noise	0.03 degrees max. (slow mode)	0.12 degrees
(rms; 1sigma)	0.06 degrees max. (fast mode)	
OTP programming	zero position, rotational direction, PWM disable, 2	zero position, rotational direction,
options	Magnetic Field indicator modes, 2 PWM	incremental modes, index bit width
	frequencies	

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7 AS5040 adapter board hardware

7.1 AS5040-AB-2.0 schematics

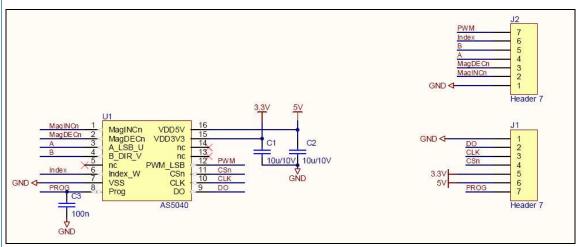


Figure 10: AS5040-AB-2.0 adapterboard schematics

7.2 AS5040-AB-2.0 PCB layout

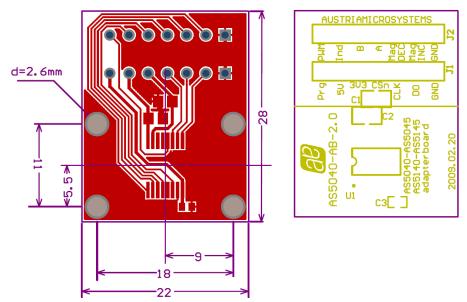


Figure 11: AS5040-AB-2.0 adapter board layout

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Contact Information

Headquarters

austriamicrosystems AG A-8141 Schloss Premstaetten, Austria Tel: +43 (0) 3136 500 0

Fax: +43 (0) 3136 525 01

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