



Power Operational Amplifier

FEATURES

- LOW COST
- HIGH VOLTAGE 200 VOLTS
- HIGH OUTPUT CURRENT 10 AMPS
- 100 WATT DISSIPATION CAPABILITY
- 300kHz POWER BANDWIDTH

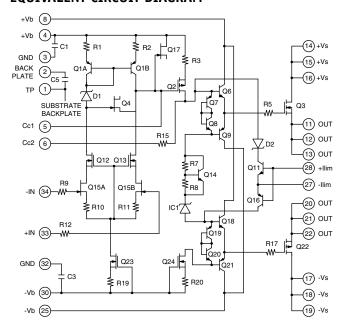
APPLICATIONS

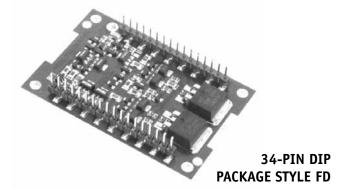
- INKJET PRINTER HEAD DRIVE
- PIEZO TRANSDUCER DRIVE
- INDUSTRIAL INSTRUMENTATION
- REFLECTOMETERS
- ULTRA-SOUND TRANSDUCER DRIVE

DESCRIPTION

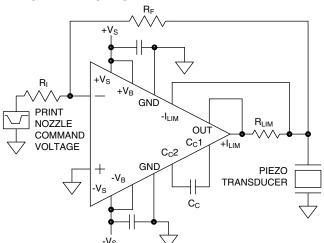
The MP108 operational amplifier is a surface mount constructed component that provides a cost effective solution in many industrial applications. The MP108 offers outstanding performance that rivals much more expensive hybrid components yet has a footprint of only 4 sq in. The MP108 has many optional features such as four-wire current limit sensing and external compensation. The 300 kHz power bandwidth and 10 amp output of the MP108 makes it a good choice for piezo transducer drive applications. The MP108 is built on a thermally conductive but electrically insulating substrate that can be mounted to a heat sink.

EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT DIAGRAM





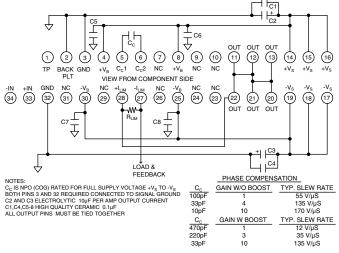
TYPICAL APPLICATION



INKJET NOZZLE DRIVE

The MP108's fast slew rate and wide power bandwith make it an ideal nozzle driver for industrial inkjet printers. The 10 amp output capability can drive hundreds of nozzles simultaneously.

EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS









ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

SUPPLY VOLTAGE, $+V_S$ to $-V_S$ SUPPLY VOLTAGE, $+V_B$ SUPPLY VOLTAGE, $-V_B$ OUTPUT CURRENT, peak POWER DISSIPATION, internal, DC

INPUT VOLTAGE

TEMPERATURE, pin solder, 10s
TEMPERATURE, junction²
TEMPERATURE RANGE, storage
OPERATING TEMPERATURE, case

 $\begin{array}{l} 200V \\ +V_S + 15V^6 \\ -V_S - 15V^6 \\ 12A, \text{ within SOA} \\ 100W \\ +V_B \text{ to } -V_B \end{array}$

225°C. 150°C. -40 to 105°C. -40 to 85°C.

SPECIFICATIONS

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS ¹	MIN	MP108 TYP	MAX	MIN	MP108A TYP	MAX	UNITS
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE OFFSET VOLTAGE vs. temperature OFFSET VOLTAGE vs. supply BIAS CURRENT, initial ³ BIAS CURRENT vs. supply OFFSET CURRENT, initial INPUT RESISTANCE, DC INPUT CAPACITANCE COMMON MODE VOLTAGE RANGE COMMON MODE VOLTAGE RANGE COMMON MODE REJECTION, DC NOISE	Full temperature range $\label{eq:full_section} \mbox{1MHz bandwidth, } \mbox{1k} \mbox{R}_{\mbox{S}}$	92	1 20 10 ¹¹ 4	5 50 20 100 0.1 50 +V _B - 15 -V _B + 15	*	* *	3 * 70 * 30	mV μV/°C μV/V pA pA/V pA Ω pF V V dB μV RMS
GAIN OPEN LOOP @ 15Hz GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT @ 1MHz PHASE MARGIN	$R_L = 10K\Omega, C_C = 10pF$ $C_C = 10pF$ Full temperature range	96 45	10		*	*		dB MHz degrees
OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING VOLTAGE SWING VOLTAGE SWING VOLTAGE SWING CURRENT, continuous, DC SLEW RATE, A _V = -20 SETTLING TIME, to 0.1% RESISTANCE POWER BANDWIDTH 180V _{P-P}	$\begin{split} I_O &= 10A \\ I_O &= -10A \\ I_O &= -10A, \ +V_B = +V_S + 10V \\ I_O &= -10A, \ -V_B = -V_S - 10V \\ \end{split}$ $\begin{split} C_C &= 10pF \\ 2V \ Step \\ No \ load, \ DC \\ C_C &= 10pF, \ +V_S = 100V, \ -V_S = -100V \end{split}$	+V _S - 10 -V _S + 10 +V _S - 1.6 -V _S + 5.1 10 150	+V _S - 8.6 -V _S + 7 170 1 5 300		* * * 11	* * * * * *		V V V V A V/μS μS Ω kHz
POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE CURRENT, quiescent		±15	±75 50	±100 65	*	*	*	V mA
THERMAL RESISTANCE, AC, junction to case ⁵ RESISTANCE, DC, junction to case RESISTANCE, junction to air TEMPERATURE RANGE, case	Full temperature range, f ≤ 60Hz Full temperature range, f < 60Hz Full temperature range	-40		1 1.25 13 85	*		* * *	°C/W °C/W °C/W °C

NOTES: 1. Unless otherwise noted: T_C=25°C, compensation C_C=100pF, DC input specifications are value given, power supply voltage is typical rating.

- 2. Long term operation at the maximum junction temperature will result in reduced product life. Derate internal power dissipation to achieve high MTBF.
- 3. Doubles for every 10°C of case temperature increase.
- 4. +V_S and -V_S denote the positive and negative supply voltages to the output stage. +V_B and -V_B denote the positive and negative supply voltages to the input stages.
- 5. Rating applies if the output current alternates between both output transistors at a rate faster than 60Hz.
- 6. Power supply voltages $+V_B$ and $-V_B$ must not be less than $+V_S$ and $-V_S$ respectively.

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0.001

30

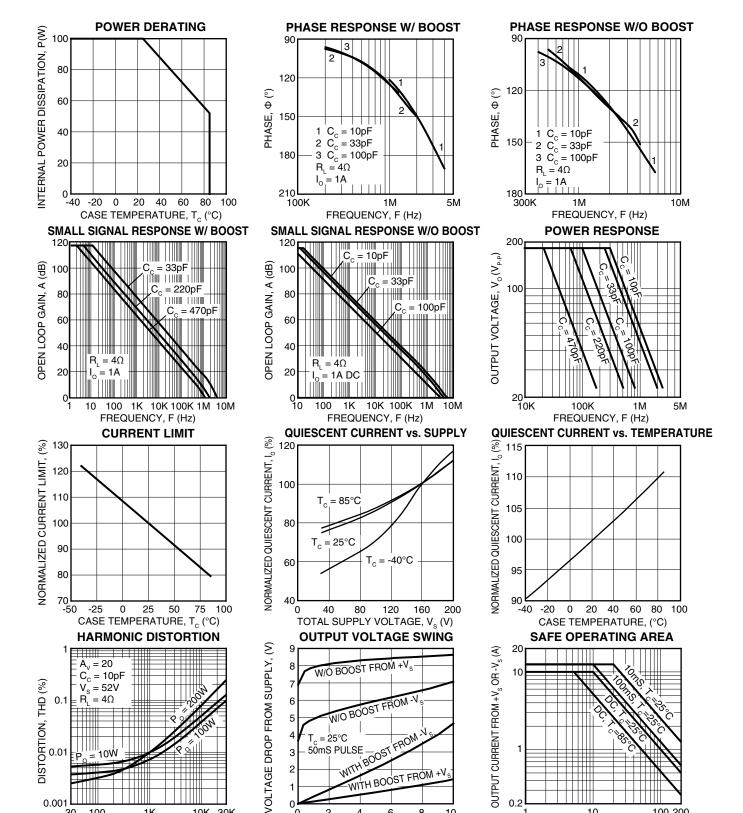
100

1K

FREQUENCY, F (Hz)

10K 30K

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OUTPUT CURRENT, I_{\odot} (A)

6

8

10

SUPPLY TO OUTPUT DIFFERENTIAL, V_s-V_o (V)

100 200





GENERAL

Please read Application Note 1 "General Operating Considerations" which covers stability, power supplies, heat sinking, mounting, current limit, SOA interpretation, and specification interpretation. Visit www.cirrus.com for design tools that help automate tasks such as calculations for stability, internal power dissipation, current limit, heat sink selection, Apex Precision Power's complete Application Notes library, Technical Seminar Workbook and Evaluation Kits.

GROUND PINS

The MP108 has two ground pins (pins 3, 32). These pins provide a return for the internal capacitive bypassing of the small signal portions of the MP108. The two ground pins are **not** connected together on the substrate. Both of these pins are required to be connected to the system signal ground.

SAFE OPERATING AREA

The MOSFET output stage of the MP108 is not limited by second breakdown considerations as in bipolar output stages. Only thermal considerations and current handling capabilities limit the SOA (see Safe Operating Area graph on previous page). The output stage is protected against transient flyback by the parasitic body diodes of the output stage MOSFET structure. However, for protection against sustained high energy flyback external fast-recovery diodes must be used.

COMPENSATION

The external compensation capacitor C_C is connected between pins 5 and 6. Unity gain stability can be achieved with any capacitor value larger than 100pF for a minimum phase margin of 45 degrees. At higher gains more phase shift can usually be tolerated in most designs and the compensation capacitor value can be reduced resulting in higher bandwidth and slew rate. Use the typical operating curves as a guide to select C_C for the application. An NPO (COG) type capacitor is required rated for the full supply voltage (200V).

OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION

Although the MP108 can withstand differential input voltages up to ±25V, additional external protection is recommended. In most applications 1N4148 signal diodes connected anti-parallel across the input pins is sufficient. In more demanding applications where bias current is important diode connected JFETs such as 2N4416 will be required. See Q1 and Q2 in Figure 1. In either case the differential input voltage will be clamped to ±0.7V. This is usually sufficient overdrive to produce the maximum power bandwidth. Some applications will also need over voltage protection devices connected to the power supply rails. Unidirectional zener diode transient suppressors are recommended. The zeners clamp transients to voltages within the power supply rating and also clamp power supply reversals to ground. Whether the zeners are used or not the system power supply should be evaluated for transient performance including power-on overshoot and power-off polarity reversals as well as line regulation. See Z1 and Z2 in Figure 1.

POWER SUPPLY BYPASSING

Bypass capacitors to power supply terminals $+V_S$ and $-V_S$ must be connected physically close to the pins to prevent local

parasitic oscillation in the output stage of the MP108. Use electrolytic capacitors at least $10\mu F$ per output amp required. Bypass the electrolytic capacitors with high quality ceramic capacitors (X7R) $0.1\mu F$ or greater. In most applications power supply terminals $+V_B$ and $-V_B$ will be connected to $+V_S$ and $-V_S$ respectively. Supply voltages $+V_B$ and $-V_B$ are bypassed internally but both ground pins 3 and 32 must be connected to the system signal ground to be effective. In all cases power to the buffer amplifier stage of the MP108 at pins 8 and 25 must be connected to $+V_B$ and $-V_B$ at pins 4 and 30 respectively. Provide local bypass capacitors at pins 8 and 25. See the external connections diagram on page 1.

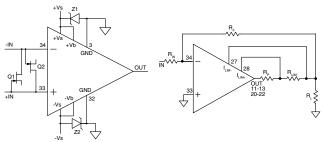


FIGURE 1 OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION

FIGURE 2 4 WIRE CURRENT LIMIT

CURRENT LIMIT

The two current limit sense lines are to be connected directly across the current limit sense resistor. For the current limit to work correctly pin 28 must be connected to the amplifier output side and pin 27 connected to the load side of the current limit resistor R_{LIM} as shown in Figure 2. This connection will bypass any parasitic resistances RP, formed by socket and solder joints as well as internal amplifier losses. The current limiting resistor may not be placed anywhere in the output circuit except where shown in Figure 2. The value of the current limit resistor can be calculated as follows: $R_{\text{LIM}} = .65 / I_{\text{LIMIT}}$

BOOST OPERATION

With the boost feature the small signal stages of the amplifier are operated at a higher supply voltages than the amplifier's high current output stage. +V $_{\rm B}$ (pins 4,8) and -V $_{\rm B}$ (pins 25,30) are connected to the small signal stages and +V $_{\rm S}$ (pins 14-16) and -V $_{\rm S}$ (pins 17-19) are connected to the high current output stage. An additional 10V on the +V $_{\rm B}$ and -V $_{\rm B}$ pins is sufficient to allow the small signal stages to drive the output stage into the triode region and improve the output voltage swing for extra efficient operation when required. When the boost feature is not needed +V $_{\rm S}$ and -V $_{\rm S}$ are connected to the +V $_{\rm B}$ and -V $_{\rm B}$ pins respectively. The +V $_{\rm B}$ and -V $_{\rm B}$ pins must not be operated at supply voltages less than +V $_{\rm S}$ and -V $_{\rm S}$ respectively.

BACKPLATE GROUNDING

The substrate of the MP108 is an insulated metal substrate. It is required that it be connected to signal ground. Connect pin 2 (back plate) to signal ground. The back plate will then be AC grounded to signal ground through a $1\mu F$ capacitor.

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CONTACTING CIRRUS LOGIC SUPPORT

For all Apex Precision Power product questions and inquiries, call toll free 800-546-2739 in North America. For inquiries via email, please contact apex.support@cirrus.com.

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