# **Trimmer Potentiometers**



# SMD Sealed Type Multi-turn Type PVG5/PV01 Series

# **PVG5 Series**

#### Features

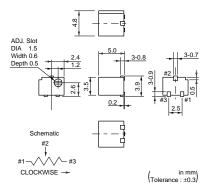
- 1. High resolution resulting from 11-turns design enables precise adjustment.
- 2. 5mm miniature size lead a high density PCB mounting.
- 3. Compatible with VPS reflow soldering method.
- 4. Compatible with ultrasonic cleaning.
- 5. Clutch mechanism prevents excessive wiper rotation.

#### Applications

- 1. Measuring instruments 2. sensors
- 3. CPUs 4. Industrial machines



PVG5A



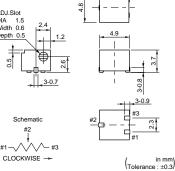


PVG5H

ADJ.Slot DIA 1.5 Width 0.6

Schematic #2

#1



6

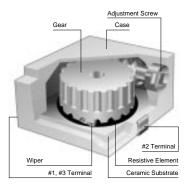
Part Number	Power Rating (W)	Soldering Method	Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle)	Total Resistance Value	TCR (ppm/°C)
PVG5□100A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	10ohm ±10%	±200
PVG52200A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	20ohm ±10%	±200
PVG5□500A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	50ohm ±10%	±200
PVG5[101A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	100ohm ±10%	±200
PVG52201A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	200ohm ±10%	±100
PVG50501A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	500ohm ±10%	±100
PVG5□102A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	1k ohm ±10%	±100
PVG52202A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	2k ohm ±10%	±100
PVG5□502A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	5k ohm ±10%	±100
PVG5□103A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	10k ohm ±10%	±100
PVG52203A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	20k ohm ±10%	±100
PVG5□503A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	50k ohm ±10%	±100
PVG5□104A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	100k ohm ±10%	±100
PVG52204A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	200k ohm ±10%	±100
PVG5□504A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	500k ohm ±10%	±100
PVG5□105A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	1M ohm ±10%	±100
PVG50205A01	0.25(70°C)	Reflow	11	2M ohm ±10%	±100

The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction A (top) or H (side).

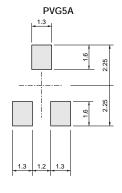


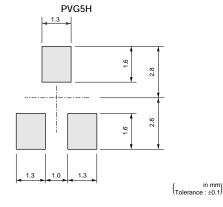
 $\binom{\text{in mm}}{\text{Tolerance : }\pm 0.1}$ 

#### ■ Construction



#### Standard Land Pattern





6

Characteristics		
Temperature Cycle	$\Delta TR$	±2%
remperature cycle	∆V.S.S.	±1%
Humidity	$\Delta TR$	±2%
Humany	IR	10Mohm min.
Vibration	ΔTR	±1%
	∆V.S.S.	±1%
Shock	ΔTR	±1%
SHOCK	∆V.S.S.	±1%
	ΔTR	±3% or 30hm max.,
Temperature Load Life		whichever is greater
	∆V.S.S.	±1%
Low Tamperature Exposure	ΔTR	±1%
Low ramperature Exposure	∆V.S.S.	±1%
High Tamperature Exposure	ΔTR	±2%
	ΔV.S.S.	±1%
Potational Life (100 cyclos)	$\Delta TR$	±3% or 30hm max.,
Rotational Life (100 cycles)		whichever is greater

 $\label{eq:alpha} \begin{array}{ll} \Delta \text{TR} & : \text{Total Resistance Change} \\ \Delta \text{V.S.S.} & : \text{Voltage Setting Stability} \end{array}$ 

IR : Insulation Resistance

### 34 Downloaded from <u>Elcodis.com</u> electronic components distributor



1.8±0.2 DIA

0.6±0.2

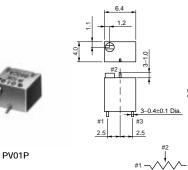
## **PV01 Series**

#### Features

- 1. High resolution, resulting from 12-turns design enables precise adjustment.
- 2. Compatible with VPS reflow soldering method.
- 3. Small size. (6.35x6.35x4.3mm)
- 4. Compatible with ultrasonic cleaning.
- 5. Clutch mechanism prevents excessive wiper rotation.

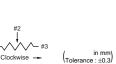
#### Applications

- 1. Measuring instruments 2. Facsimile machines
- 3. CPUs
- 4. PPCs
- 5. Printers
- 6. Sensors



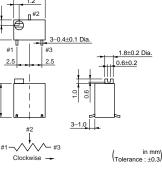
2.

Clockwise

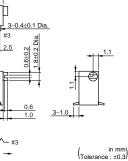




PV01W







Power Rating Number of Turns TCR Part Number Soldering Method **Total Resistance Value** (Effective Rotation Angle) (ppm/°C) (W) PV01□100A01 0.25(85°C) 12 100hm ±10% ±100 Reflow PV01 200A01 0.25(85°C) Reflow 12 200hm ±10% ±100 PV01 500A01 0.25(85°C) Reflow 12 500hm ±10% ±100 PV01□101A01 0.25(85°C) 12 1000hm ±10% ±100 Reflow PV01 201A01 0.25(85°C) Reflow 12 2000hm ±10% ±100 PV01 501A01 0.25(85°C) Reflow 500ohm ±10% ±100 12 PV01 102A01 0.25(85°C) Reflow 12 1k ohm ±10% ±100 PV01 202A01 0.25(85°C) Reflow 12 2k ohm ±10% ±100 PV01 502A01 0.25(85°C) 12 5k ohm ±10% ±100 Reflow PV01□103A01 Reflow ±100 0.25(85°C) 12 10k ohm ±10% PV01 203A01 20k ohm ±10% 0.25(85°C) Reflow 12 ±100 PV01 253A01 0.25(85°C) Reflow 12 25k ohm ±10% ±100 PV01 503A01 0.25(85°C) Reflow 12 50k ohm ±10% ±100 PV01 104A01 0.25(85°C) Reflow 12 100k ohm ±10% ±100 PV01 204A01 0.25(85°C) Reflow 12 200k ohm ±10% ±100 PV01254A01 0.25(85°C) Reflow 12 250k ohm ±10% ±100



Continued on the following page. 35

Note Please read rating and 
 CAUTION (for storage and operating, rating, soldering and mounting, handling) in this PDF catalog to prevent smoking and/or burning, etc.
 This catalog has only typical specifications. Therefore, you are requested to approve our product specification or to transact the approval sheet for product specification before ordering.

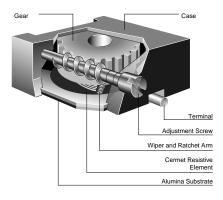
R50E12.pdf 02.9.5

$\square$	Continued	from th	e preceding	page.
-----------	-----------	---------	-------------	-------

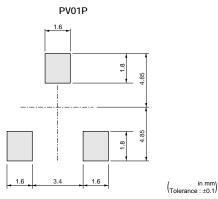
Part Number	Power Rating (W)	Soldering Method	Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle)	Total Resistance Value	TCR (ppm/°C)
PV01□504A01	0.25(85°C)	Reflow	12	500k ohm ±10%	±100
PV01□105A01	0.25(85°C)	Reflow	12	1M ohm ±10%	±100

The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction P (side), W (top) or X (rear). Magazine packaging is standard for PV01 series.

#### ■ Construction



#### Standard Land Dimension



#### Characteristics

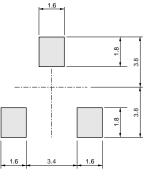
6

	ΔTR	+1%
Temperature Cycle		工170
	ΔV.S.S.	±1%
Lumidity	$\Delta TR$	±2%
Humidity	IR	100Mohm min.
Vibratian (20C)	ΔTR	±1%
Vibration (20G)	ΔV.S.S.	±1%
Chaoly (100C)	ΔTR	±1%
Shock (100G)	ΔV.S.S.	±1%
Townshine Local Life	ΔTR	±2%
Temperature Load Life	ΔV.S.S.	±1%
	ΔTR	±1%
Low Tamperature Exposure	ΔV.S.S.	±1%
litely Tenness Inc. Francisco	ΔTR	±2%
High Tamperature Exposure	ΔV.S.S.	±1%
Rotational Life (200 cycles)	ΔTR	±2%

ΔTR : Total Resistance Change  $\Delta \text{V.S.S.}$  : Voltage Setting Stability IR

: Insulation Resistance

PV01W/PV01X



(in mm) (Tolerance : ±0.1)

36



## **PVG5/PV01 Series Notice**

#### Notice (Operating and Storage Conditions)

- 1. Store that the temperature is -10 to +40deg. C and the relative humidity is 30-85%RH.
- 2. Do not store in or near corrosive gases.
- 3. Use within six months after delivery.
- 4. Open the package just before using.
- 5. Do not store under direct sunlight.
- 6. The trimmer potentiometer should not be used under the following environmental conditions: If you use the trimmer potentiometer in an environment other these listed below, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to
- Notice (Rating)
- 1. When using with partial load (rheostat), minimize the power depend on the resistance value.
- 2. The maximum input voltage to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed (P•R)^1/2 or the maximum operating voltage, whichever is smaller.
- 3. The maximum input current to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed (P/R)^1/2 or the allowable wiper current, whichever is smaller.

#### Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

#### 1. Soldering

- (1) Standard soldering condition
  - (a) Reflow and flow soldering :
  - Refer to the standard temperature profile.
  - (b) Soldering iron :
    - >Temperature of tip 260 deg.C max. >Soldering time 3sec. max. >Diameter
    - 2mm dia. max. 30W max. >Wattage of iron

Before using other soldering conditions than those listed above, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using. If the soldering conditions are not suitable, e. g., excessive time and/or excessive temperature, the trimmer capacitor may deviate from the specified characteristics.

- (2) Can not be soldered using the flow soldering method. If you use the flow soldering method, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.
- (3) The soldering iron should not come in contact with the case of the trimmer potentiometer. If such contact does occur, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged.
- (4) Insufficient amounts of solder can lead to insufficient soldering strength on PCB. Excessive amounts of solder may cause the bridging between the terminals.
- 2. Mounting
- (1) Use our standard land dimension. Excessive land area causes displacement due to effect of the

using.

- (1) Corrosive gaseous atmosphere.
  - (Ex. Chlorine gas, Hydrogen sulfide gas, Ammonia gas, Sulfuric acid gas, Nitric oxie gas, etc.)
- (2) In liquid.
  - (Ex. Oil, Medical liquid, Organic solvent, etc.)
- (3) Dusty/dirty atmosphere.
- (4) Direct sunlight.
- (5) Static voltage nor electric/magnetic fields.
- (6) Direct sea breeze.

(7) Other variations of the above.

- surface tension of the solder. Insufficient land area leads to insufficient soldering strength of the chip.
- (2) Do not apply excessive force (preferable 9.8N (Ref.; 1kgf) max.), when the trimmer potentiometer is mounted to the PCB.
- (3) Do not warp and/or bend PC board to prevent trimmer potentiometer from breakage.
- (4) In chip placers, the recommended size of the cylindrical pick-up nozzle should be outer dimension 4.0mm dia. and inner dimension 2.0mm dia..
- 3. Cleaning
- (1) Isopropyl-alcohol and Ethyl-alcohol are applicable solvent for cleaning. If you use any other types of solvents, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using.
- (2) The total cleaning time by cold dipping, vaper and ultrasonic washing (conditions as below) method shall be less than 3 minutes.
- (3) For ultra-sonic cleaning, the available condition is as follows.
  - >Power : 600W (67liter) max.
  - >Frequency : 28kHz

>Temperature : Ambient temperature Due to the ultra-sonic cleaning equipment peculiar self resonance point and the cleaning compatibility usually depends on the jig construction and/or the cleaning condition such as the depth of immersion, please check the



# **PVG5/PV01 Series Notice**

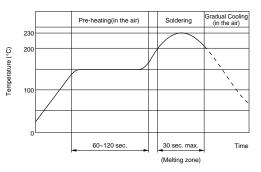
Continued from the preceding page.

cleaning equipment to determine the suitable conditions.

If the trimmer potentiometer is cleaned by other

#### Reflow Soldering Standard Profile

#### For reflow soldering



- Notice (Handling)
- Use suitable screwdrivers that fit comfortably in driver slot.We recommend the below screwdrivers.
  - \* Recommended screwdriver for manual adjustment <PVG5 series>

VESSEL MFG. : NO. 9000-1.3x30 (Murata P/N : KMDR130)

<PV01 series>

VESSEL MFG. : NO. 9000-1.8x30 (Murata P/N : KMDR110)

We can supply above screwdrivers.

If you place order, please nominate Murata P/N.

- Notice (Other)
- Please make sure that your product has been evaluated and confirmed against your specifications when our product is mounted to your product.
- 2. Murata connot guarantee trimmer potentiometer integrity when used under conditions other than those specified in this document.

2. Don't apply more than 9.8N (Ref.; 1kgf) of twist and stress after mounted onto PCB to prevent contact intermittence. If excessive force is applied, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.

conditions, the trimmer potentiometer may be

damaged.

- When adjusting with a screwdriver, do not apply excessive force (preferable 4.9N (Ref; 500gf) max.)
- When using a lock paint to fix slot position, please use adhesive resin without chlorine or sulfur (Three-bond "1401series").

6



# SMD Sealed Type/Lead Sealed Type Specifications and Test Methods

The following describes trimmer potentiometer testing conducted by Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd. in accordance with MIL-R-22097 (Military specification for variable resistors, non-wirewound) and MIL-STD-202 (Test methods for electronic and electrical component parts).

No.	Item	Test Methods						
		Measure total resistance between the resistance element and terminals (#1 and #3) with the contact arm positioned against a stop. The positioning of the contact arm and terminal shall be the same for subsequent total resistance measurements on the same device. Use the test voltage specified in Table-1 for total resistance measurements. This voltage shall be used for all subsequent total resistance measurements.          Total resistance,       Maximum Test						
1	Total Resistance	Nominal (ohm)           10≦R≦100           100 <r≦1k< td="">           1k<r≦10k< td="">           10k<r≦100k< td=""></r≦100k<></r≦10k<></r≦1k<>	Voltage (V 1.0 3.0 10.0 30.0	)				
		100k <r Table-1 Total resis</r 	100.0 tance test volta	ge				
2	Residual Resistance	Position the contact arm at the extreme counterclockwise limit of mechanical travel and measure the resistance between the contact arm and the corresponding end terminal. Then, position the contact arm at the extreme clockwise limit of mechanical travel and measure the resistance between the contact arm and the corresponding end terminal. During this test, take suitable precautions to ensure that the rated current of the resistance element is not exceeded.						
		adjustment rotor (screw angle(number of turns) tact resistance variation where the contact arm adjustment rotor (screw	v) shall be rotat for a total of 6 n is observed a moves from the v) shall be such he test current	ed in both directior cycles. Only the last t least twice in the set trinination, on or t that the adjustmen used shall follow th	is through st 3 cycles same locat off, the re nt rotor (sc	90% of t shall co tion, exc sistance rew) cor	hown in Figure-1, or its equivalent. The the actual effective-electrical rotational punt in determining whether or not a con- clusive of the roll-on or roll-off points e element. The rate of rotation of the mpletes 1 cycle for 5 seconds minimum to able-2 unless otherwise limited by power	
3	Contact Resistance Variation	R (ohm) R≦100	Test	omA	#1		#1 Rx #3 Oscilloscope	
		100 <r<500< td=""><td>1</td><td>0mA</td><td colspan="4" rowspan="5">Constant Current Source not to Exceed Rating of Unit Being Rx : Trimmer Potentiometer Oscilloscope bandwidth :100Hz to 50kHz Figure-1 CRV measuring circuit</td></r<500<>	1	0mA	Constant Current Source not to Exceed Rating of Unit Being Rx : Trimmer Potentiometer Oscilloscope bandwidth :100Hz to 50kHz Figure-1 CRV measuring circuit			
		<u>500≦R&lt;1k</u> 1k≦R<2k		<u>4mA</u> 2mA				
		2k≦R<50k		1mA				
		<u>50k≦R&lt;200k</u> 200k≦R<1M		00μΑ 00μΑ				
		1M≦R<2M		50µA				
		2M≦R Table-2 Test	current for CR	30µА /				
4	Temperature Coefficient of Resistance	Temperature coefficient $TCR = \frac{R_2 - R_1}{R_1 (T_2 - T_1)} \times T_1$ $T_1 : Reference$ $T_2 : Test temperature$ $R_1 : Resistance$	nt of resistance < 10 <sup>6</sup> (ppm/°C) re temperature perature in deg	shall be applied to n degrees celsius rees celsius temperature ohm		•	ature (see Table-3) for 30-45 minutes. Ja.	
		Sequence	1* 2	3	4*	5	6	
		Temperature(°C)	+25 -15	Min. operating temperature	+25	+65	Max. operating temperature	
		Note) * : Reference temperature Table-3 Test temperatures						
		adequate DC test pote terminal #1 and the ter and applied to the follo	ntial shall be an minal #3, and th wing formula.	plied between the ne voltage betweer	terminal #	1 and the	al rotational angle (number of turns). An e terminal #3. The voltage between the nd the terminal #2, shall be measured	
5	Voltage Setting Stability	Voltage setting stability e : Before test (The voltage betwee e': After test	()		l #2)	#1 0	0 #3	
		(The voltage betwee E: The voltage betwee			,	1-	Figure-2	

Continued on the following page.  $\square$ 



72

# SMD Sealed Type/Lead Sealed Type Specifications and Test Methods

#### Continued from the preceding page.

No.	Item	Test Methods		
		The trimmer potentiometer shall be subjected to Table-4 temperature for 5 cycles. The trimmer potentiometer shall be removed from the chamber, and maintained at a temperature of 25±5°C for 1~2 hours.		
6	Temperature Cycle	Sequence         1         2         3         4           Temp. (°C)         PVseries PVE2 series         -55±3 -55±3         +125±3 +150±3 +25±2         +125±3 +150±3 +60±3           Time (min.)         30         5 max.         30         5 max.		
7	Humidity	<text><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text>		
8	Vibration	<ol> <li>PV series</li> <li>The trimmer potentiometer shall be vibrated throughout the frequency range at the 20G level. A complete frequency range, 10Hz to 2000Hz and back, shall be made within 15 minutes for a total of 4 sweeps in each of the three axis direction for a total of 12 sweeps.</li> <li>PVF2 series</li> <li>The trimmer potentiometer shall be subjected to vibration at 0.3 inch amplitude. The frequency shall be varied uniformly between the approximate limits of 10 Hz and 55Hz. This motion shall be applied for preiod of 2 hours in each of 3 mutually perpendicular direction (total of 6 hours).</li> </ol>		
9	Shock	<ol> <li>PV<sup></sup> series</li> <li>The trimmer potentiometer shall be shocked at the 100G (50G for PV22 and PV23series) level and shall be subjected to 4 shocks in each of the three axis direction for a total of 12 shocks.</li> <li>PVM4A<sup></sup> B01series</li> <li>The trimmer potentiometer shall be shocked at the 100G level and shall be subjected to 3 shocks in each of the six axis direction for a total of 18 shocks.</li> </ol>		
10	Temperature Road Life	Full rated continuous working voltage not exceeding the maximum rated voltage shall be applied intermittently between the terminal #1 and the terminal #3 of the trimmer potentiometer, 1.5 hours on and 0.5 hours off, for a total of $1000\pm12$ hours, at a temperature of $70\pm2^{\circ}C$ (85 $\pm2^{\circ}C$ for PV01 and PV37series, $50\pm2^{\circ}C$ for PVF2series). The trimmer potentiometer shall be removed from the chamber, and maintained at a temperature of $25\pm5^{\circ}C$ for 1 to 2 hours.		
11	High Temperature Exposure (Except for PVF2)	The trimmer potentiometer shall be placed in a camber at a temperature of 125±3°C (150±3°C for PV12series) 250±8 hours without loading. The trimmer potentiometer shall be removed from the camber, and maintained at a temperature of 25±5°C for 1 to 2 hours.		
12	Low Temperature Exposure (Except for PVF2 and PVM4AB01)	The trimmer potentiometer shall be placed in a camber at a temperature of -55±3°C for 1 hours without loading. Full rated continuous working voltage not exceeding the maximum rated voltage shall be applied for 45 minutes. The trimmer potentiometer shall be removed from the chamber, and maintained at a temperature of 25±5°C for approximately 24 hours.		



# SMD Sealed Type/Lead Sealed Type Specifications and Test Methods

#### Continued from the preceding page.

No.	Item	Test Methods			
13	Low Temperature Operation (Only for PVF2 and PVM4AB01)	The trimmer potentiometer shall be placed in a camber at a temperature of -25±3°C (-55±3°C for PVM4A B01series) 48±4 hours without loading. The trimmer potentiometer shall be removed from the chamber, and main- tained at a temperature of 25±5°C for 5±1/6 hours			
14	Rotational Life	<ul> <li>1)PV 11 series</li> <li>Full rated continuous working voltage not exceeding the maximum rated voltage shall be applied with the circuit shown in the figure. The adjustment rotor (screw) shall be continuously cycled through not less than 90% of effective-electrical rotational angle (number of turns), at the rate of 1 cycle for 5 seconds minimum to 2.5 a minutes maximum for total of 200 cycles.</li> <li>End Terminal Resistor 1 End Terminal End Terminal Resistor 2 End Terminal Control of 200 cycles.</li> <li>DC supply Figure-4</li> <li>2) PVG3, PVG5series</li> <li>The adjustment rotor (screw) shall be continuously cycled though not less than 90% of effective- electrical rotational angle (number of turns), at the rate of 1 cycle for 5 seconds minimum to 2.5 minutes maximum for a total of 50 (100 for PVG5) cycles, without loading.</li> </ul>			
		3) PVF2, PVM4AB01series The wiper shall be rotated over 90% of the effective rotational angle without loading at a speed of 10 cycles per minute, for 100 cycles continuously.			

