5 mm Mini Oval Mid Power AllnGaP LEDs

Data Sheet



Description

These Precision Optical Performance Oval LEDs are specially designed for full color/video and passenger information signs. The oval shaped radiation pattern and high luminous intensity ensure that these devices are excellent for wide field of view outdoor application where a wide viewing angle and readability in sunlight are essential. These lamps have very smooth, matched radiation patterns ensuring consistent color mixing in full color application, message uniformity across the viewing angle of the sign. High efficiency LED material is used in these lamps: Aluminum Indium Gallium Phosphide (AllnGaP) for amber and red. Each lamp is made with an advance optical grade epoxy offering superior high temperature and high moisture resistance in outdoor applications. The package epoxy contains both UV-A and UV-B inhibitors to reduce the effects of long term exposure to direct sunlight.

Applications

- Traffic management:
 - Traffic Signals
 - Pedestrian signals
 - Work Zone Warning Lights
 - Variable Message Signs
- Commercial Outdoor advertising
 - Sign
 - Marquees

Features

- High Luminous Output
- Well defined spatial radiation pattern
- Viewing angles:

	30 x 70
Major axis	70
Minor axis	30

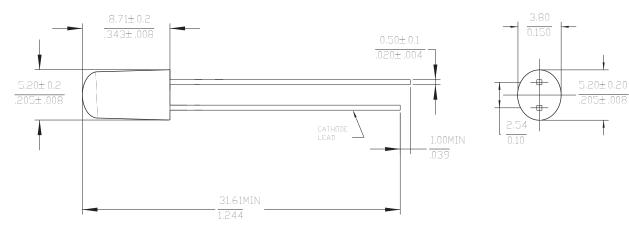
- Red and Amber Intensity are available for AllnGaP
- Colors:
 - 626 nm red
 - 592 nm amber
- Superior resistance to moisture
- UV resistant epoxy
- Package

With or Without lead stand-Offs

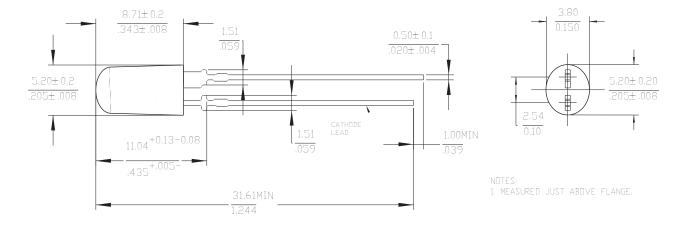
Benefits

- Viewing Angle match Traffic Management Sign Requirements
- Colors Meet Pedestrian Signal Specifications
- Superior performance In Outdoor and Indoor Environments
- Suitable for Auto-insertion onto PC Boards
- Suitable for high current application which give good sign contrast and reduce the number of LED use in a cluster

Package Dimensions A



Package Dimensions B



Notes:

1. Dimension in millimeters (inches)

2. Tolerance \pm 0.1 mm unless otherwise noted.

	Standoff	Color and Dominant	Luminous Intensity Iv (mcd) [1,2] @70 mA			Package Drawing
Part Number Lea		Leads Wavelength (nm). Typ. [3]		Тур.	Max.	
HLMP-AD30-UX000	No	Red/626	3200	6053	9300	А
HLMP-AD31-UX000	Yes	Red/626	3200	6053	9300	В
HLMP-AL30-TW000	No	Amber/592	2500	3920	7200	А
HLMP-AL31-TW000	Yes	Amber/592	2500	3920	7200	В

Notes:

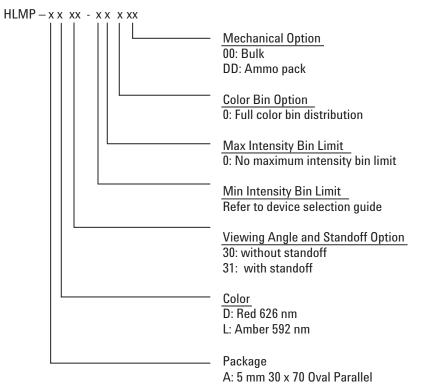
1. The luminous Intensity is measured on the axis of the lamps packages.

2. The optical axis is closely aligned with the package mechanical axis.

3. The dominant wavelength, λ_{d} , is derive from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram and represents the color of the lamps.

4. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is one half the on-axis intensity.

Part Numbering System



Absolute Maximum Rating (TA = 25°C)

Parameters	Value
DC forward current [1]	70 mA
Peak pulsed forward current	100 mA
Average forward current	70 mA
Reverse voltage (Ir = 100 A)	5 V
LED junction temperature	130 C
Operating temperature	-40 C to +100 C
Storage temperature	-40 C to +120 C
Wave soldering temperature ^[2]	250 C for 3 seconds
Solder Dipping Temperature [2]	260°C for 5 seconds

Note:

1. Derate linearly as shown in figure 4.

2. 1.59 mm (0.060 in.) below body

Electrical and	Optical	Characteristics	at TA=25°C
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Parameters	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Forward voltage Amber (λ d=592 nm) Red (λ d=626 nm)		2.10 2.84	2.45 3.25	V	I _F = 70 mA
Reverse voltage	5	2.84	3.25	V	I _F = 100 μA
Peak Wavelength: Amber (λd=592 nm) Red (λd=626 nm)		595 638		nm	I _F = 70 mA
Spectral Halfwidth Amber (λd=592 nm) Red (λd=626 nm)		16 20		nm	I _F = 70 mA
Capacitance Amber (λd=592 nm) Red (λd=626 nm)		17 34		pF	V _F =0, f=1 MHz
Thermal Resistance		130		°C/W	LED Junction to cathode
Luminous Efficacy[1] Amber (λd=592 nm) Red (λd=626nm)		800 970		lm/W	Emitted Luminous Power/ Emitted Radiant power

Note:

1. The radiant intensity, le in watts per steradian, may be found from the equation le=lv/h_v, where lv is the luminous intensity in candelas and h_v i_is the luminous efficacy in lumens/watt.

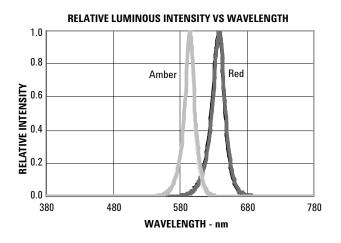


Figure 1. Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

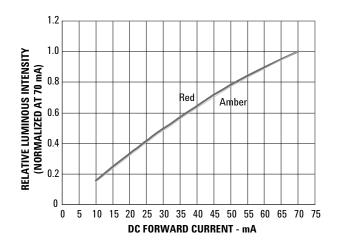


Figure 3. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

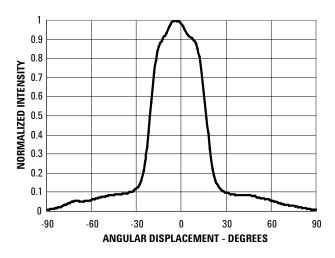


Figure 5. Representative Spatial Radiation Pattern of the — minor axis

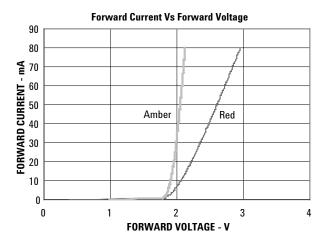


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

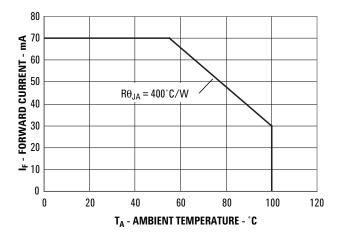


Figure 4. Maximum Forward Current vs Ambient Temperature. Derating Based on T_{JMAX} =130°C.

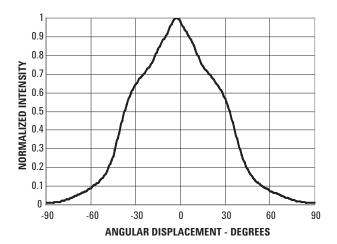


Figure 6. Representative Spatial Radiation Pattern for — major axis

Intensity Bin Limits (mcd at 70 mA)

Bin Name	Min.	Max.	
S	1900	2500	
Т	2500	3200	
U	3200	4200	
V	4200	5500	
W	5500	7200	
Х	7200	9300	

Tolerance for each bin limits is $\pm 15\%$

Amber color Bin Limits (nm at 70 mA)

Bin Name	Min.	Max.	Corner Point	1	2	3	4
1	584.5	587.0	х	0.542	0.537	0.553	0.557
			у	0.458	0.455	0.440	0.442
2	587.0	589.5	х	0.557	0.553	0.567	0.572
			у	0.442	0.440	0.425	0.427
4	589.5	592.0	х	0.572	0.567	0.582	0.587
			у	0.427	0425	0.411	0.413
6	592.0	594.5	х	0.587	0.582	0.595	0.600
			у	0.413	0.411	0.398	0.399

Tolerance for each bin limits is ±0.5nm

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