

# 4 - PIN POWER LED

# PACKAGE DIMENSIONS C. 0.050 (1.25) 0.320 (8.12) 0.280 (7.12) A A A ANODE RO.035 (0.90) RO.020 (0.50) 0.118 (3.00) 0.079 (2.00) 0.020 (0.50) 0.024 (0.60) 0.008 (0.20) TYP. C - CATHODE A - ANODE 0.320 (8.12) 0.320 (8.12) 0.320 (8.12) 0.320 (8.12) 0.320 (8.12) 0.320 (8.12) 0.320 (8.12) 0.320 (8.12) 0.005 (1.75) 0.0033 (0.85) 0.0033 (0.85) 0.0026 (0.65)

### NOTES:

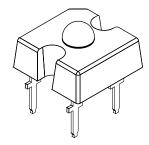
- 1. Dimensions for all drawings are in inches (mm).
- 2. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 3. Protruded resin under the flange is 0.059" (1.5 mm) max.
- 4. All tolerances are  $\pm 0.10$ " (0.25 mm) unless otherwise specified.

# WHITE

QTLP321C-W

### **FEATURES**

- InGaN (Indium Gallium Nitride) technology
- Fluorescent light emission
- Reduced thermal resistance
- Tube packaging



# **DESCRIPTION**

This low profile, 4-pin LED provides a more uniform and evenly distributed illumination than existing LED designs. Its unique optical package enables designers to utilize fewer LEDs while achieving superior lighting performance.

## **APPLICATIONS**

- · Exterior automotive lighting
- · Area displays
- Backlighting
- Message panels

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise specified)			
Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-25 to +80	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-30 to +100	°C
Lead Soldering Time	T <sub>SOL</sub>	260 for 5 sec	°C
Continuous Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	20	mA
Peak Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	100	mA
(f = 100 Hz, Duty Factor = 1/10)			
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5	V
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	120	mW

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WHITE	QTLP321C-W

Part Number	QTLP321C-W	Condition
Flux - $\Phi_{V}$ (mlm)		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Minimum	250	
Typical	500	
Chromatic Coordinates - Typical	X = 0.32, Y = 0.32	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA
Peak Wavelength (nm)	550	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA
Forward Voltage V <sub>F</sub> (V):		I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA
Typical	3.5	
Maximum	4.0	
Viewing Angle (°)	50	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES**

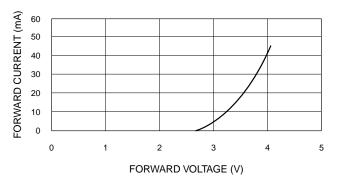


Fig. 1 Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current

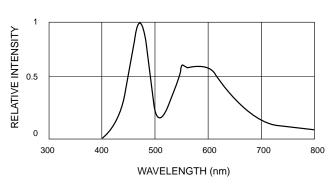


Fig. 3 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

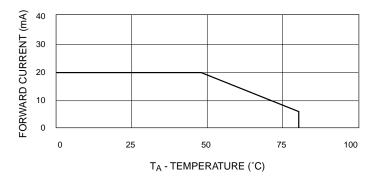
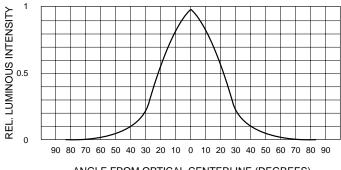


Fig. 2 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



ANGLE FROM OPTICAL CENTERLINE (DEGREES)

Fig. 4 Rel. Luminous Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

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