Intel[®] TXN31111 Tri-rate 850 nm Optical Transceiver - SFP* MSA Compatible

Datasheet

The LC Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) optical transceivers are high-performance integrated modules for bi-directional communication over multimode optical fiber.

The Intel[®] TXN31111 Tri-Rate 850 nm Optical Transceiver (called hereafter the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver) is specifically designed for high-speed multi-rate operation. The TXN31111 Optical Transceiver is provided with an LC receptacle that is compatible with the industry-standard LC connector.

The TXN31111 Optical Transceiver has an LC receptacle compatible with the industry-standard LC connector. The TXN31111 Optical Transceiver is a Class 1 Laser product that complies with FDA Radiation Performance Standards, 21 CFR Subchapter J and international standards IEC 60825-1 and IEC 60825-2.

Product Features

- n Compliant with 1x and 2x Fibre Channel (1.0625/2.125 Gbps) FC-PI standard
- n Compliant with 1.25 Gbps IEEE 802.3z Ethernet standard
- n Compliant with the SFP MSA specification
- n Hot pluggable
- n 850 nm VCSEL emitter
- n TTL Loss of Signal (LOS) Output

Applications

- n Fibre Channel Switches
- n Ethernet Stackable Switches

- n Transmitter Disable Input
- n AC-coupled CML level Input/Output
- n Single +3.3 V Power Supply
- n Class 1 Laser Product
- n IEC/UL 60950-1 Safety Certified
- n Designed and verified as RoHS compliant
- n Ethernet Enterprise Switches

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Revision History

Date	Revision	Description
20-Sept-2006	007	Title page change Added standard references on Table 1.0 "Introduction" on page 6 Modified Table 3 "Electrical Characteristics" on page 8 Modified Table 5 "Receiver – Electrical Specifications" on page 9 Modified Table 6 "Fiber Length Specifications" on page 10 Modified Table 7 "Optical Specifications – Transmitter" on page 10 Modified Table 6 "Fiber Length Specifications" on page 10
24-May- 2006	006	Title change Table 7 "Optical Specifications – Transmitter" on page 10 -Corrected document-only error - Output Rise/Fall Time.
25-Aug-2005	005	 Modified Title Page: Modified datasheet description on Page 1 Rearranged the Product Features and Applications sections on Page 1. Added first paragraph under Section 2.0, "Specifications" on page 7. Modified Table 1 "Absolute Maximum Ratings" on page 7: Removed Operating Temperature and Note 1. Added Caution note. Modified Table 5 "Receiver – Electrical Specifications" on page 9: Added total jitter TJ parameter. Modified Table 8 "Receiver – Optical Specifications" on page 11: Added "Stressed Sensitivity Compliant with Fibre Channel – Physical Interfaces (FC-PI-2) specs, IEEE 802.3z* Gigabit Ethernet 1000 BASE-SX standard." Modified Table 21 "Product Certification Markings and Compliance Statements" on page 29: Modified Table 21 "Product Certification Markings and Compliance Statements" on page 29: Modified Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) Performance to: "Module meets FCC class B. System margins depend on the PCB layout of customer board and chassis designs.
14 Jan 2005	004	Modified Table 3 "Electrical Characteristics" on page 8: added Power Dissipation values.
17 Nov 2004	003	Replaced Figure 4 "SFP Mechanical Specifications" with a corrected drawing.
17 Aug 2004	002	Updated the Transmitter Values for Max Field: -Single Ended, was 1100 -Differential, was 2200 -Output rise/fall time, was 115 Updated the Receiver Values: -Max:Total Jitter row was TBD -Min:Receiver Sensitivity was -22, -20, LOS - Asserted was -30, LOS - Hysteresis not defined -Typ:Receiver Sensitivity was -19, -17
29 Jun 2004	001	Initial document release

Datasheet

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1.0 Introduction

The Intel[®] TXN31111 Tri-Rate 850 nm Optical Transceiver (called hereafter the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver) is specifically designed for high-speed data links at 2.125 Gbps (2x Fibre Channel rate).

This document discusses the following TXN31111 Optical Transceiver topics:

- Section 2.0, "Specifications" on page 7
- Section 3.0, "Electrical Interface" on page 12
- Section 4.0, "Termination" on page 14
- Section 5.0, "SFP Timing Parameters" on page 17
- Section 6.0, "Serial Identification" on page 18
- Section 7.0, "Mechanical Specification" on page 25
- Section 8.0, "Regulatory Compliance" on page 26
- Section 9.0, "Ordering Information" on page 30
- Section 10.0, "Acronyms" on page 31

For information on standards that apply to the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver, see the following references:

- IEEE Std 802.3, 2002 Edition, Clause 38, PMD Type 1000BASE-SX. IEEE Standards Department, 2002
- IEEE Std 802.3z, 1998 Edition. Gigabit Interface Converter (GBIC) Ethernet Standard.
- Small Form-Factor Pluggable (SFP) Transceiver Multisource Agreement (MSA)
- Telcordia Technologies* GR-63 Section 4.2
- ٠

2.0 Specifications

Specifications include the following:

- Section 2.1, "Maximum Ratings and Recommended Operating Conditions" on page 7
- Section 2.2, "Specifications Electrical" on page 9
- Section 2.3, "Specifications Optical" on page 10

2.1 Maximum Ratings and Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 1 lists the absolute maximum ratings for the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver.

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Storage Temperature	Τ _S	-40	85	°C	-
Relative Humidity	R _H	5	95	%	-
Module Supply Voltage	V _{CC} T, R	-0.5	4	V	-
Data AC Voltage	TD+, TD-	-	2.6	V _{PP}	Differential
Control Input Voltage	VI	-0.5	V _{CC} + 0.3	V	-

Caution: Exceeding these values may cause permanent damage. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 2 lists the recommended operating conditions. (Minimum and maximum values listed in Table 3 through Table 8 apply over the recommended operating conditions specified in Table 2.)

Table 2. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Case Temperature	т _с	-20	-	85	°C
Module Supply Voltage	V _{CC} T, R	2.97	3.3	3.63	VDC
Data Rate	-	1.0625	-	2.5	Gbps



Table 3 lists the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver electrical characteristics.

Table 3. Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes
	I _{CC}	_	150	180	mA	$T_{C} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C, \ V_{CC} = 3.3 \ V$
Supply Current	I _{CC}	_	_	200	mA	-20° C < T _C < 85° C, 2.97 V < V _{CC} < 3.63 V
Power Dissipation	Pdiss	-	500	726	mW	-20° C < TC < 85° C, 2.97 V < Vcc < 3.63 V
Supply Noise Rejection	-	100	-	-	mV	10 kHz to 4 MHz with supply filter
Inrush Current	_	_	_	30	mA	Hot plugging of the TXN3111101 Optical Transceiver results in the inrush current of no more than 30 mA greater than the steady state value.

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2.2 Specifications – Electrical

Table 4 lists the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver transmitter electrical specifications.

Table 4. Transmitter – Electrical Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes
CML Input (Single Ended)	-	200	-	1000	mVpp	AC Coupled Input
CML Input (Differential)	-	400	-	2000	mVpp	Peak to Peak Voltage
Input Impedance (differential)	Z _{IN}	85	100	115	Ω	-
TX_DISABLE input voltage - High	V _{IH}	2	-	V _{CC} +0.3	V	-
TX_DISABLE input voltage - Low	V _{IL}	0	-	0.8	V	-
TX_Fault Output Voltage - High	V _{OH}	2.0	-	V _{CC} + 0.3	V	I _{OH =} 40μA, 1 TTL Unit Load
TX_Fault Output Voltage - Low	V _{OL}	0	_	0.8	V	I _{OH =} -1.69 mA, 1 TTL Unit Load

Table 5 lists the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver receiver electrical specifications.

Table 5. Receiver – Electrical Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes
CML Output (Single Ended)	-	275	350	600	mVpp	AC Couple Outlets
CML Output (Differential)	-	550	700	1200	mVpp	Peak to Peak Voltage
CML Output (Rise/Fall Time)	-	-	-	150	ps	20% - 80%
Output Impedance (Differential)	Z _{OUT}	85	100	115	Ω	_
TTL LOS Output - Low	V _{IL}	0	Ι	0.8	V	I _{OH =} -1.69 mA, 1 TTL Unit Load
TTL LOS Output - High	V _{OH}	2.0	-	V _{CC} + 0.3	V	I _{OH =} 40μA, 1 TTL Unit Load
Deterministic Jitter	DJ	-	-	47	ps	
Total Jitter	TJ	-	-	132	ps	-
	V _{OH}	2.5	-	V _{CC} + 0.3	V	With Serial ID
MOD_DEF (0-2)	V _{OL}	0	-	0.5	V	-
	NC	100 K	-	_	Ω	Measured to RGND/ TGND

2.3 Specifications – Optical

 Table 6 lists the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver fiber length specifications.

Table 6. Fiber Length Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes
50 um/125um MME		0.5	-	500	m	BER < 1.0E -12 @ 2.125 Gbps
50 μm/125μm wivir	_	0.5		1000		BER < 1.0E -12 @ 1.0625 Gbps
62 5 um/125 um MME		0.5		300	-	BER < 1.0E -12 @ 2.125 Gb/s
02.5 μπ/ 125 μπ ΝΙΝΓ	-	0.5	_	500		BER < 1.0E -12 @ 1.0625 Gb/s

Table 7 lists the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver transmitter optical specifications.

Table 7. Optical Specifications – Transmitter

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes		
Optical Transmit Power	Popt	-8	-5	-4	dBm	-		
Optical Center	λ	830	850	860	nm	-		
Spectral Width	$ riangle \lambda$	-	-	0.85	nm	RMS		
Optical Modulation Amplitude	OMA	250	-	-	μW	pk-pk		
Extinction Ratio	ER	9	-	-	dB	-		
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN	-	-	-118	dB/Hz	-		
Deterministic Jitter	DJ	1	-	30	ps	_		
Total Jitter	TJ	1	-	65	ps	_		
Output Rise/Fall Time	t _{R,} t _F	_	_	150	ps	20 - 80% values, measured unfiltered		
Note: Eye Mask: Compliant with eye mask requirements of Fibre Channel – Physical Interfaces (FC-PI-2) specifications, IEEE 802.3z* Gigabit Ethernet 1000 BASE-SX standard								

Table 8 lists the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver receiver optical specifications.

Table 8. Receiver – Optical Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes
Optical Input Wavelength	-	770	-	860	nm	-
Receiver Overload	-	-	-	0	dBm	-
Receiver	Pr	-19	-22	_	dBm	 1.0625 Gbps Test conditions: 10⁻¹² BER 9 dB ER input 2⁷ - 1 PRBS
	Pr	-17	-20	_	dBm	 2.125 Gb/s Test conditions: 10⁻¹² BER 9 dB ER input 2⁷ - 1 PRBS
Stressed Sensitivity	Compliant 802.3z* Gig	with Fibre C gabit Ethern	hannel – Ph et 1000 BAS	ysical Interf SE-SX stanc	aces (FC-P lard	I-2) specifications, IEEE
Optical Return Loss	ORL	12	-	-	dB	-
LOS - Asserted	Ра	-29	-	_	dB	Measured on transition – low to high
LOS - De-asserted	Pd	-	-	-17	dBm	Measured on transition – high to low
LOS - Hysteresis	Pa - Pd	1	-	5	dB	-



3.0 Electrical Interface

Figure 1 shows the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver electrical interface pin numbers and names.

Figure 1. Diagram of Host Board Connector Block Pin Numbers and Names



Table 9 lists the plug sequence to follow during hot plugging, as well as pin functions.

Table 9. Plug Sequence: Pin Engagement Sequence During Hot Plugging (Sheet 1 of 2)

Pin	Name	Function	Plug Sequence	Notes	
1	V _{ee} T	Transmitter Ground	1	-	
2	TX_FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	1	
3	TX_DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	2: Module Disables on high or open	
4	MOD_DEF (2)	Module Definition 2	3	3: Wire Serial ID interface	
5	MOD_DEF (1)	Module Definition 1	3	3: Wire Serial ID interface	
6	MOD_DEF (0)	Module Definition 0	3	3: Grounded Module	
7	RATE SELECT	-	3	4	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	5	
9	V _{ee} R	Receiver Ground	1	6	
10	V _{ee} R	Receiver Ground	1	6	
11	V _{ee} R	Receiver Ground	1	6	

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	Pin	Name	Function	Plug Sequence	Notes
	12	RD-	Inverted Received Data out	3	7
	13	RD+	Non-Inverted Received Data out	3	7
	14	V _{ee} R	Receiver Ground	1	6
ĺ	15	V _{cc} R	Receiver Power	2	3.3 V +/- 10% (See also Note 8.)
ĺ	16	V _{cc} T	Transmitter Power	2	3.3 V +/- 10% (See also Note 8.)
ĺ	17	V _{ee} T	Transmitter Ground	1	6
ĺ	18	TD+	Non-inverted Data In	3	9
	19	TD-	Inverted Data In	3	9
Ī	20	V _{ee} T	Transmitter Ground	1	6

Table 9. Plug Sequence: Pin Engagement Sequence During Hot Plugging (Sheet 2 of 2)

NOTES:

1. TX FAULT is an open collector/drain output that is pulled up with a 4.7 K - 10 K Ω resistor on the host board. Use a pull-up voltage between 2.0 V and V_{cc}T, R+0.3 V.

- Low: Indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to < 0.8 V.
- High: Indicates a laser fault.

2. **TX DISABLE** is an input used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver with a $4.7K - 10K \Omega$ resistor. The states are as follows:

- Low (0 0.6V): Transmitter Enabled
- (>0.8, <2.0V): Undefined
- High (2.0 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

3. **MOD-DEF 0,1,2:** These pins are the definition pins for the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver. They are pulled up with $4.7K - 10K \Omega$ resistor on the host board. Use a pull-up voltage between 2.0V and V_{cc}T, R + 0.3V.

- MOD-DEF 0 is grounded by the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver to indicate the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver is present.
- MOD-DEF 1 is the clock line of a two-wire serial interface for serial ID.
- MOD-DEF 2 is the data line of a two-wire serial interface for serial ID.
- 4. **RATE SELECT:** This signal function not implemented in the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver. The TXN31111 Optical Transceiver is rate agile that is, it meets the specifications for 1.0625 Gbps to 2.5 Gbps data rates without the use of a rate-select pin.

5. LOS (Loss of Signal) has an internal 8K pull-up resistor to V_{cc}R. While LOS is defined per the SFP MSA,

- When low, this output indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to < 0.8V.
- When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use).
- 6. **RD-/+** are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC-coupled 100 Ω differential lines that are terminated with 100 Ω (differential) at the user SerDes. The AC coupling is performed inside the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver and is therefore not required on the host board.
- 7. V_{cc}R and V_{cc}T: are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. Their values, which are listed in Table 2, "Recommended Operating Conditions" on page 7, are defined at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is listed in Table 3, "Electrical Characteristics" on page 8. Hot plugging of the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver result in the inrush current listed in Table 3, "Electrical Characteristics" on page 8.
- 8. TD-/+: are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled differential lines with 100 Ω differential termination inside the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver. The AC coupling is done inside the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver and is therefore not required on the host board.



4.0 Termination

4.1 Types of I/O Interfaces

The TXN31111 Optical Transceiver has the following types of I/O interfaces.

- CML interface
- TTL interface

High-speed I/Os use the CML interface, while control signals use the TTL interface. Proper termination of I/Os is required for good signal integrity. If I/Os (particularly the CML I/Os) are not terminated properly, then jitter increases significantly due to reflection from impedance mismatches.

4.2 CML Termination

Figure 2 shows a circuit diagram for the CML termination for the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver receiver output. The TXN31111 Optical Transceiver has built in AC-coupling capacitors, which help prevent a direct current path from the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver power supply to the SerDes input. (A direct current path could damage the ESD diodes on the SerDes.)

- **Internal termination.** For the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver receiver output, the SerDes interface provides an internal termination resistor.
- **External termination.** For the proper external termination of the SerDes interface, refer to the SerDes specification.

Figure 2. Circuit Diagram for CML Termination on Receiver Output





Figure 3 shows a circuit diagram for the CML termination for the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver transmitter input.

Internal termination. The TXN31111 Optical Transceiver transmitter input has an internal 100 Ω termination between two inputs. AC-coupling capacitors are also built into the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver.

Figure 3. Circuit Diagram for CML Termination on Transmitter Input



5.0 SFP Timing Parameters

Table 10 lists thetiming parameters for SFP management.

Table 10. Timing Parameters for SFP Management

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
TX_DISABLE assert time	t_off	_	10	μs	Time from rising edge of TX_DISABLE to when the optical output falls below 10% of nominal
TX_DISABLE negate time	t_on	_	1	ms	Time from falling edge of TX_DISABLE to when the modulated optical output rises above 90% of nominal
Time to initialize includes reset of TX_FAULT	t_init	-	300	ms	Time from power on or negation of TX_FAULT using TX_DISABLE
TX_FAULT Assert Time	t_fault	-	100	μs	Time from fault to TX_FAULT ON
TX Disable to reset	t_reset	10	-	μs	Time TX Disable must be held high to reset TX_FAULT
RX_LOS Assert time	t_loss_on	_	100	μs	Time from LOS state to RX_LOS assert
RX_LOS De-assert time	t_loss_off	-	100	μs	Time from non-LOS state to RX_LOS de-assert
Rate-Select Change time	t_ratesel	_	10	μs	Time from rising or falling edge of Rate Select input until receiver bandwidth is in conformance with appropriate specification
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock	-	100	KHz	-

6.0 Serial Identification

 Table 11 lists the definitions from the different data stored in the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver EEPROM.

Table 11. Serial Identification Field Descriptions (Sheet 1 of 3)

Data Address	Field Size (Bytes)	Name of Field	Description of Field				
Base of Fields							
0	1	Identifier	Type of serial identifier (see Table 12)				
1	1	Ext. Identifier	Extended identifier of type of serial transceiver				
2	1	Connector	Connector (see Table 13)				
3-10	8	Transceiver	Optical Compatibility (see Table 15)				
11	1	Encoding	Code for serial encoding algorithm (see Table 14)				
12	1	BR, Nominal ¹	Nominal bit rate, units of 100Mbps				
13	1	Reserved	-				
14	1	Length (9µ) - km ²	Link Length supported for 9/125 μm fiber, units of km				
15	1	Length (9µ) ³	Link Length supported for 9/125 μm fiber, units of 100 m				
16	1	Length (50µ) ⁴	Link Length supported for 50/125 μm fiber, units of 10 m				
17	1	Length (62.5µ) ⁵	Link Length supported for 62.5/125 μm fiber, units of 10 m				
18	1	Length (Copper) ⁶	Link Length supported for copper, units of meters				
19	1	Reserved	-				
20-35	16	Vendor name ⁷	SFP vendor name (ASCII)				
36	1	Reserved	_				
37-39	3	Vendor OUI ⁸	SFP vendor IEEE company ID				
40-55	16	Vendor PN ⁹	Part number provided by SFP vendor (ASCII)				
56-59	4	Vendor rev ¹⁰	Revision level for part number provided by vendor (ASCII)				
60-62	3	Reserved	-				
63	1	CC_BASE ¹¹	Check code for Base ID fields (address 0 to 62)				
		Extended ID	Fields				
64-65	2	Options ¹²	Indicates which optional SFP signals are implemented (see Table 16)				
66	1	BR, Max ¹³	Upper bit rate margin, units of %				
67	1	BR, Min ¹⁴	Lower bit rate margin, units of %				
68-83	16	Vendor SN ¹⁵	Serial number provided by vendor (ASCII)				
84-91	8	Date Code ¹⁶	Vendor manufacturing date code (see Table 17)				
92-94	3	Reserved	-				

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Table 11.	Serial Identification	Field Description	s (Sheet 2 of 3)
	ocha hachthioution	ricia Description	

Data Address	Field Size (Bytes)	Name of Field	Description of Field			
95 1 CC_EXT Check code for the Extended ID fields to 94)		Check code for the Extended ID fields (address 64 to 94)				
Vendor Specific ID Fields						
96-127	32	Read-only	Vendor specific data, read only			
128-511	384	Reserved	Vendor specific			
512-n – – –						
NOTES:						

1. The nominal bit rate (BR, nominal) is specified in units of 100 Mbps, rounded off to the nearest 100 Mbps. The bit rate includes bits necessary to encode and delimit the signal, and bits carrying data information. A value of zero indicates that the bit rate is not specified and must be determined from the transceiver technology. The actual information transfer rate depends on the encoding of the data, as defined by the encoding value.

2. In addition to EEPROM data from the original GBIC definition, this value specifies the link length that is supported by the SFP while operating in compliance with the applicable standards using single-mode fiber. This value is in units of kilometers. A value of 255 means that the SFP supports a link length greater than 254 km. A value of zero means that the SFP does not support single-mode fiber or that the length

 and the second se that the SFP supports a link length greater than 25.4 km. A value of zero indicates that the SFP does not support single-mode fiber, or the length information must be determined from the transceiver technology.

4. This value specifies the link length that is supported by the SFP while operating in compliance with the applicable standards using 50 µm multi-mode fiber. This value is in units of 10 meters. A value of 255 means that the SFP supports a link length greater than 2.54 km. A value of zero indicates that the SFP does not support 50 µm multimode fiber, or the length information must be determined from the transceiver technology.

Table 11. Serial Identification Field Descriptions (Sheet 3 of 3)

Data Address	Field Size (Bytes)	Name of Field	Description of Field						
 This value spe applicable star means that the does not support transceiver tec 	5. This value specifies the link length that is supported by the SFP while operating in compliance with the applicable standards using 62.5 µm multi-mode fiber. This value is in units of 10 meters. A value of 255 means that the SFP supports a link length greater than 2.54 km. A value of zero indicates that the SFP does not support 62.5 µm multi-mode fiber or that the length information must be determined from the transceiver technology. It is common for the SFP to support both 50 µm and 62.5 µm fiber.								
 This value spe with the applica that the SFP si support coppel Further informa meeting a parti 	6. This value specifies the minimum link length that is support both the SFP while operating in compliance with the applicable standards using copper cabling. This value is in units of 1 meter. A value of 255 means that the SFP supports a link length greater than 254 meters. A value of zero means that the SFP does not support copper cables or that the length information must be determined from the transceiver technology. Further information about the cable design, equalization, and connectors is usually required to guarantee								
7. The vendor na right with ASCI abbreviation of exchange code serial data.	7. The vendor name is a 16-character field that contains ASCII characters, left-aligned and padded on the right with ASCII spaces (20h). The vendor name is the full name of the corporation, a commonly accepted abbreviation of the name of the corporation, the SCSI company code for the corporation, or the stock exchange code for the corporation. At least one of the vendor names or the vendor OUI fields contain valid cortains.								
 The vendor org Company Iden unspecified. 	anizationally unititier for the vend	que identifier field (ven or. A value of zero in th	dor OUI) is a 3-byte field that contains the IEEE ie 3-byte field indicates that the Vendor OUI is						
 The vendor pa padded on the all zeros in the 	rt number (vendo right with ASCII s 16-byte field indi	r PN) is a 16-byte field spaces (20h), defining t cates that the vendor F	that contains ASCII characters, left-aligned and he vendor part number or product name. A value of PN is unspecified.						
10. The vendor rev padded on the zeros in the 4-l	vision number (ve right with ASCII s byte field indicate	endor rev) is a 4-byte field spaces (20h), defining that the vendor PN is	eld that contains ASCII characters, left-aligned and the vendor product revision number. A value of all sunspecified.						
11. The check cod the SFP is valid 0 to 62, inclusion	e is a one-byte co d. The check code ve.	ode that can be used to e is the low order 8 bits	o verify that the first 64 bytes of serial information in of the sum of the contents of all the bytes from byte						
12. The bits in the Values" on page	option field speci	fy the options impleme	nted in the SFP as described in Table 16, "Option						
13. The upper bit r above the nom	13. The upper bit rate limit at which the SFP still meets its specifications (BR, max) is specified in units of 1% above the nominal bit rate. A value of zero indicates that this field is not specified								
14. The lower bit ra below the nom	14. The lower bit rate limit at which the SFP still meets its specifications (BR, min) is specified in units of 1% below the nominal bit rate. A value of zero indicates that this field is not specified.								
15. The vendor se and padded on all zeros in the	rial number (vend the right with AS 16-byte field indi	lor SN) is a 16-characte CII spaces (20h), defin cates that the vendor F	er field that contains ASCII characters, left aligned ing the vendor serial number for the SFP. A value of N is unspecified.						
16.The date code mandatory. The	is an 8-byte field e date code is in	that contains the vend a format specified in Se	or date code in ASCII characters. The date code is action 17, "Date Code" on page 24.						

6.1 Identifier

The identifier value specifies the physical device described by the serial information. This value is included in the serial data. Table 12 shows the defined identifier values.

Table 12. Identifier Values

Value	Description of Physical Device
00h	Unknown or unspecified
01h	GBIC
02h	Module/connector soldered to motherboard
03h	SFP transceiver
04-7Fh	Reserved
80-FFH	Vendor specific

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6.2 Connector

The connector value indicates the external connector provided on the interface. This value is included in the serial data. Table 13 shows the defined connector values.

Table 13. Connector Values

Value Description of Physical Device				
00h	Unknown or unspecified			
01h	SC			
02h	Fibre Channel Style 1 copper connector			
03h	Fibre Channel Style 2 copper connector			
04h	BNC/TNC			
05h	Fibre Channel Coaxial headers			
06h	Fibre Jack			
07h	LC			
08h	MT-RJ			
09h	MU			
0Ah	SG			
0Bh	Optical Pigtail			
0C-1Fh	Reserved			
20h	HSSDC II			
21h	Copper Pigtail			
22-7Fh	Reserved			
80-FFh	Vendor specific			
NOTE: 01h-05h are not SFP compatible, and are included for compatibility with GBIC standards.				

6.3 Encoding

The encoding value indicates the serial encoding mechanism that is the nominal design target of the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver. Table 14 shows the defined encoding values.

Table 14. Encoding Codes

Value	Description of Physical Device
00h	Unspecified
01h	8B10B
02h	4B5B
03h	NRZ
04h	Manchester
05h-FFh	Reserved

6.4 Transceiver

Table 15 defines the method to interpret the transceiver type for the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver and its associated compatibility options.

 Table 15. Transceiver Codes (Sheet 1 of 2)

Data	Bit (Note 1)	Description of Transceiver	Data Addr	Bit (Note 1)	Description of Transceiver
Reserved Standard Compliance Codes			Fiber Channel Link Length		
3	7-0	Reserved	7	7	Very Long Distance (V)
4	7-4	Reserved	7	6	Short Distance (S)
		SONET Compliance Codes	7	5	Intermediate Distance (S)
4	3	Reserved	7	4	Long Distance (L)
4	2	OC-48 long reach	Fiber Ch	nannel Transmit	Technology
4	1	OC-48 intermediate reach	7	3-2	Reserved
4	0	OC-48 short reach	7	1	Longwave Laser (LC)
5	7	Reserved	7	0	Electrical inter- enclosure (EL)
5	6	OC-12 single mode long reach	8	7	Electrical inter- enclosure (EL)
5	5	OC-12 single mode intermediate reach	8	6	Shortwave Laser w/o OFC (SL)
5	4	OC-12 short mode intermediate reach	8	5	Shortwave laser w/ OFC (SL)
5	3	Reserved	8	4	Longwave laser (LL)
5	2	OC-3, single mode long reach	8	0-3	Reserved
5	1	OC-3, single mode intermediate reach			
5	0	OC-3, single mode short reach	Fibre Channel Transmission Media		
			9	7	Twin Axel Pair (TW)

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Data	Bit (Note 1)	Description of Transceiver	Data Addr	Bit (Note 1)	Description of Transceiver
			9	6	Shielded twisted pair (TP)
			9	5	Miniature coax (MI)
6	7-4	Reserved	9	4	Video coax (TV)
6	3	1000BASE-T	9	3	Multi-mode, 62.5µ (M6)
6	2	1000BASE-CX	9	2	Multi-mode, 50µ (M5)
6	1	1000BASE-LX	9	1	Reserved
6	0	1000BASE-SX	9	0	Single mode (SM)
			Fib	re Channel Sp	eed
			10	7-5	Reserved
			10	4	400 MBytes/Sec
			10	3	Reserved
			10	2	200 MBytes/Sec
			10	1	Reserved
			10	0	100 MBytes/Secc

Table 15. Transceiver Codes (Sheet 2 of 2)

Note: Bit 7 is the high order bit and is transmitted first in each byte.

Table 16 defines the method to interpret and the optional SFP signals that are implemented in the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver.

Table 16. Option Values

Value	Bit	Description of Physical Device
64	7-0	Reserved
65	7-6	Reserved
65	5	RATE_SELECT is implemented if a bit is set. Active control of the rate select pin is required to change rates. If a bit is not set, no control of the pin is required. In all cases, compliance with multiple rate standards should be determined by the Transceiver Codes in Bytes 4,5,6, and 10. (See Table 15)
65	4	TX_DISABLE is implemented and disables the serial output.
65	3	TX_FAULT signal implemented. (Reset is defined in Section 4.0, "Termination" on page 14.)
65	2	Loss of signal is defined per the SFP MSA. Signal Detect is implemented, the signal is inverted. NOTE: This is not standard SFP behavior.
65	1	Loss of signal implemented (see Table 8)
65	0	Reserved



Table 17 defines the method to interpret the manufacturing date stored in the EEPROM Date Code section.

Table 17. Date Code

Data Address	Description of Field
84-85	ASCII code, two low order digits of year (00 = 2000)
86-87	ASCII code, digits of month (01 = Jan through 12 = Dec)
88-89	ASCII code, day of month (01-31)
90-91	ASCII code, vendor specific lot code, may be blank

7.0 Mechanical Specification

Figure 4 shows the mechanical specifications of the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver. The dimensions comply with the SFP Multisource Agreement. All dimensions are in millimeters.

Note: Aqueous wash is not applicable for this product

Figure 4. SFP Mechanical Specifications





8.0 Regulatory Compliance

This section discusses the following topics:

- Section 8.1, "Electromagnetic Compatibility Compliance" on page 26
- Section 8.2, "Safety Compliance" on page 27
- Section 8.3, "Lead-Free Conformance" on page 28
- Section 8.4, "Compliance with Restriction of Hazardous Substances" on page 28
- Section 8.5, "Product Certification Markings and Compliance Statements" on page 29

8.1 Electromagnetic Compatibility Compliance

 Table 18 lists emissions and immunity regulations with which the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver complies when tested in a representative chassis.

Table 18. Electromagnetic Compatibility Compliance

Requirement	Regulation	Performance Level
Electromagnetic interference (EMI)	 FCC rules, Part 15, subpart B EN 55022 	Meets Class B limits with a minimum 6 dB margin
	JEDEC JESD22-A114-B Human Body Model	± 2 kV contact discharge to connector electrical pins with no degradation in performance or loss of function
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	EN 61000-4-2	 ± 8 kV air discharge ± 4 kV contact discharge to face plate Meets Level A test criteria (that is, no degradation of performance or loss of function occurs)
Radio frequency electromagnetic field (Radiated immunity)	EN 61000-4-3, level A test criteria	10 V/m from 80 MHz to 1 GHz with no degradation of performance or loss of function

8.2 Safety Compliance

Table 19 lists and describes the relevant safety regulations with which the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver complies.

Table 19.Safety Compliance

Requirement	Regulation	Title
	UL 60950-1:2003 / CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-03	Information Technology Equipment – Safety - Part 1: General Requirements (USA and Canada)
Product Safety	EN 60950-1:2002	Information Technology Equipment – Safety - Part 1: General Requirements (European Union)
	IEC 60950-1:2001	Information Technology Equipment – Safety - Part 1: General Requirements (International)
	21CFR1040.10	Title 21 Chapter I Subchapter J – Radiological Health Part 1040: Performance Standards for Light-Emitting Products
	EN 60825-1: 1994 +A1 +A2	Safety of Laser Products - Part 1: Equipment Classification, Requirements and User's Guide
Laser Safety	IEC 60825-1: 1993 +A1 +A2	Safety of Laser Products - Part 1: Equipment Classification, Requirements and User's Guide
	EN 60825-2: 2000	Safety of Laser Products - Part 2: Safety of Optical Fiber Communication Systems
	IEC 60825-2: 2000	Safety of Laser Products - Part 2: Safety of Optical Fiber Communication Systems



8.3 Lead-Free Conformance

The TXN31111 Optical Transceiver uses a lead-free assembly, although certain discrete components within the assembly may contain lead, being necessary for either component performance or reliability. The TXN31111 Optical Transceiver is referred to as a "Lead-free 2nd Level Interconnect." The enclosure, circuit board substrate, and the solder connections from the circuit board to the components (second-level connections) are all lead-free.

Table 20 lists various forms of the "Lead-Free 2nd Level Interconnect" marking for the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver and accompanying collateral.

Table 20. Lead-Free 2nd-Level Interconnect Markings

Description	Marking	
Lead-Free 2nd Level Interconnect: The Lead-Free 2 nd Level Interconnect symbol is used to identify electrical and	2nd Level Interconnect	
electronic assemblies and components in which the lead (Pb) concentration level in the circuit board substrate and the solder connections from the circuit board to the components (second-level interconnect) are not greater than 0.1% by weight (1000 ppm).	or 2nd Ivi Intct	
<i>Note:</i> Any of the three symbols shown may be used, as space permits.	or 2LI	

Compliance with Restriction of Hazardous Substances 8.4

This product complies with the European Union directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) – Restriction on the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment, Directive 2002/95/EC plus amendments.

However, certain discrete components do contain lead (a RoHS-restricted substance) in amounts that exceed threshold concentration levels. This product uses the following applicable RoHS technology exemptions:

- Lead in optical and filter glass, and
- Lead in glass of electronic components

Note: RoHS implementation details are subject to change.

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8.5 **Product Certification Markings and Compliance Statements**

Table 21 lists the TXN31111 Optical Transceiver product certification markings and compliance statements.

Table 21. Product Certification Markings and Compliance Statements

Origin and Description	Markings and Compliance Statements
Markings	
CE mark. The CE (Conformité Européene*) mark indicates compliance to the European Union Low Voltage directive (73/23/EEC).	CE
TÜV Rheinland type approval mark for components and subassemblies for the European Union. The Technischer Überwachungsverein* (TÜV – German for "Technical Inspection Association") Rheinland type approval mark is for components and subassemblies for the European Union. Where space does not permit, the smaller alternate TÜV mark (see the next row in this table) may be used.	asuart george The Resident Product Safety approve
TÜV Rheinland type approval mark for components and subassemblies for the European Union – <i>Alternate</i> . This alternate mark may be used where space constraints	Alternate TÜV mark:
exist that do not permit use of the TUV Rheinland mark in the previous row of this table.	A
UL Recognized Component mark for the USA and Canada.	C S US
Compliance Statements	
USA Food and Drug Administration (FDA), Center for Devices and Radiological Health compliance statement.	Complies with 21CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated July 26, 2001.
USA FDA, Center for Devices and Radiological Health compliance statement – <i>Alternate</i> . Use the alternate statement listed, as needed.	Alternate FDA compliance statement: Complies with FDA performance standards for laser products except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated July 26, 2001.



9.0 Ordering Information

Table 22 lists ordering information for the RoHS-compliant TXN3111101 Optical Transceiver.

Table 22. Ordering Information

Part Number	Description	
Intel [®] TXN311110100xxx	Tri-rate 2/1 Gbps Fibre Channel and Gigabit Ethernet SFP module ¹	
 Note: 1. The last 3 characters of the part number ("xxx") are used to designate customer-specific customizations. The Intel standard part has "000" as the last three characters. 		

10.0 Acronyms

Table 23.Acronyms

Acronym	Meaning
BER	Bit Error Rate
CFR	Code of Federal Relations
CML	Current Mode Logic
EMI	Electro-Magnetic Interference
ESD	Electro-Static Discharge
EU	European Union
FC-PI	Fiber Channel – Physical Interfaces
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FDA	Food and Drug Administration
GBIC	GigaBit Interface Converter
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
LOS	Loss of Signal
MMF	Multi-Mode Fiber
MSA	Multisource Agreement
NRZ	Non-Return to Zero
Pb	Lead
PCB	Printed Circuit Board
PRBS	Pseudo Random Bit Sequence
RFI	Radio Frequency Immunity
SFF	Small-Form Factor
SCSI	Small Computer System Interface
SONET	Synchronous Optical Network
TOSA	Transmitter Optical Sub-Assembly
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic
TUV	Technischer Überwachungsverein
UL	Underwriter Laboratories*
VCSEL	Vertical Cavity Surface Emitting Laser

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