GP1FH500TZ/ GP1FH500RZ

■ Features

- 1. Optimum height for mounting on PC (Center height:7mm)
- Unidirectional signal transmission for plastic optical fiber cables
- 3. The optical receiver can be directly connectable the TTL, due to the use of OPIC
- 4. Compact package (height:11.1mm) with no mounting hole

■ Applications

- 1. Personal computers
- 2. STE
- 3. Digital sound cards

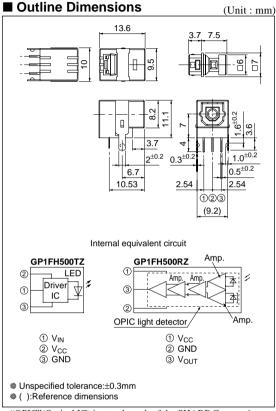
■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|----------------------------|--------|--------------------|------|
| Supply voltage | Vcc | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| Output current | Іон | 4 (Source current) | |
| (GP1FH500RZ) | Iol | 4 (Sink current) | mA |
| Input voltage (GP1FH500TZ) | Vin | -0.5 to Vcc +0.5 | V |
| Operating temperature | Topr | -20 to +70 | °C |
| Storage temperature | Tstg | -30 to +80 | °C |
| *1 Soldering temperature | Tsol | 260 | °C |

^{*1} For 5s (2 times or less)

Square Type Fiber Optic Transmitter/ Receiver for Personal Computers



^{* &}quot;OPIC" (Optical IC) is a trademark of the SHARP Corporation. An OPIC consists of a light-detecting element and signalprocessing circuit integrated onto a single chip.

■ Recommended Operating Conditions (GP1FH500TZ) (Ta=25°C) Symbol Parameter MIN. TYP. MAX. Unit Operating supply voltage V_{CC} 4.75 5.0 5.25 V *2 Operating transfer rate Т 8 Mbps

■ Recommended Operating Conditions (GP1FH500RZ) (Ta=25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
|------------------------------|--------|------|------|-------|------|
| Operating supply voltage | Vcc | 4.75 | 5.0 | 5.25 | V |
| *3*4 Operating transfer rate | T | 0.1 | - | 8 | Mbps |
| *5 Input optical power level | Pc | -24 | - | -14.5 | dBm |

^{*3} The above operating transfer rate is the value when NRZ signal, "0101.." continuous signal of duty 50% is transmitted *4 The output (H/L level) of **GP1FH500RZ** are not fixed constantly when it receivers the modulating light (including DC light, no input light) less than 0.1Mbps

■ Electro-optical Characteristics (GP1FH500TZ)

(Ta=25°C, Vcc=5V)

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|------|------|------|------|
| Peak emission wavelength | λ_p | - | 630 | 660 | 690 | nm |
| Optical output coupling with fiber | Pc | Refer to Fig.1 | -21 | -17 | -15 | dBm |
| Dissipation current | Icc | Refer to Fig.2 | _ | 4 | 10 | mA |
| High level input voltage | VIH | Refer to Fig.2 | 2 | _ | _ | V |
| Low level input voltage | VIL | Refer to Fig.2 | _ | _ | 0.8 | V |
| Low→High delay time | t _{pLH} | Refer to Fig.3 | _ | _ | 100 | ns |
| High→Low delay time | t _{pHL} | Refer to Fig.3 | _ | _ | 100 | ns |
| Pulse width distortion | Δt_{w} | Refer to Fig.3 | -25 | _ | +25 | ns |
| Jitter | $\Delta t_{\rm j}$ | Refer to Fig.3 | _ | 1 | 25 | ns |

■ Electro-optical Characteristics (GP1FH500RZ)

(Ta=25°C, Vcc=5V)

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Peak sensitivity wavelength | λ_{p} | - | _ | 700 | _ | nm |
| Dissipation current | Icc | Refer to Fig.4 | _ | 15 | 40 | mA |
| High level output voltage | Voh | Refer to Fig.5 | 2.7 | 3.5 | _ | V |
| Low level output voltage | Vol | Refer to Fig.5 | _ | 0.2 | 0.4 | V |
| Rise time | tr | Refer to Fig.5 | _ | 12 | 30 | ns |
| Fall time | tf | Refer to Fig.5 | _ | 4 | 30 | ns |
| Low→High delay time | t _{pLH} | Refer to Fig.5 | _ | _ | 100 | ns |
| High→Low delay time | t _{pHL} | Refer to Fig.5 | _ | _ | 100 | ns |
| Pulse width distortion | $\Delta t_{ m w}$ | Refer to Fig.5 | -30 | _ | +30 | ns |
| Jitter | A+. | Refer to Fig.6, Pc=-14.5dBm | _ | 1 | 30 | ns |
| Jittei | $\Delta t_{\rm j}$ | Refer to Fig.6, Pc=-24dBm | _ | _ | 30 | ns |

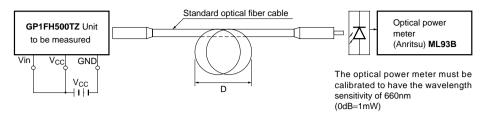
■ Mechanical Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--|------|------|------|------|
| Insertion force, withdrawal force | _ | Initial value when a GP1C331 in used. | 6 | _ | 40 | N |

^{*2} NRZ signal, duty 50%

^{*5} Peak emission value

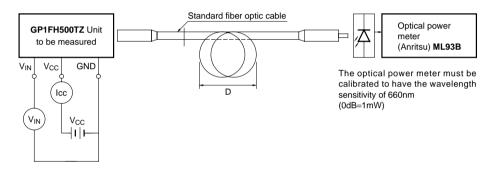
Fig.1 Measuring Method of Optical Output Coupling with Fiber



Note (1) V_{CC}; 5.0V (State of operating)

(2) To bundle up the standard fiber optic cable, make it into a loop with the diameter D=10cm or more (The standard fiber optic cable will be specified elsewhere.)

Fig.2 Measuring Method of Intput Voltage and Supply Current

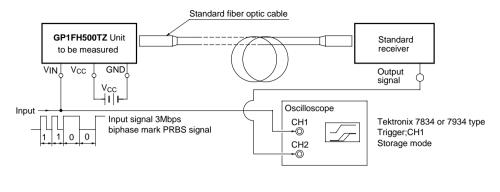


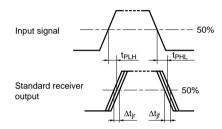
Input conditions and judgement method

| Conditions | Judgement method |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| V _{IN} =2.0V or more | -21≤Pc≤-15dBm, Icc=10mA or less |
| V _{IN} =0.8V or less | Pc≤–36dBm, Icc=10mA or less |

Note V_{CC}=5.0V (State of operating)

Fig.3 Measuring Method of Pulse Response and Jitter





| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions |
|------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Low→High delay time | t _p LH | Refer to the above mentioned prescription |
| High→Low delay time | t _{pHL} | Refer to the above mentioned prescription |
| Pulse width distortion | $\Delta t_{\rm w}$ | $\Delta t_{ m w}\!\!=\!\!t_{ m pHL}\!\!-\!\!t_{ m pHL}$ |
| Low→High jitter | Δt_{jr} | Set the trigger on the rise of input signal to measure the jitter of the rise of output |
| High→Low jitter | Δt_{jf} | Set the trigger on the fall of input signal to measure the jitter of the fall of output |

Notes (1) The waveform write time shall be 4s. But do not allow the waveform to be distorted by increasing the brightness too much

(2) V_{CC}=5.0V (State of operating)

(3) The probe for the oscilloscope must be more than $1M\Omega$ and less than 10pF

Fig.4 Supply Current

| Inpu | Measuring method | |
|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Supply voltage | Vcc=5.0V | |
| Fiber coupling light output | Pc=-14.5dBm | Measured on an ammeter |
| Standard transmitter input signal | 6Mbps NRZ, Duty 50% or 3Mbps biphase mark PRBS signal | (DC average amperage) |

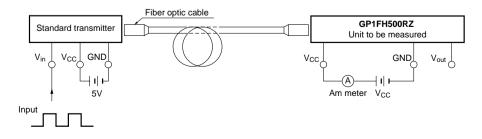
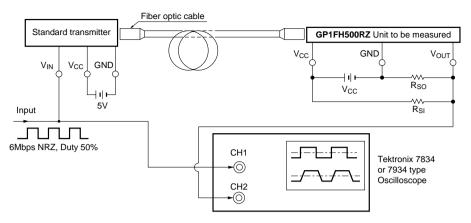
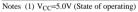


Fig.5 Measuring Method of Output Voltage and Pulse Response



| Test item | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|--|
| Test item | Symbol | | |
| Low → High pulse delay time | t _p LH | | |
| High → Low pulse delay time | t _{pHL} | | |
| Rise time | tr | | |
| Fall time | t f | | |
| Pulse width distortion $\Delta t_w = t_{pHL} - t_{pLH}$ | $\Delta t_{ m w}$ | | |
| High level output voltage | Voh | | |
| Low level output voltage | Vol | | |



- (2) The fiber coupling light output set at -14.5dBm/-24dBm
- (3) The probe for the oscilloscope must be more than $1M\Omega$ and less than 10pF
- (4) R_{SI} , R_{SO} :Standard load resistance (R_{SI} :3.3 $k\Omega$, R_{SO} :2.2 $k\Omega$)
- (5) The output (H/L level) of GP1FH500RZ are not fixed constantly when it receives the modulating light (including DC light, no input light) less than 0.1Mbps

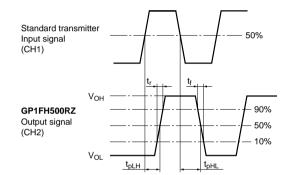
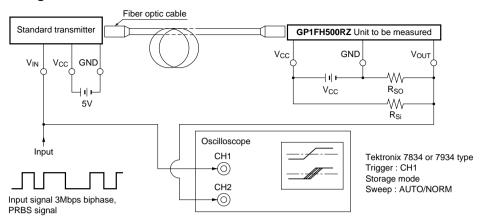


Fig.6 Measuring Method of Jitter

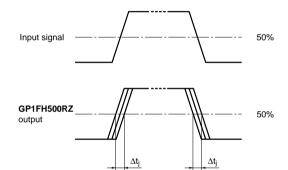


Test item

| Test item | Symbol | Test condition |
|---------------------|--------------------|---|
| Jitter Δt_j | | Set the trigger on the rise of input signal to measure the jitter of the rise of output |
| Jitter | $\Delta t_{\rm j}$ | Set the trigger on the fall of input signal to measure the jitter of the fall of output |

- Notes (1) The fiber coupling light output set at -14.5dBm/-24dBm (2) R_{SI}, R_{SO}:Standard load resistance (R_{SI}:3.3k Ω , R_{SO}:2.2k Ω)
 - (3) The waveform write time shall be 3s. But do not allow the waveform to be distorted by increasing the brightness too much

 - (4) V_{CC} =5.0V (State of operating) (5) The probe for the oscilloscope must be more than $1M\ \Omega$ and less than



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