	First Edition	Approved by	Production Div.
LCD Module Specification	Mar 10, 2000	Checked by	Quality Assurance Div.
	Final Revision		
	*******	Checked by	Design Engineering Div.
Type No.　ＤＭＦ５００３ＮＦ－ＦＷ		Prepared by	Production Div.

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Revision History

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1. General Specifications

Operating Temp.   : min. 0℃ ～ max. 50℃

Storage Temp.   : min. -20℃ ～ max. 60℃

Dot Pixels   : 160 (W) × 128 (H) dots

Dot Size   : 0.54 (W) × 0.54 (H) mm

Dot Pitch   : 0.58 (W) × 0.58 (H) mm

Viewing Area   : 101.0 (W) × 82.0 (H) mm

Outline Dimensions   : 152.0* (W) × 112.0 (H) × 23.0 max. *(D) mm
                               * Without CFL Cable and Connector

Weight   : 260g max.

LCD Type   : NTD-7353
                             (F-STN / Black&White-mode / Transmissive)

Viewing Angle   : 6:00

Control LSI   : T6963C-0101 (Produced by TOSHIBA)

Data Transfer   : 8-bit parallel data transfer

Backlight   : Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CFL) × 1

Drawings   : Dimensional Outline   UE-34607A

2.Electrical Specifications

2.1.Absolute Maximum Ratings

Vss=0V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
Supply Voltage (Logic)	V_{CC}-V_{SS}	—	-0.3	7.0	V
Supply Voltage (LCD Drive)	V_{CC}-V_{EE}	—	-0.3	30.0	V
Input Voltage	V_I	—	-0.3	V_{CC}+0.3	V

2.2.DC Characteristics

Ta=25℃, Vss=0V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Supply Voltage (Logic)	V_{CC}-V_{SS}	—	4.5	—	5.5	V
Supply Voltage (LCD Drive)	V_{CC}-V_{EE}	—	23.0	—	26.0	V
	V_{CC}-V_{ADJ}	Shown in 3.1				V
High Level Input Voltage	V_{IH}	V_{CC}=5.0V±10%	V_{CC}-2.2	—	V_{CC}	V
Low Level Input Voltage	V_{IL}	V_{CC}=5.0V±10%	0	—	0.8	V
High Level Output Voltage	V_{OH}	I_{OH}=-0.75mA	V_{CC}-0.3	—	V_{CC}	V
Low Level Output Voltage	V_{OL}	I_{OL}=0.75mA	0	—	0.3	V
Supply Current	I_{CC}	V_{CC}-V_{SS}=5.0V	—	9.3	20.0	mA
	I_{EE}	V_{CC}-V_{EE}=19.1V	—	3.9	10.0	mA

2.3.AC Characteristics

$V_{CC}=5.0V\pm10\%$

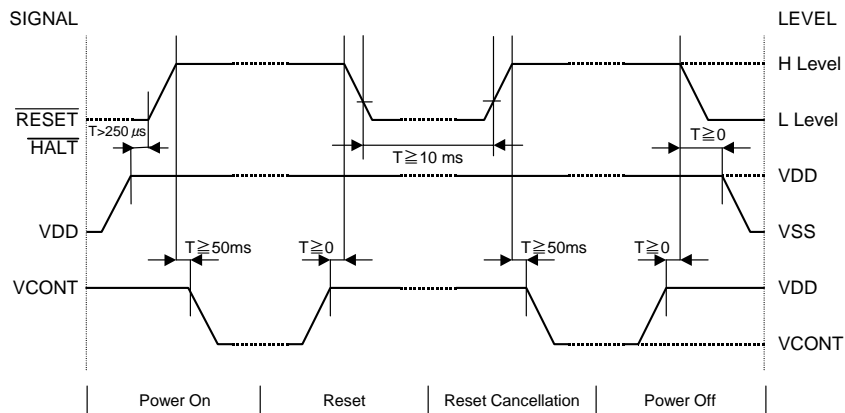| Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units
C/$\overline{\text{D}}$ Setup Time	t_{CDS}	100	—	ns
C/$\overline{\text{D}}$ Hold Time	t_{CDH}	10	—	ns
$\overline{\text{CE}}$, $\overline{\text{RD}}$, $\overline{\text{WR}}$ Pulse Width	t_{CE}, t_{RD}, t_{WR}	80	—	ns
Data Setup Time	t_{DS}	80	—	ns
Data Hold Time	t_{DH}	40	—	ns
Access Time	t_{ACC}	—	150	ns
Output Hold Time	t_{OH}	10	50	ns
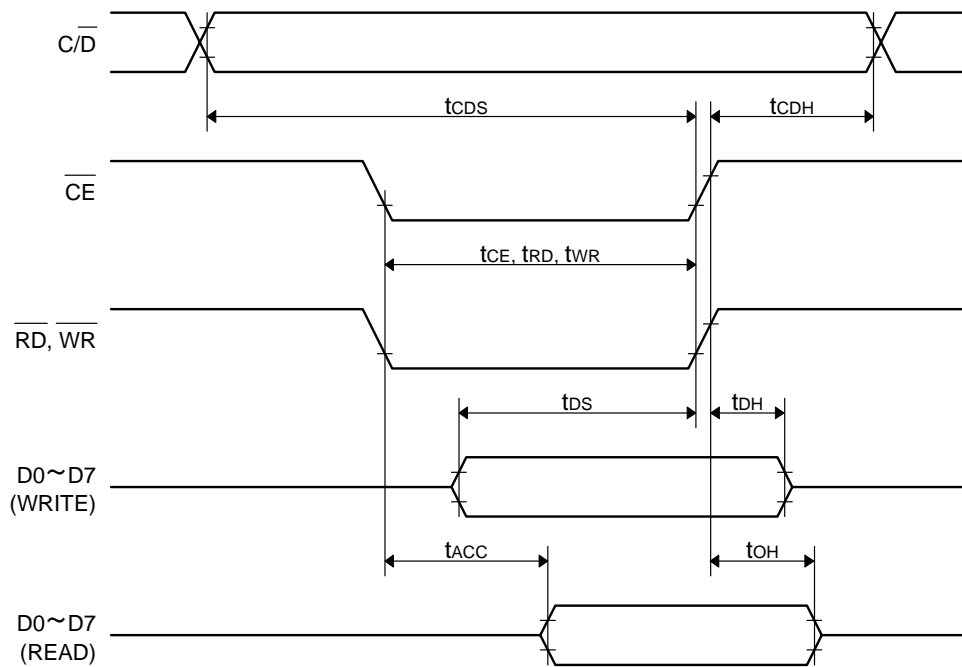
2.4.Power Supply ON/OFF Sequence

2.4.1.ON Sequence
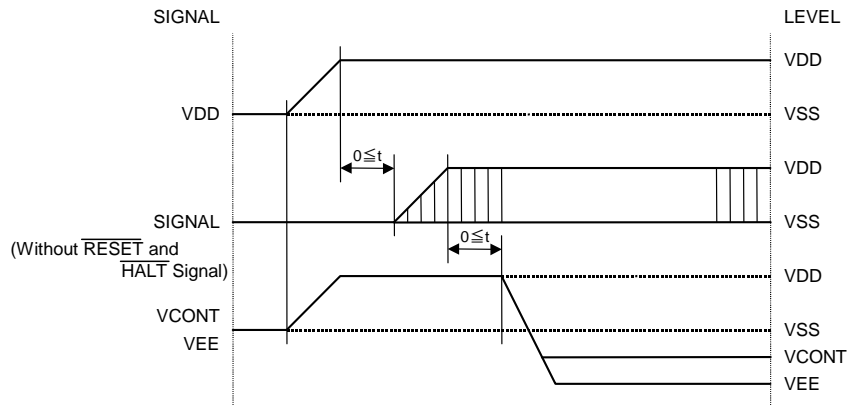
2.4.2.OFF Sequence
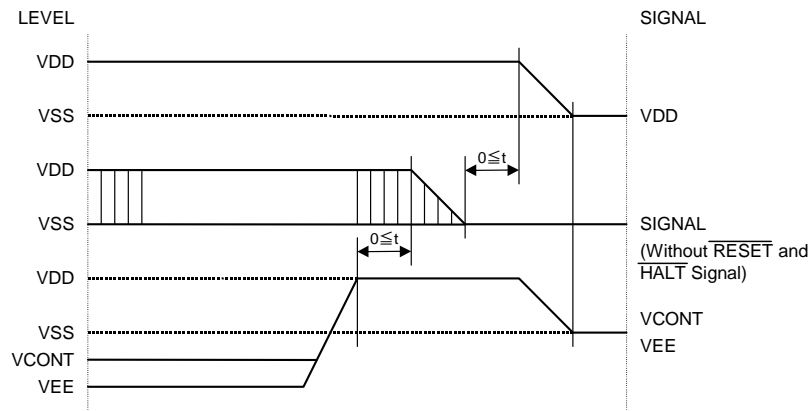
2.4.3.Reset Sequence

Please maintain the above sequence when turning on and off the power supply of the module. If V_{EE} and/or V_{CONT} is supplied to the module while internal alternate signal for LCD driving (M) is unstable or $\overline{RESET}$ and $\overline{HALT}$ is active, DC component will be supplied to the LCD panel. This may cause damage to the LCD module.

2.5.Lighting Specifications

Ta=25℃

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Notes
Lamp Voltage	V_L	—	—	215	—	Vrms	1
Lamp Current	I_L	—	4.0	5.0	6.0	mArms	2
Starting Voltage	V_S	—	900	—	—	Vrms	3
Surface Luminance	L	I_L=5.0mA	100	—	—	cd/m^2	4
Average Life	T_{AL}	I_L=5.0mA	10000	20000	—	hrs	5

Note 1 : The voltage (r.m.s.) to maintain the electric discharge of the lamp. It is measured after lighting for
3 minutes .

Note 2 : The current (r.m.s.) to flow through the lamp with the electric discharge. It is measured after
lighting for 3 minutes.

Note 3 : The voltage at starting the electric discharge when the voltage is increased gradually from 0V.

Note 4 : Surface Luminance is specified by the initial data of luminance measured at the center of display
surface after 20 minutes power on. (All ON pattern)

Note 5 : CFL life is defined as the time for which the initial luminance is attenuated by 50% of the
luminance value. Average Life representes the time elapsed at the point of time when the residual
ratio becomes below 50% when plural lamps are lighted in comparison with the definition of life
mentioned above.
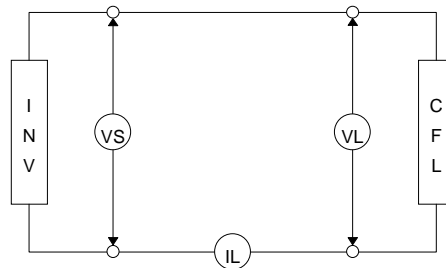
CFL Testing Circuit

Recommended Inverter :   HIU-32 (Produced by HARISON) CXA-L10L (Produced by TDK)

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3.Optical Specifications

3.1.LCD Driving Voltage

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Recommended		Ta= 0℃	—	—	22.1	V
LCD Driving Voltage	V_{CC}-V_{ADJ}	Ta=25℃	17.8	19.1	20.4	V
Note 1		Ta=50℃	16.2	—	—	V

Note 1 :　　　Voltage (Applied actual waveform to LCD Module) for the best contrast. The range of
minimum and maximum shows tolerance of the operating voltage. The specified contrast ratio and
response time are not guaranteed over the entire range.

3.2.Optical Characteristics

Ta=25℃, 1/128 Duty, 1/12.3 Bias, V_D=19.1V (Note 4), $\theta = 0$ °, $\phi = -$ °

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Contrast Ratio	Note 1	CR	$\theta = 0$ °, $\phi = -$ °	—	10	—	
Viewing Angle			Shown in 3.3				
Response	Rise　Note 2	T_{ON}	—	—	150	230	ms
Time	Decay Note 3	T_{OFF}	—	—	250	380	ms

Note 1 : Contrast ratio is definded as follows.

$CR = L_{ON} / L_{OFF}$

L_{ON} : Luminance of the ON segments

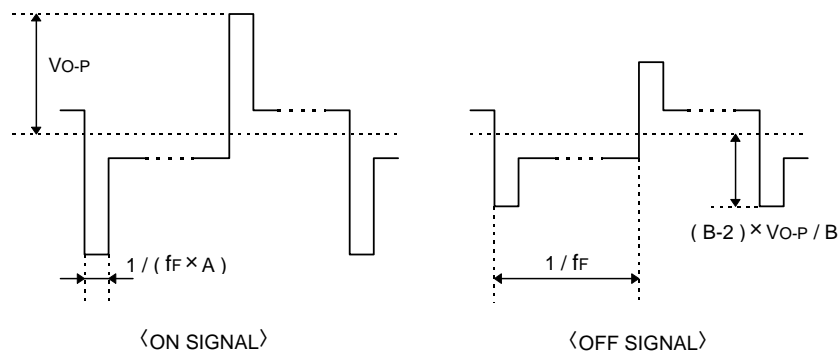L_{OFF} : Luminance of the OFF segments

Note 2 : The time that the luminance level reaches 90% of the saturation level from 0% when ON
signal is applied.

Note 3 : The time that the luminance level reaches 10% of the saturation level from 100% when OFF
signal is applied.

Note 4 : Definition of Driving Voltage V_D

V_D=V_{CC}-V_{ADJ}-V_{BE}

Assuming that the typical driving waveforms shown below are applied to the LCD Panel at
1/A Duty - 1/B Bias (A : Duty Number, B : Bias Number). Driving voltage V_D is definded
as the voltage V_{O-P} when the contrast ratio (CR=L_{ON} / L_{OFF}) is at its maximum.

V_{O-P}

$1 / (f_F × A)$

〈ON SIGNAL〉

$(B-2) × V_{O-P} / B$

$1 / f_F$

〈OFF SIGNAL〉

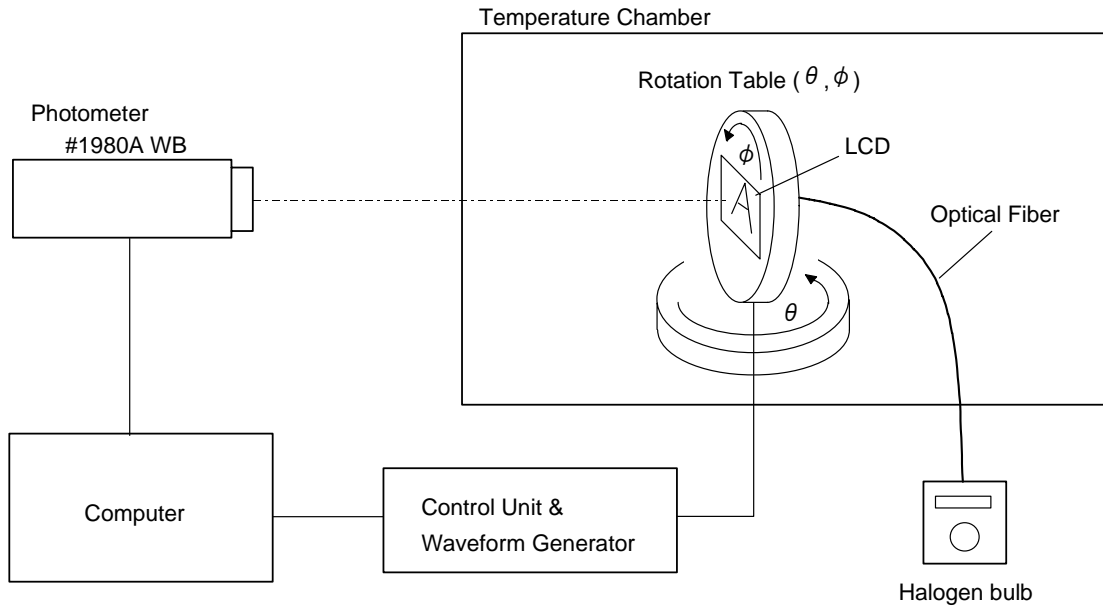| DMF5003NF-FW　(AD)　No.2000-64	OPTREX CORPORATION	Page 7/17

3.3.Definition of Viewing Angle and Optimum Viewing Area

・Point ● shows the point where contrast ratio is measured. : $\theta = 0°$, $\phi = -°$
・Driving condition : 1/128 Duty, 1/12.3 Bias, V_D=19.1V, f_F=70Hz
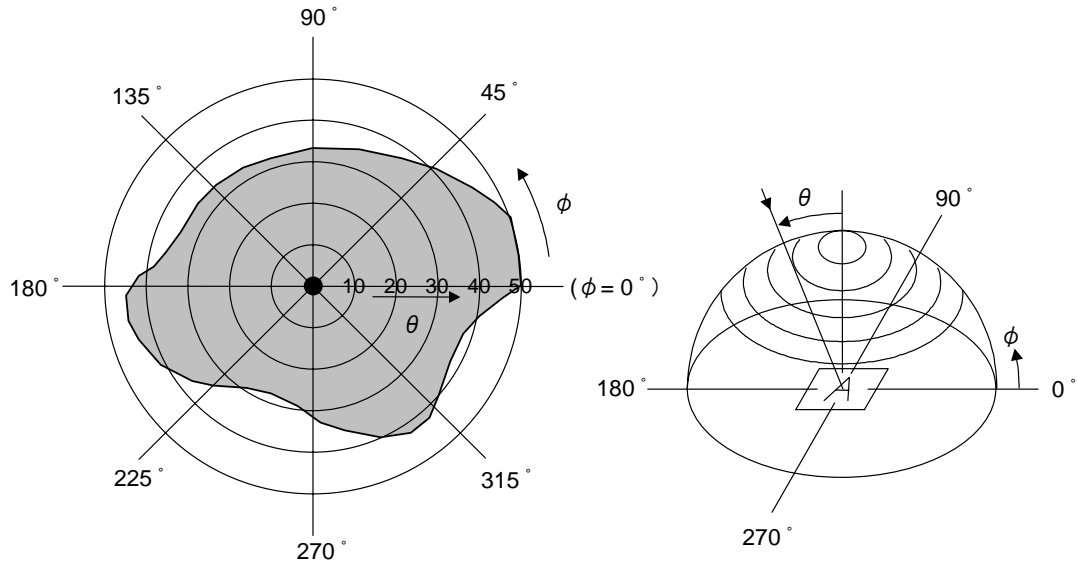
・Area ▢ shows typ. CR$\geqq$2

3.4.System Block Diagram

4.I/O Terminal

4.1.Pin Assignment

<u>CN1</u>

No.	Symbol	Level	Function
1	FG	—	Frame Ground
2	V_{SS}	—	Power Supply (0V, GND)
3	V_{CC}	—	Power Supply for Logic
4	V_{ADJ}	—	Voltage Level for LCD Contrast Adjustment
5	V_{EE}	—	Power Supply for LCD Drive
6	$\overline{WR}$	H / L	Write Signal L : Active
7	$\overline{RD}$	H / L	Read Signal L : Active
8	$\overline{CE}$	H / L	Chip Enable Signal L : Active
9	$C/\overline{D}$	H / L	Write Mode H : Command Write L : Data Write Read Mode H : Status Read L : Data Read
10	$\overline{HALT}$	H / L	Clock Operating Stop Signal L : Halt
11	$\overline{RESET}$	H / L	Reset Signal L : Reset
12	D0	H / L	Display Data
13	D1	H / L	Display Data
14	D2	H / L	Display Data
15	D3	H / L	Display Data
16	D4	H / L	Display Data
17	D5	H / L	Display Data
18	D6	H / L	Display Data
19	D7	H / L	Display Data
20	NC	—	Non-connection

<u>CN2</u>

No.	Symbol	Level	Function
1	CFL (GND)	—	Power Supply for CFL (GND)
2	NC	—	Non-connection
3	NC	—	Non-connection
4	CFL (HOT)	—	Power Supply for CFL (HOT)

4.2.Example of Power Supply

It is recommended to apply a potentiometer for the contrast adjust due to the tolerance
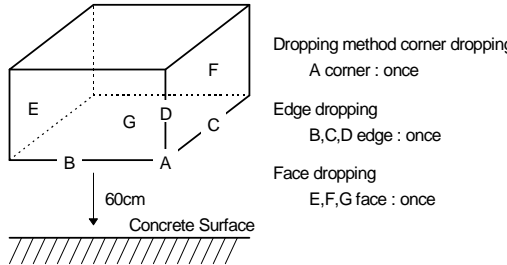of the driving voltage and its temperature dependence.

R1+R2+VR=10～20KΩ
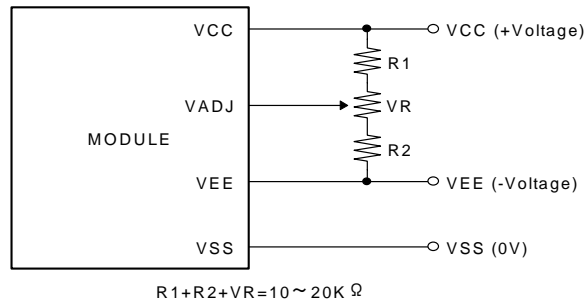
4.3.Block Diagram
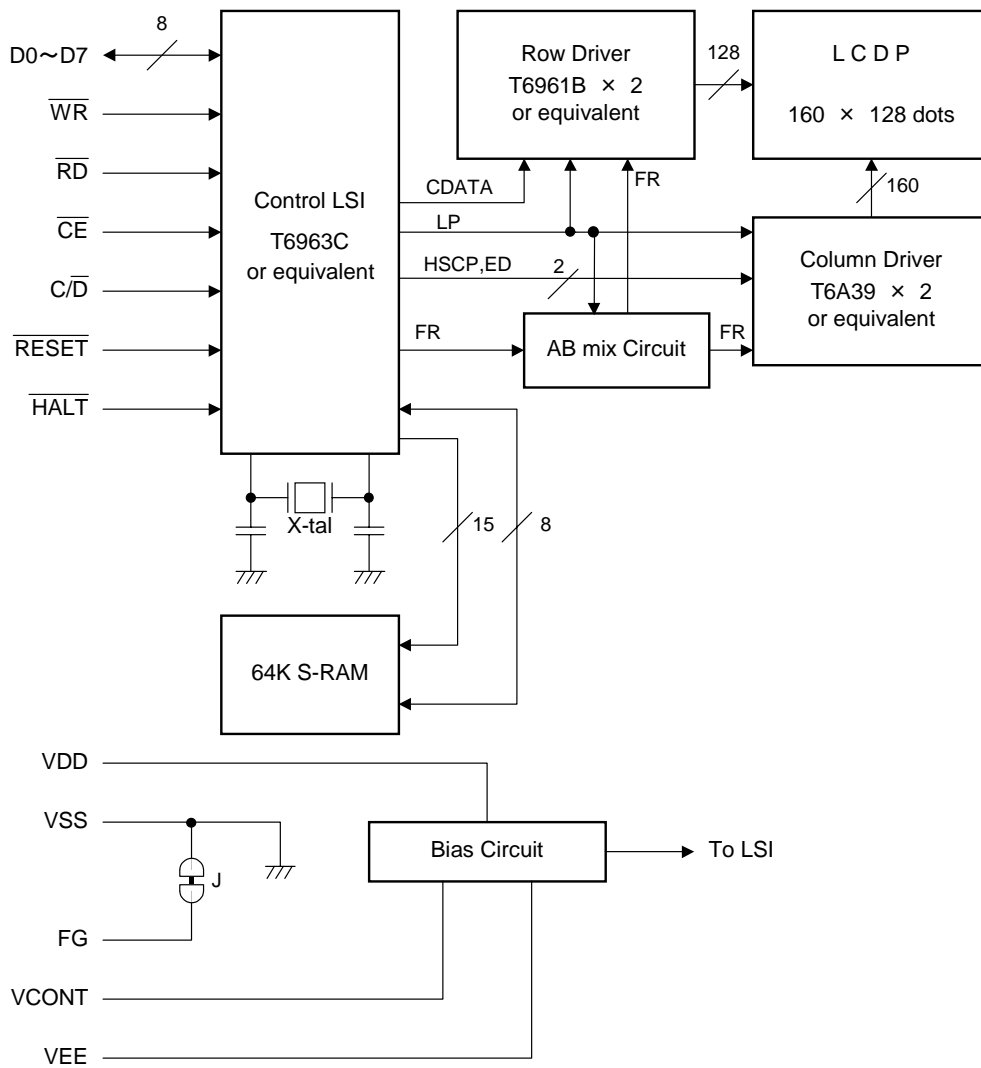
5. <u>Test</u>

No change on display and in operation under the following test condition.

No.	Parameter	Conditions	Notes
1	High Temperature Operating	50℃±2℃, 96hrs (operation state)	
2	Low Temperature Operating	0℃±2℃, 96hrs (operation state)	3
3	High Temperature Storage	60℃±2℃, 96hrs	4
4	Low Temperature Storage	-20℃±2℃, 96hrs	3, 4
5	Damp Proof Test	40℃±2℃, 90～95%RH, 96hrs	3, 4
6	Vibration Test	Total fixed amplitude : 1.5mm Vibration Frequency : 10～55Hz One cycle 60 seconds to 3 directions of X, Y, Z for each 15 minutes	5
7	Shock Test	To be measured after dropping from 60cm high on the concrete surface in packing state. Dropping method corner dropping 　A corner : once Edge dropping 　B,C,D edge : once Face dropping 　E,F,G face : once 60cm　Concrete Surface	

Note 1 : Unless otherwise specified, tests will be conducted under the following condition.
　　　　　Temperature : 20±5℃
　　　　　Humidity 　　: 65±5%
Note 2 : Unless otherwise specified, tests will be not conducted under functioning state.
Note 3 : No dew condensation to be observed.
Note 4 : The function test shall be conducted after 4 hours storage at the normal temperature and humidity after removed from the test chamber.
Note 5 : Vibration test will be conducted to the product itself without putting it in a container.

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6.Appearance Standards
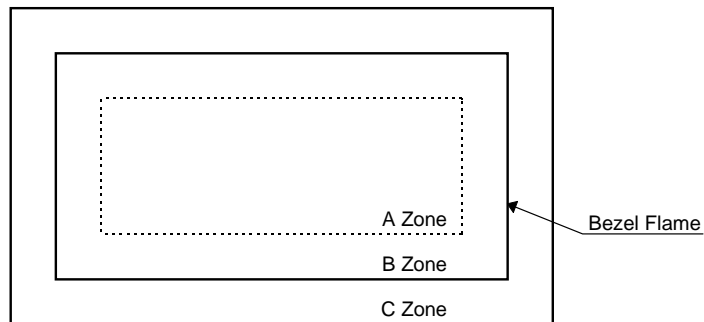
6.1.Inspection conditions

The LCD shall be inspected under 40W white fluorescent light.
The distance between the eyes and the sample shall be more than 30cm.
All directions for inspecting the sample should be within 45 ° against perpendicular line.

45°
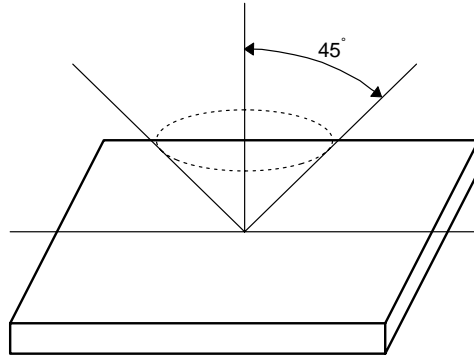
6.2.Definition of applicable Zones

A Zone

B Zone

C Zone

Bezel Flame

A Zone : Active display area
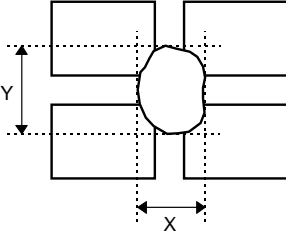B Zone : Area from outside of "A Zone" to validity viewing area
C Zone : Rest parts
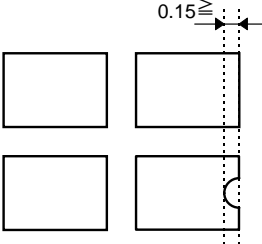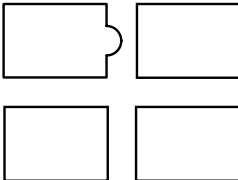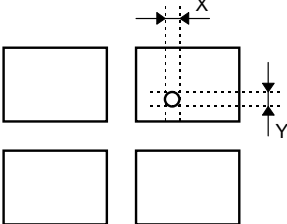
A Zone + B Zone = Validity viewing area

6.3.Standards

No.	Parameter	Criteria
1	Black and White Spots, Foreign Substances	(1) Round Shape

(1) Round Shape

Zone Dimension (mm)	Acceptable Number		
	A	B	C
D ≦0.1	*	*	*
0.1 < D ≦0.2	3	5	*
0.2 < D ≦0.25	2	3	*
0.25< D ≦0.3	0	1	*
0.3 < D	0	0	*

D = (Long + Short) / 2   * : Disregard

(2) Line Shape

X (mm)	Y (mm) Zone	Acceptable Number		
		A	B	C
―	0.03≧W	*	*	*
2.0≧L	0.05≧W	3	3	*
1.0≧L	0.1 ≧W	3	3	*
―	0.1 <W	In the same way (1)		

X : Length   Y : Width   * : Disregard

Total defects shall not exceed 5.

No.	Parameter	Criteria
2	Air Bubbles (between glass & polarizer)	

Zone Dimension (mm)	Acceptable Number		
	A	B	C
D ≦ 0.3	*	*	*
0.3 < D ≦ 0.4	3	*	*
0.4 < D ≦ 0.6	2	3	*
0.6 < D	0	0	*

* : Disregard

Total defects shall not exceed 3.

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No.	Parameter	Criteria
3	The Shape of Dot	**(1) Dot Shape (with Dent)** 0.15≧ As per the sketch of left hand. **(2) Dot Shape (with Projection)** Should not be connected to next dot. **(3) Pin Hole** X Y $(X+Y) / 2 \leqq 0.2mm$ (Less than 0.1mm is no counted.) **(4) Deformation** Y X $(X+Y) / 2 \leqq 0.2mm$ Total acceptable number : 1/dot, 5/cell (Defect number of (4) : 1pc.)
4	Polarizer Scratches	Not to be conspicuous defects.
5	Polarizer Dirts	If the stains are removed easily from LCDP surface, the module is not defective.
6	Complex Foreign Substance Defects	Black spots, line shaped foreign substances or air bubbles between glass & polarizer should be 5pcs maximum in total.
7	Distance between Different Foreign Substance Defects	$D \leqq 0.2$: 20mm or more $0.2 < D$: 40mm or more

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7. Code System of Production Lot

The production lot of module is specified as follows.

▢ ▢ ▢ ▢ ▢ ▢

Factory Number (Numeral)
Factory Code (Alphabet)
Production Week (1~5)
Production Month (1~9, X, Y, Z)
Production Year (Lower 2 digits)
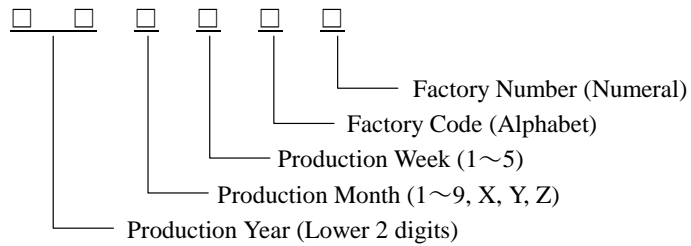
8. Type Number

The type number of module is specified on the back of module as follows.

DMF 5 0 0 3   N F － F W

Stamp

Etching or Printing
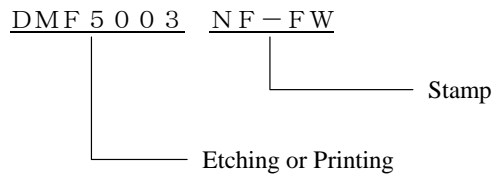
9. Applying Precautions

Please contact us when questions and/or new problems not specified in this specifications arise.

10.<u>Precautions Relating Product Handling</u>

The Following precautions will guide you in handling our product correctly.

1) Liquid crystal display devices

① The liquid crystal display device panel used in the liquid crystal display module is made of plate glass. Avoid any strong mechanical shock. Should the glass break handle it with care.
② The polarizer adhering to the surface of the LCD is made of a soft material. Guard against scratching it.

2) Care of the liquid crystal display module against static electricity discharge.

① When working with the module, be sure to ground your body and any electrical equipment you may be using. We strongly recommend the use of anti static mats (made of rubber), to protect work tables against the hazards of electrical shock.
② Avoid the use of work clothing made of synthetic fibers. We recommend cotton clothing or other conductivity-treated fibers.
③ Slowly and carefully remove the protective film from the LCD module, since this operation can generate static electricity.

3) When the LCD module alone must be stored for long periods of time:

① Protect the modules from high temperature and humidity.
② Keep the modules out of direct sunlight or direct exposure to ultraviolet rays.
③ Protect the modules from excessive external forces.

4) Use the module with a power supply that is equipped with an overcurrent protector circuit, since the module is not provided with this protective feature.

5) Do not ingest the LCD fluid itself should it leak out of a damaged LCD module. Should hands or clothing come in contact with LCD fluid, wash immediately with soap.

6) Conduc1tivity is not guaranteed for models that use metal holders where solder connections between the metal holder and the PCB are not used. Please contact us to discuss appropriate ways to assure conductivity.

7) For models which use CFL:

① High voltage of 1000V or greater is applied to the CFL cable connector area. Care should be taken not to touch connection areas to avoid burns.
② Protect CFL cables from rubbing against the unit and thus causing the wire jacket to become worn.
③The use of CFLs for extended periods of time at low temperatures will significantly shorten their service life.

8) For models which use touch panels:

①Do not stack up modules since they can be damaged by components on neighboring modules.
②Do not place heavy objects on top of the product. This could cause glass breakage.

9) For models which use COG,TAB,or COF:

①The mechanical strength of the product is low since the IC chip faces out unprotected from the rear.
  Be sure to protect the rear of the IC chip from external forces.
②Given the fact that the rear of the IC chip is left exposed, in order to protect the unit from electrical
  damage, avoid installation configurations in which the rear of the IC chip runs the risk of making
  any electrical contact.

10) Models which use flexible cable, heat seal, or TAB:

①In order to maintain reliability, do not touch or hold by the connector area.
②Avoid any bending, pulling, or other excessive force, which can result in broken connections.

11. Warranty

This product has been manufactured to your company's specifications as a part for use in your company's
general electronic products. It is guaranteed to perform according to delivery specifications. For any other
use apart from general electronic equipment, we cannot take responsibility if the product is used in medical
devices, nuclear power control equipment, aerospace equipment, fire and security systems, or any other
applications in which there is a direct risk to human life and where extremely high levels of reliability are
required. If the product is to be used in any of the above applications, we will need to enter into a separate
product liability agreement.

① We cannot accept responsibility for any defect, which may arise from additional manufacturing of
    the product (including disassembly and reassembly), after product delivery.

② We cannot accept responsibility for any defect, which may arise after the application of strong
    external force to the product.

③ We cannot accept responsibility for any defect, which may arise due to the application of static
    electricity after the product has passed your company's acceptance inspection procedures.

④ When the product is in CFL models, CFL service life and brightness will vary according to the
    performance of the inverter used, leaks, etc. We cannot accept responsibility for product
    performance, reliability, or defect, which may arise.

⑤ We cannot accept responsibility for intellectual property of a third party, which may arise through the
    application of our product to your assembly with exception to those issues relating directly to the
    structure or method of manufacturing of our product.

⑥ Optrex will not be held responsible for any quality guarantee issue for defect products judged as
    Optrex-origin longer than 2 (two) years from Optrex production or 1(one) year from Optrex, Optrex
    America, Optrex Europe, Display LC delivery which ever comes later.