

# PC3SD12NTZ Series

V<sub>DRM</sub>: 600V, Cost effective Non-zero cross type DIP 6pin Phototriac Coupler for triggering



## ■ Description

**PC3SD12NTZ Series** Phototriac Coupler include an infrared emitting diode (IRED) optically coupled to an output Phototriac.

These devices feature full wave control and are ideal isolated drivers for medium to high current Triacs.

DIP package provides 5.0kV isolation from input to output with superior commutative noise immunity.

#### ■ Features

- 1. High repetitive peak off-state voltage (V<sub>DRM</sub>: 600V)
- 2. Non-zero crossing functionality
- 3. 6 pin DIP package
- 4. Superior noise immunity (dV/dt: MIN. 1 000V/μs)
- 5. Lead-free components are also available (see Model Line-up section in this datasheet)
- 6. Double transfer mold construction (Ideal for Flow Soldering)
- 7. High isolation voltage between input and output  $(V_{iso}(rms): 5.0kV)$

#### ■ Agency approvals/Compliance

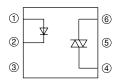
- Recognized by UL1577 (Double protection isolation), file No. E64380 (as model No. 3SD12)
- Approved by CSA, file No. CA95323 (as model No. 3SD12)
- 3. Optionary available VDE Approved (\*)(DIN EN 60747-5-2), file No. 40008189 (as model No. **3SD12**)
- 4. Package resin : UL flammability grade (94V-0)
  - (\*) DIN EN60747-5-2: successor standard of DIN VDE0884. Up to Date code "RD" (December 2003), approval of DIN VDE0884.
    - From Date code "S1" (January 2004), approval of DIN EN60747-5-2.
  - (\*\*) Reinforced insulation type is also available. (PC3SF11YVZ Series)

#### Applications

- 1. Triggering for Triacs used to switch on and off devices which require AC Loads.
  - For example heaters, fans, motors, solenoids, and valves.
- Triggering for Triacs used for implementing phase control in applications such as lighting control and temperature control (HVAC).
- 3. AC line control in power supply applications.



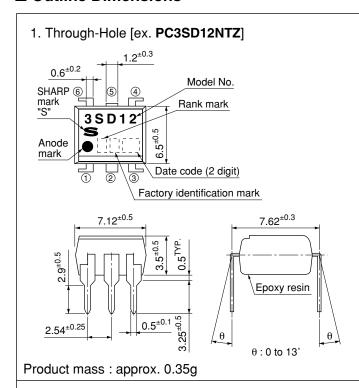
## ■ Internal Connection Diagram

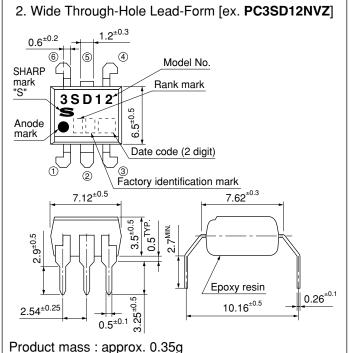


- 1 Anode
- 2 Cathode
- ③ NC
- 4 Anode/Cathode
- (5) No external connection
- ⑥ Cathode/Anode

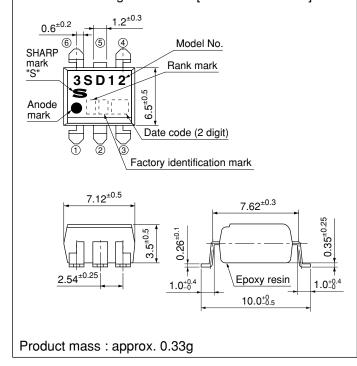
#### **■** Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)

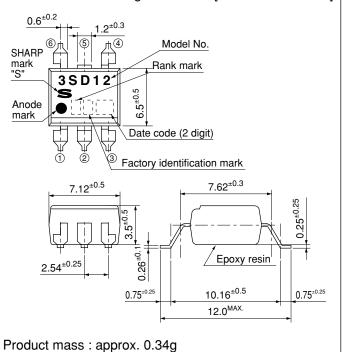




3. SMT Gullwing Lead-Form [ex. PC3SD12NXP]



4. Wide SMT Gullwing Lead-Form [ex. PC3SD12NWP]





■ Outline Dimensions (Unit : mm)

#### 5. Through-Hole VDE option [ex. PC3SD12YTZAF] 6. Wide Through-Hole Lead-Form VDE option [ex. PC3SD12YVZAF] 1.2<sup>±0.3</sup> 0.6<sup>±0.2</sup> 0.6<sup>±0.2</sup> Model No. Model No. **SHARP** SHARP mark "S" mark "S" Rank mark Rank mark 3SD12 $6.5^{\pm0.5}$ Anode Anode mark mark Date code (2 digit) Date code (2 digit) VDF Factory identification mark (3) identification mark 2 Factory identification mark VDE $7.12^{\pm0.5}$ identification mark $7.62^{\pm0.3}$ $7.12^{\pm0.5}$ $7.62^{\pm0.3}$ Epoxy resin 3.25<sub>±0.1</sub> 0.5<sub>±0.5</sub> Epoxy resin $2.54^{\pm0.25}$ 0.26<sup>±0.1</sup> θ 3.25<sub>±0.5</sub> $10.16^{^{\pm0.5}}$ 2.54<sup>±0.25</sup> $\theta : 0 \text{ to } 13^{\circ}$ Product mass: approx. 0.35g Product mass: approx. 0.35g 7. SMT Gullwing Lead-Form VDE option 8. Wide SMT Gullwing Lead-Form VDE option [ex. PC3SD12YXPAF] [ex. PC3SD12YWPAF] 0.6<sup>±0.2</sup> 0.6<sup>±0.2</sup> 1.2<sup>±0.3</sup> Model No. Model No. SHARP SHARP mark "S" mark "S" Rank mark Rank mark 3SD12 3SD12 Anode Anode mark mark Date code (2 digit) Date code (2 digit) Factory identification mark **VDE** VDE Factory identification mark identification mark identification mark

\*Pin 5 is not allowed external connection

Product mass: approx. 0.33g

 $0.26^{\pm0.1}$ 

 $1.0^{+0.4}_{-0}$ 

7.12<sup>±0.5</sup>

2.54<sup>±0.25</sup>

7.62<sup>±0.3</sup>

Epoxy resin

 $10.0^{+0}_{-0.5}$ 

 $0.35^{\pm0.25}$ 

 $1.0^{+0.4}_{-0}$ 

 $0.25^{\pm0.25}$ 

 $0.75^{\pm0.25}$ 

7.62<sup>±0.3</sup>

10.16<sup>±0.5</sup>

12.0<sup>MAX.</sup>

Epoxy resin

7.12<sup>±0.5</sup>

Product mass: approx. 0.34g

2.54<sup>±0.25</sup>

0.26<sup>±0.</sup>

0.75<sup>±0.25</sup>



# Date code (2 digit)

	1st o	digit		2nd digit		
	Year of p	roduction		Month of production		
A.D.	Mark	A.D	Mark	Month	Mark	
1990	A	2002	P	January	1	
1991	В	2003	R	February	2	
1992	С	2004	S	March	3	
1993	D	2005	T	April	4	
1994	Е	2006	U	May	5	
1995	F	2007	V	June	6	
1996	Н	2008	W	July	7	
1997	J	2009	X	August	8	
1998	K	2010	A	September	9	
1999	L	2011	В	October	0	
2000	M	2012	С	November	N	
2001	N	:	:	December	D	

repeats in a 20 year cycle

# Factory identification mark

Factory identification Mark	Country of origin
no mark	Tomon
	Japan
	Indonesia
$\overline{\hspace{1cm}}$	Philippines
_	China

<sup>\*</sup> This factory marking is for identification purpose only.

Please contact the local SHARP sales representative to see the actural status of the production.

Rank mark

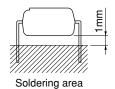
Refer to the Model Line-up table



# ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $(T_a=25^{\circ}C)$ 

			(1a 25 C)	
	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
T4	Forward current	$I_F$	50	mA
Input	Reverse voltage	$V_R$	6	V
	RMS ON-state current	$I_T(rms)$	0.1	A
Output	Peak one cycle surge current	$I_{surge}$	1.2 *3	Α
	Repetitive peak OFF-state voltage	$V_{DRM}$	600	V
*1 Isolatio	on voltage	V <sub>iso</sub> (rms)	5.0	kV
	ing temperature	$T_{opr}$	-30 to +100	°C
Storage	e temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	°C
*2Solderi	ng temperature	$T_{sol}$	270*4	°C



# **■** Electro-optical Characteristics

 $(T_a=25^{\circ}C)$ 

Parameter			Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Lamust	Forward voltage		$V_{\rm F}$	$I_F=20mA$	_	1.2	1.4	V
Input	Reverse current		$I_R$	$V_R=3V$	_	_	10	μΑ
	Repentitive peak OFF-state current		$I_{DRM}$	$V_D = V_{DRM}$	_	_	1	μΑ
0	ON-state voltage		$V_{T}$	$I_{T}=0.1A$	_	-	2.5	V
Output	Holding current		$I_{H}$	$V_D=6V$	0.1	_	3.5	mA
	Critical rate of rise of OFF-state voltage		dV/dt	$V_D=1/\sqrt{2} \cdot V_{DRM}$	1 000	2 000	-	V/µs
Transfer	Minimum trigger current	Rank A	$I_{FT}$	$V_D=6V, R_L=100\Omega$	_	_	10	mA
charac- teristics	Isolation resistance		R <sub>ISO</sub>	DC500V,40 to 60%RH	5×10 <sup>10</sup>	$10^{11}$	_	Ω
	Turn-on time		t <sub>on</sub>	$V_D=6V, R_L=100\Omega, I_F=20mA$	_	_	50	μs

<sup>\*1 40</sup> to 60%RH, AC for 1minute, f=60Hz \*2 For 10s

<sup>\*3</sup> f=50Hz sine wave

<sup>\*4</sup> Lead solder plating models:  $260^{\circ}C$ 



# ■ Model Line-up (1) (Lead-free components)

Lead Form	Throug	h-Hole	SMT G	SMT Gullwing Wide Through-Hole					
Shipping Package				eeve				I <sub>FT</sub> [mA]	
Simpping I dekage			50pcs	/sleeve			Rank mark	$(V_D=6V,$	
DIN		Annroyad		Annroyad		Ammayad		$R_L=100\Omega)$	
EN60747-5-2		Approved		Approved		Approved			
Model No.	PC3SD12NTZAF	PC3SD12YTZAF	PC3SD12NXZAF	PC3SD12YXZAF	PC3SD12NVZAF	PC3SD12YVZAF	A	MAX.10	
Lead Form	Wide SM7	T Gullwing	SMT G	ullwing	Wide SMT	Gullwing			
CI. , D I	Sleeve		Taping				Rank mark	$I_{FT}[mA]$ $(V_D=6V,$	
Shipping Package	50pcs/sleeve		1 000pcs/reel						
DIN		Annroyad		Annroyad		Annayad		$R_L$ =100 $\Omega$ )	
EN60747-5-2		Approved	Approved ——	Approved		Approved		ı	
Model No.	PC3SD12NWZAF	PC3SD12YWZAF	PC3SD12NXPAF	PC3SD12YXPAF	PC3SD12NWPAF	PC3SD12YWPAF	A	MAX.10	

# ■ Model Line-up (2) (Lead solder plating components)

	, ,		<u> </u>	-					
Lead Form	Throug	h-Hole	SMT G	ullwing	Wide Thro	ough-Hole			
C1 D 1			Sle	eve				I <sub>FT</sub> [mA]	
Shipping Package			50pcs/	/sleeve			Rank mark	$(V_D=6V,$	
DIN		A 1		A 1		A 1		$R_L=100\Omega)$	
EN60747-5-2		Approved		Approved		Approved			
Model No.	PC3SD12NTZA		PC3SD12NXZA		PC3SD12NVZA		A	MAX.10	
Lead Form	Wide SMT	Gullwing Gullwing	SMT G	ullwing	Wide SMT	Gullwing			
G1: : D 1	Sleeve		Taping					I <sub>FT</sub> [mA]	
Shipping Package	50pcs/sleeve		1 000pcs/reel				Rank mark	$(V_D=6V,$	
DIN		A		٨ 1		Approved		$R_L=100\Omega$ )	
EN60747-5-2		Approved		Approved					
Model No.	PC3SD12NWZA		PC3SD12NXPA		PC3SD12NWPA		A	MAX.10	

Please contact a local SHARP sales representative to inquire about production status.



Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

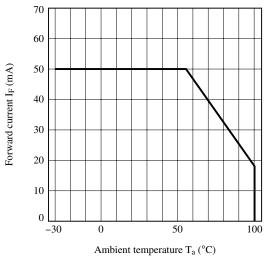


Fig.3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

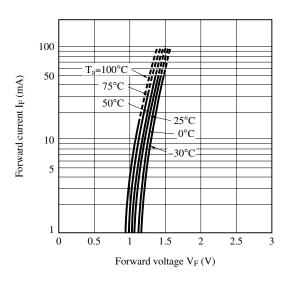


Fig.5 Relative Repetitive Peak OFF-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

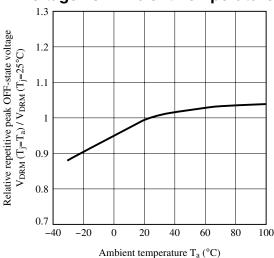


Fig.2 RMS ON-state Current vs.
Ambient Temperature

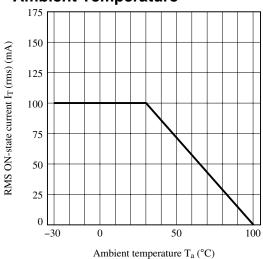


Fig.4 Minimum Trigger Current vs.
Ambient Temperature

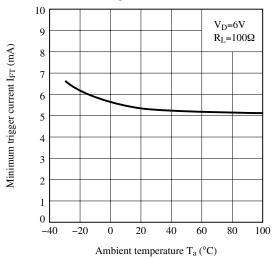


Fig.6 ON-state Voltage vs.
Ambient Temperature

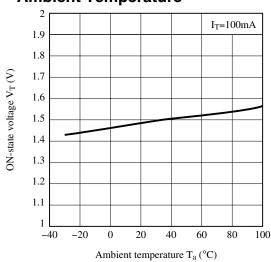




Fig.7 Holding Current vs.
Ambient Temperature

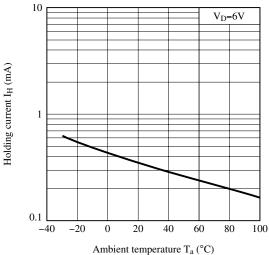
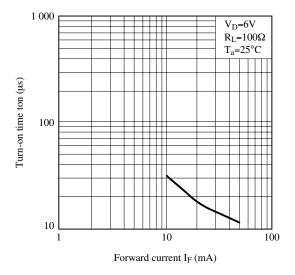
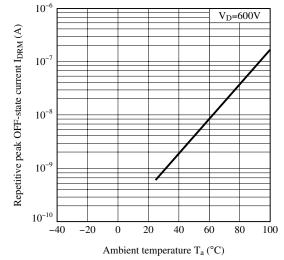


Fig.9 Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current



Remarks: Please be aware that all data in the graph are just for reference.

Fig.8 Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature





## ■ Design Considerations

## Design guide

In order for the Phototriac to turn off, the triggering current (I<sub>F</sub>) must be 0.1mA or less.

Please refrain from using these devices in a direct drive configuration.

These Phototriac Coupler are intended to be used as triggering device for main Triacs.

Please ensure that the output rating of these devices will be sufficient for triggering the main output Triac of your choice. Failure to do may result in malfunctions.

In phase control applications or where the Phototriac Coupler is being by a pulse signal, please ensure that the pulse width is a minimum of 1ms.

For designs that will experience excessive noise or sudden changes in load voltage, please include an appropriate snubber circuit as shown in the below circuit.

Please keep in mind that Sharp Phototriac Couplers incorporate superor dV/dt ratings which can often eliminate the need for a snubber circuit.

# Degradation

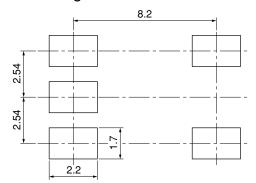
In general, the emission of the IRED used in Phototriac Couplers will degrade over time.

In the case where long term operation and / or constant extreme temperature fluctuations will be applied to the devices, please allow for a worst case scenario of 50% degradation over 5years.

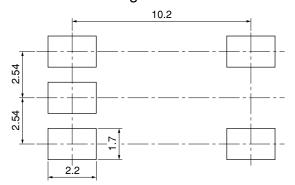
Therefore in order to maintain proper operation, a design implementing these Phototriac Couplers should provide at least twice the minimum required triggering current from initial operation.

## Recommended Foot Print (reference)

SMT Gullwing Lead-form



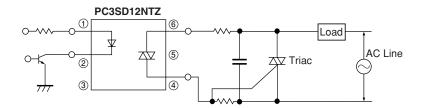
#### Wide SMT Gullwing Lead-form



(Unit:mm)



# ● Standard Circuit (Medium/High Power Triac Drive Circuit)



Note) Please add the snubber circuit according to a condition.

Any snubber or varistor used for the above mentioned scenarios should be located as close to the main output triac as possible.

<sup>☆</sup> For additional design assistance, please review our corresponding Optoelectronic Application Notes.



## ■ Manufacturing Guidelines

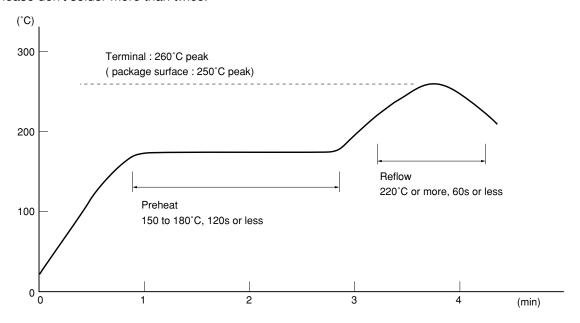
## Soldering Method

#### Reflow Soldering:

Reflow soldering should follow the temperature profile shown below.

Soldering should not exceed the curve of temperature profile and time.

Please don't solder more than twice.



## Flow Soldering:

Due to SHARP's double transfer mold construction submersion in flow solder bath is allowed under the below listed guidelines.

Flow soldering should be completed below 270°C and within 10s.

Preheating is within the bounds of 100 to 150°C and 30 to 80s.

Please don't solder more than twice.

#### Hand soldering

Hand soldering should be completed within 3s when the point of solder iron is below 400°C.

Please don't solder more than twice.

#### Other notices

Please test the soldering method in actual condition and make sure the soldering works fine, since the impact on the junction between the device and PCB varies depending on the tooling and soldering conditions.



## Cleaning instructions

#### Solvent cleaning:

Solvent temperature should be 45°C or below. Immersion time should be 3minutes or less.

#### Ultrasonic cleaning:

The impact on the device varies depending on the size of the cleaning bath, ultrasonic output, cleaning time, size of PCB and mounting method of the device.

Therefore, please make sure the device withstands the ultrasonic cleaning in actual conditions in advance of mass production.

#### Recommended solvent materials:

Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol and Isopropyl alcohol.

In case the other type of solvent materials are intended to be used, please make sure they work fine in actual using conditions since some materials may erode the packaging resin.

#### Presence of ODC

This product shall not contain the following materials.

And they are not used in the production process for this device.

Regulation substances: CFCs, Halon, Carbon tetrachloride, 1.1.1-Trichloroethane (Methylchloroform)

Specific brominated flame retardants such as the PBBOs and PBBs are not used in this product at all.



## ■ Package specification

## Sleeve package

#### 1. Through-Hole or SMT Gullwing

Package materials

Sleeve: HIPS (with anti-static material)

Stopper: Styrene-Elastomer

#### Package method

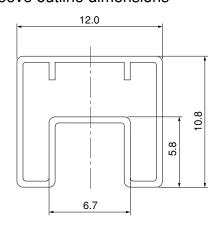
MAX. 50pcs of products shall be packaged in a sleeve.

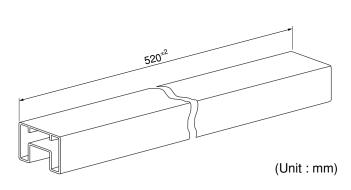
Both ends shall be closed by tabbed and tabless stoppers.

The product shall be arranged in the sleeve with its anode mark on the tabless stopper side.

MAX. 20 sleeves in one case.

#### Sleeve outline dimensions





## 2. Wide Through-Hole or Wide SMT Gullwing

Package materials

Sleeve: HIPS (with anti-static material)

Stopper: Styrene-Elastomer

#### Package method

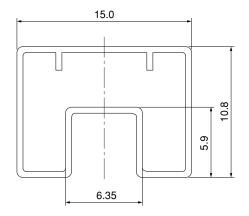
MAX. 50pcs of products shall be packaged in a sleeve.

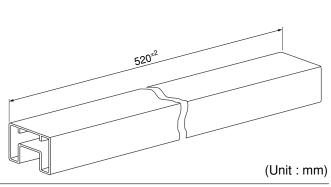
Both ends shall be closed by tabbed and tabless stoppers.

The product shall be arranged in the sleeve with its anode mark on the tabless stopper side.

MAX. 20 sleeves in one case.

#### Sleeve outline dimensions







# ● Tape and Reel package

# 1. SMT Gullwing

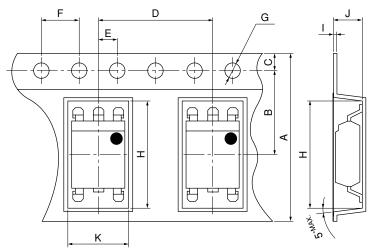
Package materials

Carrier tape: A-PET (with anti-static material)

Cover tape: PET (three layer system)

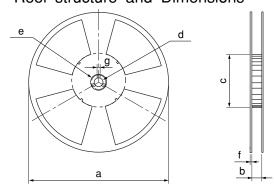
Reel: PS

#### Carrier tape structure and Dimensions



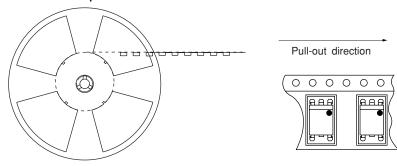
D	Dimensions List						
	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G
	16.0±0.3	7.5 <sup>±0.1</sup>	1.75 <sup>±0.1</sup>	12.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	4.0 <sup>±0.1</sup>	φ1.5 <sup>+0.1</sup>
	Н	I	J	K			
	10.4 <sup>±0.1</sup>	0.4 <sup>±0.05</sup>	4.2 <sup>±0.1</sup>	7.8 <sup>±0.1</sup>			

#### Reel structure and Dimensions



Dimensio	ns List	(Unit: mm)		
a	b	c	d	
330	17.5 <sup>±1.5</sup>	100±1.0	13±0.5	
e	f	g		
23±1.0	2.0±0.5	2.0±0.5		

# Direction of product insertion



[Packing: 1 000pcs/reel]



## 2. Wide SMT Gullwing

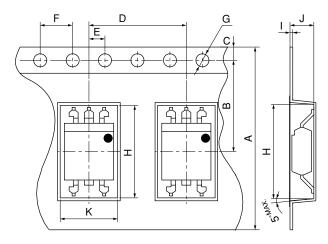
Package materials

Carrier tape: A-PET (with anti-static material)

Cover tape: PET (three layer system)

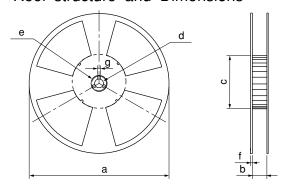
Reel: PS

# Carrier tape structure and Dimensions



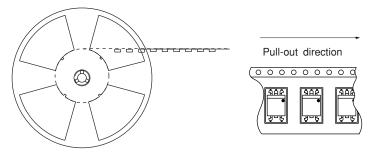
Dimensions List (Unit : r							
	A	В	C	D	Е	F	G
	24.0±0.3	11.5 <sup>±0.1</sup>	1.75 <sup>±0.1</sup>	12.0 <sup>±0.1</sup>	2.0 <sup>±0.1</sup>	4.0 <sup>±0.1</sup>	φ1.5 <del>+</del> 8.1
	Н	I	J	K			
	12.2 <sup>±0.1</sup>	$0.4^{\pm0.05}$	4.15 <sup>±0.1</sup>	7.6 <sup>±0.1</sup>			

#### Reel structure and Dimensions



Dimensio	ns List	(Unit: mm)			
a	b	c	d		
330	25.5 <sup>±1.5</sup>	100±1.0	13 <sup>±0.5</sup>		
e	f	g			
23±1.0	2.0 <sup>±0.5</sup>	2.0 <sup>±0.5</sup>			

# Direction of product insertion



[Packing: 1 000pcs/reel]



#### ■ Important Notices

- · The circuit application examples in this publication are provided to explain representative applications of SHARP devices and are not intended to guarantee any circuit design or license any intellectual property rights. SHARP takes no responsibility for any problems related to any intellectual property right of a third party resulting from the use of SHARP's devices.
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- (i) The devices in this publication are designed for use in general electronic equipment designs such as:
  - --- Personal computers
  - --- Office automation equipment
  - --- Telecommunication equipment [terminal]
  - --- Test and measurement equipment
  - --- Industrial control
  - --- Audio visual equipment
  - --- Consumer electronics
- (ii) Measures such as fail-safe function and redundant design should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when SHARP devices are used for or in connection

with equipment that requires higher reliability such as:

- --- Transportation control and safety equipment (i.e., aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.)
- --- Traffic signals
- --- Gas leakage sensor breakers
- --- Alarm equipment
- --- Various safety devices, etc.
- (iii) SHARP devices shall not be used for or in connection with equipment that requires an extremely high level of reliability and safety such as:
  - --- Space applications
  - --- Telecommunication equipment [trunk lines]
  - --- Nuclear power control equipment
  - --- Medical and other life support equipment (e.g., scuba).
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