TLE4250-2

Low Dropout Voltage Tracking Regulator

Automotive Power

Never stop thinking



Low Dropout Voltage Tracking Regulator

TLE4250-2



1 Overview

Features

- 50 mA Output Current Capability
- Tiny SMD-Package PG-SCT595-5 with lowest thermal resistance
- Low Output Tracking Tolerance
- Stable with Small Ceramic Output Capacitor
- Low Dropout Voltage
- Combined Reference / Enable Input
- Low Current Consumption in Stand-by Mode
- Maximum Input Voltage -42 V $\leq V_1 \leq$ +45 V
- Reverse Polarity Protection
- Output Short Circuit Proof to Ground and Supply
- Overtemperature Protection
- Temperature Range -40 °C ≤ T_i ≤ 150 °C
- Green Product (RoHS compliant)
- AEC Qualified

Functional Description

The TLE4250-2 is a monolithic integrated low dropout voltage tracker in a tiny SMD package PG-SCT595-5 with excellent thermal resistance. It is designed to supply off-board loads (e.g. sensors) in automotive environment. The IC protects itself in case of overload, overtemperature, reverse polarity as well as output short circuit to battery and ground.

Supply voltages up to V_1 = 45 V are regulated to a reference voltage applied at the adjust input "ADJ" with high accuracy. The output "Q" is able to drive loads up to 50 mA.

In order to reduce the quiescent current to a minimum, the TLE4250-2 can be switched to stand-by mode by setting the adjust/enable input "ADJ/EN" to "low".

Туре	Package	Marking
TLE4250-2G	PG-SCT595-5	52



PG-SCT595-5



Block Diagram

2 Block Diagram

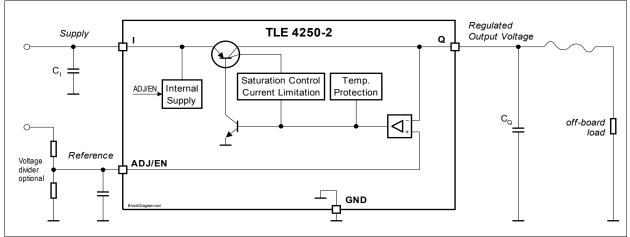


Figure 1 Block Diagram and Simplified Typical Application

3 Pin Configuration

3.1 Pin Assignment

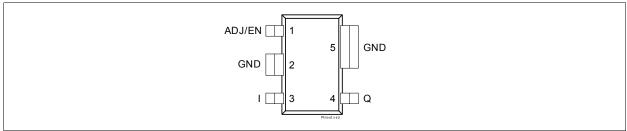


Figure 2 Pin Configuration Package PG-SCT595-5

3.2 Pin Definitions and Functions

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	ADJ/EN	Adjust / Enable. Connect the reference to this pin. A low signal disables the IC; a high signal switches it on. The reference voltage can be connected directly or by a voltage divider for lower output voltages. For compensating line influences, a capacitor close to the IC pins is recommended.
2	GND	Ground Reference. Internally connected to Pin 5. Connect to heatsink area.
3	I	Input. IC supply. For compensating line influences, a capacitor close to the IC pins is recommended.
4	Q	Tracker Output. Block to GND with a capacitor close to the IC terminals, respecting capacitance and ESR requirements given in the table "Functional Range".
5	GND	Ground Reference. Internally connected to Pin 2. Connect to heatsink area.

Downloaded from Elcodis.com electronic components distributor



4 General Product Characteristics

4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute Maximum Ratings 1)

-40 °C $\leq T_{i} \leq$ 150 °C; all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified).

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Lin	nit Values	Unit	Conditions	
			Min.	Max.			
Voltage	es			1			
4.1.1	Input voltage	V_1	-42	45	V	-	
4.1.2	Output voltage	V _Q	-1	40	V	-	
4.1.3	Adjust / Enable Input	$V_{ADJ/EN}$	-0.3	40	V	-	
Tempe	ratures	·		<u> </u>			
4.1.4	Junction Temperature	Tj	-40	150	°C	-	
4.1.5	Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-50	150	°C	-	
ESD Su	usceptibility			<u> </u>			
4.1.6	ESD Resistivity	$V_{\rm ESD,HBM}$	-3	3	kV	HBM ²⁾	
4.1.7		V _{ESD,CDM}	-2	2	kV	CDM ³⁾	

1) Not subject to production test, specified by design.

2) ESD susceptibility, Human Body Model "HBM" according to EIA/JESD 22-A114B

3) ESD susceptibility, Charged Device Model "CDM" according to EIA/JESD22-C101 or ESDA STM5.3.1

Note: Stresses above the ones listed here may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Note: Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.



General Product Characteristics

4.2 Functional Range

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Lim	it Values	Unit	Conditions	
			Min.	Max.			
4.2.1	Input Voltage	V_1	4	40	V	-	
4.2.1	Adjust / Enable Input Voltage (Voltage Tracking Range)	$V_{\rm ADJ/EN}$	2.5	36	V	-	
4.2.2	Junction Temperature	Tj	-40	150	°C	-	
4.2.3	Output Capacitor Requirements	CQ	1	-	μF	- ¹⁾	
4.2.4		ESR _{CQ}	-	3	Ω	- ²⁾	

1) The minimum output capacitance requirement is applicable for a worst case capacitance tolerance of 30%

2) relevant ESR value at f = 10 kHz

Note: Within the functional range the IC operates as described in the circuit description. The electrical characteristics are specified within the conditions given in the related electrical characteristics table.

4.3 Thermal Resistance

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol		Limit Va	lue	Unit	Conditions
			Min.	Тур.	Max.		
4.3.5	Junction to Ambient	R _{thJA}	-	81	-	K/W	2s2p board ¹⁾
4.3.1	_		_	217	-	K/W	Footprint only ²⁾
4.3.2			-	117	-	K/W	300 mm ² PCB heatsink area ²⁾
4.3.3	_		-	103	-	K/W	600 mm ² PCB heatsink area ²⁾
4.3.4	Junction to Soldering Point	R _{thJSP}	-	30	-	K/W	Pins 2, 5 fixed to T_A

 Specified R_{thJA} value is according to JESD51-2,-5,-7 at natural convection on FR4 2s2p board; The product (chip+package) was simulated on a 76.2 x 114.3 x 1.5 mm board with 2 inner copper layers (2 x 70μm Cu, 2 x 35μm Cu). Where applicable a thermal via array under the package contacted the first inner copper layer.

 Package mounted on PCB FR4; 80 x 80 x 1.5 mm; 35 µm Cu, 5 µm Sn; horizontal position; zero airflow. Not subject to production test; specified by design.



5 Electrical Characteristics

5.1 Tracking Regulator

The output voltage $V_{\rm Q}$ is controlled by comparing it to the voltage applied at pin ADJ/EN and driving a PNP pass transistor accordingly. The control loop stability depends on the output capacitor $C_{\rm Q}$, the load current, the chip temperature and the poles/zeros introduced by the integrated circuit. To ensure stable operation, the output capacitor's capacitance and its equivalent series resistor ESR requirements given in the table "Functional Range" have to be maintained. For details see also the typical performance graph "Output Capacitor Series Resistor $ESR_{\rm CQ}$ vs. Output Current $I_{\rm Q}$ ". Also, the output capacitor shall be sized to buffer load transients.

An input capacitor C_1 is recommended to buffer line influences. Connect the capacitors close to the IC terminals.

Protection circuitry prevent the IC as well as the application from destruction in case of catastrophic events. These safeguards contain output current limitation, reverse polarity protection as well as thermal shutdown in case of overtemperature.

In order to avoid excessive power dissipation that could never be handled by the pass element and the package, the maximum output current is decreased at high input voltages.

The overtemperature protection circuit prevents the IC from immediate destruction under fault conditions (e. g. output continuously short-circuited) by reducing the output current. A thermal balance below 200 °C junction temperature is established. Please note that a junction temperature above 150 °C is outside the maximum ratings and reduces the IC lifetime.

The TLE4250-2 allows a negative supply voltage. However, several small currents are flowing into the IC. For details see electrical characteristics table and typical performance graphs. The thermal protection circuit is not operating during reverse polarity condition.

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Conditions
			Min.	Тур.	Max.		
5.1.1	Output Voltage Tracking Accuracy	ΔV_{Q}	-5	-	5	mV	$1 \text{ mA} \le I_Q \le 10 \text{ mA};$ $6 \text{ V} \le V_1 \le 16 \text{ V}$
5.1.2	_		-25	-	25	mV	$1 \text{ mA} \le I_Q \le 50 \text{ mA};$ $6 \text{ V} \le V_1 \le 28 \text{ V}$
5.1.3	_		-25	-	25	mV	$1 \text{ mA} \le I_Q \le 10 \text{ mA};$ $6 \text{ V} \le V_1 \le 40 \text{ V}$
5.1.4	Load Regulation steady-state	$ \mathrm{d}V_{\mathrm{Q,load}} $	-	-	15	mV	$I_{\rm Q}$ = 1 mA to 30 mA;
5.1.5	Line Regulation steady-state	$ {\rm d}V_{\rm Q,line} $	-	-	10	mV	$V_{\rm I} = 6 \text{ V to } 40 \text{ V};$ $I_{\rm Q} = 10 \text{ mA}$
5.1.6	Power Supply Ripple Rejection	PSRR	-	48	-	dB	$f_{\text{ripple}} = 100 \text{ Hz};$ $V_{\text{ripple}} = 1 \text{ Vpp}^{-1}$
5.1.7	Dropout Voltage $V_{dr} = V_1 - V_Q$	V _{dr}	-	100	300	mV	$I_{\rm Q} = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{\rm ADJ} \ge 4 \text{ V}^{(2)}$
5.1.8	Output Current Limitation	$I_{\rm Q,max}$	51	85	120	mA	$V_{\rm Q}$ = ($V_{\rm ADJ}$ - 0.1 V)

Table 1 Electrical Characteristics Tracking Regulator

 $V_{\rm I}$ = 13.5 V; $V_{\rm AD, VEN} \ge 2.5$ V; -40 °C $\le T_{\rm i} \le$ 150 °C; all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified).



Table 1 Electrical Characteristics Tracking Regulator

 $V_{\rm I}$ = 13.5 V; $V_{\rm ADJ/EN} \ge$ 2.5 V; -40 °C $\le T_{\rm j} \le$ 150 °C; all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified).

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Conditions
			Min.	Тур.	Max.		
5.1.9	Reverse Current	I _Q	-5	-1	-	mA	$V_{I} = 0 V;$ $V_{Q} = 16 V;$ $V_{ADJ} = 5 V$
5.1.10	Reverse Current at Negative Input Voltage	I	-10	-2	-	mA	$V_{I} = -16 V;$ $V_{Q} = 0 V;$ $V_{ADJ} = 5 V$

Overtemperature Protection:

5.1.11	Junction Temperature	$T_{\rm j,eq}$	151	-	200	°C	$T_{\rm j}$ increasing due to power
	Equilibrium						dissipation generated
							by the IC ¹⁾

1) Parameter not subject to production test; specified by design.

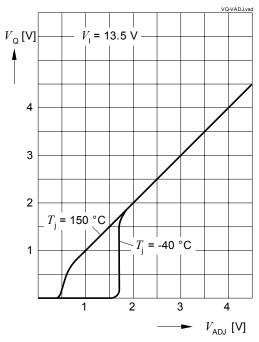
2) Measured when the output voltage $V_{\rm Q}$ has dropped 100 mV from its nominal value.

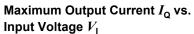


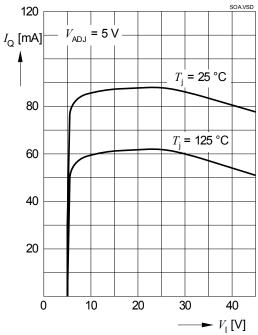
Typical Performance Characteristics Tracking Regulator

 $V_{\text{ADJ/EN}}$ = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

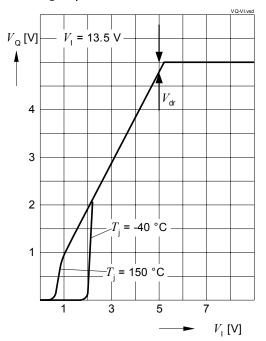
Output Voltage $V_{\rm Q}$ vs. Adjust Voltage $V_{\rm ADJ}$



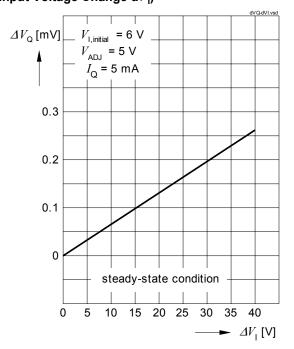




Output Voltage $V_{\rm Q}$ vs. Input Voltage $V_{\rm I}$



Line Regulation $dV_{Q,line}$ vs. Input Voltage Change dV_{l}



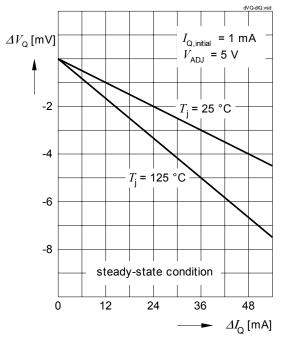
Data sheet



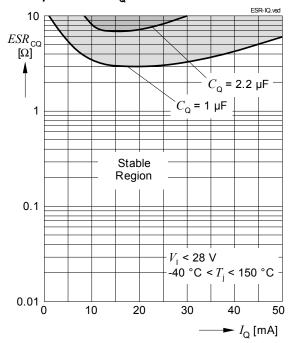
Typical Performance Characteristics Tracking Regulator

 $V_{\text{ADJ/EN}}$ = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

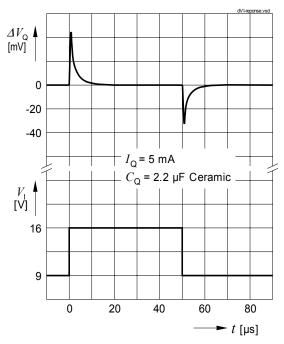
Load Regulation d $V_{\rm Q,line}$ vs. Output Current Change d $I_{\rm Q}$



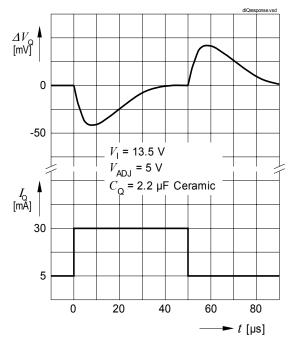
Output Capacitor Series Resistor ESR_{CQ} vs. Output Current I_{Q}



Line Transient Response



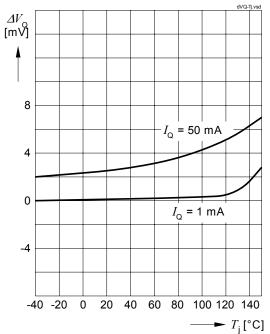
Load Transient Response



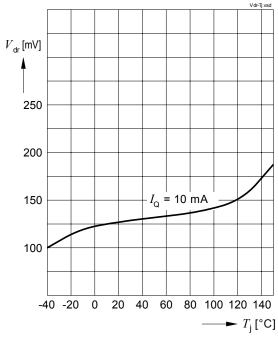
Typical Performance Characteristics Tracking Regulator

 $V_{\text{ADJ/EN}}$ = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

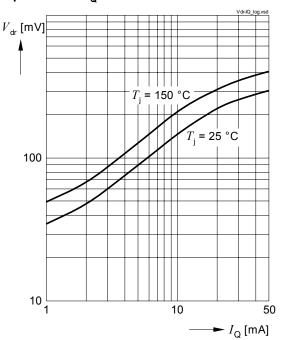




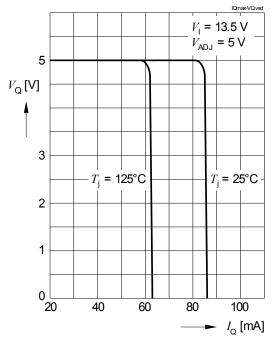




Dropout Voltage $V_{\rm dr}$ vs. Output Current $I_{\rm O}$



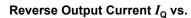
Output Current Limitation $I_{Q,max}$ vs. Output Voltage V_Q



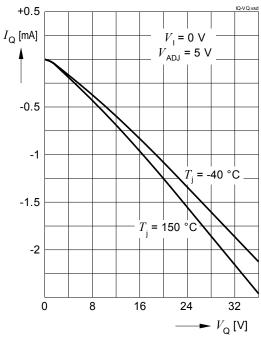


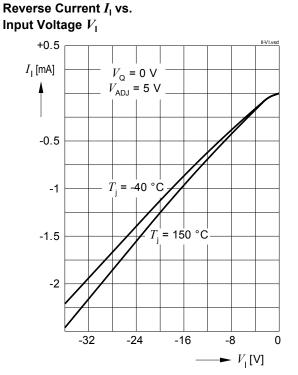
Typical Performance Characteristics Tracking Regulator

 $V_{\text{ADJ/EN}}$ = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

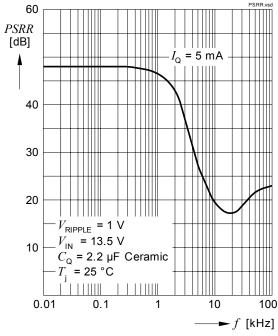


Output Voltage $V_{\rm Q}$





Power Supply Ripple Rejection *PSRR*



Data sheet



5.2 Current Consumption

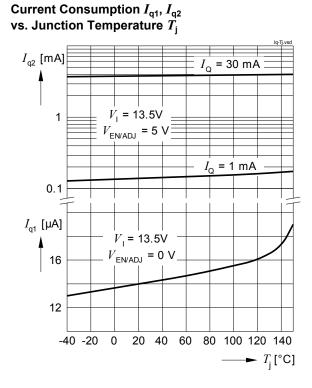
Table 2 Electrical Characteristics Current Consumption

 $V_{\rm I}$ = 13.5 V; $V_{\rm ADJ/EN} \ge 2.5$ V; -40 °C $\le T_{\rm i} \le$ 150 °C; all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified).

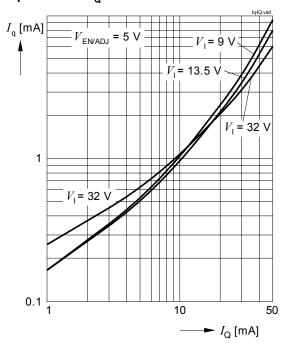
Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	L	imit Val	ues	Unit	Conditions	
			Min.	Тур.	Max.			
5.2.1	Quiescent Current Stand-by Mode	I _{q1}	-	10	20	μA	$V_{\text{ADJ/EN}} \le 0.4 \text{ V};$ $T_{\text{j}} \le 85 \text{ °C}$	
5.2.2	Current Consumption	I_{q2}	-	140	200	μA	$I_Q \leq 1 \text{ mA};$	
5.2.3	$I_{q} = I_{I} - I_{Q}$		-	3	5	mA	$I_Q \leq$ 30 mA;	
5.2.4	Current Consumption Dropout Region; $I_q = I_1 - I_Q$	I _{q3}	-	1	2	mA	$V_{ADJ} = V_1 = 5 V;$ $I_Q = 0 mA$	

Typical Performance Characteristics Current Consumption

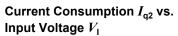
 $V_{\text{ADJ/EN}}$ = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

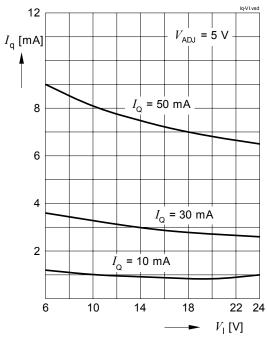


Current Consumption $I_{\rm q2}$ vs. Output Current $I_{\rm Q}$











5.3 Adjust / Enable Input

In order to reduce the quiescent current to a minimum, the TLE4250-2G can be switched to stand-by mode by setting the adjust/enable input "ADJ/EN" to "low".

Table 3 Electrical Characteristics Adjust / Enable

 $V_{\rm I}$ = 13.5 V; $V_{\rm ADJ} \ge$ 2.5 V; -40 °C $\le T_{\rm j} \le$ 150 °C;

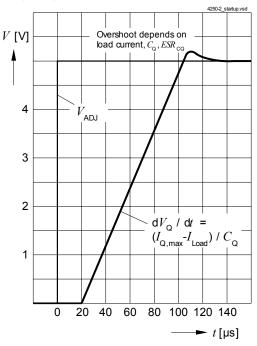
all voltages with respect to ground, positive current flowing into pin (unless otherwise specified).

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	L	imit Val	ues	Unit	Conditions
			Min.	Тур.	Max.		
5.3.1	Adjust / Enable Input Current	$I_{\rm ADJ}$	-	0.1	0.5	μA	$V_{ADJ} = 5 \text{ V};$
5.3.2	Adjust / Enable Low Signal Valid	$V_{\rm ADJ,low}$	-	-	0.4	V	$V_{\rm Q}$ = 0 V;
5.3.3	Adjust / Enable High Signal Valid (Tracking Region)	$V_{\rm ADJ,high}$	2.5	-	36	V	$ V_{\rm Q} - V_{\rm ADJ} < 25 \text{ mV};$

Typical Performance Characteristics Adjust / Enable Input

VADJ/EN = 5V (unless otherwise noted)

Startup Sequence





Package Outlines

5 Package Outlines

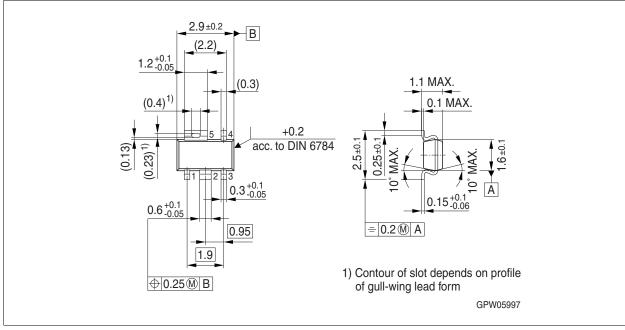
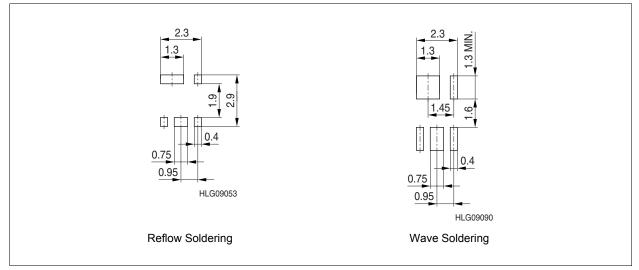


Figure 3 Outline PG-SCT595-5





Green Product (RoHS compliant)

To meet the world-wide customer requirements for environmentally friendly products and to be compliant with government regulations the device is available as a green product. Green products are RoHS-Compliant (i.e Pb-free finish on leads and suitable for Pb-free soldering according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020).

For further information on alternative packages, please visit our website: http://www.infineon.com/packages

Dimensions in mm

Data sheet



Revision History

6 Revision History

Revision	Date	Changes
Rev. 1.0	2007-07-24	Final Datasheet Initial Version

Downloaded from **Elcodis.com** electronic components distributor

Edition 2007-07-24

Published by Infineon Technologies AG 81726 Munich, Germany

© 2007 Infineon Technologies AG All Rights Reserved.

Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies components may be used in life-support devices or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.