

VID Voltage Programmer

FEATURES

- Programs Regulator Output Voltage from 1.3V to 2V in 50mV Steps
- Programs an Entire Family of Linear Technology DC/DC Converters
- Fully Compliant with the Intel Mobile VID Specification
- ±0.25% Accurate Output Voltage
- Built-In 40k Pull-Up Resistors on VID Inputs
- Available in SO-8 Packaging

APPLICATIONS

- Intel Mobile Pentium[®] II Processor Power Supply
- Notebook and Palmtop Computers, PDAs
- Portable Instruments
- Battery-Powered Equipment

DESCRIPTION

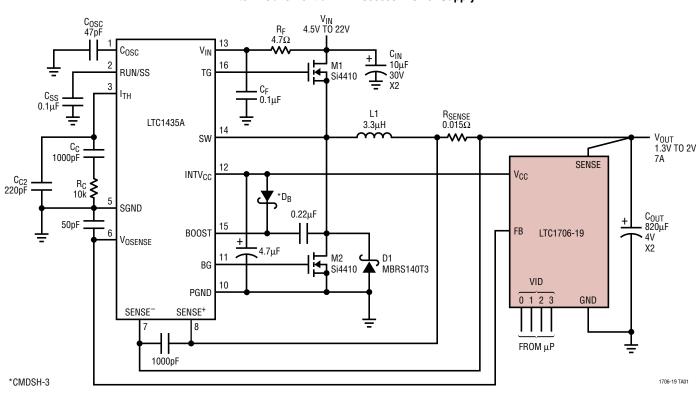
The LTC[®]1706-19 is a precision, digitally programmed, resistive ladder which adjusts the output of any 1.19V referenced regulator. Depending on the state of the four VID inputs, an output voltage between 1.3V and 2V is programmed in 50mV increments.

The LTC1706-19 is designed specifically to program an entire family of Linear Technology DC/DC converters in full compliance with the Intel Mobile VID specification.

The LTC1706-19 programs the following Linear Technology DC/DC converter products: LTC1433, LTC1434, LTC1435, LTC1435A, LTC1436, LTC1437, LTC1438, LTC1439, LTC1538-AUX, LTC1539, LTC1624 and LTC1625. (Consult factory for future compatible DC/DC converter products.)

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TYPICAL APPLICATION



Intel Mobile Pentium II Processor Power Supply

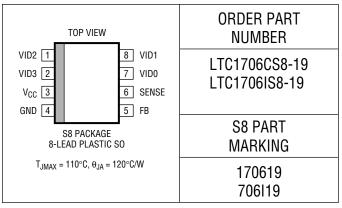
TECHNOLOGY

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note 1)

(Voltages Referred to GND Pin)
Input Supply Voltage (V _{CC})0.3V to 7V
VID Input Pins0.3V to 7V
SENSE Pin0.3V to 7V
FB Pin–0.3V to 7V
Operating Temperature Range
LTC1706C-190°C to 70°C
LTC1706I-19 –40°C to 85°C
Junction Temperature 110°C
Storage Temperature Range –65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



Consult factory for Military grade parts.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 T_A = 25°C, 2.7V \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5V, VID0 = VID1 = VID2 = VID3 = N. C., unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
V _{CC}	Operating Supply Voltage Range			2.7		5.5	V
IVCC	Supply Current	(Note 2)			0.1	5	μA
R _{FB-SENSE}	Resistance Between SENSE and FB		•	8	15	20	kΩ
V _{OUT} Error %	Output Voltage Accuracy	Programmed From 1.3V to 2V	•	-0.25		0.25	%
R _{PULLUP}	VID Input Pull-Up Resistance	V _{DIODE} = 0.6V, V _{CC} = 5V, (Note 3)			40		kΩ
VID _T	VID Input Voltage Threshold	$ \begin{array}{c} V_{IL} \; (2.7V \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5V) \\ V_{IH} \; (2.7V \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5V) \end{array} $		1.6		0.4	V V
I _{VID-LEAK}	VID Input Leakage Current	V _{CC} < VID < 7V, (Note 3)			0.01	±1	μA
V _{PULLUP}	VID Pull-Up Voltage	$\begin{array}{c} V_{CC}=3.3V\\ V_{CC}=5V \end{array}$			2.8 4.5		V V

The • denotes specifications which apply over the full specified temperature range.

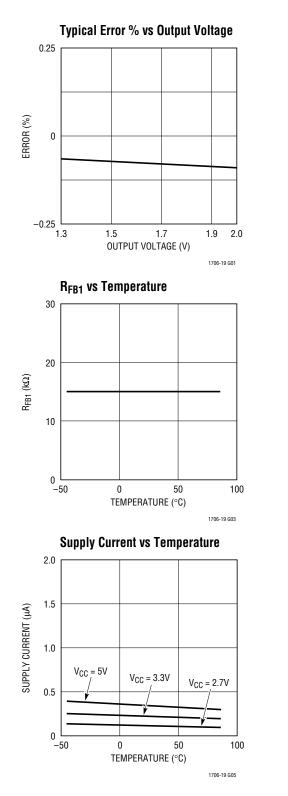
Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

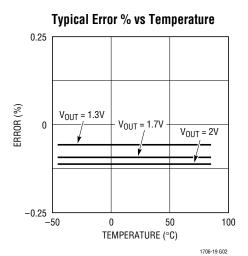
Note 2: With all four VID inputs floating, the V_{CC} supply current is simply the device leakage current. However, the V_{CC} supply current will rise and

be approximately equal to the number of grounded VID input pins times $(V_{CC} - 0.6V)/40k$. (See the Typical Applications section for more detail.) **Note 3:** Each built-in pull-up resistor attached to the VID inputs also has a series diode connected to V_{CC} to allow input voltages higher than the V_{CC} supply without damage or clamping. (See Operation section for further detail.)

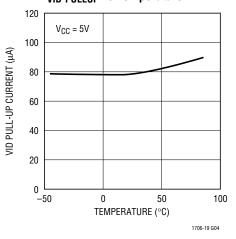


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

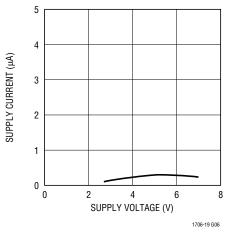




I_{VID-PULLUP} vs Temperature



Supply Current vs Supply Voltage





PIN FUNCTIONS

VID2 (Pin 1): 2nd MSB Programming Input. Low = GND, High = V_{CC} or Float. Grounding VID2 adds 200mV to the output sense voltage.

VID3 (Pin 2): 1st MSB Programming Input. Low = GND, High = V_{CC} or Float. Grounding VID3 adds 400mV to the output sense voltage.

 V_{CC} (Pin 3): Power Supply Voltage. Range from 2.7V to 5.5V.

GND (Pin 4): Ground. Connect to regulator signal ground.

FB (Pin 5): Feedback Input. Connect to the 1.19V feedback pin of a compatible regulator.

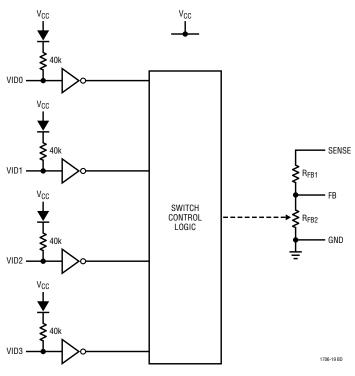
SENSE (Pin 6): Regulator Output Voltage. Connect directly to regulator output sense node.

VIDO (Pin 7): LSB Programming Input. Low = GND, High = V_{CC} or Float. Grounding VIDO adds 50mV to the output sense voltage.

VID1 (Pin 8): 3rd MSB Programming Input. Low = GND, High = V_{CC} or Float. Grounding VID1 adds 100mV to the output sense voltage.

			N	NOMINAL (V)			ABSOLUTE MAX (V)	
PIN	NAME	DESCRIPTION	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
1	VID2	2nd MSB Programmable Input	0		V _{CC}	-0.3	7	
2	VID3	1st MSB Programmable Input	0		V _{CC}	-0.3	7	
3	V _{CC}	Power Supply	2.7		5.5	-0.3	7	
4	GND	Ground		0		0	0	
5	FB	1.19V Feedback Input	0	1.19	1.5	-0.3	7	
6	SENSE	Regulator Output Voltage	1.3		2	-0.3	7	
7	VIDO	LSB Programmable Input	0		V _{CC}	-0.3	7	
8	VID1	3rd MSB Programmable Input	0		V _{CC}	-0.3	7	

BLOCK DIAGRAM





OPERATION

The LTC1706-19 is a precision resistive divider designed specifically for use with an entire family of Linear Technology Corporation DC/DC switching regulators with 1.19V internal reference and feedback voltages. The LTC1706-19 produces an output voltage ranging from 1.3V to 2V in 50mV steps by closing the loop between the output voltage sense and the feedback input of the regulator with the appropriate resistive divider network.

The "top" feedback resistor, R_{FB1} , connected between SENSE and FB, is typically 15k and is not modified by the state of the VID program inputs. However, the "bottom" feedback resistor, R_{FB2} , is modified by the four VID inputs and is precisely ratioed to R_{FB1} .

VID Programming

Programming is accomplished by applying the proper voltage (or float condition) on the four digital VID inputs. VID3 is the most significant bit (MSB), and VID0 is the least significant bit (LSB). When all four inputs are low, or grounded, the regulator output voltage is set to 2V. Each increasing binary count is equivalent to a decrease of 50mv in the output voltage. Therefore, to obtain a 1.3V output, the three MSBs are left floating, or high, while only the LSB, VID0, is grounded. A list of programmed inputs and their corresponding output voltages is shown in Table 1.

When all four VID inputs are high or floating (1111), such as when no CPU is present in a system, a regulated 1.25V output is generated at V_{SENSE} .

Each VID input pin is pulled up by a 40k resistor in series with a diode connected to V_{CC} . Therefore, it should be grounded (or driven low) to produce a digital low input. It can be either floated or connected to V_{CC} to get a digital high input. The series diode is included to prevent the input from being damaged or clamped if it is driven higher than V_{CC} .

Table 1. VID inputs and corresponding Output voltage						
CODE	VID3	VID2	VID1	VIDO	OUTPUT	
0000	GND	GND	GND	GND	2.00V	
0001	GND	GND	GND	Float	1.95V	
0010	GND	GND	Float	GND	1.90V	
0011	GND	GND	Float	Float	1.85V	
0100	GND	Float	GND	GND	1.80V	
0101	GND	Float	GND	Float	1.75V	
0110	GND	Float	Float	GND	1.70V	
0111	GND	Float	GND	GND	1.65V	
1000	Float	GND	GND	GND	1.60V	
1001	Float	GND	GND	Float	1.55V	
1010	Float	GND	Float	GND	1.50V	
1011	Float	GND	Float	Float	1.45V	
1100	Float	Float	GND	GND	1.40V	
1101	Float	Float	GND	Float	1.35V	
1110	Float	Float	Float	GND 1.3		

Table 1. VID Inputs and Corresponding Output Voltage

Voltage Sensing and Feedback Pins

The FB pin is a high impedance node that requires minimum layout distance to reduce extra loading and unwanted stray pickup.

When used with the LTC1435A, the LTC1706-19's FB, SENSE, V_{CC} and GND pins should be connected, respectively, with the V_{OSENSE} , V_{OUT} , INTV_{CC} and SGND pins of the LTC1435A. The result of this application is a precisely controlled variable voltage supply for any low voltage system such as a palmtop or a laptop computer.



OPERATION

VID Input Characteristics

The VID inputs should be driven with a maximum V_{IL} of 0.4V and a minimum V_{IH} of 1.6V. However, the VID input range is not limited to values below V_{CC}. Because of the diode between V_{CC} and the pull-up resistor, the inputs can go higher than V_{CC} without being bootstrapped to V_{CC} or damaging the input. This allows the LTC1706-19 to be logic compatible and operational over a much higher input voltage range (less than the 7V absolute maximum rating).

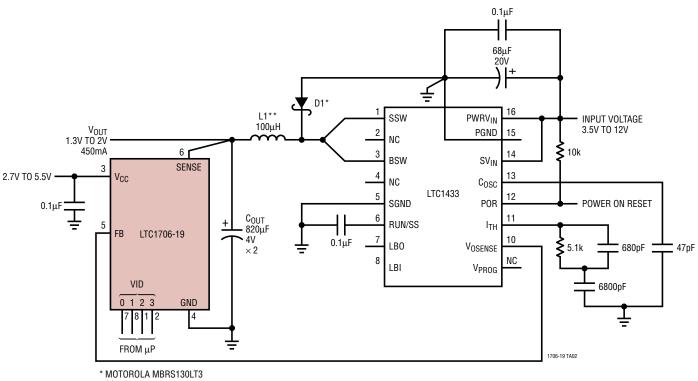
When a VID input is grounded, there will be a higher quiescent current flow from V_{CC} because of a resistor from V_{CC} through a series diode to the input. This increase in quiescent current is calculated from

 $N \bullet (V_{CC} - V_{DIODE})/R_{PULLUP}$.

N is the number of grounded VID inputs.

 V_{DIODE} is typically 0.6V while R_{PULLUP} has a typical pull-up resistance of 40k Ω . In other words, each VID input has a typical pull-up current of (V_{CC}-0.6V)/40k, which is approximately 68 μA for a 3.3V system.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

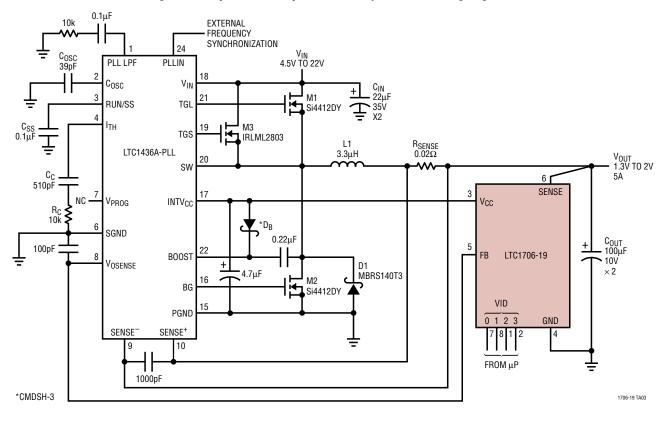


450mA, Low Noise Monolithic Current Mode Step-Down DC/DC Converter

** COILCRAFT D03316-104

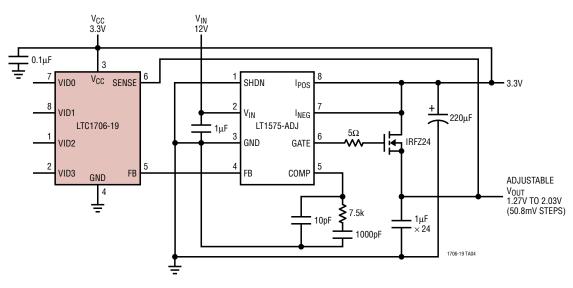


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS



High Efficiency Low Noise Synchronous Step-Down Switching Regulator

Ultrafast Transient Response Low Dropout Regulator with Adjustable Output Voltage

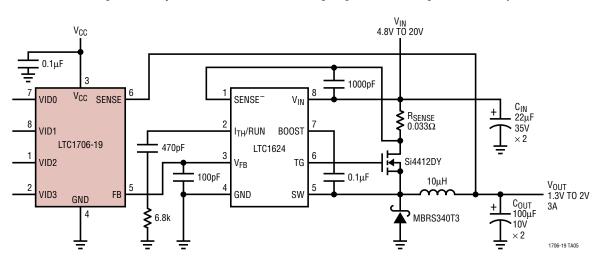


Used with the LT1575-ADJ, which has a 1.21V reference, the LTC1706-19 programs the output voltage of the ultrafast transient response low dropout regulator that's ideal for today's power-hungry microprocessors. How-

ever, since the LT1575 does not have a 1.19V reference, the output range will instead be from 1.27V to 2.03V in steps of 50.8mV.

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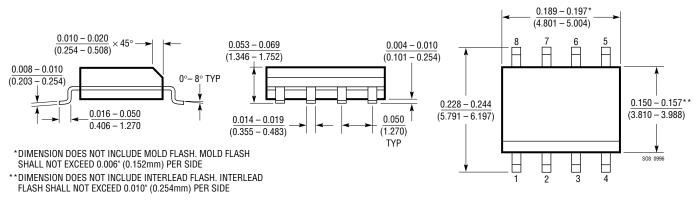
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS



High Efficiency 3A SO-8 N-Channel Switching Regulator with Programmable Output

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

S8 Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow 0.150) (LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)



RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LTC1174/LTC1174-3.3	High Efficiency Step-Down and Inverting DC/DC Converter	Monolithic Switching Regulator, Burst Mode [™] Operation
LTC1265	1.2A, High Efficiency Step-Down DC/DC Converter	Constant Off-Time Monolithic, Burst Mode Operation
LT1375/LT1376	1.5A, 500kHz Step-Down Switching Regulator	High Frequency, Small Inductor, High Efficiency
LTC1435/LTC1435A	High Efficiency, Low Noise, Synchronous Step-Down Converter	16-Pin Narrow SO and SSOP
LTC1436/LTC1436-PLL	High Efficiency, Low Noise, Synchronous Step-Down Converter	24-Pin Narrow and 24-Pin SSOP
LTC1438/LTC1439	Dual, Low Noise, Synchronous Step-Down Converter	Multiple Output Capability
LTC1538-AUX	Dual, Low Noise, Synchronous Step-Down Converter	5V Standby Regulator in Shutdown

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