

Description

The AP2145 and AP2155 are integrated high-side power switches optimized for Universal Serial Bus (USB) and other hot-swap applications. The family of devices complies with USB 2.0 and available with both polarities of Enable input. They offer current and thermal limiting and short circuit protection as well as controlled rise time and under-voltage lockout functionality. A 7ms deglitch capability on the open-drain Flag output prevents false over-current reporting and does not require any external components.

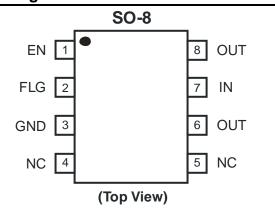
All devices are available in SO-8 and MSOP-8EP packages.

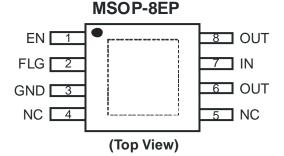
Features

Notes:

- Single USB port power switches
- Over-current and thermal protection
- 0.8A accurate current limiting
- Reverse Current Blocking
- 90mΩ on-resistance
- Input voltage range: 2.7V 5.5V
- 0.6ms typical rise time
- Very low shutdown current: 1uA (max)
- Fault report (FLG) with blanking time (7ms typ)
- ESD protection: 6KV HBM, 400V MM
- Active high (AP2155) or active low (AP2145) enable
- Ambient temperature range -40°C to 85°C
- SO-8 and MSOP-8EP (Exposed Pad): Available in "Green" Molding Compound (No Br, Sb)
- Lead Free Finish/ RoHS Compliant (Note 1)
- UL Recognized, File Number E322375
- IEC60950-1 CB Scheme Certified

Pin Assignments



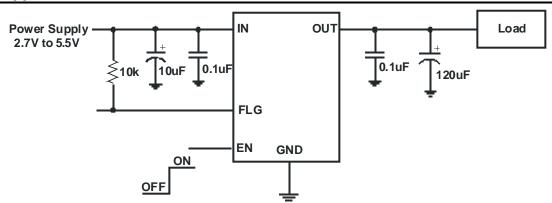


Applications

- Consumer electronics LCD TV & Monitor, Game Machines
- Communications Set-Top-Box, GPS, Smartphone
- Computing Laptop, Desktop, Servers, Printers, Docking Station, HUB

 EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS). All applicable RoHS exemptions applied. Please visit our website at http://www.diodes.com/products/lead_free.html.

Typical Application Circuit



Available Options

- The state of the						
	Part Number	Channel	Enable pin (EN)	Current limit (typical)	Recommended maximum continuous load current	
	AP2145	1	Active Low	0.8A	0.5A	
	AP2155	1	Active High	0.8A	0.5A	

Downloaded from Elcodis.com electronic components distributor

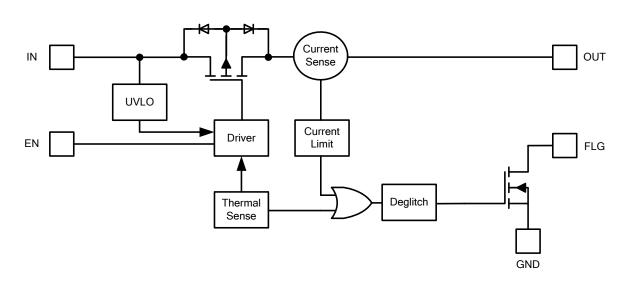


Pin Descriptions

Pin Name	Pin Number	Descriptions
EN 1 Enable input, active low (A		Enable input, active low (AP2145) or active high (AP2155)
FLG	2	Over-current and over-temperature fault report; open-drain flag is active low when triggered
GND	3	Ground
NC	4, 5	No internal connection
OUT	6, 8	Voltage output pin (all OUT pins must be tied together externally)
IN	7	Voltage input pin

Functional Block Diagram

AP2145, AP2155



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Unit
ESD HBM	ESD HBM Human Body Model ESD Protection		KV
ESD MM	ESD MM Machine Model ESD Protection		V
V _{IN}	Input Voltage	6.5	V
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage	V _{IN} + 0.3	V
V_{EN} , V_{FLG}	Enable Voltage	6.5	V
I _{load}	Maximum Continuous Load Current	Internal Limited	Α
T _{Jmax}	Maximum Junction Temperature	150	°C
T _{ST} Storage Temperature Range (Note 2)		-65 to 150	°C

Notes: 2. UL Recognized Rating from -30°C to 70°C (Diodes qualified T_{ST} from -65°C to 150°C)



Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V _{IN} Input voltage		2.7	5.5	V
I _{OUT}	Output Current	0	500	mA
T _A	Operating Ambient Temperature	-40	85	°C

Electrical Characteristics (T_A = 25°C, V_{IN} = +5.0V, unless otherwise stated)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
V_{UVLO}	Input UVLO	R_{load} =1k Ω		1.6	1.9	2.5	V
I _{SHDN}	Input Shutdown Current	Disabled, OUT = open			0.5	1	μΑ
ΙQ	Input Quiescent Current	Enabled, OUT = open			45	70	μΑ
I _{LEAK}	Input Leakage Current	Disabled, OUT grounded		-1		1	μΑ
I _{REV}	Reverse Leakage Current	Disabled, V _{IN} = 0V, V _{OUT} = 5V	/, I _{REV} at V _{IN}		1		μА
		1 IN - 3 1 , 100 - 3.5 1,	MSO-8-EP		90	140	mΩ
R _{DS(ON)}	Switch on-resistance	0 0 -	SO-8		95	140	mΩ
-(-,		V _{IN} = 3.3V, I _{OUT} = 0.5A, -40°C≤ T _A ≤85°C			120	160	mΩ
I _{SHORT}	Short-Circuit Current Limit	Enabled into short circuit, C _{IN} =10μF, C _L =100μF			0.7		Α
I _{LIMIT}	Over-Load Current Limit	V_{IN} = 5V, V_{OUT} = 4.5V, C_{IN} =10 40°C≤ T_A ≤85°C)μF, C _L =100μF, -	0.6	0.8	1.0	Α
I _{Trig}	Current limiting trigger threshold	Output Current Slew rate (<100A/s), C_{IN} =10 μ F, C_{L} =22 μ F			1.0		Α
T _{SHORT}	Short-Circuit Response Time	V_{OUT} = 0V to I_{OUT} = I_{LIMIT} (short applied to output), C_L =100 μ F			10		μS
V _{IL}	EN Input Logic Low Voltage	V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V				0.8	V
V_{IH}	EN Input Logic High Voltage	V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V		2			V
I _{SINK}	EN Input leakage	$V_{EN} = 5V$				1	μΑ
I_{O-LEAK}	Output Leakage Current	Disabled				1	μΑ
$T_{D(ON)}$	Output turn-on delay time	$C_L=1\mu F$, $R_{load}=10\Omega$			0.05		ms
T_R	Output turn-on rise time	$C_L=1\mu F$, $R_{load}=10\Omega$			0.6	1.5	ms
$T_{D(OFF)}$	Output turn-off delay time	$C_L=1\mu F$, $R_{load}=10\Omega$			0.01		ms
T_F	Output turn-off fall time	$C_L=1\mu F$, $R_{load}=10\Omega$			0.05	0.1	ms
R_FLG	FLG output FET on-resistance	$V_{IN} = 3.3V \text{ or 5V, } C_{IN} = 10\mu\text{F, } I_{FLG} = 10\text{mA}$			20	40	Ω
I_{FLG}	FLG Leakage Current	$V_{FLG} = 5V$			1		μА
T_{Blank}	FLG blanking time	$V_{IN} = 3.3V \text{ or } 5V, C_{IN}=10\mu\text{F}, C_{L}=100\mu\text{F}$		4	7	15	ms
T _{SHDN}	Thermal Shutdown Threshold	Enabled, R_{load} =1 $k\Omega$			135		°C
T _{HYS}	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis				25		°C
$oldsymbol{ heta}_{\sf JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-	SO-8 (Note 3)			110		°C/W
O JA	to-Ambient	MSO-8-EP (Note 4)			60		°C/W

Notes:

- 3. Test condition for SO-8: Device mounted on FR-4, 2oz copper, with minimum recommended pad layout.

 4. Test condition for MSO-8-EP: Device mounted on 2" x 2" FR-4 substrate PC board, 2oz copper, with minimum recommended pad on top layer
- I est condition for MSO-8-EP: Device mounted on 2" x 2" FR-4 substrate PC board, 2oz copper, with minimum recommended pad on top layer and thermal vias to bottom layer ground plane.



Typical Performance Characteristics

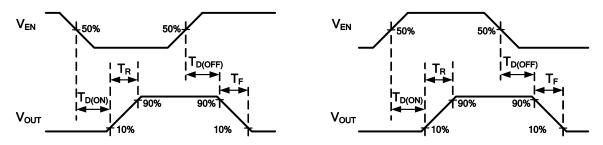
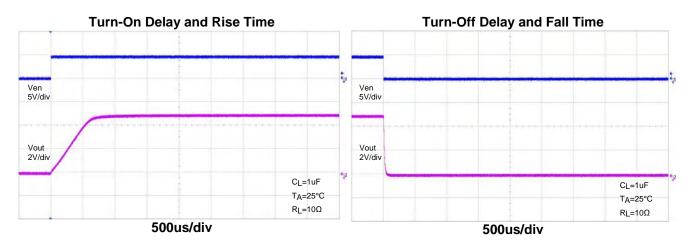
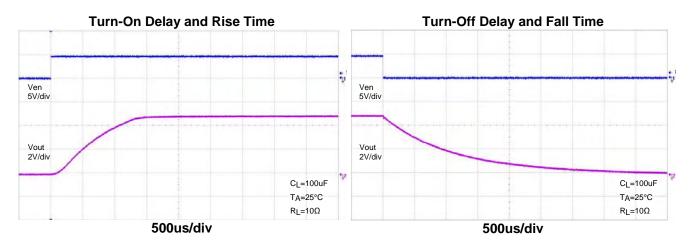


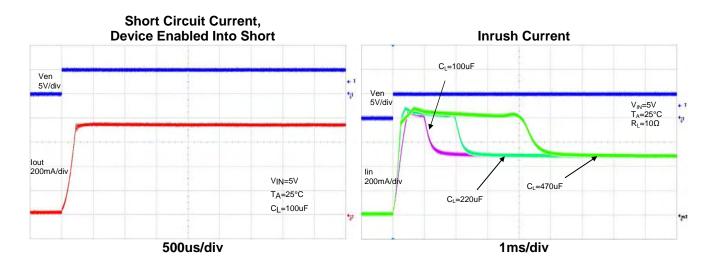
Figure 1. Voltage Waveforms: AP2145 (left), AP2155 (right)

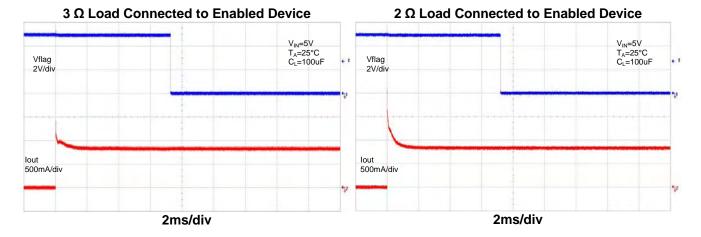
All Enable Plots are for AP2155 Active High

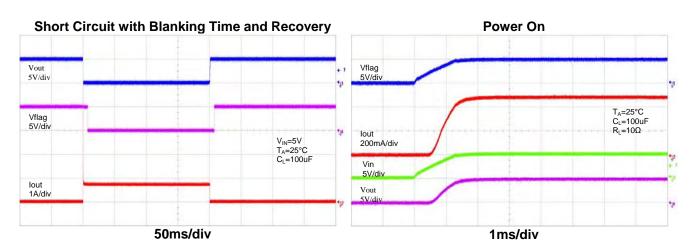




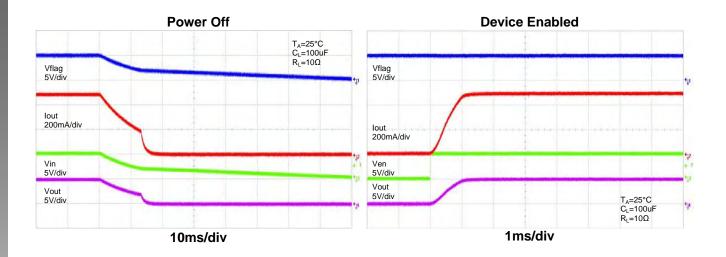


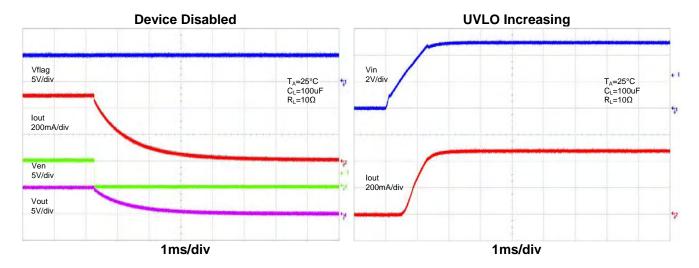


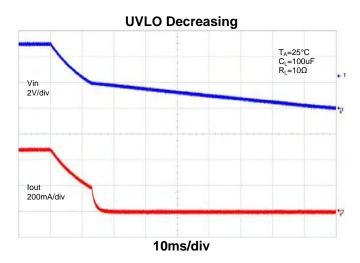




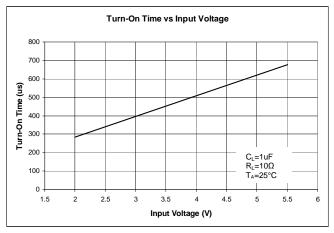


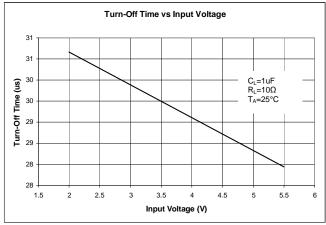


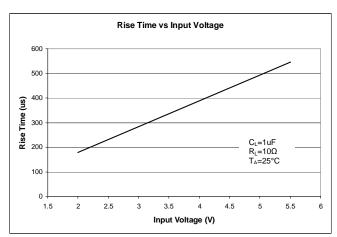


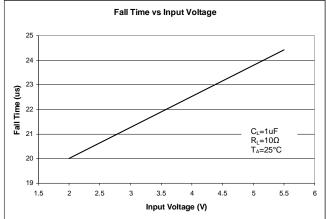


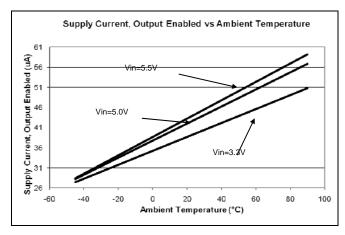


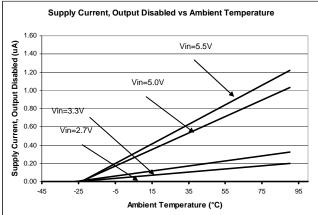




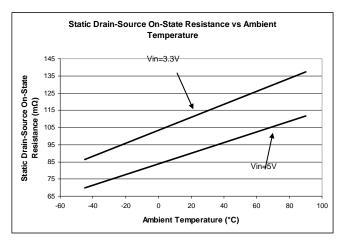


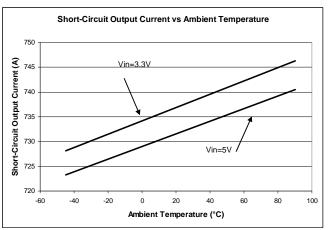


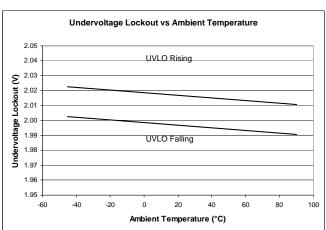


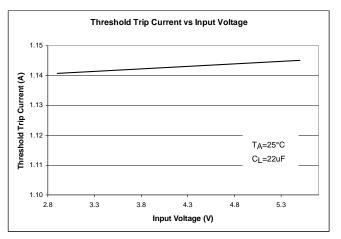


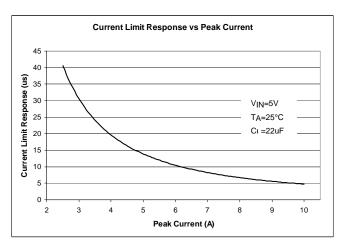














Application Note

Power Supply Considerations

A 0.1- μ F to 1- μ F X7R or X5R ceramic bypass capacitor between IN and GND, close to the device, is recommended. Placing a high-value electrolytic capacitor on the input and output pin(s) is recommended when the output load is heavy. This precaution reduces power-supply transients that may cause ringing on the input. Additionally, bypassing the output with a 0.01- μ F to 0.1- μ F ceramic capacitor improves the immunity of the device to short-circuit transients.

Over-current and Short Circuit Protection

An internal sensing FET is employed to check for overcurrent conditions. Unlike current-sense resistors, sense FETs do not increase the series resistance of the current path. When an overcurrent condition is detected, the device maintains a constant output current and reduces the output voltage accordingly. Complete shutdown occurs only if the fault stays long enough to activate thermal limiting.

Three possible overload conditions can occur. In the first condition, the output has been shorted to GND before the device is enabled or before VIN has been applied. The AP2145/AP2155 senses the short circuit and immediately clamps output current to a certain safe level namely ILIMIT.

In the second condition, an output short or an overload occurs while the device is enabled. At the instance the overload occurs, higher current may flow for a very short period of time before the current limit function can react. After the current limit function has tripped (reached the over-current trip threshold), the device switches into current limiting mode and the current is clamped at I_{LIMIT}.

In the third condition, the load has been gradually increased beyond the recommended operating current. The current is permitted to rise until the current-limit threshold (I_{TRIG}) is reached or until the thermal limit of the device is exceeded. The AP2145/AP2155 is capable of delivering current up to the current-limit threshold without damaging the device. Once the threshold has been reached, the device switches into its current limiting mode and is set at I_{LIMIT} .

To protect against short circuit to GND at extremely low temperature (< -30 $^{\circ}$ C), a minimum 120- μ F electrolytic capacitor on the output pin is recommended. A correct capacitor type with capacitor voltage rating and temperature characteristics must be properly chosen so that capacitance value does not drop too low at the

extremely low temperature operation. A recommended capacitor should have temperature characteristics of less than 10% variation of capacitance change when operated at extremely low temp. Our recommended aluminum electrolytic capacitor type is Panasonic FC series.

FLG Response

When an over-current or over-temperature shutdown condition is encountered, the FLG open-drain output goes active low after a nominal 7-ms deglitch timeout. The FLG output remains low until both over-current and over-temperature conditions are removed. Connecting a heavy capacitive load to the output of the device can cause a momentary over-current condition, which does not trigger the FLG due to the 7-ms deglitch timeout. The AP2145/AP2155 is designed to eliminate false over-current reporting without the need of external components to remove unwanted pulses.

Power Dissipation and Junction Temperature

The low on-resistance of the internal MOSFET allows the small surface-mount packages to pass large current. Using the maximum operating ambient temperature (TA) and RDS(ON), the power dissipation can be calculated by:

$$P_D = R_{DS(ON)} \times I^2$$

Finally, calculate the junction temperature:

$$T_J = P_D x R_{\theta JA} + T_A$$

Where:

 T_A = Ambient temperature °C $R_{\theta JA}$ = Thermal resistance

P_D = Total power dissipation

Thermal Protection

Thermal protection prevents the IC from damage when heavy-overload or short-circuit faults are present for extended periods of time. The AP2145/AP2155 implements a thermal sensing to monitor the operating junction temperature of the power distribution switch. Once the die temperature rises to approximately 140°C due to excessive power dissipation in an over-current or short-circuit condition the internal thermal sense circuitry turns the power switch off, thus preventing the power switch from damage. Hysteresis is built into the thermal sense circuit allowing the device to cool down approximately 25°C before the switch turns back on. The switch continues to cycle in this manner until the load fault or input power is removed. The FLG open-drain output is asserted when an over-temperature shutdown or over-current occurs with 7-ms deglitch.



Application Note (Continued)

Under-voltage Lockout (UVLO)

Under-voltage lockout function (UVLO) keeps the internal power switch from being turned on until the power supply has reached at least 1.9V, even if the switch is enabled. Whenever the input voltage falls below approximately 1.9V, the power switch is quickly turned off. This facilitates the design of hot-insertion systems where it is not possible to turn off the power switch before input power is removed.

Generic Hot-Plug Applications

In many applications it may be necessary to remove modules or pc boards while the main unit is still operating. These are considered hot-plug applications. Such implementations require the control of current surges seen by the main power supply and the card being inserted. The most effective way to control these surges is to limit and slowly ramp the current and voltage being applied to the

card, similar to the way in which a power supply normally turns on. Due to the controlled rise times and fall times of the AP2145/AP2155, these devices can be used to provide a softer start-up to devices being hot-plugged into a powered system. The UVLO feature of the AP2145/AP2155 also ensures that the switch is off after the card has been removed, and that the switch is off during the next insertion.

By placing the AP2145/AP2155 between the V_{CC} input and the rest of the circuitry, the input power reaches these devices first after insertion. The typical rise time of the switch is approximately 1ms, providing a slow voltage ramp at the output of the device. This implementation controls system surge current and provides a hot-plugging mechanism for any device.

Ordering Information

AP21 <u>X 5 XX G</u> - <u>13</u>

Enable Channel Package Green Packing

4: Active Low 5:1 Channel S: SO-8 G: Green 13: Tape & Reel

5 : Active High MP : MSOP-8EP

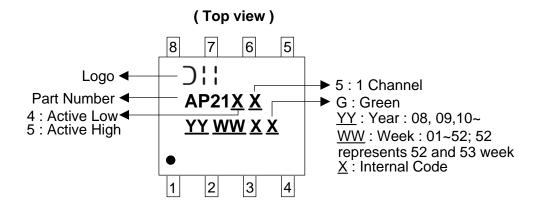
	Device	Package Packaging		13" Tape and Reel		
	Device	Code	(Note 5)	Quantity	Part Number Suffix	
Pb,	AP21X5SG-13	S	SO-8	2500/Tape & Reel	-13	
Pb,	AP21X5MPG-13	MP	MSOP-8EP	2500/Tape & Reel	-13	

Notes: 5. Pad layout as shown on Diodes Inc. suggested pad layout document AP02001, which can be found on our website at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf.



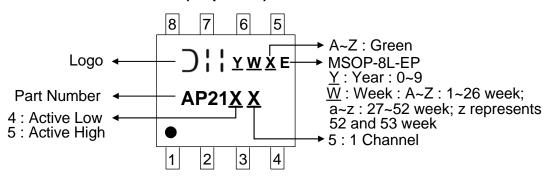
Marking Information

(1) SO-8



(2) MSOP-8EP

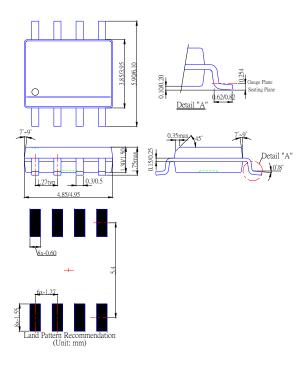
(Top view)



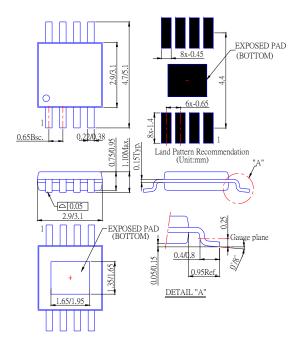


Package Outline Dimensions (All Dimensions in mm)

(1) Package type: SO-8



(2) Package type: MSOP-8EP





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