

DESCRIPTION

The LX1990 is a dual output current lighting display micro-miniature 6 lead MLP package with duty cycle control. featuring a 3 x 3 mm footprint, a profile of less than 1mm, and much improved thermal performance. Its two output sink currents are accurately matched and require only one resistor to program. output currents, and quiescent current is milliseconds to 7.4 microseconds. low, providing a very high efficiency driver for battery-powered displays.

sinking outputs. The output stages section for dimming details. multiply this reference current by 100 to sink independently regulated currents up to 30 mA.

Light output from LED's is proportional sink optimized for driving light emitting to average current through them; they can diodes. This low cost bipolar IC enables easily produce a brightness range of 500:1. precise current regulation in LED However, color of emitted light is shifted by applications, yet current amplitude. Color shift at low light requires far fewer parts than discrete levels can be reduced by driving the LED's solutions. The LX1990 is supplied in a with a constant peak current while dimming

This is achieved by driving the I_{SET} resistor with a PWM signal. A 500:1 brightness range can be achieved by choosing 270 Hz as the PWM frequency (to avoid optical beating with 50/60 Hz room Program current is only 1% of the lights) and pulse width from 3.7

The LX1990 features a shutdown mode via the Enable pin. In this mode the The LX1990 is based on a current- LX1990 consumes less than 1µA and holds mirror architecture that transfers a the two open collector output stages off. reference current produced at the I_{SET} This pin may also be used to pulse width pin to each of two open-collector current modulate output current. See applications

PRODUCT HIGHLIGHT

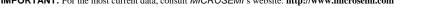
IMPORTANT: For the most current data, consult MICROSEMI's website: http://www.microsemi.com

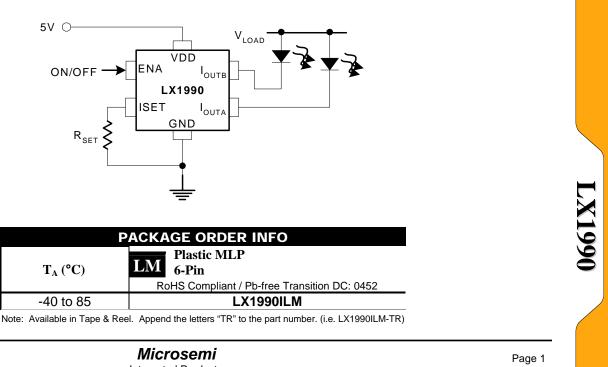
KEY FEATURES

- Programmable Sink Current 0.1 to 30mA x 2 Channels
- **Replaces Discrete Transistor** Circuitry With A Single Package
- 300mV Maximum Current Sink Dropout Voltage at 20mA
- 2.7 to 5.5V Power Supply Input
- IOUT Compliance Voltage from 0.1 to 10V_{DC}
- Enable Input With <1µA Sleep Current
- Amplitude and PWM Dimming
- Current rise and fall time may be controlled to reduce EMI

APPLICATIONS

- Cell Phone Display Illumination
- ٠ PDA White LED Display Lighting
- Automotive Display Illumination
- **Digital Still Camera**
- Camcorders
- Consumer Electronics Front Panels





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Integrated Products

11861 Western Avenue, Garden Grove, CA. 92841, 714-898-8121, Fax: 714-893-2570



Dual Programmable LED Current Sink

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage (V _{DD})	
ENA Voltage	
I _{SET} Maximum Current	Internally Limited
I _{SET} Maximum Voltage	
I _{OUT} Maximum Compliance Voltage	
Current Source Outputs	100mA
Operating Temperature Range	
Maximum Junction Temperature	
Storage Temperature	65°C to 150°C
Peak Package Solder Reflow Temperature	
(40 seconds maximum exposure)	

Note: Exceeding these ratings could cause damage to the device. All voltages are with respect to Ground. Currents are positive into, negative out of specified terminal.

THERMAL DATA

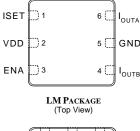
LM Plastic MLP 6-Pin

THERMAL RESISTANCE-JUNCTION TO AMBIENT, θ_{JA}

Junction Temperature Calculation: $T_J = T_A + (P_D \ x \ \theta_{JA})$. The θ_{JA} numbers are guidelines for the thermal performance of the device/pc-board system. All of the above assume no ambient airflow.

FUNCTIONAL PIN DESCRIPTION NAME DESCRIPTION Input Supply V_{DD} GND Common ground reference Chip Enable Input. If logic high, current source outputs are enabled. If logic low, internal power is disconnected ENA from the VDD pin, disabling all functions. Logic threshold is 1.2 V. IOUTA Output Current Source. Two separate constant current outputs. Outputs may be loaded in any combination without affecting regulation of the loaded output. If only one output is needed IOUTA & IOUTB must be shorted & together. In this case the value of ISET resistor must be doubled. Compliance voltage range is 0.1V to 10V. **I**OUTB Output current programming pin. ISET

41°C/W



PACKAGE PIN OUT



LM PACKAGE MARKINGS xxxx – Denotes Date Code / Lot Identification

RoHS / Pb-free 100% Matte Tin Lead Finish

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RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter		Units			
Falameter	Min	Min Typ Max			
Supply Voltage (V _{DD})	2.7		5.5	V	
ENA (ENABLE) Input Voltage	0		V _{DD}	V	
I _{SET} Voltage	0		1.25	V	
I _{SET} Current	0		300	μA	
I _{OUTA} / I _{OUTB} Compliance Voltage Range	0.1		10	V	
Iouta / Ioutb Output Current Range	0.1		30	mA	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

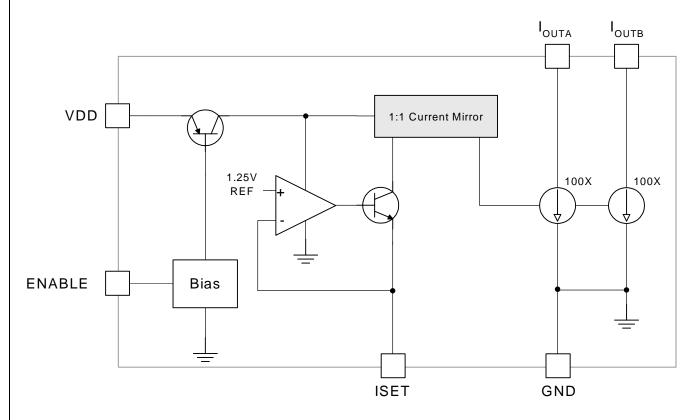
Unless otherwise specified, the following specifications apply over the operating ambient temperature -40°C \leq T_A \leq 85°C and the following test conditions: V_{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V_{DC}, I_{SET} = 200µA, V_{OUT} \leq 5.5V, VLOAD \leq 10V. Typical values are at T_A= 25°C

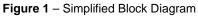
Parameter	Symbol	Sumbal Test Conditions		LX1990		Units
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	
Power Characteristics						
Quiescent Current	I_qui	VDD = 2.7V; ISET = 0uA		1.4	2	mA
Quiescent Current	I_ _{QUI}	VDD = 5.5V; ISET = 300uA		3.0	4	mA
Sleep Current ¹	I_SLEEP	VDD = 5.5V, ENA ≤ 0.4V		0.08	1	μA
Enable Input						
Enable Logic Threshold	V_{TH_EN}		0.8	1.55	2.4	V
Enable Input Current	I _{IN_EN}	$ENA = V_{DD} = 5.5V$		4	10	μA
I _{SET} to Out Pulse Response	T _{D(ON)}			1.2	2	μS
I _{SET} to Out Pulse Response	T _{D(OFF)}			1.4	2	μS
ISET Input						
I _{SET} Current Range	IISET	R _{SET} terminated to GND	0		300	μA
I _{SET} Voltage	VISET	I _{SET} = 200uA	1.225	1.25	1.275	V _{DC}
Output Characteristics						
Output Current Amplitude	I _{OUT}	$0.5 < V_{OUT} < 5.5V, I_{SET} = 200 \mu A$	18.5	20	21.5	mA _D
OUTA to OUTB Current Matching	I _{OUT_MATCH}	$I_{OUT} = 20 \text{mA}$; ($I_{OUTA} - I_{OUTB}$) / I_{OUTA} * 100		0.4	5	%
ISET to IOUT Current Ratio	I _{OUT_RATIO}	I_{OUT}/I_{SET} ; I_{SET} = 200µA ; V_{DD} = 5.5V		102		
ISET to IOUT Current Ratio	I _{OUT_RATIO}	I_{OUT}/I_{SET} ; $I_{SET} = 200 \mu A$; $V_{DD} = 2.7 V$		99		
Output Current $I_{SET} = 0\mu A$	I _{OUT_ZERO}	$0.5 < V_{OUT} < V_{LOAD}, I_{SET} = 0\mu A$		10	100	μA _D
Dropout Voltage ²	V _{DROPOUT}	I _{OUT} = 20mA		150	300	mV
Dropout Voltage ²	V _{DROPOUT}	I _{OUT} = 30mA		200	400	mV
Maximum Output Current, I _{SET} Shorted To Gnd. Each Output	I _{SC}	V _{ISET} = Zero Volts; VDD=5V		100		mA _D
Output Off State Current	I _{OUTOFF}	$ENA \leq 0.4V$			20	μA _D

¹ At enable voltages greater than 0.4V but less than 0.8V the outputs will remain off but the sleep current may be greater than 1µA. ² Dropout is defined as the OUTA/B to GND voltage at which the output current sink drops 10% from the nominal value. www.Microsemi.com



SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM





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APPLICATIONS

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The LX1990 is designed to drive LED's used in display illumination and signaling applications such as cellular telephones and PDA's. With a 5V supply, the two independently regulated constant current outputs can drive 2 white LED's ($V_F < 4.5V$) in parallel, or 4 green or amber LED's ($V_F < 2.25V$ each) arranged as 2 parallel x 2 in series.

With Dropout voltage of only 300 mV at 20 mA, the LX1990 provides regulated current for 2 green / amber LED's in a cell phone all the way down to the minimum NiCd cutoff of 2.7 volts for three cells.

The LX1990 features resistor settable output current. Connecting a resistor between I_{SET} and a voltage of zero to 1.25 volts generates a current that is mirrored into each of the output with a gain of about 100. Output current can be varied in an analog fashion by varying I_{SET} resistance or termination voltage (see application schematics).

Duty cycle dimming with a fixed current amplitude is accomplished by switching the I_{SET} current on and off with an open collector or open drain pulse width modulated logic signal. Switching frequency can exceed 20 KHz, making it practical to use a PWM output channel from popular micro controllers. The upper limit on frequency is minimum switching response from I_{SET} to output. As frequency increases, these fixed delays will cause an error in expected output current duty cycle.

All inputs and outputs are ESD and short circuit protected making the LX1990 an exceptionally robust component. However it is not recommended to indefinitely short the I_{SET} input to ground while shorting the outputs to 10V as the power dissipation under these conditions is the greatest.

APPLICATION NOTES

Each output has an independent current sink, however both must be held above about 0.5 volts to maintain specified current regulation accuracy. If only one output is needed, the two outputs should be connected together and the programming resistor value doubled so each output supplies $\frac{1}{2}$ the desired current. In this case, more than 60 mA total current can be delivered from the combined output.

Package power dissipation can be calculated from the following equation:

 $\mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{D}} = \left(\mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{OUT}}\right) \cdot \left(\mathbf{V}_{LOAD} - \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{LED}}\right)$

n	=	Number of outputs used
I _{OUT}	=	Current from each output
VLOAD	=	Output Supply Voltage
V _{LED}	=	Minimum LED forward voltage
P _D	=	Power Dissipated in mW

When the ENA input is at zero volts, less than $20\mu A$ current flows into or out of the outputs. If the disable function is used , ENA must be driven below 0.4 volts to insure minimum current from V_{DD} .

The I_{SET} pin may be driven with a digital open collector or open drain logic PWM signal to dim the LED's. Recommended PWM frequency for dimming is between 100 Hz and 20 KHz. Below 100 Hz flicker may be observed. Above 20 KHz duty cycle accuracy is reduced due to switching delays from I_{SET} to outputs. Totem pole output drive may also be used as long as the maximum driver voltage never exceeds the V_{DD} supply. Since the totem pole drive will exceed the 1.25V I_{SET} voltage it can introduce delays that may limit the useful frequency and maximum dim range.

If PWM dimming is used, use separate power and ground lines directly from the power source point to prevent noise generated from the LED current transients from entering video or audio subsystems on the same supply rails. Additional power supply filtering may be needed in PWM dimming applications. Care should be exercised in the PCB layout to prevent coupling from the outputs to the I_{SET} pin, as this may cause the part to oscillate.

Current out of the I_{SET} pin may be varied for current amplitude dimming. There are two ways to do this: If a mechanical input is needed, a rheostat in series with a resistor connected from GND to I_{SET} can be used. The second method is to connect a fixed resistor from I_{SET} to the output of a voltage DAC or other low impedance voltage source. Varying the voltage between zero and 1.25 volts will cause a corresponding output current change from I_{OUT} max to zero:

I_{OUT} = Current Ratio × I_{SET}

The ENA pin may be used to duty cycle dim the output in applications where only one control line is available for dimming and shutdown. A narrow current spike that may be as high as 100 mA is produced when the ENA signal has very fast rise times. This is not harmful to the LED, but will cause dimming linearity errors when operating at very low duty cycles. APPLICATIONS

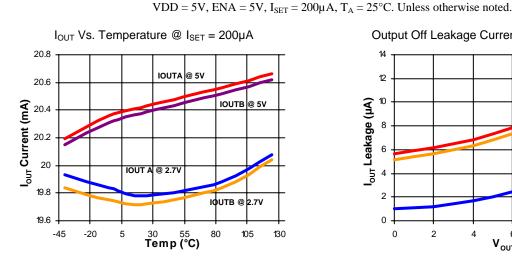
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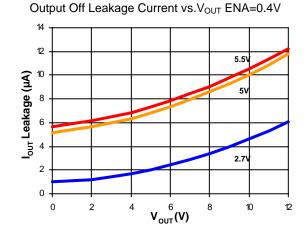
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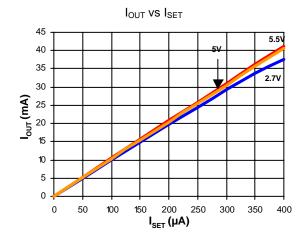
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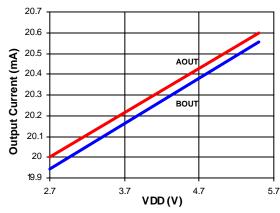
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



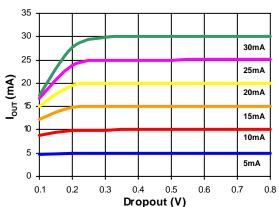


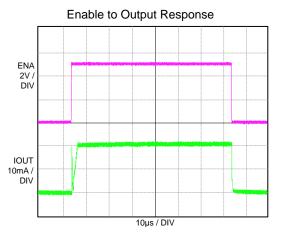






VDROPOUT vs. Current



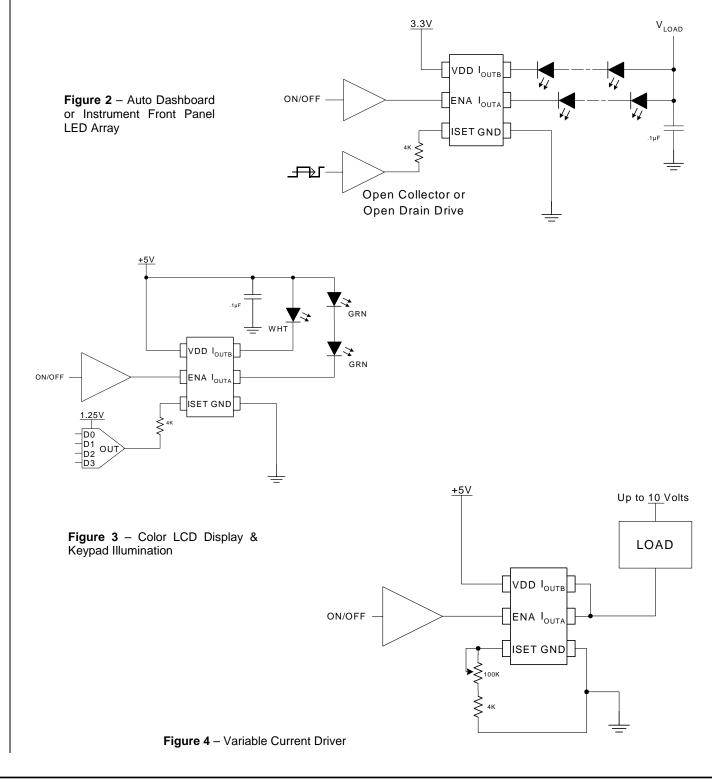


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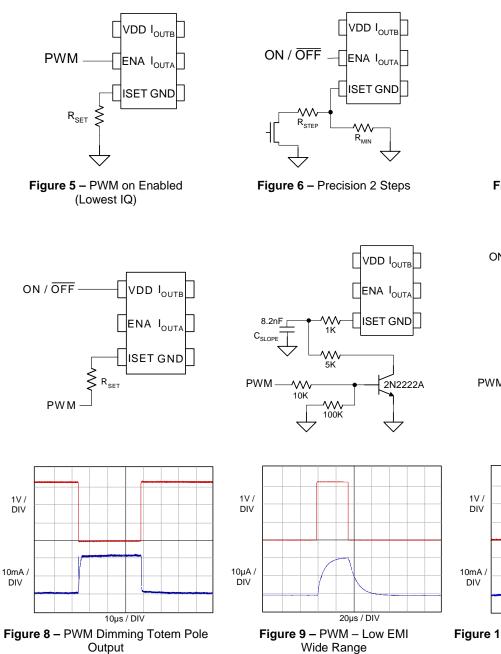


APPLICATIONS





DIMMING METHODS



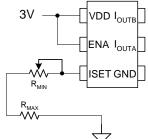
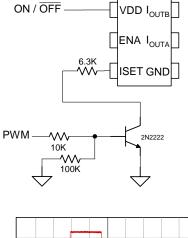


Figure 7 – Manual Control







Dual Programmable LED Current Sink

APPLICATION

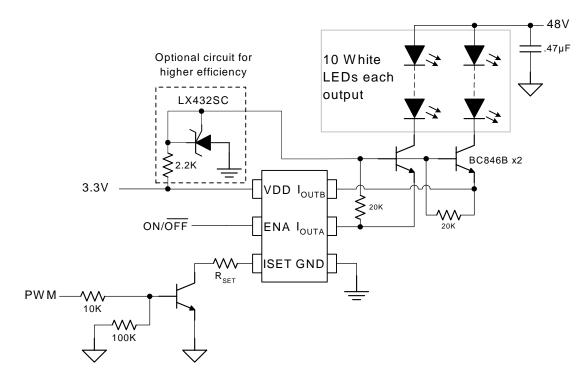


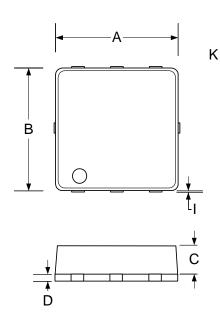
Figure 11 – Using the LX1990 With High Voltage Supplies

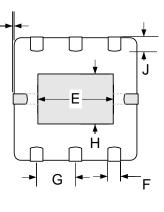


PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

 $\mathbf{L}\mathbf{M}$

6-Pin Plastic MLP-Micro Exposed Pad





Internally Connected together, but isolated from all other terminals

Dim	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
Dim	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	2.90	3.10	0.114	0.122	
В	2.90	3.10	0.114	0.122	
С	0.65	0.75	0.025	0.029	
D	0.15	0.25	0.005	0.009	
Е	1.841 BSC		0.075 BSC		
F	0.27	0.43	0.010	0.016	
G	0.95	BSC	0.037 BSC		
Н	1.22 BSC		0.048 BSC		
	0	0.10	0	0.003	
J	0.21	0.37	0.008	0.014	
K	0	0.10	0	0.003	

Note:

1. Dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions; these shall not exceed 0.155mm(.006") on any side. Lead dimension shall not include solder coverage.



Dual Programmable LED Current Sink

NOTES

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